

Everything You wanted to Know about Internet-of-Medical-Things (IoMT)

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Outline

- Healthcare → Smart Healthcare
- Smart Healthcare - Characteristics
- Smart Healthcare - Components
- Smart Healthcare - Examples
- Smart Healthcare – Challenges
- Smart Healthcare – Solutions of Challenges
- Smart Healthcare – COVID-19 Perspectives
- Conclusions and Future Directions

Healthcare to Smart Healthcare

Internet-of-Medical-Things (IoMT) -- Prof./Dr. Saraju P. Mohanty



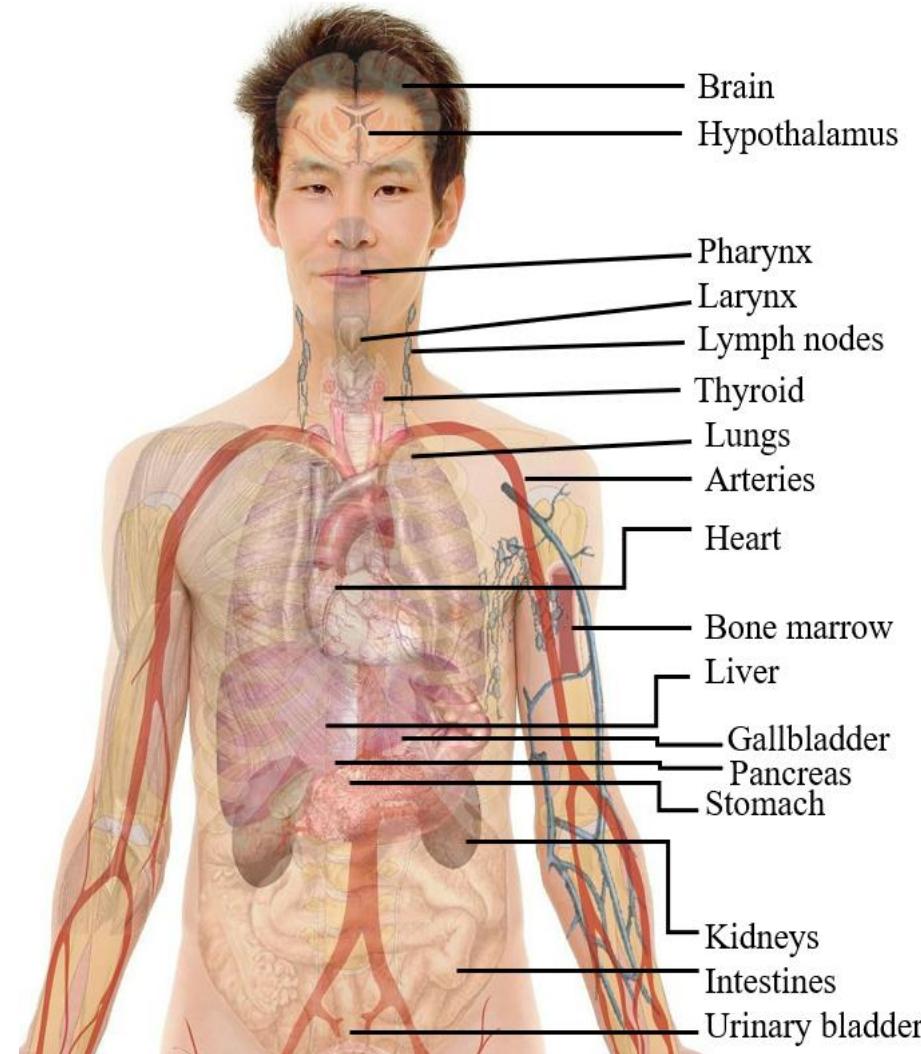
Human Body and Health

Human Body

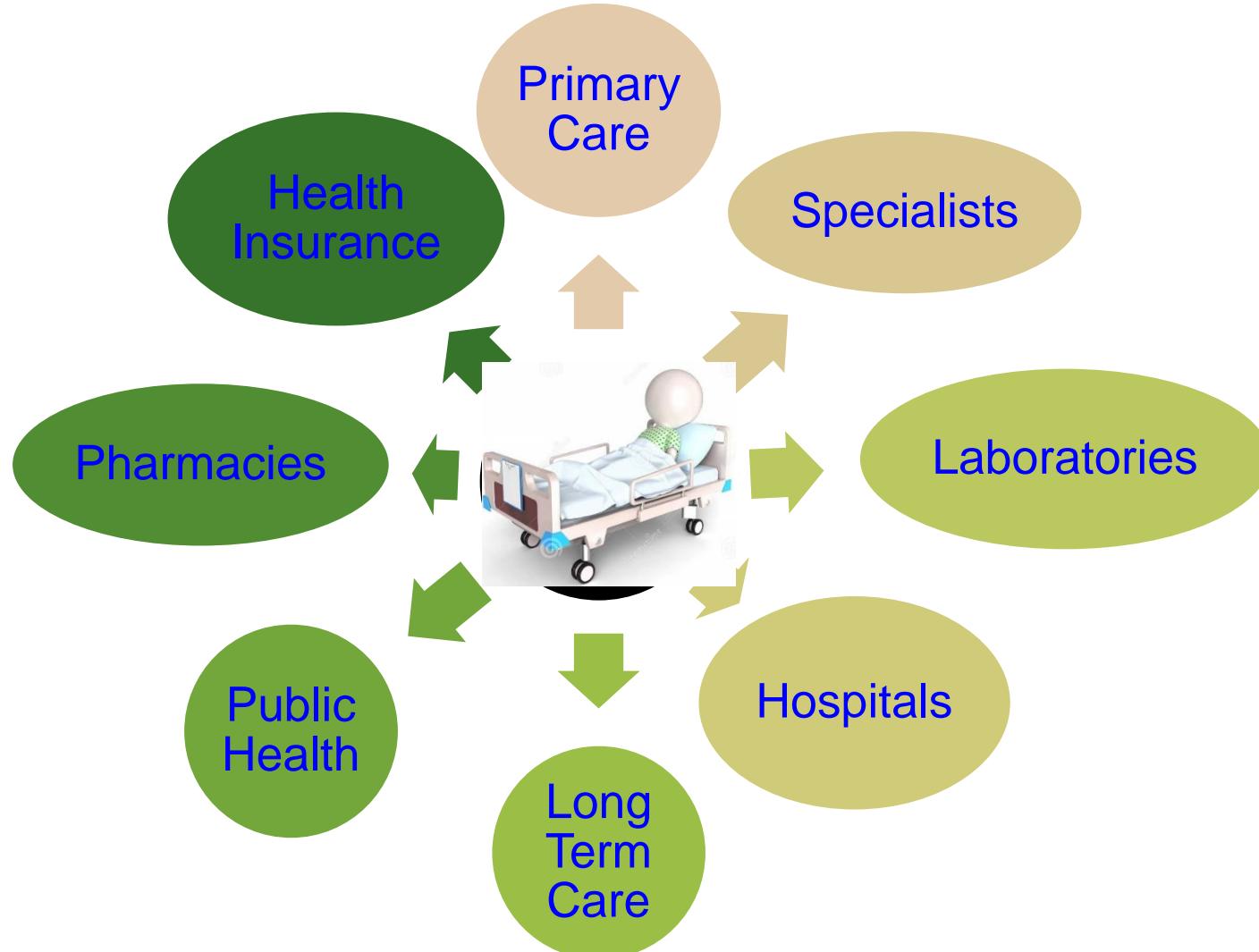
- From an engineering perspective - Human body can be defined as a combination of multi-disciplinary subsystems (electrical, mechanical, chemical ...).

Health

- Human health is a state of complete physical, mental and social well-being.



Traditional Healthcare



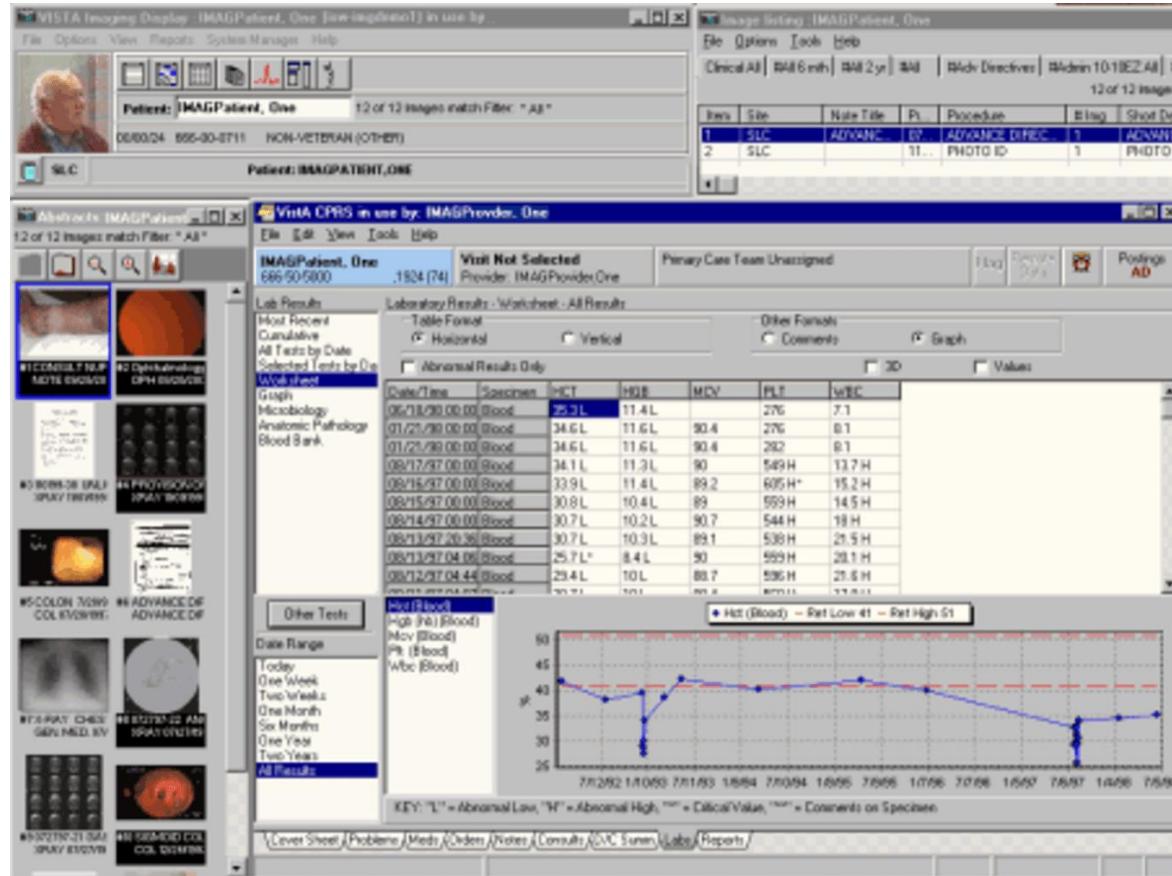
- Physical presence needed
- Deals with many stakeholders
- Stakeholders may not interact
- May not be personalized
- Not much active feedback
- Less effective follow-up from physicians

Telemedicine



Telemedicine: The use of telecommunication and information technology to provide clinical health care from a distance.

