

# **Supplemental Materials for “Efficient and Intuitive Two-Phase Validation Across Multiple Models via Principal Components”**

Sarah Lotspeich<sup>1</sup> and Cole Manschot<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Department of Statistical Sciences, Wake Forest University

<sup>2</sup>Biostatistics and Research Decision Sciences, Merck & Co.

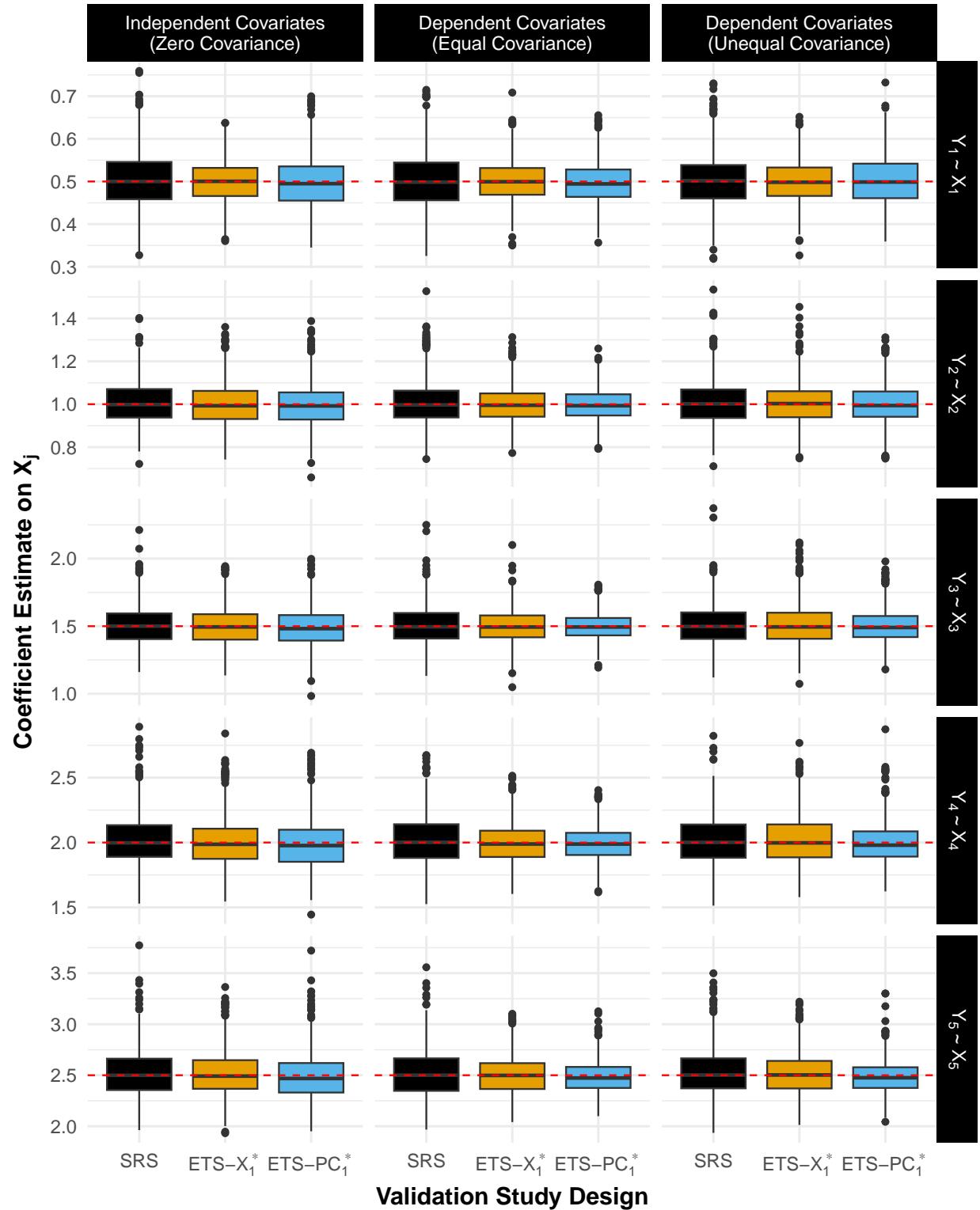


Figure S1: Simulation results comparing coefficient estimates under simple random sampling (SRS), extreme tail sampling on  $X_1^*$  (ETS- $X_1^*$ ), and extreme tail sampling on the first principal component (ETS- $PC_1^*$ ) validation study designs. Three different covariance structures for the five covariates  $X_1, \dots, X_5$  were considered.

