BIOS6301: Homework 5

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Question 1

24 points

Import the HAART dataset (haart.csv) from the GitHub repository into R, and perform the following manipulations: (4 points each)

```
library(lubridate)
haart <- read.csv("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/fonnesbeck/Bios6301/master/datasets/haart.csv")
head(haart) #preview structure of base dataset

## male age aids cd4baseline logvl weight hemoglobin init.reg init.date</pre>
```

```
## 1
            25
                               NA
                                      NA
                                               NA
                                                            NA 3TC, AZT, EFV
                                                                                 7/1/03
                                                            11 3TC, AZT, EFV
## 2
            49
                   0
         1
                               143
                                      NA 58.0608
                                                                              11/23/04
                                                             1 3TC, AZT, EFV
## 3
         1
            42
                   1
                              102
                                      NA 48.0816
                                                                                4/30/03
## 4
         0
            33
                   0
                              107
                                      NA 46.0000
                                                            NA 3TC, AZT, NVP
                                                                                3/25/06
## 5
         1
            27
                   0
                               52
                                       4
                                                            NA 3TC, D4T, EFV
                                                                                9/1/04
                                               NA
         0
                                                            NA 3TC, AZT, NVP
## 6
            34
                   0
                              157
                                      NA 54.8856
                                                                                12/2/03
     last.visit death date.death
## 1
         2/26/07
                      0
                                <NA>
## 2
         2/22/08
                      0
                                <NA>
## 3
        11/21/05
                            1/11/06
## 4
          5/5/06
                             5/7/06
                      1
## 5
        11/13/07
                      0
                                <NA>
## 6
         2/28/08
                                <NA>
```

1. Convert date columns into a usable (for analysis) format. Use the table command to display the counts of the year from init.date.

```
# convert date columns
haart[, "init.date"] <- as.POSIXct(haart[, "init.date"], format = "%m/%d/%y")
haart[, "last.visit"] <- as.POSIXct(haart[, "last.visit"], format = "%m/%d/%y")
haart[, "date.death"] <- as.POSIXct(haart[, "date.death"], format = "%m/%d/%y")

# display counts of the year from init.date
table(year(haart[, "init.date"]))</pre>
```

1.2. Create an indicator variable (one which takes the values 0 or 1 only) to represent death within 1 year of the initial visit. How many observations died in year 1?

```
# create indicator variable to represent death within 1 year of the initial
# visit
haart$death.within.year <- (difftime(haart$date.death, haart$last.visit, units = "days") <=
haart$death.within.year[is.na(haart$death.within.year)] <- 0
head(haart) #prove I added the column correctly
##
     male age aids cd4baseline logvl weight hemoglobin
                                                             init.reg
## 1
           25
                                                       NA 3TC, AZT, EFV
        1
                 0
                            NA
                                   NA
                                           NΑ
## 2
        1 49
                            143
                                   NA 58.0608
                                                       11 3TC, AZT, EFV
## 3
        1 42
                            102
                                   NA 48.0816
                                                       1 3TC, AZT, EFV
                 1
## 4
        0 33
                 0
                            107
                                   NA 46.0000
                                                      NA 3TC, AZT, NVP
## 5
        1 27
                                                       NA 3TC, D4T, EFV
                 0
                             52
                                   4
                                           NA
## 6
        0 34
                            157
                                   NA 54.8856
                                                       NA 3TC, AZT, NVP
##
      init.date last.visit death date.death death.within.year
## 1 2003-07-01 2007-02-26
                                0
                                        <NA>
                                                              0
                                                              0
## 2 2004-11-23 2008-02-22
                                0
                                        <NA>
## 3 2003-04-30 2005-11-21
                                1 2006-01-11
                                                              1
## 4 2006-03-25 2006-05-05
                                1 2006-05-07
                                                              1
## 5 2004-09-01 2007-11-13
                                0
                                        <NA>
                                                              0
## 6 2003-12-02 2008-02-28
                                0
                                        <NA>
                                                              0
# calculate number of paricipants who died in year 1
(yr1.deaths <- sum(haart$death.within.year))</pre>
```

[1] 104

1.3. Use the init.date, last.visit and death.date columns to calculate a followup time (in days), which is the difference between the first and either the last visit or a death event (whichever comes first).

```
#function that takes who dataframe, adds a followup time column and calculates values, then returns the
calculate.followup <- function(dataframe)
{
    for (i in 1:nrow(dataframe))
    {
        if (dataframe$death[i] == 1) #check to see if death came first
        {
            dataframe$followup.time[i] <- difftime(dataframe$date.death[i],dataframe$init.date[i],units="days
        }
        else
        {
            dataframe$followup.time[i] <- difftime(dataframe$last.visit[i],dataframe$init.date[i],units="days
        }
    }
    return(dataframe)
}
haart <- calculate.followup(haart)
head(haart)</pre>
```

male age aids cd4baseline logvl weight hemoglobin init.reg
1 1 25 0 NA NA NA NA NA 3TC,AZT,EFV

```
## 2
           49
                             143
                                    NA 58.0608
                                                         11 3TC, AZT, EFV
        1
                             102
## 3
           42
                                    NA 48.0816
        1
                  1
                                                          1 3TC, AZT, EFV
## 4
        0
           33
                  0
                             107
                                    NA 46.0000
                                                         NA 3TC, AZT, NVP
## 5
           27
                              52
                                     4
                                                         NA 3TC, D4T, EFV
        1
                  0
                                             NA
## 6
        0
           34
                             157
                                    NA 54.8856
                                                         NA 3TC, AZT, NVP
      init.date last.visit death date.death death.within.year followup.time
##
## 1 2003-07-01 2007-02-26
                                 0
                                          <NA>
                                                                0
                                                                      1336.04167
## 2 2004-11-23 2008-02-22
                                 0
                                          <NA>
                                                                0
                                                                      1186.00000
## 3 2003-04-30 2005-11-21
                                 1 2006-01-11
                                                                1
                                                                       987.04167
                                 1 2006-05-07
## 4 2006-03-25 2006-05-05
                                                                1
                                                                        42.95833
## 5 2004-09-01 2007-11-13
                                 0
                                          <NA>
                                                                0
                                                                      1168.04167
## 6 2003-12-02 2008-02-28
                                          <NA>
                                                                      1549.00000
                                 0
```