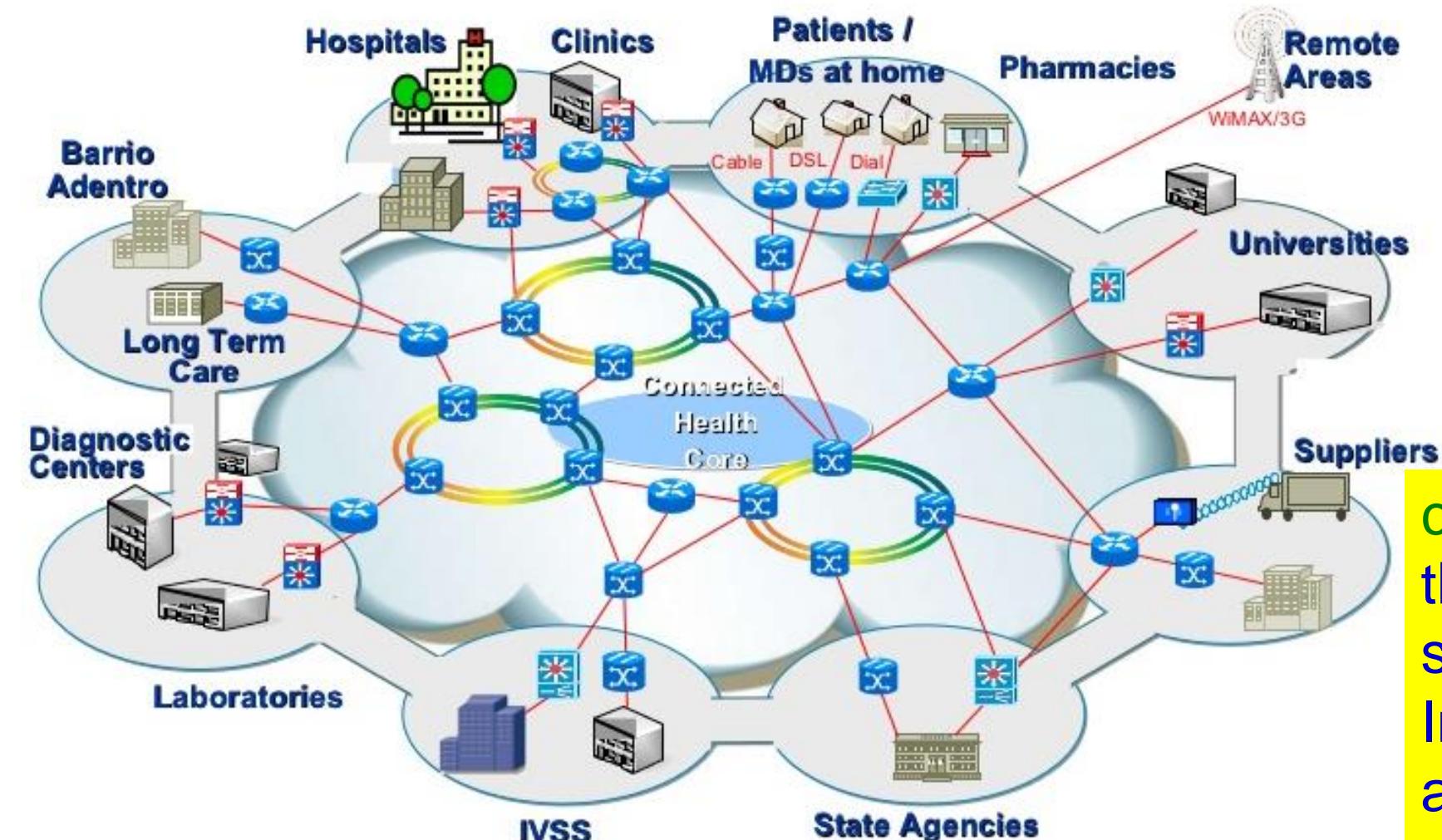
Electronic Health (eHealth)



Source: W. O. Nijeweme-d'Hollosy, L. van Velsen, M. Huygens and H. Hermens, "Requirements for and Barriers towards Interoperable eHealth Technology in Primary Care," *IEEE Internet Computing*, vol. 19, no. 4, pp. 10-19, July-Aug. 2015.

eHealth: The use of information technology to improve healthcare services.

Connected Health (cHealth)



Source: https://www.slideshare.net/tibisay_hernandez/connected-health-venfinal

cHealth: Connections of the various healthcare stake holders through Internet to share appropriate data to better serve the patients.

Mobile Health (mHealth)

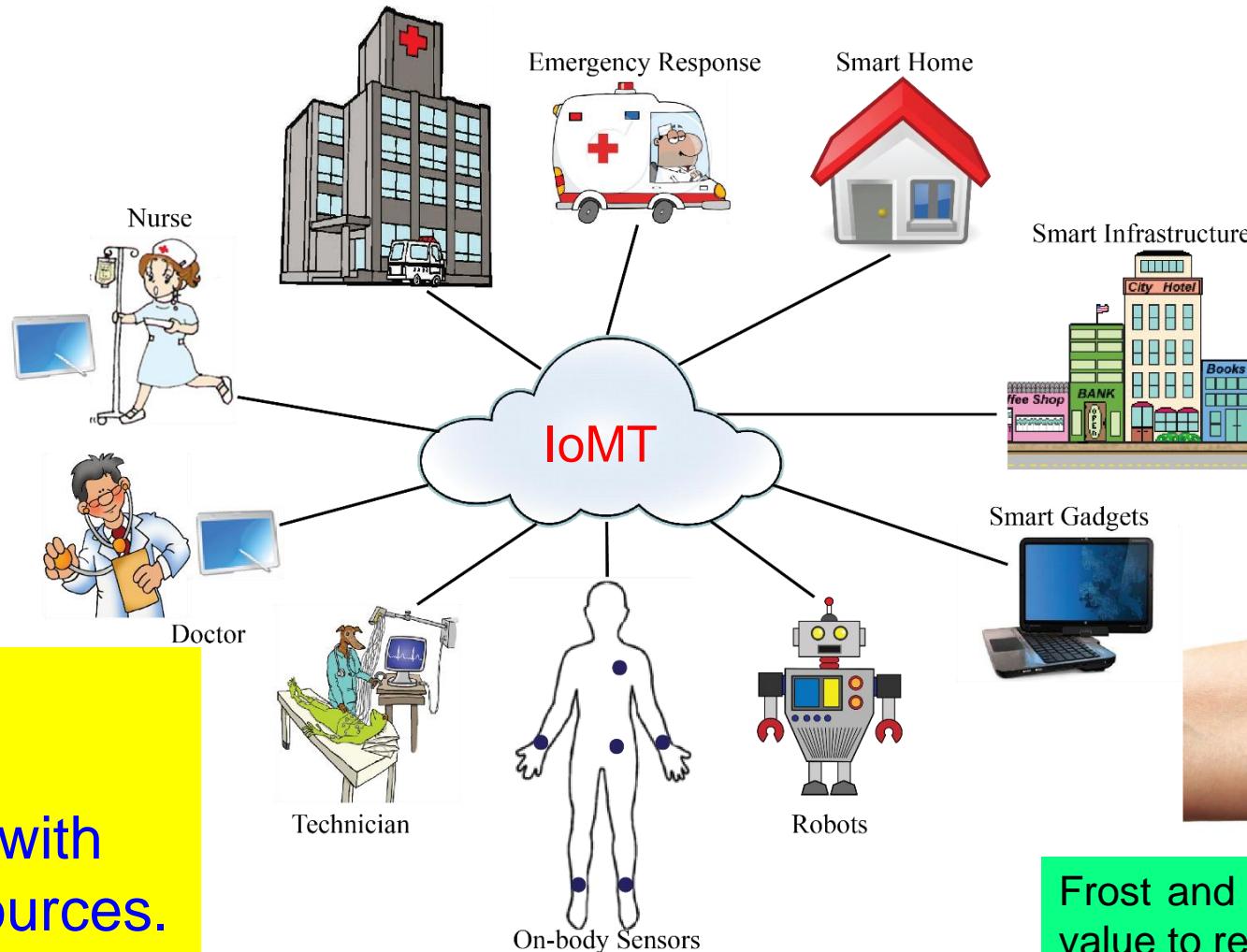


mHealth: Healthcare supported by *mobile devices* that uses mobile telecommunications and multimedia technologies for the delivery of healthcare services and health information.