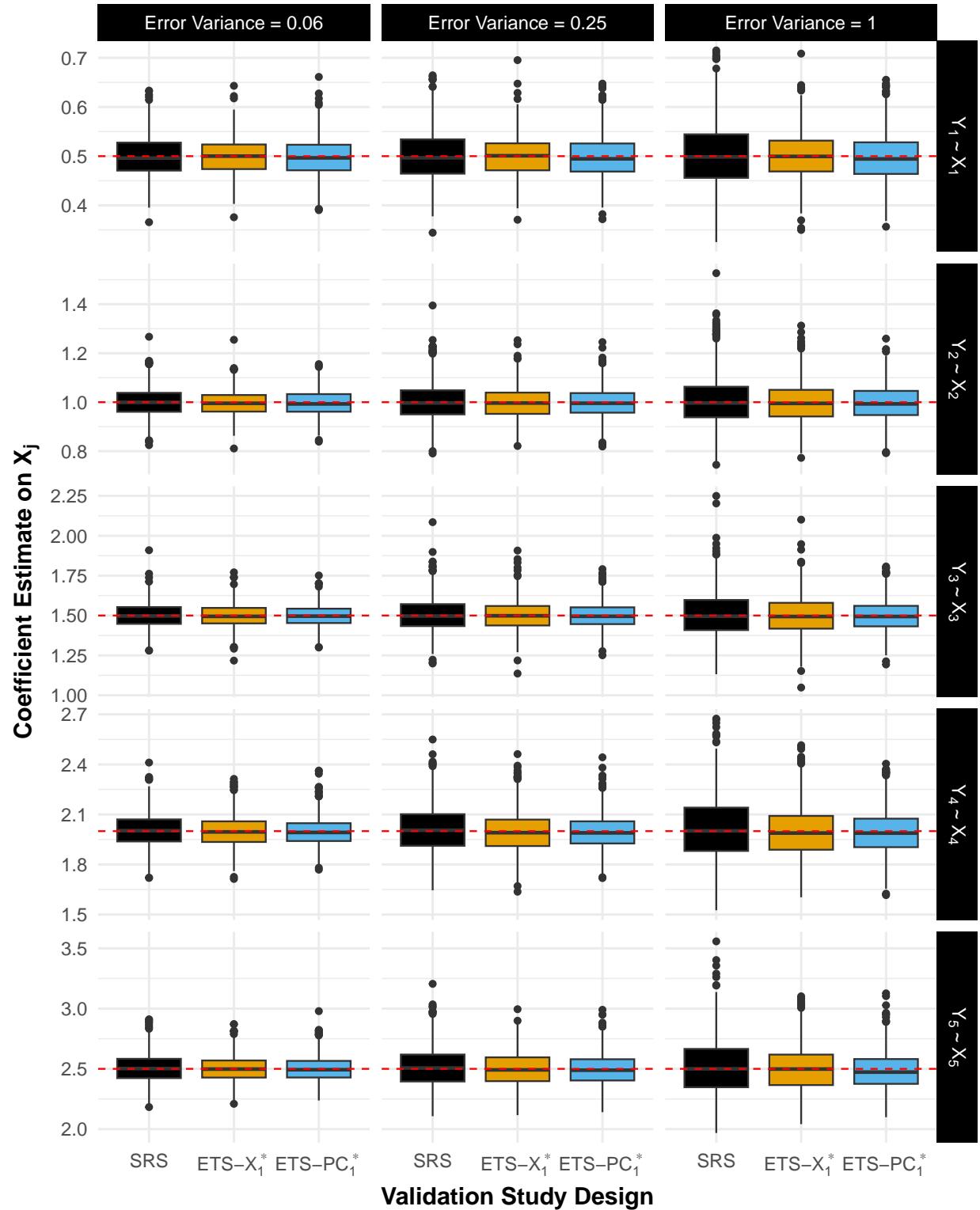


Figure S2: Simulation results comparing coefficient estimates under simple random sampling (SRS), extreme tail sampling on  $X_1^*$  (ETS- $X_1^*$ ), and extreme tail sampling on the first principal component (ETS- $PC_1^*$ ) validation study designs. Three different variances  $\sigma_U^2$  for the additive measurement errors  $U_1, \dots, U_5$  in covariates  $X_1, \dots, X_5$  were considered.