1.4. If these times are longer than 1 year, censor them (this means if the value is above 365, set followup to 365).

```
#function that takes in a vector of followup.times and
#censors them so that 365 is the maximum, then returns the censored vector
max(haart$followup.time) #see the max of followup.time as calculated
```

[1] 3533.042

```
censor.followup <- function(followup.time)
{
  for (i in 1:length(followup.time))
  {
    if (followup.time[i] > 365)
    {
      followup.time[i] <- 365
    }
  }
  return(followup.time)
}
haart$followup.time <- censor.followup(haart$followup.time)
max(haart$followup.time) #see the new max of followup.time after censoring to make sure it worked</pre>
```

[1] 365

1.5. Print the quantile for this new variable.

```
quantile(haart$followup.time)
```

```
## 0% 25% 50% 75% 100%
## 0.0 329.5 365.0 365.0 365.0
```

1.6. Create another indicator variable representing loss to followup; this means the observation is not known to be dead but does not have any followup visits after the first year. How many records are lost-to-followup?

```
#function that takes in whole dataframe and appends an indicator
#column for whether or not individuals were lost fo followup
calculate.losstofollowup <- function(dataframe)
```

```
for (i in 1:nrow(dataframe))
    if (dataframe$death[i] == 1)#if dead, then they weren't "lost-to-followup"
      dataframe$loss.to.followup[i] <- 0</pre>
    }
    else
      #if not dead, and they haven't had a followup after the first year, then they are "lost-to-follow
      if (as.integer(difftime(dataframe$last.visit[i],dataframe$init.date[i],units="days")) <= 365)
        dataframe$loss.to.followup[i] <- 1</pre>
      #if not dead, and they have had a followup after the first year, then they werent "lost-to-follow
      else dataframe$loss.to.followup[i] <- 0</pre>
    }
 }
  return(dataframe)
}
#add lost-to-followup column to the haart dataframe
haart <- calculate.losstofollowup(haart)
head(haart) #appreciate shiny new column
                                                              init.reg
##
     male age aids cd4baseline logvl weight hemoglobin
## 1
        1
           25
                 0
                             NA
                                   NA
                                            NA
                                                       NA 3TC, AZT, EFV
## 2
        1 49
                 0
                            143
                                   NA 58.0608
                                                       11 3TC, AZT, EFV
## 3
        1 42
                                   NA 48.0816
                                                        1 3TC, AZT, EFV
                 1
                            102
                                                       NA 3TC, AZT, NVP
                                   NA 46.0000
        0
           33
                 0
                            107
                                                       NA 3TC, D4T, EFV
## 5
           27
                             52
                                    4
        1
                 0
                                            NA
## 6
        0 34
                 0
                            157
                                   NA 54.8856
                                                       NA 3TC, AZT, NVP
##
      init.date last.visit death date.death death.within.year followup.time
## 1 2003-07-01 2007-02-26
                                0
                                         <NA>
                                                               0
                                                                     365.00000
## 2 2004-11-23 2008-02-22
                                0
                                         <NA>
                                                               0
                                                                     365.00000
## 3 2003-04-30 2005-11-21
                                1 2006-01-11
                                                                     365.00000
                                                               1
## 4 2006-03-25 2006-05-05
                                1 2006-05-07
                                                               1
                                                                      42.95833
## 5 2004-09-01 2007-11-13
                                Ω
                                        <NA>
                                                               0
                                                                     365.00000
## 6 2003-12-02 2008-02-28
                                0
                                         <NA>
                                                               0
                                                                     365.00000
     loss.to.followup
##
## 1
                    0
                    0
## 2
## 3
                    0
## 4
                    0
## 5
                    0
## 6
#sum of indicator variables gives number of patients "lost-to-followup"
```

```
## [1] 173
```

sum(haart\$loss.to.followup)

So, from this we can see that 173 records were lost-to-followup.

1.7. Recall our work in class, which separated the init.reg field into a set of indicator variables, one for each unique drug. Create these fields and append them to the database as new columns.

```
male age aids cd4baseline logvl weight hemoglobin
##
                                                           init.reg
## 1
                 0
                                                     NA 3TC, AZT, EFV
                            NA
## 2
        1
           49
                 0
                           143
                                  NA 58.0608
                                                     11 3TC, AZT, EFV
## 3
        1
           42
                           102
                                  NA 48.0816
                                                      1 3TC, AZT, EFV
                 1
## 4
        0
           33
                           107
                                  NA 46.0000
                                                     NA 3TC, AZT, NVP
                 0
           27
                                                     NA 3TC, D4T, EFV
## 5
        1
                 0
                            52
                                   4
                                          NA
## 6
        0
                                  NA 54.8856
                                                     NA 3TC, AZT, NVP
           34
                 0
                           157
##
      init.date last.visit death date.death death.within.year followup.time
## 1 2003-07-01 2007-02-26
                               0
                                       <NA>
                                                                  365.00000
                                                            0
## 2 2004-11-23 2008-02-22
                               0
                                       <NA>
                                                            0
                                                                  365.00000
## 3 2003-04-30 2005-11-21
                               1 2006-01-11
                                                                  365.00000
                                                            1
                               1 2006-05-07
## 4 2006-03-25 2006-05-05
                                                                   42.95833
                                                            1
## 5 2004-09-01 2007-11-13
                               0
                                       <NA>
                                                                  365.00000
## 6 2003-12-02 2008-02-28
                               0
                                       <NA>
                                                            0
                                                                  365.00000
##
     loss.to.followup init.reg_list 3TC
                                                 EFV
                                                       NVP
                                                             D4T
                                                                   ABC
                                           AZT
## 1
                    O 3TC, AZT, EFV TRUE
                                         TRUE
                                                TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 2
                    O 3TC, AZT, EFV TRUE TRUE
                                                TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE
                    O 3TC, AZT, EFV TRUE
## 3
                                          TRUE
                                               TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 4
                    O 3TC, AZT, NVP TRUE
                                          TRUE FALSE
                                                      TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 5
                    O 3TC, D4T, EFV TRUE FALSE
                                               TRUE FALSE
                                                           TRUE FALSE FALSE
## 6
                    O 3TC, AZT, NVP
                                    TRUE
                                          TRUE FALSE
                                                      TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE
##
                   \mathtt{RTV}
                                           DDC
             LPV
                         SQV
                               FTC
                                     TDF
                                                 NFV
                                                       T20
                                                             ATV
       IDV
## 1 FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 2 FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 3 FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 4 FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 5 FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 6 FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
```