Source: H. Zhu, C. K. Wu, C. H. KOO, Y. T. Tsang, Y.Liu, H. R. Chi, and K. F. Tsang, "Smart Healthcare in the Era of Internet-of-Things", *IEEE Consumer Electronics Magazine*, vol. 8, no. 5, pp. 26-30, Sep 2019.

Smart Healthcare (sHealth)

Smart Hospital



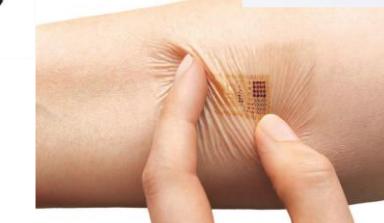
Quality and sustainable healthcare with limited resources.



Fitness Trackers



Headband with Embedded Neurosensors



Embedded Skin Patches

Frost and Sullivan predicts smart healthcare market value to reach US\$348.5 billion by 2025.

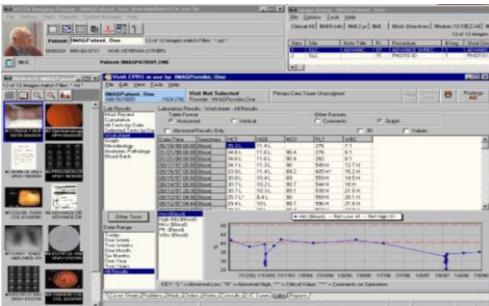
Source: P. Sundaravadivel, E. Kougianos, S. P. Mohanty, and M. Ganapathiraju, "Everything You Wanted to Know about Smart Health Care", *IEEE Consumer Electronics Magazine*, Vol. 7, No 1, Jan 2018, pp. 18-28.

Transitions in Healthcare

Healthcare

eHealth

The use of information and communication technologies (ICT) to improve healthcare services.



Telemedicine

Telemedicine is the use of telecommunication and information technology to provide clinical healthcare from a distance.

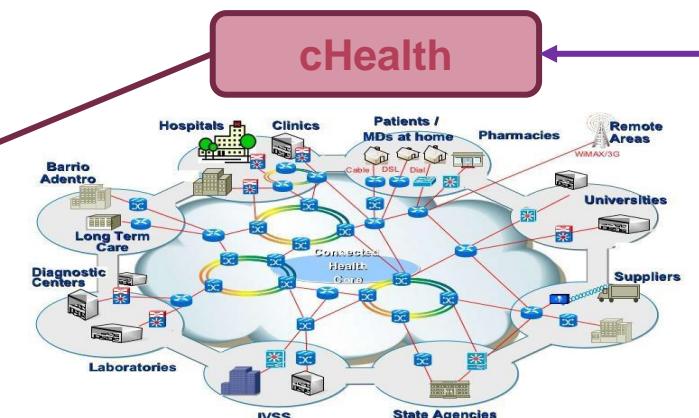


mHealth

Healthcare supported by *mobile* devices that uses mobile telecommunications and multimedia technologies for the delivery of healthcare services and health information.



sHealth



Source: Saraju P. Mohanty, "Smart Healthcare: From Healthcare to Smart Healthcare", ICCE 2020 Panel, Jan 2020.

Smart Healthcare - Characteristics

What is Smart Healthcare?

Smart Healthcare



Conventional Healthcare

+ Body sensors

+ Information & Communication Technology (ICT)

+ AI/ML

+ Smart Technology (BCI, VR, etc.)

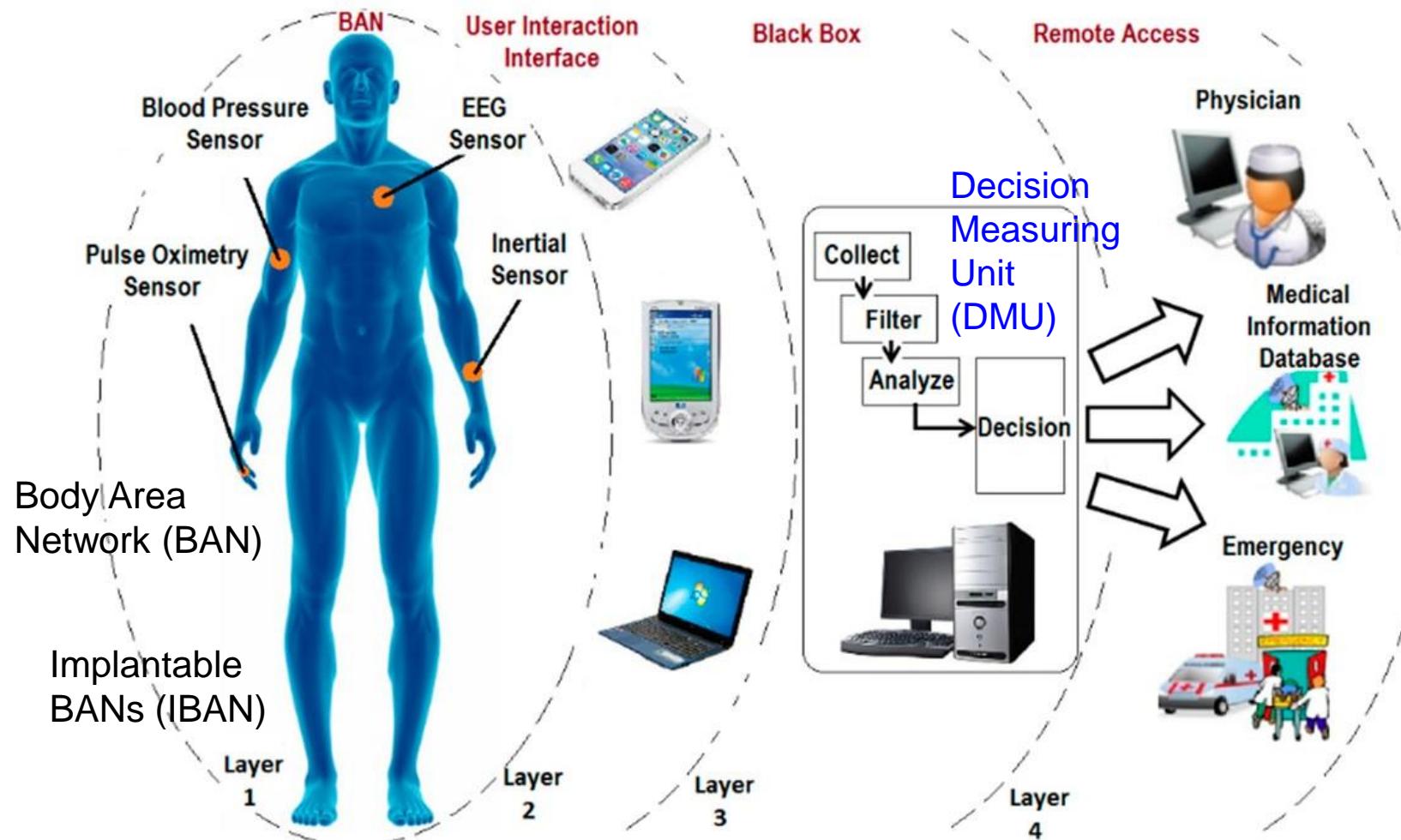
Internet of Medical Things (IoMT)

Internet of Health Things (IoHT)

Healthcare Cyber-Physical Systems (H-CPS)

Source: P. Sundaravadivel, E. Kougianos, S. P. Mohanty, and M. Ganapathiraju, "Everything You Wanted to Know about Smart Health Care", *IEEE Consumer Electronics Magazine (MCE)*, Volume 7, Issue 1, January 2018, pp. 18-28.

Smart Healthcare - 4-Layer Architecture



Source: M. Ghamari, B. Janko, R.S. Sherratt, W. Harwin, R. Piechockic, and C. Soltanpur, "A Survey on Wireless Body Area Networks for eHealthcare Systems in Residential Environments", *Sensors*, 2016. 16(6): p. 831.

Wearable Medical Devices (WMDs)

Fitness Trackers



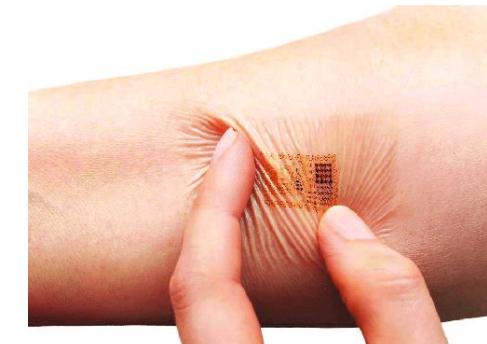
Source: <https://www.empatica.com/embrace2/>
Medical grade smart watch to detect seizure



