

Instructions:

- **After completing the assignment, please submit your .ipynb file to NYU Classes with the following naming convention: Lastname_Firstname_NetID_ProblemSet# (ex. Smith_John_js123_ProblemSet2)**
- Submit your answers in a Jupyter notebook with **proper markdown to indicate problem numbers and to write your answers.**
- In-line comments are helpful but not mandatory.
- Explanations are expected to be brief, between 1 and 3 sentences. Please write your explanations in a markdown cell.
- For problem numbers 2 to 10, the statements should be run as a block of code and explained after running in entirety.
- For problem numbers 15 to 17, all solutions must be programmatic. For example: when asked to count characters please apply a Python method to do so.

Problems:

1. Describe what each of these expressions produces in basic Python. Explain the difference between very similar expressions, if any.
 - a) $2+5$
 - b) $2 + 5$
 - c) $2*5$
 - d) $2/5$
 - e) $2**5$
2. What is the value of x after running these statements in order? Why?
 - $x = 7$
 - $x = x + 3$
3. What is the value of y after running these statements in order? Of x? Why?
 - $x = 3$
 - $y = x$
 - $x = 10$
4. Does this code run without error? If so, what does it produce? If not, explain why.
 - $x = 3$
 - $x = x/2$
 - $y = 'abc'$
 - $z = y + y$
 - $\text{print}(x, z)$
5. Does this code run without error? If so, what does it produce? If not, explain why.
 - $x = 3$
 - $x = x/2$
 - $y = 'abc'$

- `z = x + y`
- `print(x, z)`

6. Does this code run without error? If so, what does it produce? If not, explain why.

- `x = 3`
- `y = 24`
- `z = y/x`
- `print(x, y, z, sep=' | ')`

7. Does this code run without error? If so, what does it produce? If not, explain why.

- `x = 3`
- `y = '24'`
- `z = y/x`
- `print(x, z)`

8. Does this code run without error? If so, what does it produce? If not, explain why.

- `x = "I am a #string" # Whoa, a string!`

9. Does this code run without error? If so, what does it produce? If not, explain why.

- `x = [1, 2, 3]`
- `y = [42, 43]`
- `z = x + y`
- `print(z)`

10. Does this code run without error? If so, what does it produce? If not, explain why.

- `x = [1, 2, 3]`
- `y = 42`
- `z = x + y`

11. What data types are the following? Use `type()` method.

- a) `x1 = 12`
- b) `x2 = 12.0`
- c) `x3 = '12.0'`
- d) `x4 = [12]`
- e) `x5 = [12, 12.0, '12.0']`

12. Explain the result of each line:

- a) `type(42)`
- b) `type(42.0)`
- c) `type('42.0')`
- d) `type("42.0")`
- e) `type("""42.0""")`
- f) `type([1, 2])`
- g) `type([1] + [2])`
- h) `type(1 + 2)`
- i) `type(print)`
- j) `type(float(str(int('1234'))))`
- k) `type(int(float('12.34')))`
- l) `len([1234])`

- m) `len("1234")`
 - n) `len(1234)`
 - o) `type(2>1)`
 - p) `type('ltamar' > 'Chase')`
13. What is the type and length of `x=[]`?
14. Consider the integer `x = 1234`.
- a) Convert `x` to a floating-point number
 - b) Convert `x` to a string
 - c) Convert `x` to the list `['1', '2', '3', '4']`
15. Consider `x= 'luke, i am your father'`. How would you capitalize first letter of each word in `x`?
- Hint: Use tab completion to find an appropriate method.
16. Consider the string `x = 'How many characters and words are in this string?'`
- a) How many characters does `x` contain?
 - b) Convert `x` to a list of individual characters. Hint : use an appropriate converting function.
 - c) Convert `x` to a list of individual words. Hint: use tab completion to find a method that splits `x` into pieces.
 - d) How many words does `x` contain?
17. Does this block of code run without error? If so, what does it produce? If not, explain why.
- a) `x = [1, 2, 3]`
 - b) `y = 'bootcamp'`
 - c) `z = x + y`