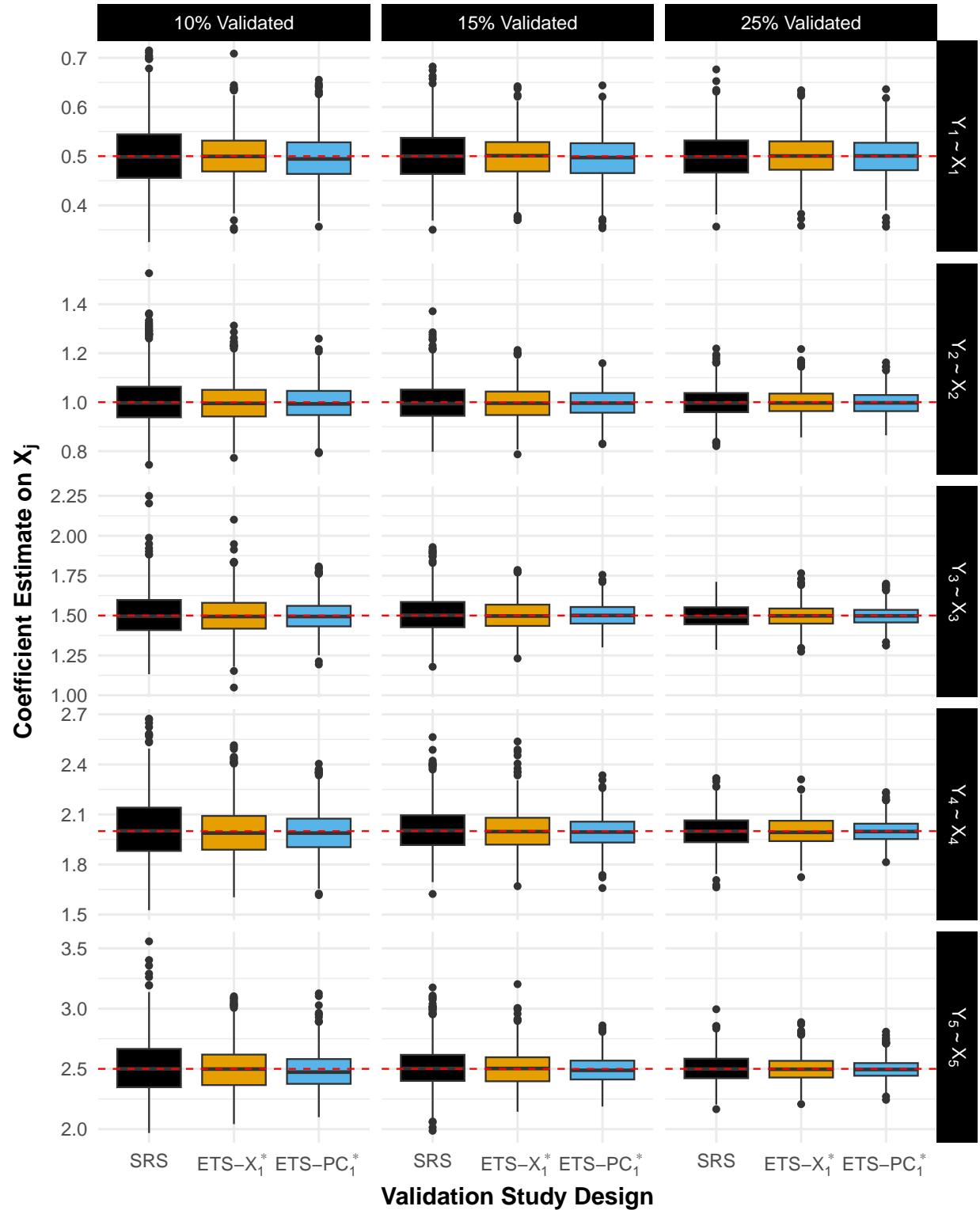


Figure S3: Simulation results comparing coefficient estimates under simple random sampling (SRS), extreme tail sampling on  $X_1^*$  ( $ETS-X_1^*$ ), and extreme tail sampling on the first principal component ( $ETS-PC_1^*$ ) validation study designs. Three different proportions of validated patients out of  $N = 1000$  were considered.