Headband with Embedded Neurosensors



Insulin Pump

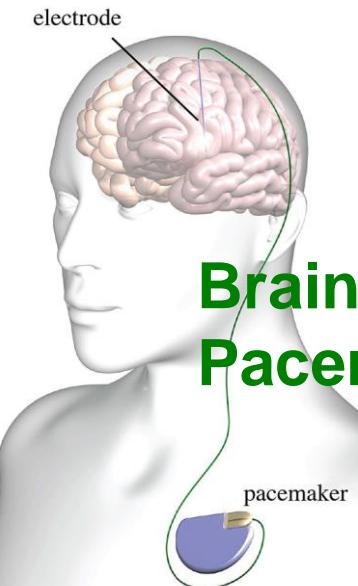
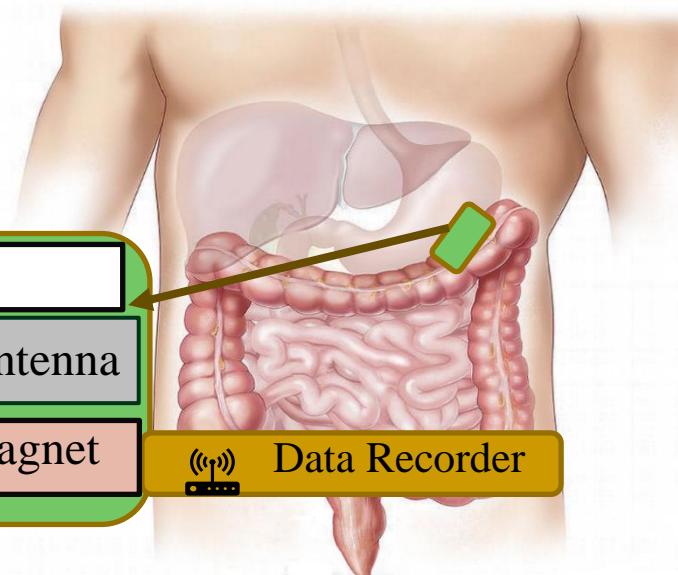
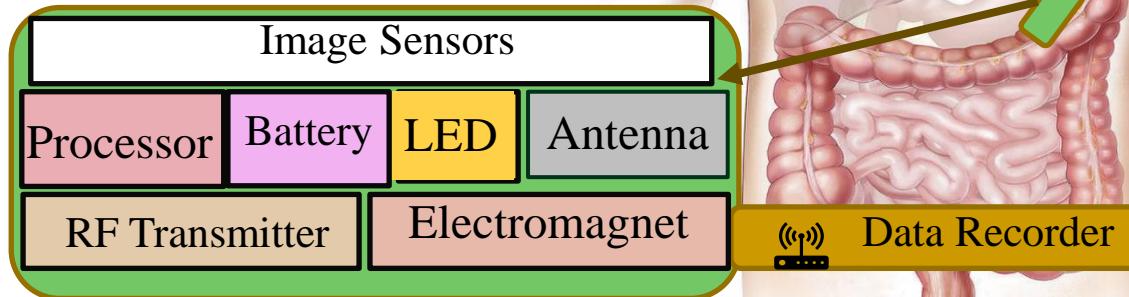


Embedded Skin Patches

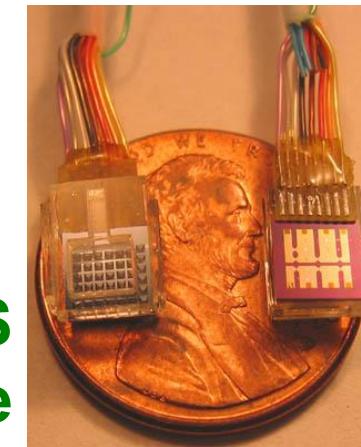
Implantable Medical Devices (IMDs)



Pill Camera



Brain Pacemaker



Implantable MEMS Device

Source: <http://web.mit.edu/cprl/www/research.shtml>

Collectively:
Implantable and Wearable
Medical Devices (IWMDs)

Smart Healthcare – 7Ps



Frost and Sullivan predicts smart healthcare market value to reach US\$348.5 billion by 2025.

Source: H. Zhu, C. K. Wu, C. H. KOO, Y. T. Tsang, Y. Liu, H. R. Chi, and K. F. Tsang, "Smart Healthcare in the Era of Internet-of-Things", *IEEE Consumer Electronics Magazine (MCE)*, vol. 8, no. 5, pp. 26-30, Sep 2019.

IoMT Advantages & Limitations

Advantages

Patients/Users

- Real-time interventions in emergency
- Cost reduction
- Reduced morbidity and financial burden due to less follow up visits

Healthcare Service Providers

- Optimal utilization of resources
- Reduced response time in emergency

Manufacturers

- Standardization/compatibility and uniformity of data available
- Capability to sense and communicate health related information to remote location

Limitations

Technical Challenges

- ❖ Security of IoT data - hacking and unauthorized use of IoT
- ❖ Lack of standards and communication protocols
- ❖ Errors in patient data handling
- ❖ Data integration
- ❖ Need for medical expertise
- ❖ Managing device diversity and interoperability
- ❖ Scale, data volume and performance

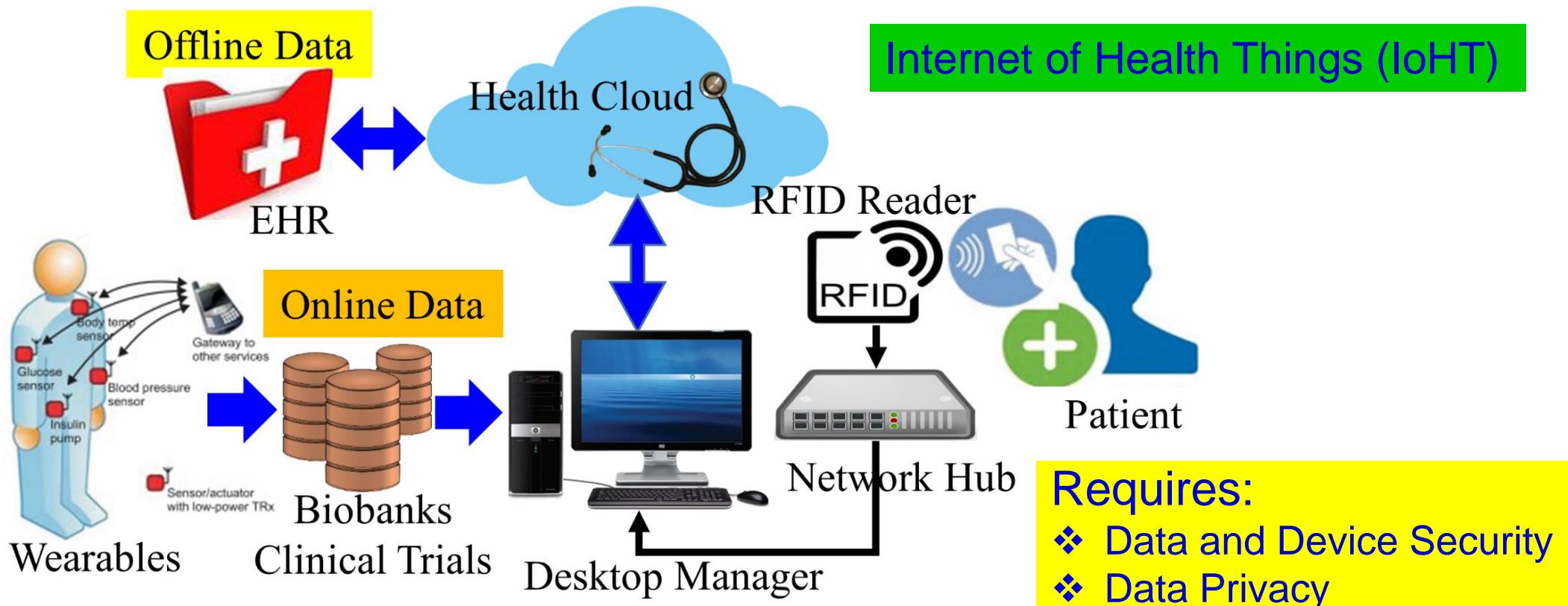
Market Challenges

- ❖ Physician compliance
- ❖ Data overload on healthcare facility
- ❖ Mobile hesitation
- ❖ Security policy compliance

Source: Y. Shelke and A. Sharma, "Internet of Medical Things", 2016, Aranca, <https://www.aranca.com/knowledge-library/special-reports/ip-research/the-internet-of-medical-things-iomt>, Last Visited 10/18/2017.

Smart Healthcare - Components

Internet of Medical Things (IoMT)