1.8. Which drug regimen are found over 100 times?

```
regimen <- matrix(nrow = nrow(haart), ncol = 1)</pre>
for (j in 17:34) {
    for (i in 1:nrow(haart)) {
        if (haart[i, j] == TRUE) {
             if (j == 17) {
                 regimen[i] <- colnames(haart)[j]</pre>
             } else {
                 regimen[i] <- paste(regimen[i], colnames(haart)[j])</pre>
        }
    }
}
haart <- cbind(haart, regimen)</pre>
haart[, 17:34] <- NULL #get rid of the indicators before preview
head(haart) #check what that actually did
##
     male age aids cd4baseline logvl weight hemoglobin
                                                               init.reg
## 1
           25
                             NA
                                    NA
                                            NA
                                                        NA 3TC, AZT, EFV
## 2
        1
           49
                  0
                            143
                                    NA 58.0608
                                                        11 3TC, AZT, EFV
## 3
        1
           42
                            102
                                    NA 48.0816
                                                         1 3TC, AZT, EFV
                  1
                                                        NA 3TC, AZT, NVP
## 4
                            107
                                    NA 46.0000
        0
           33
                  0
## 5
        1
           27
                  0
                              52
                                     4
                                                        NA 3TC, D4T, EFV
                                             NA
## 6
        0
          34
                  0
                            157
                                    NA 54.8856
                                                        NA 3TC, AZT, NVP
      init.date last.visit death date.death death.within.year followup.time
## 1 2003-07-01 2007-02-26
                                         <NA>
                                                                      365.00000
                                 0
                                                                0
## 2 2004-11-23 2008-02-22
                                                                      365.00000
                                 0
                                         <NA>
                                                                0
                                 1 2006-01-11
## 3 2003-04-30 2005-11-21
                                                                1
                                                                      365.00000
## 4 2006-03-25 2006-05-05
                                 1 2006-05-07
                                                                1
                                                                       42.95833
## 5 2004-09-01 2007-11-13
                                 0
                                         <NA>
                                                                0
                                                                      365.00000
## 6 2003-12-02 2008-02-28
                                 0
                                         <NA>
                                                                0
                                                                      365.00000
     loss.to.followup init.reg_list
## 1
                     O 3TC, AZT, EFV 3TC AZT EFV
                     O 3TC, AZT, EFV 3TC AZT EFV
## 2
## 3
                     O 3TC, AZT, EFV 3TC AZT EFV
## 4
                     O 3TC, AZT, NVP 3TC AZT NVP
## 5
                     O 3TC, D4T, EFV 3TC EFV D4T
                     O 3TC, AZT, NVP 3TC AZT NVP
## 6
sort(table(regimen))
## regimen
##
                                       3TC ABC RTV
                                                       3TC AZT ABC LPV RTV
          3TC ABC IDV RTV
##
                         1
                                                  1
##
      3TC AZT ABC RTV SQV
                                       3TC AZT DDI
                                                            3TC AZT EFV NFV
##
                          1
                                                  1
##
          3TC AZT RTV FPV
                                       3TC EFV TDF
                                                            3TC LPV RTV TDF
##
                                                  1
```

1

1

NA ABC DDI RTV ATV

NA D4T RTV SQV

NA EFV DDI FTC

1

1

NA ABC DDI LPV RTV

NA D4T ABC RTV SQV

NA EFV D4T DDC

##

##

##

##

3TC RTV TDF FPV

NA D4T ABC LPV RTV

NA DDI LPV RTV SQV T20

1

1

##					1					1				1
##		NA	NVP	FTC	TDF	NA	\mathtt{RTV}	${\tt FTC}$	TDF	${\tt ATV}$	3TC	D4T	LPV	\mathtt{RTV}
##					1					1				2
##			3TC	NVP	ABC		NA	AZT	${\tt EFV}$	DDI	NA	${\tt EFV}$	D4T	ABC
##					2					2				2
##	NA	LPV	\mathtt{RTV}	FTC	TDF		NA	NVP	D4T	DDI	NA	NVP	LPV	\mathtt{RTV}
##					2					2				2
##			3TC	D4T	NFV		NA	EFV	FTC	TDF	3TC	ABC	\mathtt{RTV}	\mathtt{SQV}
##					3					3				4
##			3TC	AZT	NFV		3TC	DDI	LPV	RTV	NA	EFV	D4T	DDI
##					4					4				4
##		3TC	D4T	IDV	RTV			3TC	NVP	DDI	3TC	AZT	IDV	RTV
##					6					6				8
##		3TC	D4T	RTV	SQV			3TC	EFV	ABC		3TC	AZT	IDV
##					8					11				12
##		3TC	AZT	RTV	SQV			3TC	EFV	DDI	3TC	AZT	LPV	RTV
##					13					15				16
##			3TC	AZT	ABC			3TC	EFV	D4T		3TC	NVP	D4T
##					29					54				61
##			3TC	AZT	NVP			3TC	AZT	EFV				
##					284					421				

From this, we can see that the only regimens that were prescribed more than 100 times were "3TC AZT NVP" and "3TC AZT EFV".