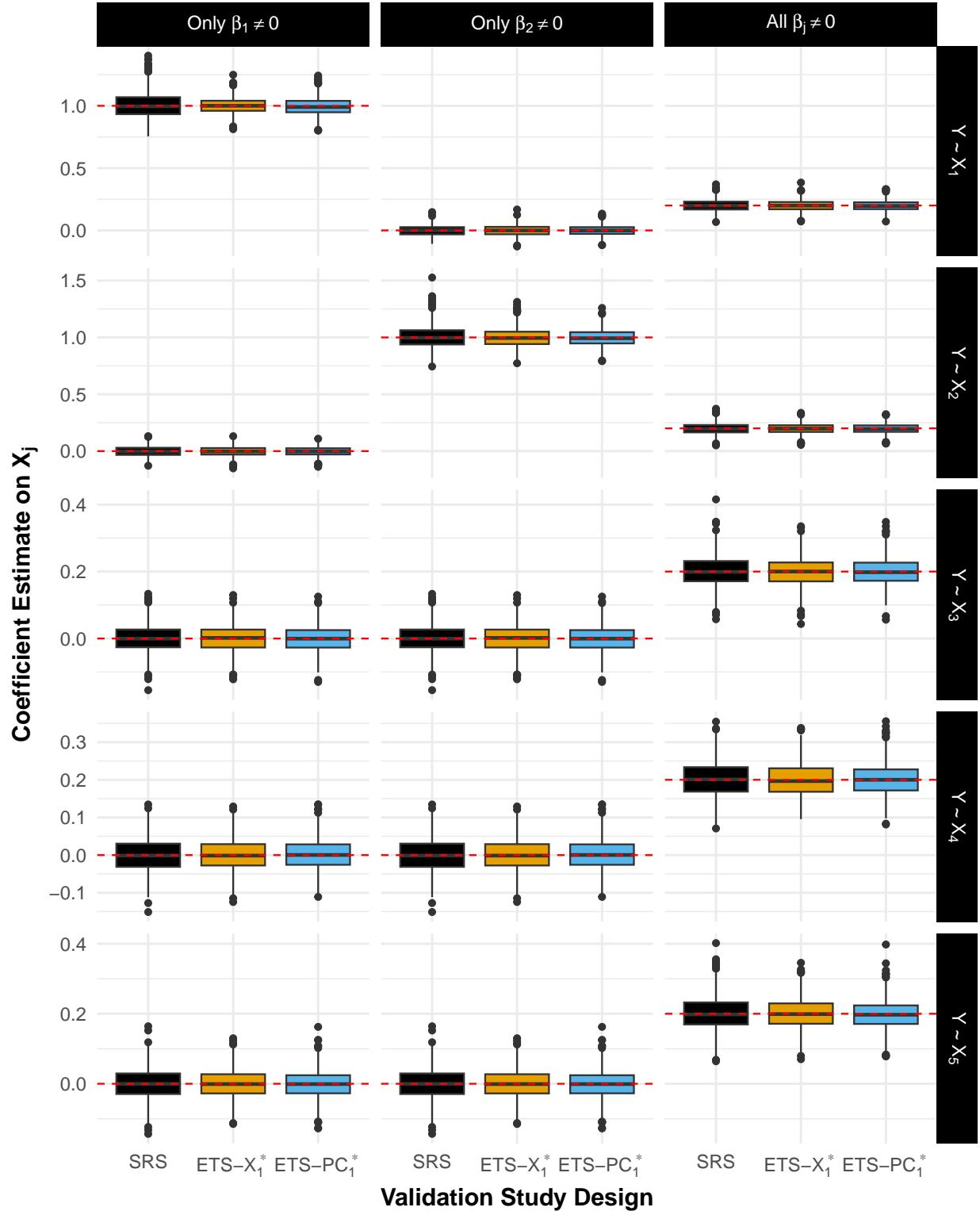


Figure S4: Simulation results comparing coefficient estimates under simple random sampling (SRS), extreme tail sampling on  $X_1^*$  (ETS- $X_1^*$ ), and extreme tail sampling on the first principal component (ETS- $PC_1^*$ ) validation study designs. There was a shared outcome  $Y$ , and it was generated from the covariates  $X_1, \dots, X_5$  under scenarios where only one covariate is associated (only  $\beta_1 \neq 0$  or only  $\beta_2 \neq 0$ ) versus all covariates are associated (all  $\beta_j \neq 0$ ).

Outcome (Units)	Description	Variable	Source Data
$Y_1$ : Vitamin D (nmol/L)	25-hydroxyvitamin D2 + D3	LBXVIDMS	Laboratory values
$Y_2$ : Resting heart rate (bpm)	Pulse, first oscillometric reading	BPXOPLS1	Examination data
$Y_3$ : High-density lipoprotein (HDL) cholesterol (mg/dL)	Direct HDL-cholesterol	LBDHDD	Laboratory values
$Y_4$ : Insulin (uU/mL)	Serum insulin in plasma	LBXIN	Laboratory values
$Y_5$ : Folate (ng/mL)	Red blood cell folate	LBDRFO	Laboratory values

Table S1: Definition of outcomes for the models of interest fit to the National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES), including the names of the variables in NHANES and tables from which they were sourced. Abbreviations of units: nanomoles per liter (nmol/L), beats per minute (bpm), milligrams per deciliter (mg/dL), microunits per milliliter (uU/mL), and nanograms per milliliter (ng/mL).