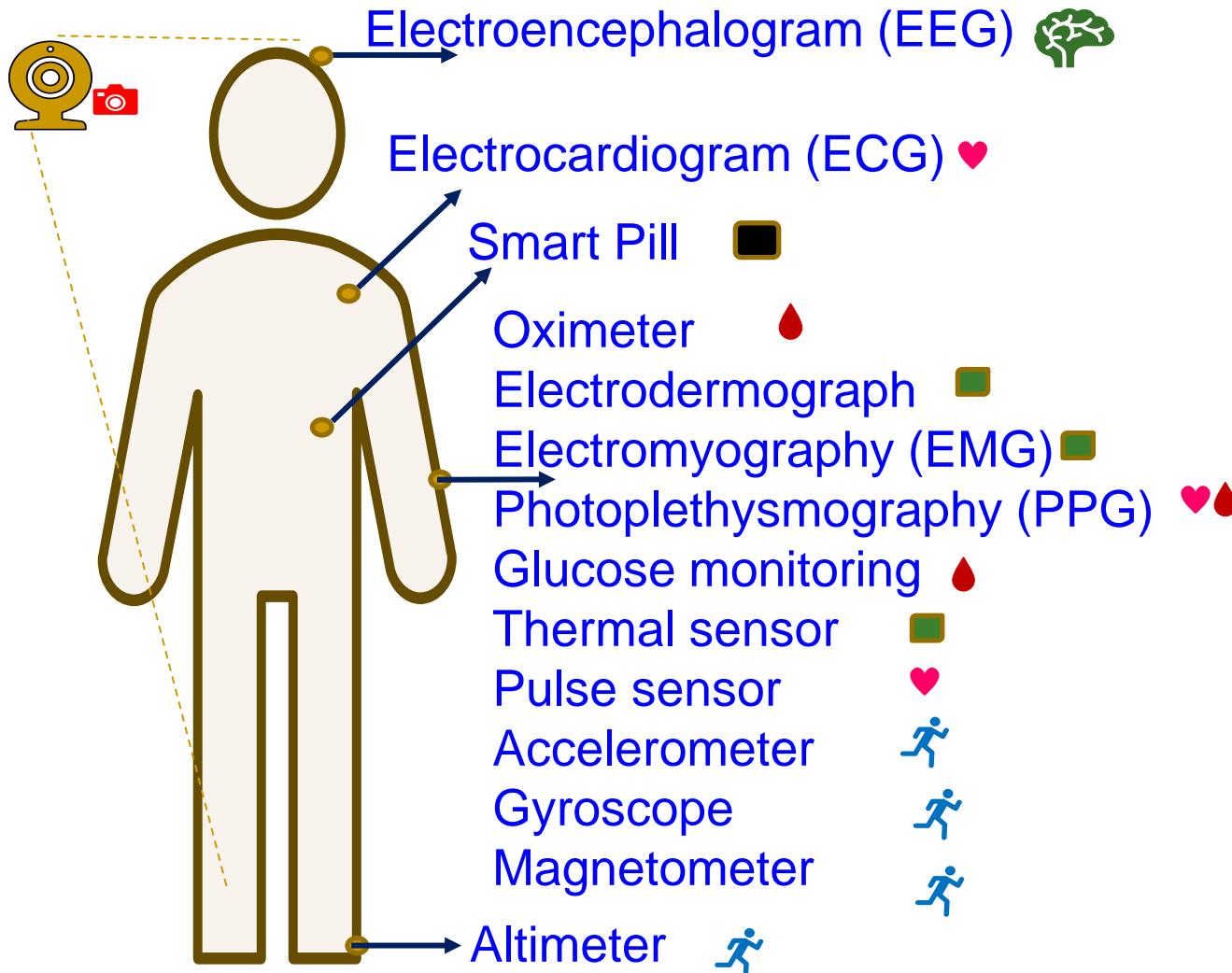


IoMT is a collection of medical sensors, devices, healthcare database, and applications that connected through Internet.

Source: <http://www.icemiller.com/ice-on-fire-insights/publications/the-internet-of-health-things-privacy-and-security/>

Source: <http://internetofthingsagenda.techtarget.com/definition/IoMT-Internet-of-Medical-Things>

Smart Healthcare Sensors



Types of Sensors

Brain related applications

Imaging applications

Heart related applications

Skin related applications

Blood related applications

Ingestible sensors

Motion Detection

Smart Healthcare Communication

Technology	Frequency Band	Data Rate	Range	Transmission Power
Bluetooth 4.0 (LE)	2.4 GHz	50–200 Kbps	30 m	~10 mW
Zigbee	868 MHz/ 915 MHz/ 2.4 GHz	20–250 Kbps	30 m	30 mW
ANT	2400-2485 MHz	1 Mbps	Up to 10 m	0.01–1 mW
IEEE 802.15.6	2,360-2,400/ 2,400-2,483.5 MHz UWB: 3–10 GHz HBC: 16/27 MHz	NB: 57.5–485.7 Kbps UWB: 0.5–10 Mbps	1.2 m	0.1 µW
Medical Implant Communications Service (MICS)	402-405 MHz	Up to 500 Kbps	2 m	25 µW

Source: V. Custodio, F.J. Herrera, G. López, and J. I. Moreno, "A Review on Architectures and Communications Technologies for Wearable Health-Monitoring Systems", Sensors, 2012. 12(10): p. 13907-13946.

Electronics Health Record (EHR)

- Electronic Health Record (EHR) is the systematized collection of health information of individuals stored in a digital format.
- Created by various health providers such as hospitals and clinics.

The screenshot shows a medical software application titled "Handy patients enterprise edition". On the left, a patient profile for "David (8 month and 10 day John (2 years and 3 months))" is displayed, including details like Last Name: Anderson, First Name: David, Birth: 5 January 2009, and Age: 8 month and 10 days. A sidebar lists "Appointments", "Forms", "Sheets", "Meetings", "Diagnosis", and "Notes". The "Meetings" section shows a list of checkups. The "Diagnosis" section lists "General", "My Diagnosis", and "Social". The "Notes" section contains a note about父亲 ask many questions, add 10 minutes to consultation. On the right, a "Digestive" examination is being conducted on Thursday, 22 Jan 2009. The "Digestive inspection" section shows "Normal". The "Digestive auscultation" section shows "Normal abdomen noises". The "Digestive palpation" section shows "Little pain on the right lower area". Below this, there is a diagram of a human torso with a red lightning bolt icon over the right lower quadrant, and a detailed anatomical diagram of the human digestive system with labels for the Esophagus, Liver, Stomach, Colon, Small intestine, gall bladder, Rectum, and Anus. A red question mark icon points to the small intestine area. A legend on the right indicates "Draw" (checkmark), "Mark" (checkbox), "Color" (color palette), and "Pen" (dropdown menu). At the bottom, there are buttons for "Documents manager", "Previous page", and "Next page".

Electronic Medical Record (EMR)

Smart Healthcare – AI/ML Framework

Smart Healthcare - System and Data Analytics : To Perform Tasks

Systems & Analytics

- Health cloud server
- Edge server
- Implantable Wearable Medical Devices (IWMDs)

Systems & Analytics

- Clinical Decision Support Systems (CDSSs)
- Electronic Health Records (EHRs)

Machine Learning Engine



Data

- Physiological data
- Environmental data
- Genetic data
- Historical records
- Demographics

Machine Learning Engine

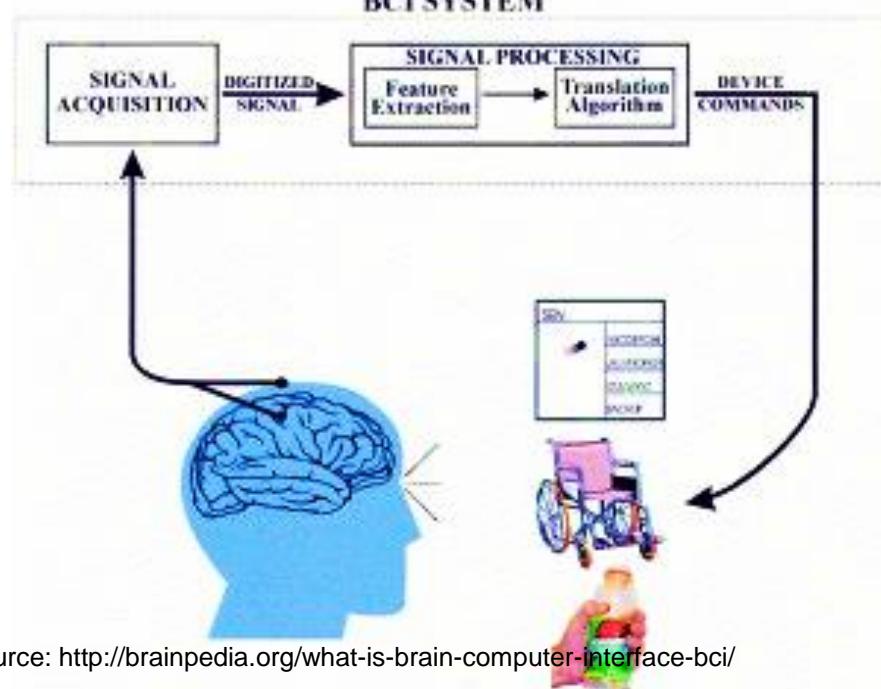


Data

- Physician observations
- Laboratory test results
- Genetic data
- Historical records
- Demographics

Source: Hongxu Yin, Ayten Ozge Akmandor, Arsalan Mosenia and Niraj K. Jha (2018), "Smart Healthcare", *Foundations and Trends® in Electronic Design Automation*, Vol. 12: No. 4, pp 401-466. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1561/1000000054>

Brain Computer Interface (BCI)



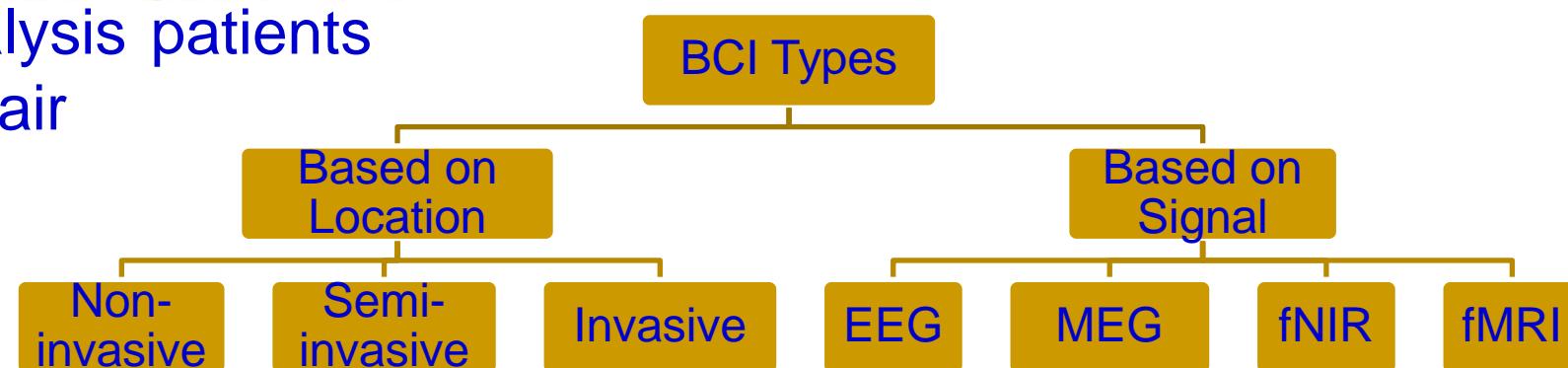
Source: <http://brainpedia.org/what-is-brain-computer-interface-bci/>



Source: <http://brainpedia.org/brain-computer-interface-allows-paralysis-als-patients-type-much-faster/>