Turning this into a data frame is as simple as a call to data.frame, using all_drugs as a set of column labels:

1.9. The dataset haart2.csv contains a few additional observations for the same study. Import these and append them to your master dataset (if you were smart about how you coded the previous steps, cleaning the additional observations should be easy!). Show the first five records and the last five records of the complete (and clean) data set.

```
haart <- data.frame(read.csv("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/fonnesbeck/Bios6301/master/datasets/haa
haart2 <- data.frame(read.csv("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/fonnesbeck/Bios6301/master/datasets/ha
haart.merged <- merge(haart, haart2, all = TRUE)</pre>
# convert date columns
haart.merged[, "init.date"] <- as.POSIXct(haart.merged[, "init.date"], format = "%m/%d/%y")
haart.merged[, "last.visit"] <- as.POSIXct(haart.merged[, "last.visit"], format = "%m/%d/%y")
haart.merged[, "date.death"] <- as.POSIXct(haart.merged[, "date.death"], format = "%m/%d/%y")
# create indicator variable to represent death within 1 year of the initial
# visit
haart.merged$death.within.year <- (difftime(haart.merged$date.death, haart.merged$last.visit,
   units = "days") <= 365)
haart.merged$death.within.year[is.na(haart.merged$death.within.year)] <- 0
# create followup time field
haart.merged <- calculate.followup(haart.merged)</pre>
# censor followup time
haart.merged$followup.time <- censor.followup(haart.merged$followup.time)
# add indicator for loss-to-followup
haart.merged <- calculate.losstofollowup(haart.merged)
```

```
# add indicators for regimen
haart.merged <- create.regimens(haart.merged)
regimen <- matrix(nrow = nrow(haart.merged), ncol = 1)
for (j in 17:34) {
   for (i in 1:nrow(haart.merged)) {
        if (haart.merged[i, j] == TRUE) {
            if (j == 17) {
                regimen[i] <- colnames(haart.merged)[j]</pre>
            } else {
                regimen[i] <- paste(regimen[i], colnames(haart.merged)[j])</pre>
       }
   }
}
haart.merged <- cbind(haart.merged, regimen)</pre>
haart.merged[1:5, ] #first 5
     male age aids cd4baseline
                                  logvl weight hemoglobin
                                                             init.reg
## 1
                           89 5.184231
                                                       NA 3TC, AZT, EFV
       0 18
                0
                                            NA
## 2
       0
          18
                 0
                           280
                                     NA 52.164
                                                       11 3TC, AZT, EFV
## 3
       0 18
                 Ω
                           431 5.342423 58.000
                                                       NA 3TC, AZT, NVP
       0 19
                 0
                           51 5.618615 48.600
                                                       NA 3TC, AZT, NVP
## 5
       0 19
                 0
                           180 4.121330
                                            NA
                                                       NA 3TC, AZT, NVP
##
      init.date last.visit death date.death death.within.year followup.time
## 1 2003-11-03 2006-04-12 0
                                       <NA>
                                                            0
## 2 2004-02-19 2008-03-14
                              0
                                       <NA>
                                                            0
                                                                        365
## 3 2007-03-13 2007-03-13
                              0
                                       <NA>
                                                            0
                                                                          0
## 4 2005-12-07 2007-04-17
                              0
                                       <NA>
                                                                        365
                                                            0
## 5 2006-09-08 2006-10-15
                               0
                                       <NA>
                                                            0
                                                                         37
     loss.to.followup init.reg_list 3TC AZT
                                                                        LPV
                                                EFV
                                                      NVP
                                                            NFV
                                                                  ABC
## 1
                    O 3TC, AZT, EFV TRUE TRUE
                                               TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 2
                    O 3TC, AZT, EFV TRUE TRUE TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 3
                    1 3TC, AZT, NVP TRUE TRUE FALSE
                                                    TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE
                    O 3TC, AZT, NVP TRUE TRUE FALSE
## 4
                                                     TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 5
                    1 3TC, AZT, NVP TRUE TRUE FALSE
                                                     TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE
##
                   DDI
                         IDV
                               SQV
                                     T20
                                           FPV
                                                             FTC
      RTV
             D4T
                                                 TDF
                                                       ATV
## 1 FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 2 FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 3 FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 4 FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 5 FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
##
         regimen
## 1 3TC AZT EFV
## 2 3TC AZT EFV
## 3 3TC AZT NVP
## 4 3TC AZT NVP
## 5 3TC AZT NVP
haart.merged[1000:1004, ] #last 5
```

male age aids cd4baseline logvl weight hemoglobin init.reg

```
## 1000
              66
                              298 4.09496
                                                           NA
                                                                  3TC, AZT, EFV
           1
                                                NA
## 1001
                                                           16
           1
              67
                    0
                               95
                                        NA 66.6792
                                                                  3TC, AZT, EFV
## 1002
              69
                    0
                               NA
                                        NA
                                                NA
                                                           NA 3TC, AZT, RTV, SQV
                              267
## 1003
             80
                    0
                                                                  3TC, AZT, NVP
           1
                                        NA 53.0712
                                                           NA
## 1004
           1
              89
                    0
                                9
                                        NA 43.5456
                                                                  3TC, ABC, AZT
##
         init.date last.visit death date.death death.within.year
## 1000 2006-06-08 2007-02-12
                                  0
                                           <NA>
## 1001 2004-02-13 2008-02-21
                                  0
                                           <NA>
                                                                0
## 1002 2006-04-01 2007-09-13
                                  0
                                           <NA>
                                                                0
## 1003 2004-11-08 2006-11-20
                                  1 2006-11-26
                                                                1
## 1004 2004-12-15 2006-04-11
                                  0
                                           <NA>
                                                                       EFV
##
        followup.time loss.to.followup
                                             init.reg_list 3TC
                                                                AZT
## 1000
             249.0417
                                             3TC, AZT, EFV TRUE TRUE
                                                                      TRUE
                                     1
## 1001
             365.0000
                                     0
                                             3TC, AZT, EFV TRUE TRUE
                                                                      TRUE
## 1002
             365.0000
                                     O 3TC, AZT, RTV, SQV TRUE TRUE FALSE
## 1003
             365.0000
                                             3TC, AZT, NVP TRUE TRUE FALSE
## 1004
             365.0000
                                             3TC, ABC, AZT TRUE TRUE FALSE
                                     0
##
          NVP
                NFV
                      ABC
                            LPV
                                  RTV
                                         D4T
                                               DDI
                                                     IDV
                                                           SQV
                                                                 T20
## 1000 FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 1001 FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 1002 FALSE FALSE FALSE TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE TRUE FALSE FALSE
## 1003 TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
                     TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 1004 FALSE FALSE
                      FTC
                            DDC
          TDF
                ATV
                                         regimen
                                    3TC AZT EFV
## 1000 FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## 1001 FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
                                    3TC AZT EFV
## 1002 FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE 3TC AZT RTV SQV
## 1003 FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
                                    3TC AZT NVP
## 1004 FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
                                    3TC AZT ABC
```

