Disparities in Climate-Induced Health Outcomes in the Greater Toronto Area.*

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The growing impact of climate change in Canada demonstrates a clear and current threat to human health. These threats are becoming revealed in Canada as the country continues to face the consequences of warming almost at twice the global rate. The focus for this paper is on tempreture increases, lower air quality and more pollution and a decline in health for Toronto. Once the data for this research was collected, the data cleaning process begun which entailed of using packages in R like tidyverse, janitor, dplyr, Duplicate and irrelevant observations were removed, as well as unwanted outliers. The process was complete once the data was correct, consistent and usable.

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^{*}Code and data are available at: https://github.com/sarahmansoorr/SUDS2022

Introduction

As climate change worsens, the danger it presents to human health worsens as well. The health impacts due to climate change are already being demonstrated in parts of Canada. Canada is warming at almost twice the global rate and if this continues, emissions will exceed 2 degrees Celsius worldwide.

The Paris Agreement within the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change includes 175 countries that have agreed to limit the average global temperature rise to below 2 degress Celcius. Canada had signed to the Paris Agreement as well and committed to cutting emission 30% below the 2005 levels by 2030. However, Canada's emission increased in 2016 compared to 1990. As a response to this increase, the Government of Canada developed a national climate change plan called *The Pan-Canadian Framework on Clean Growth and Climate Change*. This framework notes that human activities are driving severe changes to the Earth's climate which poses substantial risks to human health.

Urgent action is needed and the science shows that it will make a tangible difference. The health impacts from climate change can be prevented by improving efforts both in societies and health systems in Canada. Changes in measures can prevent health impacts and build health systems and facilities that are more resilient to climate change.

Data

Data Collection

Temperature data was collected from the Government of Canada's website on Weather, Climate and Hazard's page containing past weather and climate data for the station "Toronto City". This data was collected from January 2002 to May 2022. The original data contains daily data on maximum temperature, minimum temperature, mean temperature, heat degree days, cool degree days, total rain (mm), total snow (cm), total precipitation (mm), snow on ground (cm), direction of maximum gust, and speed of maximum gust (km/h). For this research, I will focus on only maximum temperature, minimum temperature, and mean temperature.

Pollution data was collected from the Government of Canada's National Air Pollution Surveillance (NAPS) Program website. This website contains pollution data from 2002 to 2020. Each year contains a file with continuous data and integrated data. I will be using continuous data for each year. The continuous data contains annual summaries and hourly data. I will be looking at the hourly data for CO (Carbon Monoxide), NO (Nitric Oxide), NO2 (Nitrogen Dioxide), O3 (Ozone), and SO2 (Sulfur Dioxide). This data includes the city (which is Toronto in our case), the levels of each pollutant for each hour of every day. I reduced the data to the mean of pollution levels by pollutant of each day.

Variables of Interest

Temperature variables of interest:

- Day
- Maximum temperature
- Minimum temperature
- Mean temperature.

Pollution variables of interest:

- Pollutant
- Month
- Year
- Mean level of pollution each day

Data Processing

Population, Frame or Sample

The Data

Table 1: Extracting rows from the Temperature data from 2002 - 2022

Year	Month	Day	Max Temp	Min Temp	Mean Temp
2002	11	14	14.3	4.4	9.4
2003	7	6	30.1	19.9	25.0
2004	6	22	23.9	15.2	19.6
2006	1	16	-3.0	-12.4	-7.7
2007	6	1	26.6	18.6	22.6
2008	3	23	1.5	-5.6	-2.1
2011	4	8	9.3	4.5	6.9
2014	1	8	-7.7	-16.2	-12.0
2016	10	26	6.2	0.9	3.6
2019	12	12	1.9	-7.6	-2.8

Table 1 shows the rows of the Temperature data from 2002 to 2022. Variable "Year" indicates the year, variable "Month" indicates the month, and variable "Day" indicates the day. Variable "Max Temp" represents the maximum temperature on the day with the following month and

year. Variable "Min Temp" represents the minimum temperature on the day with the following month and year. Variable "Mean Temp" represents the mean temperature on the day with the following month and year.

Table 2: Extracting rows from the Pollution data from 2002 - 2020

City	Pollutant	Mean Pollution	Day	Month	Year
Toronto	СО	0.77	10	4	2002
Toronto	NO2	18.79	27	9	2002
Toronto	O3	9.54	15	4	2002
Toronto	SO2	3.92	9	2	2002
Toronto	SO2	5.46	6	12	2002
Toronto	CO	0.00	24	6	2003
Toronto	NO	33.71	6	11	2003
Toronto	NO2	16.21	2	9	2003
Toronto	SO2	4.92	11	11	2003
Toronto	O3	15.17	8	9	2004
Toronto	NO	2.04	4	6	2005
Toronto	SO2	1.00	1	3	2005
Toronto	NO2	8.04	20	5	2007
Toronto	CO	0.30	14	2	2008
Toronto	NO	0.00	1	NA	2010

Table 2 shows the rows of the Pollution data from 2002 to 2020. Variable "City" indicates the city from which the data was collected. Variable "Pollutant" indicates the pollutant and includes 5 types: CO, NO, NO2, O3, and SO2. Variable "Mean Pollution" represents the mean pollution levels of the following pollutant on the following day of the month and year. Variable "Day" indicates the day, variable "Month" indicates the month, and variable "Year" indicates the year. Variable "Max Temp" represents the maximum temperature on the day with the following month and year.