Covariate (Units)	Description	Variable	Source Data
$X_1$ : Calcium intake (mg)	24-hour cumulative intake	DR1TCALC	Dietary variables
$X_2$ : Caffeine intake (mg)	24-hour cumulative intake	DR1TCAFF	Examination data
$X_3$ : Total saturated fatty acids (gm)	24-hour cumulative intake	DR1TSFAT	Laboratory values
$X_4$ : Alcohol consumption (gm)	24-hour cumulative intake	DR1TALCO	Laboratory values
$X_5$ : Folate food (mcg)	24-hour cumulative intake	DR1TFF	Laboratory values

Table S2: Definition of nutrient intake covariates for the models of interest fit to the National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES), including the names of the variables in NHANES and tables from which they were sourced. Abbreviations of units: milligram (mg), gram (gm), microgram(mcg).

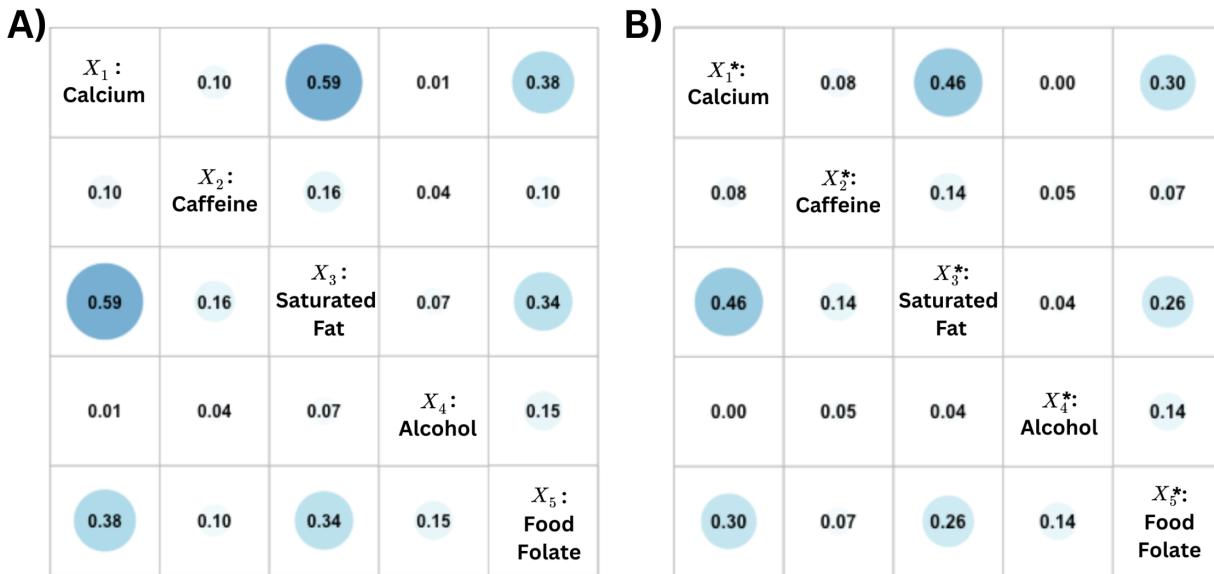


Figure S5: Estimated correlation matrix between the **A**) error-free dietary intake exposures  $X_1, \dots, X_5$  (from the National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey [NHANES] dataset) and the **B**) error-prone dietary intake exposures  $X_1^*, \dots, X_5^*$  (simulated from the NHANES dataset).