Question 2

14 points

Use the following code to generate data for patients with repeated measures of A1C (a test for levels of blood glucose).

```
genData <- function(n) {</pre>
    if(exists(".Random.seed", envir = .GlobalEnv)) {
        save.seed <- get(".Random.seed", envir= .GlobalEnv)</pre>
        on.exit(assign(".Random.seed", save.seed, envir = .GlobalEnv))
    } else {
        on.exit(rm(".Random.seed", envir = .GlobalEnv))
    }
    set.seed(n)
    subj <- ceiling(n / 10)</pre>
    id <- sample(subj, n, replace=TRUE)</pre>
    times <- as.integer(difftime(as.POSIXct("2005-01-01"), as.POSIXct("2000-01-01"), units='secs'))
    dt <- as.POSIXct(sample(times, n), origin='2000-01-01')</pre>
    mu <- runif(subj, 4, 10)
    a1c <- unsplit(mapply(rnorm, tabulate(id), mu, SIMPLIFY=FALSE), id)
    data.frame(id, dt, a1c)
x \leftarrow genData(500)
```

Perform the following manipulations: (2 points each)

2.1. Order the data set by id and dt.

```
x <- x[order(x$id,x$dt),]
```

2.2. For each id, determine if there is more than a one year gap in between observations. Add a new row at the one year mark, with the a1c value set to missing. A two year gap would require two new rows, and so forth.

```
#take subset of observations with a parameter for the id
subset.id <- function(id.num)</pre>
 return(subset(x,x$id==id.num))
#find gaps between observation i and the observation below it that are greater than 365 days
#this is where we will need to insert rows
find.gaps <- function(id)</pre>
  id.vector <- subset.id(id)</pre>
  gaps <- matrix(nrow=nrow(id.vector),ncol=1)</pre>
 for (i in 1:nrow(id.vector)-1)
    gaps[i] <- as.integer(difftime(id.vector[i+1,2],id.vector[i,2],units="days"))</pre>
 }
 return(gaps)
}
#apply the find.qaps function to all ids 1:50
gaps <- NULL
for (id in 1:50)
{
  gaps <- rbind(gaps,find.gaps(id))</pre>
}
x <- cbind(x,gaps)</pre>
#find rows where the gap (after the observation) > 365
(gaps.positions <- which(abs(x$gaps)>365))
## [1] 36 47 49 55 56 69 71 81 87 110 117 119 126 128 135 136 143
## [18] 151 152 159 190 193 196 209 210 215 216 258 267 279 286 294 310 319
## [35] 326 327 336 341 356 360 370 380 381 388 416 420 424 433 436 444 454
## [52] 471 474 481
#insert rows for gaps of 1 year
for (i in 1:length(gaps.positions))
{
 row.below <- gaps.positions[i]</pre>
  save.above <- x[1:row.below,] #save all of the rows above</pre>
  save.below <- x[(row.below+1):nrow(x),] #save all of the rows below</pre>
 x[row.below+1,1] \leftarrow x[row.below,1]
  x[row.below+1,2] \leftarrow x[row.below,2] + days(365)
```

```
x[row.below+1,3] \leftarrow NA
  x[row.below+1,4] \leftarrow NA
  x <- rbind(save.above,x[row.below+1,],save.below)</pre>
  gaps.positions <- gaps.positions + 1 #increment gap indeces to account for new inserted row
#apply the function again to allow for two year gaps
gaps2 <- NULL
for (id in 1:50)
  gaps2 <- rbind(gaps2,find.gaps(id))</pre>
x \leftarrow cbind(x,gaps2)
(gaps2.positions <- which(abs(x$gaps2)>365)) #find gaps that were greater than 1 year
## [1] 169 179
for (i in 1:length(gaps2.positions))
  row.below <- gaps2.positions[i]</pre>
  save.above <- x[1:row.below,] #save all of the rows above</pre>
  save.below <- x[(row.below+1):nrow(x),] #save all of the rows below</pre>
  x[row.below+1,1] \leftarrow x[row.below,1]
  x[row.below+1,2] \leftarrow x[row.below,2] + days(365)
  x[row.below+1,3] <- NA
  x[row.below+1,4] \leftarrow NA
  x <- rbind(save.above,x[row.below+1,],save.below)</pre>
  gaps2.positions <- gaps2.positions + 1 #increment gap indeces to account for new inserted row
}
```

2.3. Create a new column visit. For each id, add the visit number. This should be 1 to n where n is the number of observations for an individual. This should include the observations created with missing a1c values.

```
#function that will create a visit field for the parameterized id
count.visits <- function(id)
{
   id.vector <- subset.id(id)
   visit.no <- matrix(nrow=nrow(id.vector),ncol=1)
   for (i in 1:nrow(visit.no))
   {
      visit.no[i] <- i
   }
   return(visit.no)
}

#run the count.visits function on all ids to create a complete column for visits
visit <- NULL
for (id in 1:50)
{
      visit <- rbind(visit,count.visits(id))</pre>
```

```
#add the visit column to the original x dataframe
x <- cbind(x,visit)</pre>
```