Visualizing Temperature from 2002-2022

Visualizing Temperature by Month and Year

Figure 1 shows an increasing pattern for the maximum temperature from year 2002 to 2022 from December to March.

Figure 2 shows an increasing pattern for the maximum temperature from year 2002 to 2022 from April to July.

Figure 3 shows an increasing pattern for the maximum temperature from year 2002 to 2022 from August to November.

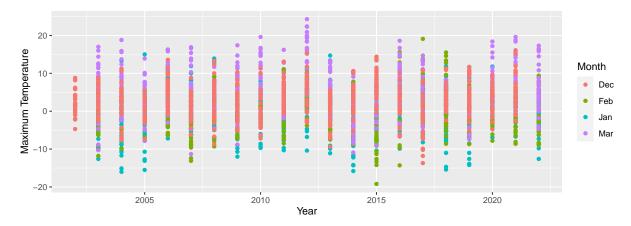


Figure 1: Temperature 2002 to 2022 for December to March

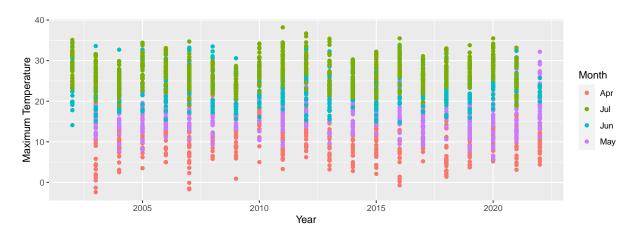


Figure 2: Temperature 2002 to 2022 for April to July

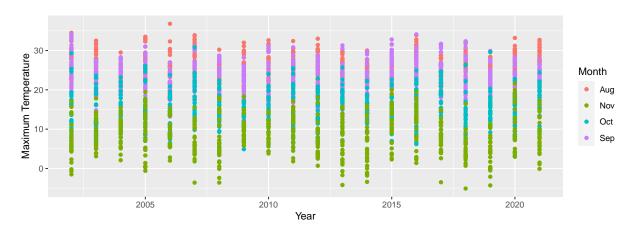


Figure 3: Temperature 2002 to 2022 for August to November

Visualizing Pollution from 2002-2020

Visualizing Pollution by Year

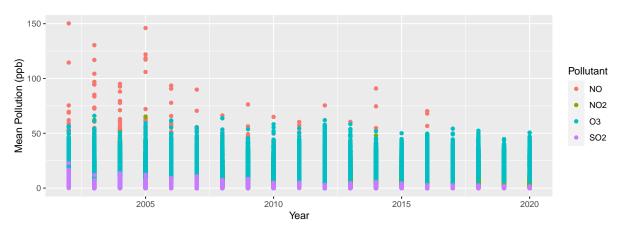


Figure 4: Mean Pollution 2002 to 2020 for NO, NO2, O3, SO2 by Year

Figure 4 shows an \dots pattern for the mean pollution from year 2002 to 2020 for NO, NO2, O3, and SO2 by year.

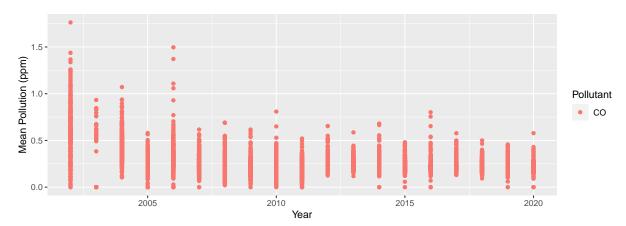


Figure 5: Mean Pollution 2002 to 2020 for CO by Year

Figure 5 shows an ... pattern for the mean pollution from year 2002 to 2020 for CO by year.

Visualizing Pollution by Month

Figure 6 shows an ... pattern for the mean pollution from year 2002 to 2020 for NO, NO2, O3, and SO2 by month.

Figure 7 shows an ... pattern for the mean pollution from year 2002 to 2020 for CO by month.