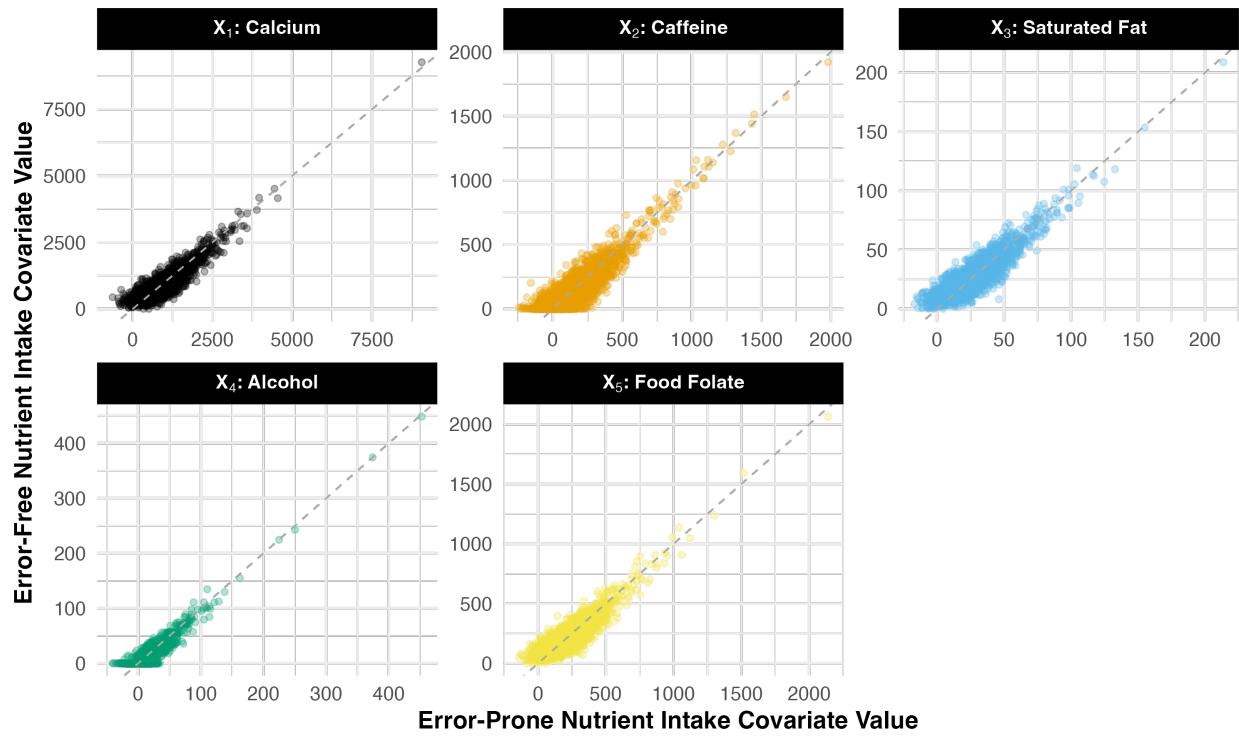


Figure S6: Comparison of error-free nutrient intake exposures  $X_1, \dots, X_5$  (from the National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey [NHANES] dataset) with the simulated error-prone versions  $X_1^*, \dots, X_5^*$ . The dashed line denotes the line of equality (i.e.,  $X_j = X_j^*$ ).