2.4. For each id, replace missing values with the mean a1c value for that individual.

```
#function that will find NA in the a1c field and replace them with that id's mean a1c
replace.na <- function(id)</pre>
{
  id.vector <- subset.id(id)</pre>
  a1c.mean <- mean(id.vector$a1c, na.rm=TRUE)</pre>
  new.a1c <- matrix(nrow=nrow(id.vector),ncol=1)</pre>
  for (i in 1:nrow(id.vector))
    if (is.na(id.vector[i,3])==TRUE)
      new.a1c[i] <- a1c.mean</pre>
    }
    else
      new.a1c[i] <- id.vector[i,3]</pre>
  }
  return(new.a1c)
}
#run the replace.na function for every id from 1:50
a1c.replaced <- NULL
for (id in 1:50)
{
  a1c.replaced <- rbind(a1c.replaced,replace.na(id))</pre>
x <- cbind(x,a1c.replaced)</pre>
```

2.5. Print mean a1c for each id.

```
id.means <- function(id)
{
    return(mean(subset.id(id)$a1c.replaced))
}
id <- seq(1:50)
indiv.means <- lapply(id,id.means)
(avg.a1c.by.id <- cbind(id,indiv.means))</pre>
```

```
## id indiv.means
## [1,] 1 4.063372
```

```
[2,] 2 7.544643
##
   [3,] 3 6.75764
   [4,] 4 3.892127
   [5,] 5 9.512311
##
##
   [6,] 6 7.555965
##
   [7,] 7 9.161686
##
   [8,] 8 7.189064
   [9,] 9 9.283873
##
## [10,] 10 7.975217
## [11,] 11 6.917562
## [12,] 12 7.034021
## [13,] 13 9.145282
## [14,] 14 6.623756
## [15,] 15 8.012406
## [16,] 16 4.222158
## [17,] 17 3.996034
## [18,] 18 9.164873
## [19,] 19 5.50721
## [20,] 20 3.726675
## [21,] 21 8.140939
## [22,] 22 5.637501
## [23,] 23 7.366889
## [24,] 24 7.439316
## [25,] 25 6.877135
## [26,] 26 6.556759
## [27,] 27 4.926457
## [28,] 28 7.433917
## [29,] 29 4.508086
## [30,] 30 6.045577
## [31,] 31 7.116586
## [32,] 32 6.568791
## [33,] 33 6.494069
## [34,] 34 6.768615
## [35,] 35 8.4767
## [36,] 36 9.60441
## [37,] 37 9.606253
## [38,] 38 5.355979
## [39,] 39 6.917013
## [40,] 40 9.530136
## [41,] 41 9.802424
## [42,] 42 3.89177
## [43,] 43 6.095849
## [44,] 44 9.09167
## [45,] 45 6.737204
## [46,] 46 9.621763
## [47,] 47 9.231489
## [48,] 48 6.4046
## [49,] 49 6.096076
## [50,] 50 8.962319
```

2.6. Print total number of visits for each id.

```
total.visits <- function(id)</pre>
  return(nrow(subset.id(id)))
}
id <- seq(1:50)
total.visits <- lapply(id,total.visits)</pre>
(total.visits.by.id <- cbind(id,total.visits))</pre>
##
         id total.visits
   [1,] 1 11
##
## [2,] 2 20
## [3,] 3 14
## [4,] 4 12
## [5,] 5 14
## [6,] 6 10
## [7,] 7 9
## [8,] 8 12
## [9,] 9 11
## [10,] 10 12
## [11,] 11 10
## [12,] 12 10
## [13,] 13 8
## [14,] 14 12
## [15,] 15 8
## [16,] 16 9
## [17,] 17 12
## [18,] 18 10
## [19,] 19 10
## [20,] 20 9
## [21,] 21 10
## [22,] 22 8
## [23,] 23 8
## [24,] 24 15
## [25,] 25 12
```

[26,] 26 14 ## [27,] 27 11 ## [28,] 28 14 ## [29,] 29 10 ## [30,] 30 7 ## [31,] 31 11 ## [32,] 32 5 ## [33,] 33 8 ## [34,] 34 12 ## [35,] 35 11 ## [36,] 36 9 ## [37,] 37 17 ## [38,] 38 15 ## [39,] 39 8 **##** [40,] 40 7 ## [41,] 41 17 ## [42,] 42 14 ## [43,] 43 11 ## [44,] 44 11

```
## [45,] 45 14

## [46,] 46 9

## [47,] 47 12

## [48,] 48 11

## [49,] 49 12

## [50,] 50 10
```

2.7. Print the observations for id = 15.

```
subset.id(15)
```

```
##
         id
                                      alc gaps gaps2 visit alc.replaced
                              dt.
## 11
         15 2000-04-30 00:34:50 7.527105
                                           262
                                                  262
                                                          1
                                                                7.527105
## 406
         15 2001-01-17 21:11:02 5.898371
                                                   97
                                                          2
                                                                5.898371
## 306
         15 2001-04-25 06:23:05 8.566593
                                           772
                                                  365
                                                          3
                                                                8.566593
         15 2002-04-25 06:23:05
                                            NA
## 484
                                                  407
                                                          4
                                                                8.012406
## 4841
        15 2003-04-25 06:23:05
                                       NA
                                            NA
                                                  365
                                                          5
                                                                8.012406
## 48411 15 2003-06-06 14:06:00 9.133769
                                                  365
                                                          6
                                                                9.133769
                                            441
## 263
         15 2004-06-05 14:06:00
                                            NA
                                                   76
                                                          7
                                                                8.012406
        15 2004-08-20 17:47:11 8.936190
                                                                8.936190
## 2631
                                            NA
                                                   NA
                                                          8
```