BCI Allows paralysis patients to Type

BCI Allows paralysis patients move a wheelchair



Virtual Reality in Healthcare



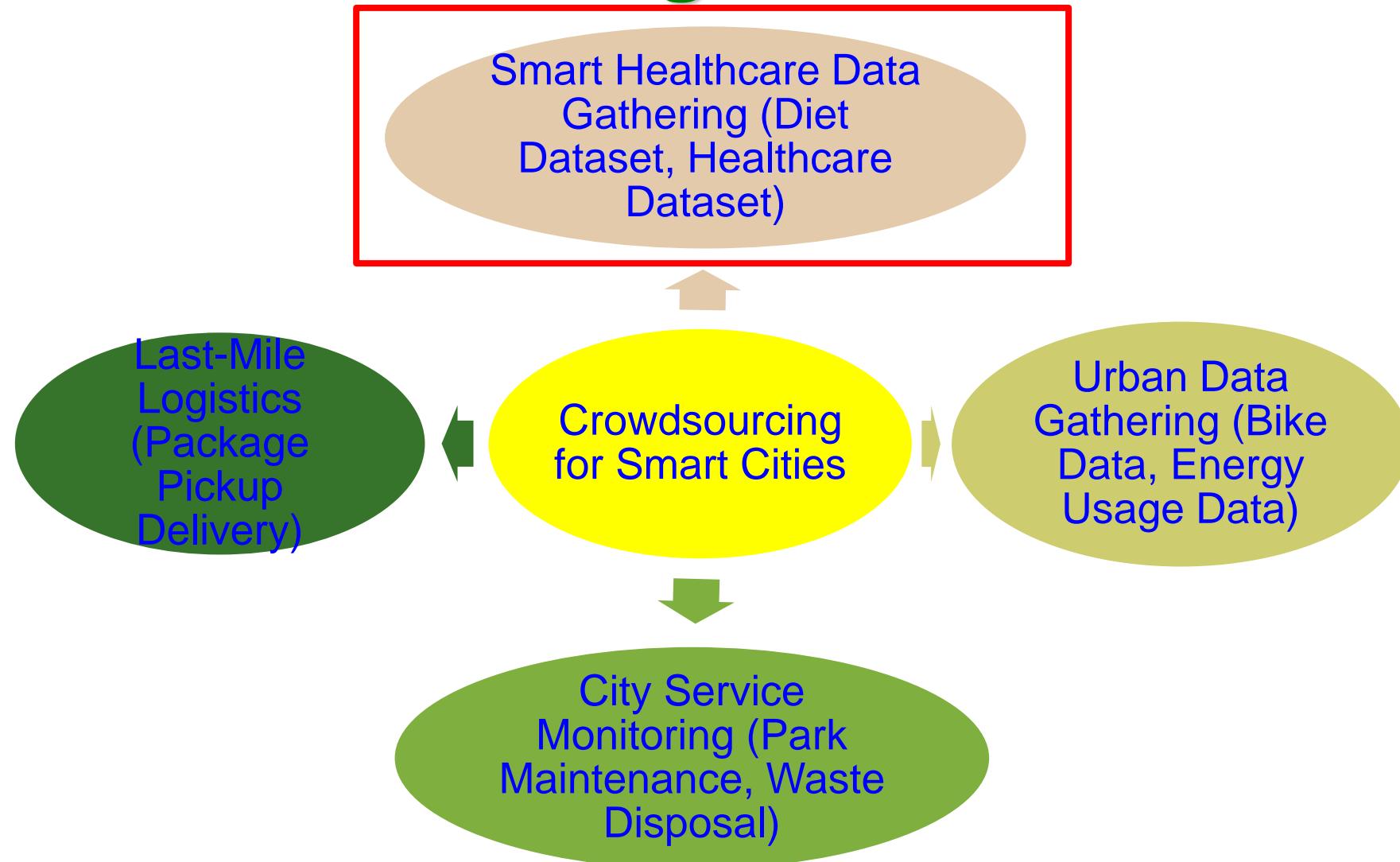
Source: <http://medicalfuturist.com/5-ways-medical-vr-is-changing-healthcare/>

For Therapy

Source: <https://touchstoneresearch.com/tag/applied-vr/>

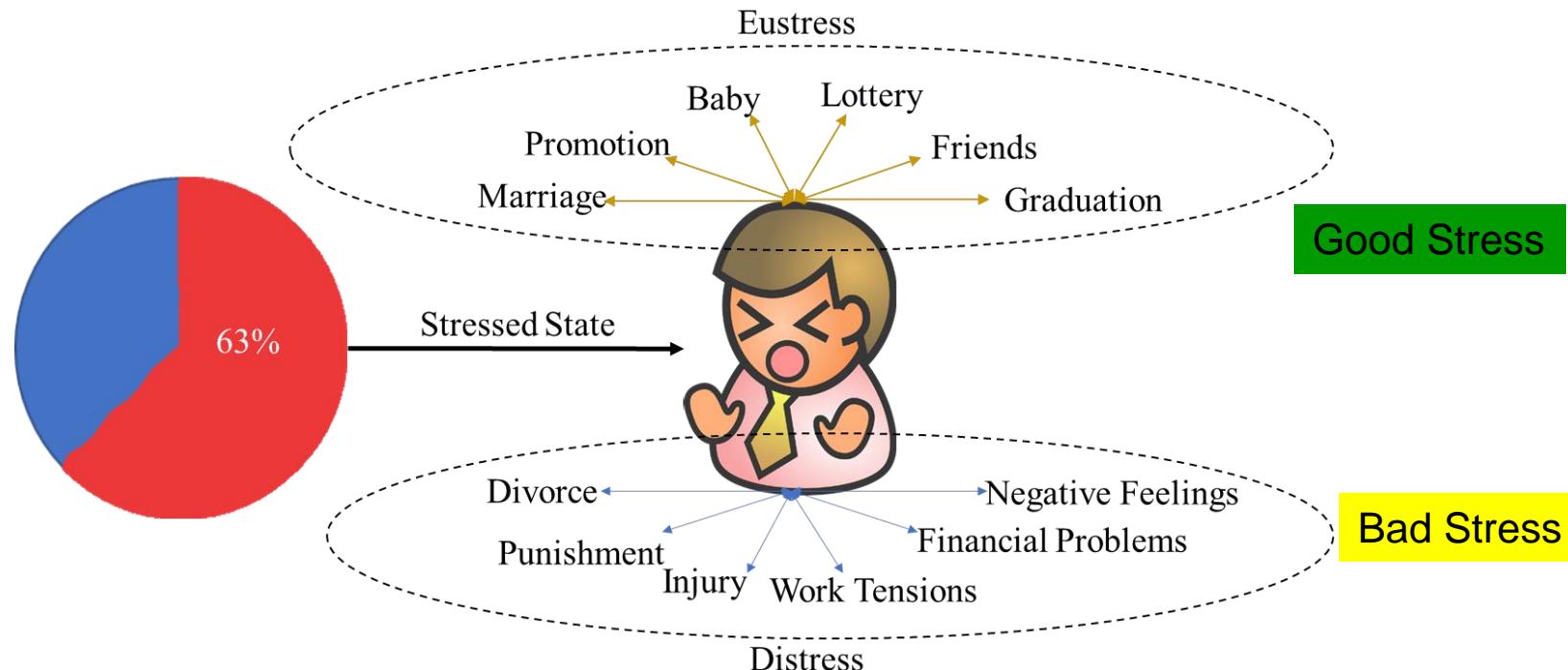
In Surgery

Crowdsourcing for Smart Cities



Smart Healthcare – Specific Examples

What is Stress?



- Stress is the relationship between a person and a situation, which adversely impacts the happiness and health of the sufferer or physiological reactions.
- Stress can be divided into two parts: stressor and reaction.
- Stressor is the activity or effect that triggers a change in the physiological parameter values of the human body.
- Reaction is the deviation of these parameter values from their normal levels.

Stress Monitoring and Control is Needed

Stress is the **body's reaction** to any change that requires an adjustment or response.

Sudden encounter with **stress**

→ Brain floods **body** with chemicals and hormones
(adrenaline and cortisol)



Distress

- Lack of Energy
- Type 2 Diabetes
- Osteoporosis
- Mental cloudiness (brain fog) and memory problems
- A weakened immune system, leading to more vulnerable to infections