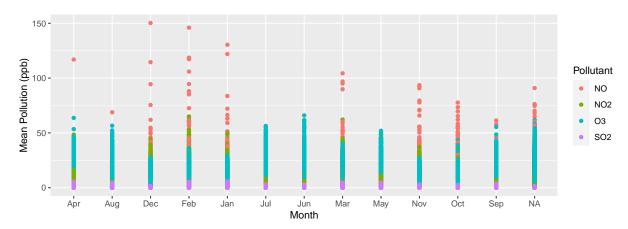


Figure 6: Mean Pollution 2002 to 2020 for NO, NO2, O3, SO2 by Month

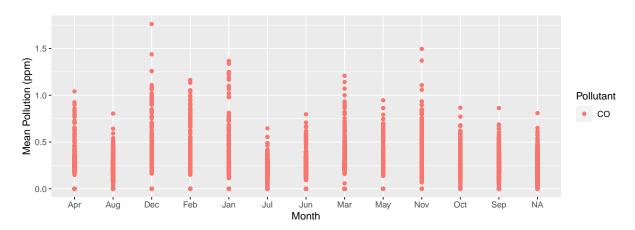


Figure 7: Mean Pollution 2002 to 2020 for CO by Month

Visualizing Pollution and Temperature from 2002-2020

Visualizing Mean Pollution by Temperature, Pollutant and Month

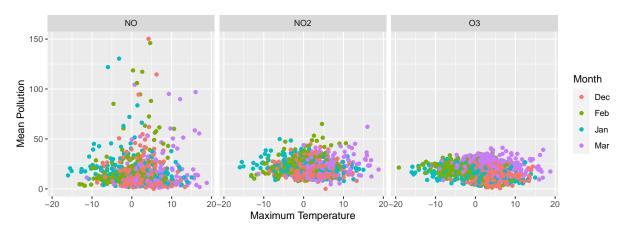


Figure 8: Mean Pollution 2002 to 2020 for NO, NO2, O3 by Month, Maximum Temperature, and Pollutant for December to March

In the above plot...

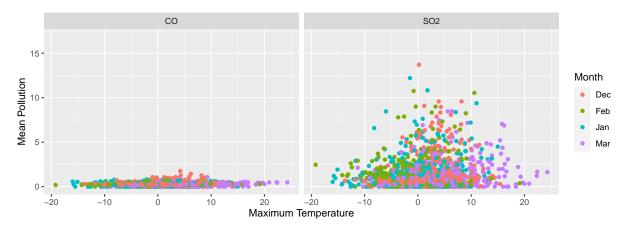


Figure 9: Mean Pollution 2002 to 2020 for CO and SO2 by Month, Maximum Temperature, and Pollutant for December to March

In the above plot...

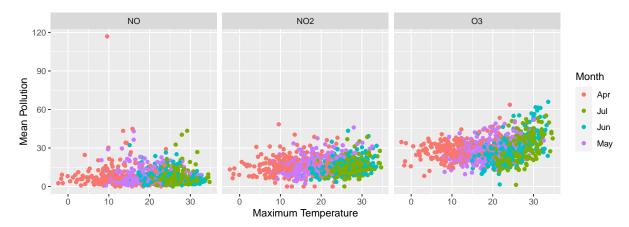


Figure 10: Mean Pollution 2002 to 2020 for NO, NO2, O3 by Month, Maximum Temperature, and Pollutant for April to July

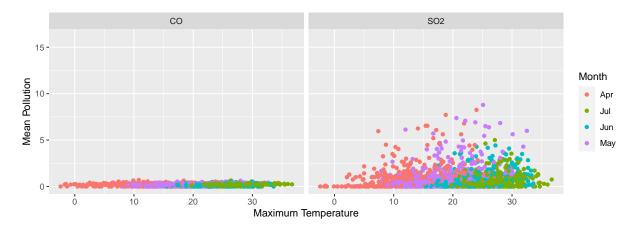


Figure 11: Mean Pollution 2002 to 2020 for CO and SO2 by Month, Maximum Temperature, and Pollutant for April to July

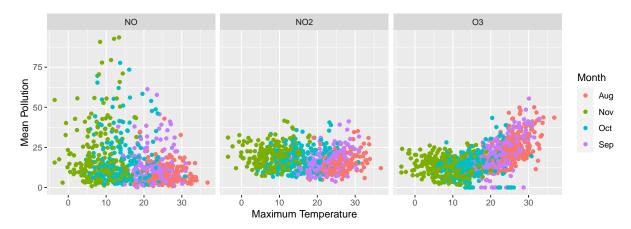


Figure 12: Mean Pollution 2002 to 2020 for NO, NO2, O3 by Month, Maximum Temperature, and Pollutant for August to November

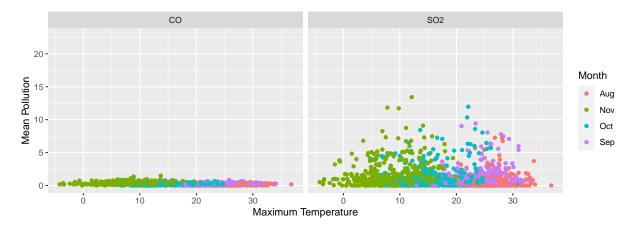


Figure 13: Mean Pollution 2002 to 2020 for CO and SO2 by Month, Maximum Temperature, and Pollutant for August to November

Limitations

Results

Next Steps

Conclusion