Question 3

10 points

Import the addr.txt file from the GitHub repository. This file contains a listing of names and addresses (thanks google). Parse each line to create a data frame with the following columns: lastname, firstname, streetno, streetname, city, state, zip. Keep middle initials or abbreviated names in the firstname column. Print out the entire data frame.

```
addr <- read.delim("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/fonnesbeck/Bios6301/master/datasets/addr.txt",
    stringsAsFactors = FALSE, head = FALSE)
find.spaces <- function(textRow) {</pre>
    spaces <- c(unlist(gregexpr(" {2,}", textRow)), nchar(textRow))</pre>
    return(spaces) #return a vector of values where spaces of length 2+ are located in the textRow
}
trim <- function(x) gsub("^{\s+}|\s+$", "", x)
# credit:
# http://stackoverflow.com/questions/2261079/how-to-trim-leading-and-trailing-whitespace-in-r
findNumbers <- function(textRow) {</pre>
    numberPos <- NULL</pre>
    for (i in 1:nchar(textRow)) {
        if ((substr(textRow, i, i) %in% seq(0, 9)) == TRUE) {
            numberPos <- c(numberPos, i)</pre>
        }
    }
    return(numberPos)
}
lastname <- vector()</pre>
```

```
firstname <- vector()</pre>
streetno <- vector()</pre>
streetname <- vector()</pre>
city <- vector()</pre>
state <- vector()</pre>
zip <- vector()</pre>
fixText <- function(text) {</pre>
    for (i in 1:nrow(text)) {
        row.spaces <- find.spaces(text[i, ])</pre>
        lastname[i] <- substr(text[i, ], 1, (row.spaces[1] - 1))</pre>
        firstname[i] <- trim(substr(text[i, ], (row.spaces[1] + 1), (row.spaces[2] -</pre>
        streetno.pos <- findNumbers(substr(text[i, ], (row.spaces[2] + 1), (row.spaces[3] -
             1))) #find indices of the numbers in the street address
        # some addresses contain numerical street names, so streetno.pos can be
        # longer than just the first 3-4 streetno values
        if (length(streetno.pos) > 4) {
             streetno[i] <- substr(substr(text[i, ], (row.spaces[2] + 1), (row.spaces[3] -</pre>
                 1)), min(streetno.pos), (min(streetno.pos) + 3))
             streetname[i] <- trim(substr(substr(text[i, ], (row.spaces[2] +</pre>
                 1), (row.spaces[3] - 1)), (min(streetno.pos) + 4), row.spaces[3] -
                 1))
        } else {
             streetno[i] <- substr(substr(text[i, ], (row.spaces[2] + 1), (row.spaces[3] -</pre>
                 1)), min(streetno.pos), max(streetno.pos))
             streetname[i] <- trim(substr(substr(text[i, ], (row.spaces[2] +</pre>
                 1), (row.spaces[3] - 1)), (max(streetno.pos) + 1), row.spaces[3] -
                 1))
        }
        city[i] <- trim(substr(text[i, ], row.spaces[3], row.spaces[4]))</pre>
        state[i] <- trim(substr(text[i, ], row.spaces[4], row.spaces[5]))</pre>
        zip[i] <- trim(substr(text[i, ], row.spaces[5], row.spaces[6]))</pre>
    zip <- sub("0", "0", zip) #replace mistaken Os in zipcodes with Os
    return(cbind(lastname, firstname, streetno, streetname, city, state, zip))
}
(addr <- data.frame(fixText(addr)))</pre>
##
         lastname
                    firstname streetno
                                                    streetname
                                                                      city state
```

```
## 1
            Bania
                    Thomas M.
                                    725
                                           Commonwealth Ave.
                                                                   Boston
                                                                             MA
## 2
                                    373
                                                W. Geneva St.
          Barnaby
                        David
                                                                 Wms. Bay
                                                                             WI
                                               W. Geneva St.
                                                                             WI
## 3
           Bausch
                                    373
                                                                 Wms. Bay
                         Judy
## 4
          Bolatto
                                    725
                                           Commonwealth Ave.
                      Alberto
                                                                   Boston
                                                                             MA
## 5
        Carlstrom
                         John
                                   933
                                                 E. 56th St.
                                                                  Chicago
                                                                             IL
## 6
       Chamberlin Richard A.
                                   111
                                                  Nowelo St.
                                                                     Hilo
                                                                             ΗI
## 7
                                   2145
                                                  Sheridan Rd
                                                                             IL
            Chuss
                         Dave
                                                                 Evanston
## 8
            Davis
                        E. J.
                                   933
                                                 E. 56th St.
                                                                  Chicago
                                                                             IL
## 9
                                                 W. 18th Ave.
            Depoy
                       Darren
                                   174
                                                                 Columbus
                                                                             OH
## 10
          Griffin
                         Greg
                                   5000
                                                 Forbes Ave. Pittsburgh
                                                                             PA
## 11
        Halvorsen
                         Nils
                                   933
                                                 E. 56th St.
                                                                  Chicago
                                                                             IL
```