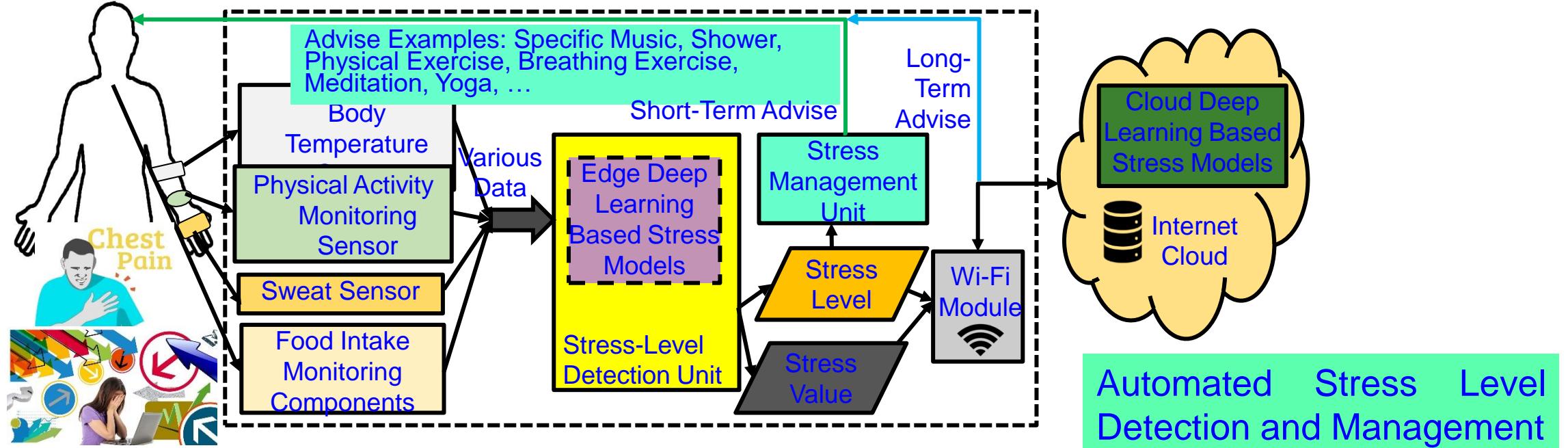
Eustress

Stress is a Global Issue

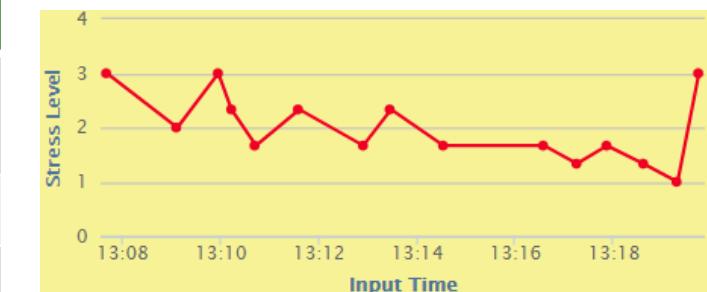
- In major global economies - 6 in 10 workers experiencing increased workplace stress.
- In USA: 75% of adults reported experiencing moderate to high levels of stress. 1 out of 75 people may experience panic disorder.
- In Australia: 91% of adults feel stress in at least one important area of their lives.
- In UK: An estimated 442,000 individuals, who worked in 2007/08 believed that they were experiencing work-related stress
- Depression is among the leading causes of disability worldwide. 25% of those with depression world-wide have access to effective treatments → 75% don't have.

Source: <http://www.gostress.com/stress-facts/>

Stress Monitoring & Control – Our Vision



Sensor	Low Stress	Normal Stress	High Stress
Accelerometer (steps/min)	0-75	75-100	101-200
Humidity (RH%)	27-65	66-91	91-120
Temperature °F	98-100	90-97	80-90



Source: L. Rachakonda, S. P. Mohanty, E. Kougianos, and P. Sundaravadivel, "Stress-Lysis: A DNN-Integrated Edge Device for Stress Level Detection in the IoMT", *IEEE Transactions on Consumer Electronics (TCE)*, Vol 65, No 4, Nov 2019, pp. 474--483.

Consumer Electronics Devices – Can Provide Data for Stress Detection

Brand	Device	Signals	RTI	Ambulant
Empatica	E4 wristband	PPG, GSR, HR, ACC, ST	Yes	Yes
Garmin	Vivosmart	HR, HRV, ACC	Yes	Yes
Zephyr	BioHarness 3.0	HR, HRV, GSR, ACC, ST	Yes	Yes
iMotions	Shimmer 3+ GSR	GSR, PPG	Yes	No
BIOPAC	Mobita Wearable	ECG, EEG, EGG EMG, and EOG	Yes	No

GSR = Galvanic Skin Response, HR = Heart Rate, ACC = Acceleration, ST = Skin Temperature,
HRV = Heart Rate Variability, PPG = Photoplethysmograph, RTI = Real Time Implementation

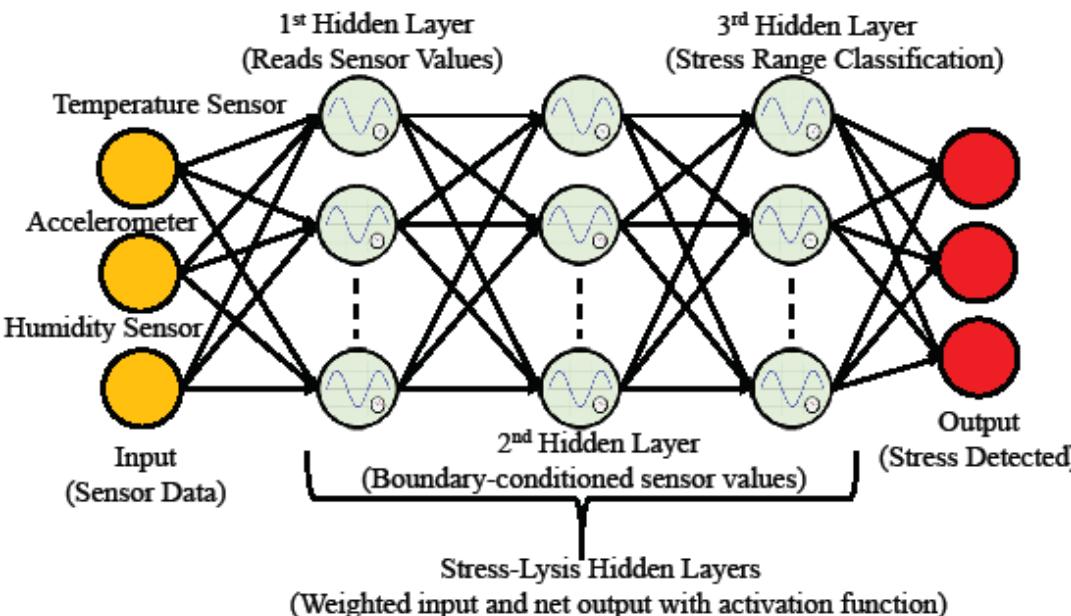
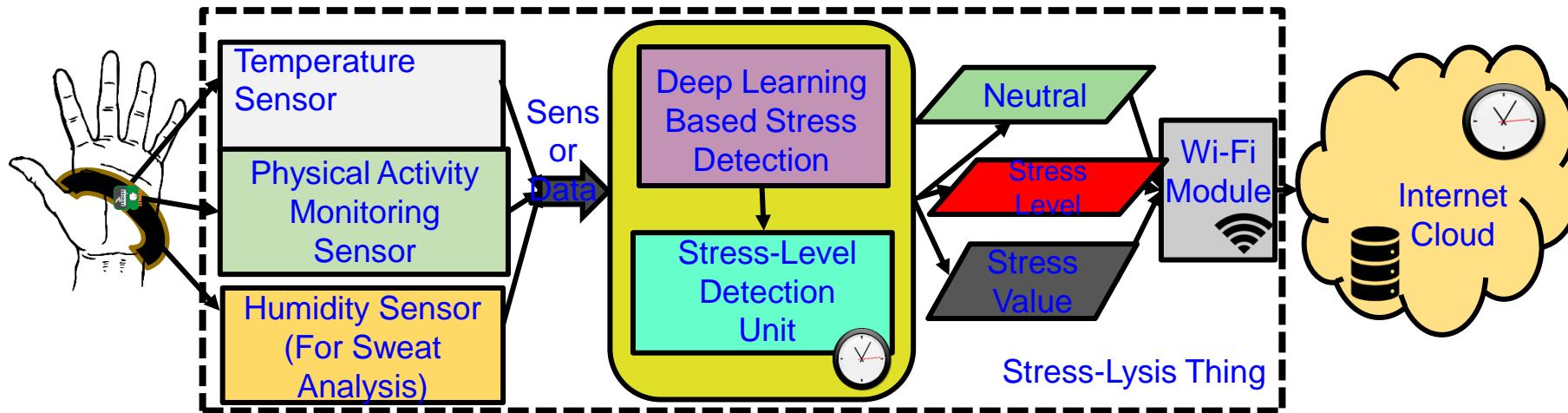
Source: R. K. Nath, H. Thapliyal, A. Caban-Holt, and S. P. Mohanty, "Machine Learning Based Solutions for Real-Time Stress Monitoring", *IEEE Consumer Electronics Magazine (MCE)*, Vol. 9, No. 5, September 2020, pp. 34--41.

Consumer Electronics Sleep Trackers

Consumer Products	Approach	Features	Drawbacks
Fitbit [34]	Wearable	Heart rate monitor, sleep stages monitor. Has techniques to improve the sleep score.	Relationship between stress and sleep is not discussed.
SleepScore Max [36]	Non-wearable	Invisible radio wave sleep tracking	Does not manage stress with sleep.
Nokia Sleep [38]	Non-wearable	Uses Ballistocardiography sensor	Does not explain the relationship with stress with sleep.
Xiaomi Mi Band 3 [31]	Wearable	Pulse Monitor	No information on importance of quality sleep.
Eversleep [32]	wearable	Snoring and breathing interruptions	No explanation on the relationship between stress and sleep.
Beddit [35]	Non-wearable	Monitors snoring	Doesn't consider other possible features.
Eight [37]	Non-Wearable	Humidity, temperature, heartbeat, breathing rate	No data on how it is important to have a good sleep.
Dreem [33]	Wearable	Simulates slow brain waves	It doesn't consider other features; Does not manage stress with sleep.
Muse [26]	Wearable	Simulates brain waves	No understanding of the importance of quality sleep.

Source: L. Rachakonda, A. K. Bapatla, S. P. Mohanty, and E. Koulianou, "SaYoPillow: A Blockchain-Enabled, Privacy-Assured Framework for Stress Detection, Prediction and Control Considering Sleeping Habits in the IoMT", arXiv Computer Science, arXiv:2007.07377, July 2020, 38-pages.