	(Intercept)	Nutrient Intake	Female	Age	Race and Ethnicity (Reference = Mexican American)				Education Level (Reference = Less than 9th Grade)				
					Other Hispanic	Non-Hispanic White	Non-Hispanic Black	Other Race (Incl. Multi-Racial)	9–11th Grade	High School Grad GED or Equiv.	Some College or AA Degree	College Graduate or Above	
<i>Model 1</i>													
Gold Standard	21.4 (11.9, 30.9)	0.0 (0.0, 0.0)	12.3 (9.5, 15.1)	0.7 (0.6, 0.8)	4.0 (−2.7, 10.8)	14.6 (8.8, 20.4)	−4.2 (−11.1, 2.7)	8.0 (1.0, 15.0)	−7.9 (−16.8, 1.1)	0.09 (−7.72, 7.9)	4.7 (−3.1, 12.4)	7.4 (−0.3, 15.0)	
SRS	23.3 (12.9, 33.7)	0.0 (0.0, 0.0)	11.9 (8.9, 15.0)	0.7 (0.6, 0.8)	3.9 (−2.9, 10.7)	14.8 (8.9, 20.6)	−4.4 (−11.3, 2.6)	7.9 (0.9, 15.0)	−7.8 (−16.8, 1.1)	0.1 (−7.7, 7.9)	4.9 (−2.9, 12.6)	7.5 (−0.1, 15.2)	
ETS- $X_1^*$	18.6 (7.9, 29.3)	0.0 (0.0, 0.01)	12.6 (9.7, 15.5)	0.7 (0.7, 0.8)	4.3 (−2.5, 11.1)	14.5 (8.7, 20.3)	−4.3 (−11.3, 2.6)	7.9 (0.8, 14.9)	−8.1 (−17.1, 0.8)	0.2 (−7.7, 8.0)	4.6 (−3.1, 12.3)	7.3 (−0.3, 15.0)	
ETS- $PC_1^*$	20.2 (10.2, 30.2)	0.0 (0.0, 0.01)	12.3 (9.5, 15.1)	0.7 (0.6, 0.8)	4.5 (−2.4, 11.3)	14.6 (8.8, 20.4)	−4.2 (−11.1, 2.7)	7.8 (0.7, 14.8)	−7.8 (−16.7, 1.2)	0.2 (−7.6, 8.0)	4.6 (−3.1, 12.3)	7.3 (−0.3, 14.9)	
<i>Model 2</i>													
Gold Standard	72.05 (68.83, 75.27)	0.0 (0.0, 0.0)	3.13 (2.16, 4.09)	−0.12 (−0.15, −0.09)	3.22 (0.86, 5.59)	2.83 (0.79, 4.86)	1.81 (−0.61, 4.23)	3.47 (1.01, 5.93)	1.96 (−1.17, 5.08)	1.29 (−1.44, 4.02)	1.45 (−1.24, 4.14)	−1.27 (−3.93, 1.39)	
SRS	71.59 (68.36, 74.83)	0.0 (0.0, 0.01)	3.33 (2.36, 4.31)	−0.12 (−0.15, −0.09)	3.3 (0.93, 5.67)	2.45 (0.39, 4.5)	2.16 (−0.28, 4.59)	3.17 (0.7, 5.64)	1.42 (−1.76, 4.6)	1.13 (−1.62, 3.87)	1.01 (−1.71, 3.72)	−1.58 (−4.26, 1.1)	
ETS- $X_1^*$	71.96 (68.73, 75.18)	0.0 (−0.01, 0.0)	3.17 (2.2, 4.14)	−0.12 (−0.15, −0.09)	3.23 (0.86, 5.59)	2.81 (0.75, 4.86)	1.86 (−0.56, 4.28)	3.49 (1.02, 5.96)	1.96 (−1.17, 5.09)	1.3 (−1.43, 4.03)	1.43 (−1.28, 4.13)	−1.28 (−3.94, 1.39)	
ETS- $PC_1^*$	71.9 (68.67, 75.13)	0.0 (0.0, 0.0)	3.19 (2.22, 4.15)	−0.12 (−0.15, −0.09)	3.26 (0.89, 5.63)	2.75 (0.7, 4.81)	1.88 (−0.54, 4.3)	3.45 (0.98, 5.91)	1.94 (−1.19, 5.07)	1.29 (−1.45, 4.02)	1.39 (−1.31, 4.09)	−1.3 (−3.96, 1.36)	
<i>Model 3</i>													
Gold Standard	36.54 (32.61, 40.48)	0.01 (−0.03, 0.04)	8.82 (7.66, 9.98)	0.11 (0.08, 0.15)	1.56 (−1.25, 4.36)	3.62 (1.21, 6.03)	6.38 (3.51, 9.24)	3.45 (0.54, 6.36)	1.43 (−2.28, 5.14)	2.95 (−0.29, 6.19)	3.13 (−0.06, 6.33)	6.42 (3.27, 9.58)	
SRS	36.26 (32.09, 40.42)	0.02 (−0.04, 0.08)	8.89 (7.67, 10.11)	0.11 (0.08, 0.15)	1.52 (−1.28, 4.33)	3.51 (1.03, 5.98)	6.31 (3.42, 9.19)	3.32 (0.35, 6.29)	1.36 (−2.38, 5.09)	2.95 (−0.29, 6.18)	3.12 (−0.08, 6.31)	6.42 (3.27, 9.58)	
ETS- $X_1^*$	36.41 (32.21, 40.61)	0.01 (−0.05, 0.07)	8.83 (7.65, 10.01)	0.11 (0.08, 0.15)	1.58 (−1.23, 4.39)	3.6 (1.18, 6.02)	6.37 (3.35, 9.24)	3.43 (0.51, 6.35)	1.42 (−2.29, 5.13)	2.94 (−0.3, 6.18)	3.11 (−0.09, 6.31)	6.41 (3.25, 9.57)	