##	12	Harper	Al	373	W. Geneva St.	Wms. Bay	WI
##	13	-	Maohai	725		Boston	MA
		Huang			W. Commonwealth Ave.		MA
##	14	Ingalls	James G.			Boston	
##	15	Jackson	James M.		W. Commonwealth Ave.	Boston	MA
##	16	Knudsen	Scott	373	W. Geneva St.	Wms. Bay	WI
##	17	Kovac	John	5640	S. Ellis Ave.	Chicago	IL
##	18	Landsberg	Randy	5640	S. Ellis Ave.	Chicago	IL
##	19	Lo	Kwok-Yung	1002	W. Green St.	Urbana	IL
##		Loewenstein	Robert F.	373	W. Geneva St.	Wms. Bay	WI
##	21	Lynch	John	4201	Wilson Blvd	Arlington	VA
##	22	Martini	Paul	174	W. 18th Ave.	Columbus	OH
##	23	Meyer	Stephan	933	E. 56th St.	Chicago	IL
##	24	Mrozek	Fred	373	W. Geneva St.	Wms. Bay	WI
##	25	Newcomb	Matt	5000	Forbes Ave.	Pittsburgh	PA
##	26	Novak	Giles	2145	Sheridan Rd	Evanston	IL
##	27	Odalen	Nancy	373	W. Geneva St.	Wms. Bay	WI
##	28	Pernic	Dave	373	W. Geneva St.	Wms. Bay	WI
##	29	Pernic	Bob	373	W. Geneva St.	Wms. Bay	WI
##	30	Peterson	Jeffrey	5000	Forbes Ave.	Pittsburgh	PA
##	31	Pryke	Clem	933	E. 56th St.	Chicago	IL
##	32	Rebull	Luisa	5640	S. Ellis Ave.	Chicago	IL
##	33	Renbarger	Thomas	2145	Sheridan Rd	Evanston	IL
##	34	Rottman	Joe	8730	W. Mountain View Ln	Littleton	CO
##	35	Schartman	Ethan	933	E. 56th St.	Chicago	IL
##	36	Spotz	Bob	373	W. Geneva St.	Wms. Bay	WI
##	37	Thoma	Mark	373	W. Geneva St.	Wms. Bay	WI
##	38	Walker	Chris	933	N. Cherry St.	Tucson	AZ
##	39	Wehrer	Cheryl	5000	Forbes Ave.	Pittsburgh	PA
##	40	Wirth	Jesse	373	W. Geneva St.	Wms. Bay	WI
##	41	Wright	Greg	791	Holmdel-Keyport Rd.	Holmdel	NY
##	42	Zingale	Michael	5640	S. Ellis Ave.	Chicago	IL
##		zip				_	
##	1	02215					
##	2	53191					
##	3	53191					
##	4	02215					
##	5	60637					
##	6	96720					
##	7	60208-3112					
##	8	60637					
##	9	43210					
##		15213					
##	11	60637					
##	12	53191					
	13	02215					
##	14	02215					
	15	02215					
##	16	53191					
##	17	60637					
##	18	60637					
	19	61801					
##		53191					
##		22230					
	22						
##	22	43210					

```
## 23
            60637
## 24
            53191
## 25
            15213
## 26 60208-3112
## 27
            53191
## 28
            53191
## 29
            53191
## 30
            15213
## 31
            60637
## 32
            60637
## 33 60208-3112
## 34
            80125
## 35
            60637
## 36
            53191
## 37
            53191
## 38
            85721
## 39
            15213
## 40
            53191
## 41 07733-1988
## 42
            60637
```

Question 4

2 points

The first argument to most functions that fit linear models are formulas. The following example defines the response variable death and allows the model to incorporate all other variables as terms. . is used to mean all columns not otherwise in the formula.

```
url <- "https://github.com/fonnesbeck/Bios6301/raw/master/datasets/haart.csv"
haart_df <- read.csv(url)[,c('death','weight','hemoglobin','cd4baseline')]
coef(summary(glm(death ~ ., data=haart_df, family=binomial(logit))))</pre>
```

```
## Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept) 3.576411744 1.226870535 2.915069 0.0035561039
## weight -0.046210552 0.022556001 -2.048703 0.0404911395
## hemoglobin -0.350642786 0.105064078 -3.337418 0.0008456055
## cd4baseline 0.002092582 0.001811959 1.154872 0.2481427160
```

Now imagine running the above several times, but with a different response and data set each time. Here's a function:

```
myfun <- function(dat, response) {
  form <- as.formula(response ~ .)
  coef(summary(glm(form, data=dat, family=binomial(logit))))
}</pre>
```

Unfortunately, it doesn't work. tryCatch is "catching" the error so that this file can be knit to PDF.

```
tryCatch(myfun(haart_df, death), error = function(e) e)
```

```
## <simpleError in eval(expr, envir, enclos): object 'death' not found>
```

What do you think is going on? Consider using debug to trace the problem.

The tryCatch error message reads: <simpleError in eval(expr, envir, enclos): object 'death' not found>, so I wondered if the problem could be in the way that the "response" variable was included in the parameters. To test my theory, I ran the line again with a minor correction:

```
tryCatch(myfun(haart_df, haart_df$death), error = function(e) e)

## Warning: glm.fit: algorithm did not converge

## Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)

## (Intercept) -2.656607e+01 115935.1724 -2.291459e-04 0.9998172

## death 5.313214e+01 69028.4183 7.697140e-04 0.9993859

## weight -4.499694e-15 1939.0571 -2.320558e-18 1.0000000

## hemoglobin 5.124642e-14 9774.8190 5.242697e-18 1.0000000

## cd4baseline 1.830771e-16 184.0846 9.945271e-19 1.0000000
```

Hooray! Now the function runs completely. Although, the algorithm does not converge, but that is more an artifact of the data than the code written above.

Bonus

5 bonus points

Create a working function.

cd4baseline 1.830771e-16

```
myfun <- function(dat, response) {</pre>
  attach(dat, warn.conflicts = FALSE)
  #by attaching the dataframe names we can call response without an identifier
  form <- as.formula(response ~ .)</pre>
  print(coef(summary(glm(form, data=dat, family=binomial(logit)))))
  detach(dat)
}
tryCatch(myfun(haart_df, death), error = function(e) e)
## Warning: glm.fit: algorithm did not converge
##
                    Estimate Std. Error
                                               z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept) -2.656607e+01 115935.1724 -2.291459e-04 0.9998172
                5.313214e+01 69028.4183 7.697140e-04 0.9993859
## death
## weight
               -4.499694e-15
                              1939.0571 -2.320558e-18 1.0000000
## hemoglobin
               5.124642e-14 9774.8190 5.242697e-18 1.0000000
```

184.0846 9.945271e-19 1.0000000