ETS- $PC_1^*$	35.8 (31.63, 39.97)	0.03 (−0.02, 0.08)	8.95 (7.76, 10.13)	0.11 (0.08, 0.15)	1.67 (−1.14, 4.48)	3.5 (1.07, 5.92)	6.35 (3.49, 9.22)	3.33 (0.4, 6.25)	1.42 (−2.28, 5.13)	2.93 (−0.3, 6.17)	3.07 (−0.12, 6.26)	6.41 (3.26, 9.57)	
<i>Model 4</i>													
Gold Standard	18.5 (12.88, 24.11)	−0.03 (−0.07, 0.01)	−2.57 (−4.27, −0.87)	−0.01 (−0.06, 0.04)	−0.2 (−4.34, 3.93)	−3.4 (−6.95, 0.16)	−2.95 (−7.19, 1.28)	−4.37 (−8.66, −0.07)	1.72 (−3.75, 7.19)	1.78 (−3, 6.55)	0.89 (−3.81, 5.59)	−1.29 (−5.94, 3.37)	
SRS	18.62 (12.96, 24.28)	−0.06 (−0.15, 0.03)	−2.67 (−4.4, −0.94)	−0.01 (−0.06, 0.05)	−0.26 (−4.42, 3.9)	−3.34 (−6.94, 0.25)	−2.74 (−7.04, 1.56)	−4.4 (−8.74, −0.07)	1.9 (−3.63, 7.42)	1.77 (−3.03, 6.56)	0.99 (−3.73, 5.72)	−1.01 (−5.71, 3.7)	
ETS- $X_1^*$	18.6 (12.96, 24.24)	−0.08 (−0.18, 0.02)	−2.81 (−4.58, −1.05)	−0.01 (−0.06, 0.04)	−0.07 (−4.22, 4.08)	−3.24 (−6.82, 0.33)	−2.77 (−7.03, 1.49)	−4.3 (−8.61, 0.01)	2.32 (−3.24, 7.89)	2.01 (−2.78, 6.81)	1.12 (−3.6, 5.84)	−1.09 (−5.76, 3.59)	
ETS- $PC_1^*$	18.94 (13.28, 24.6)	−0.07 (−0.12, −0.02)	−2.87 (−4.6, −1.15)	−0.01 (−0.06, 0.04)	−0.3 (−4.45, 3.85)	−3.34 (−6.91, 0.22)	−2.85 (−7.09, 1.4)	−4.43 (−8.75, −0.12)	2.15 (−3.35, 7.65)	1.75 (−3.04, 6.53)	1.06 (−3.65, 5.78)	−1.05 (−5.71, 3.62)	
<i>Model 5</i>													
Gold Standard	312.23 (246.93, 377.53)	−0.01 (−0.08, 0.05)	26 (6.86, 45.14)	3.46 (2.88, 4.04)	−15.22 (−61.05, 31.2)	48.04 (8.19, 87.89)	−56.95 (−104.42, −9.49)	−7.6 (−55.76, 40.56)	−25.77 (−87.08, 35.54)	1.24 (−52.28, 54.77)	25.22 (−27.5, 77.95)	19.47 (−32.82, 71.76)	
SRS	279.61 (208.5, 350.72)	0.11 (−0.01, 0.23)	32.43 (12.37, 52.48)	3.51 (2.93, 4.09)	−7.93 (−55.04, 39.19)	52.1 (11.96, 92.24)	−51.17 (−99.11, −3.22)	−4.37 (−52.84, 44.11)	−29.5 (−91.15, 32.15)	−0.19 (−53.81, 53.44)	24.63 (−28.18, 77.45)	10.81 (−42.33, 63.95)	
ETS- $X_1^*$	334.49 (262.3, 406.69)	−0.09 (−0.2, 0.03)	22.2 (2.37, 42.04)	3.42 (2.84, 4)	−18.08 (−64.7, 28.54)	45.24 (5.2, 85.28)	−58.92 (−106.46, −11.37)	−5.32 (−53.71, 43.08)	−25.98 (−87.27, 35.32)	−1.84 (−55.54, 51.86)	22.18 (−30.7, 75.05)	20.77 (−31.46, 72.99)	
ETS- $PC_1^*$	319.1 (249.43, 388.77)	−0.04 (−0.14, 0.07)	24.7 (5, 44.4)	3.45 (2.86, 4.03)	−15.53 (−62, 30.93)	47.23 (7.27, 87.2)	−57.19 (−104.66, −9.71)	−6.6 (−54.92, 41.72)	−25.56 (−86.89, 35.76)	1.09 (−52.46, 54.65)	25.25 (−27.47, 77.98)	20.16 (−32.18, 72.5)	

Table S3: Estimates from all fitted models from the application to error-prone dietary intake exposures in the National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) data. The Gold Standard estimates used only the error-free  $\mathbf{X}$  from NHANES for all individuals. All others used  $\mathbf{X}$  from a subset of  $n = 250$  individuals and imputed them from  $\mathbf{X}^*$  and  $\mathbf{Z}$  for the rest. Three different validation study designs were considered: simple random sampling (SRS), extreme tail sampling on  $X_1^*$  (ETS- $X_1^*$ ), and extreme tail sampling on the first principal component (ETS- $PC_1^*$ ).