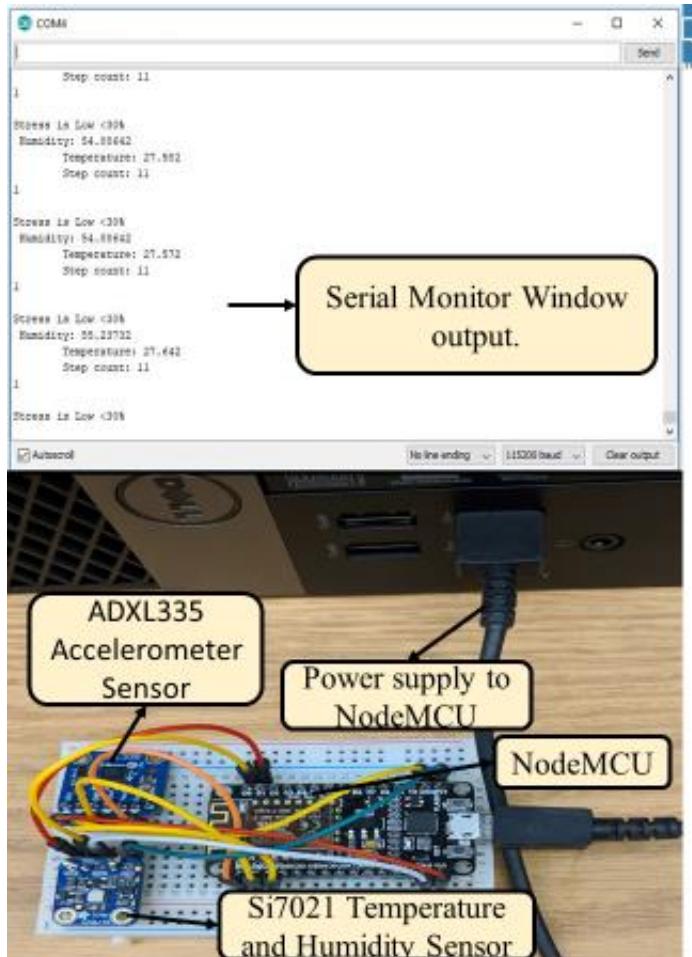
Stress-Lysis: From Physiological Signals



Stress-Lysis - DNN has been trained with a total of 26,000 samples per dataset and has accuracy upto 99.7%.

Source: L. Rachakonda, S. P. Mohanty, E. Kougianos, and P. Sundaravadivel, "Stress-Lysis: A DNN-Integrated Edge Device for Stress Level Detection in the IoMT", *IEEE Transactions on Consumer Electronics (TCE)*, Vol 65, No 4, Nov 2019, pp. 474--483.

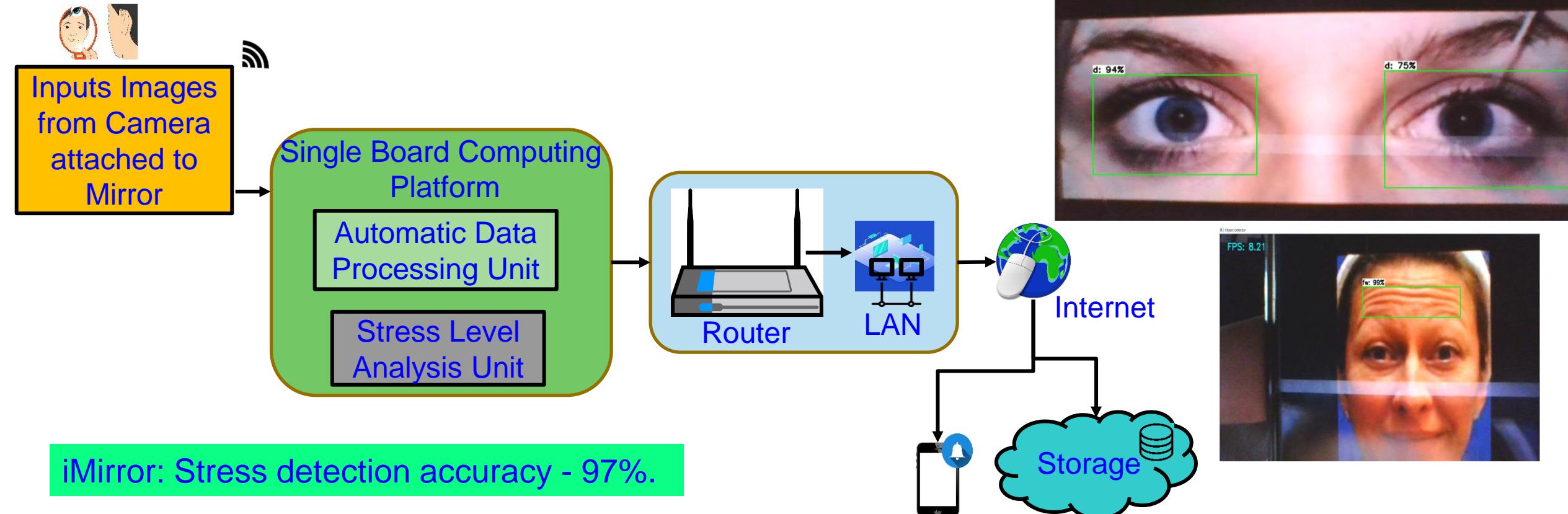
Stress-Lysis: Experiments



Stress-Lysis - DNN has been trained with a total of 26,000 samples per dataset and has accuracy upto 99.7%.

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iMirror: Our Smart Mirror for Stress Detection from Facial Features



Source: L. Rachakonda, P. Rajkumar, **S. P. Mohanty**, and E. Kougianos, "iMirror: A Smart Mirror for Stress Detection in the IoMT Framework for Advancements in Smart Cities", *Proceedings of the 6th IEEE Smart Cities Conference (ISC2)*, 2020.

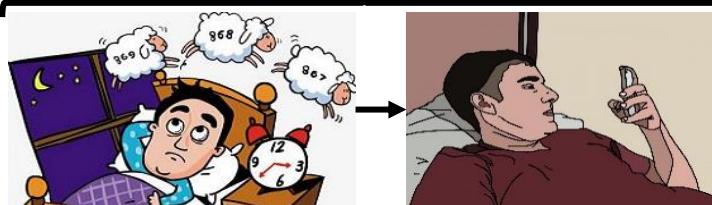
Smart-Yoga Pillow (SaYoPillow) - Sleeping Pattern

Person On Pillow:

Physiological Sensor Data Monitoring Starts



Period 1. Lying on bed but not Sleeping



Period 2: Trying to Sleep



Period 3: Drift from Wakefulness to Sleep



Period 4: Deep Sleep



Person Off Pillow:

Physiological Sensor Data Monitoring Ends



Period 5: Awake Person



Transitions of a person drifting into non-rapid eye movement (NREM) followed by rapid eye movement (REM) to Awake State.



Secure Data Transfer



Secure Data Access



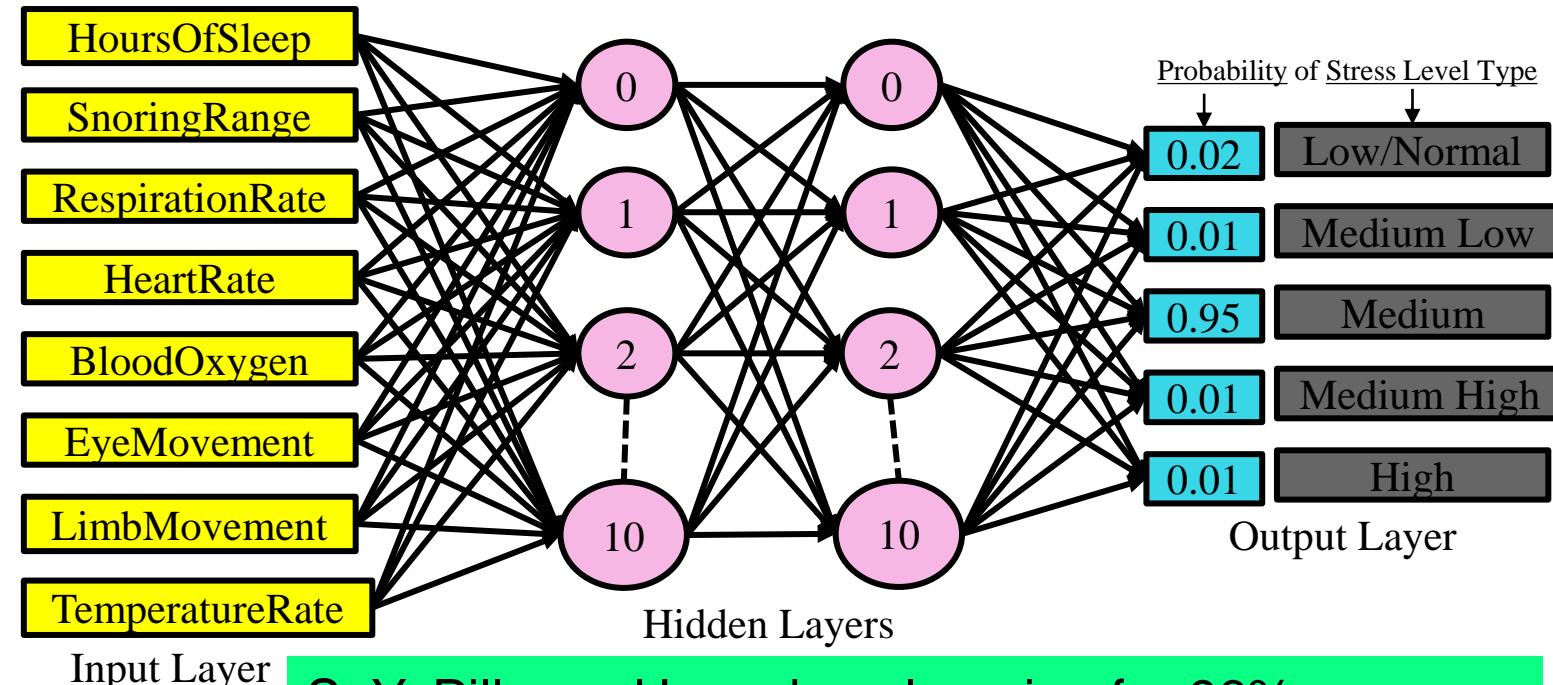
Data Processing

Secure Data Storage

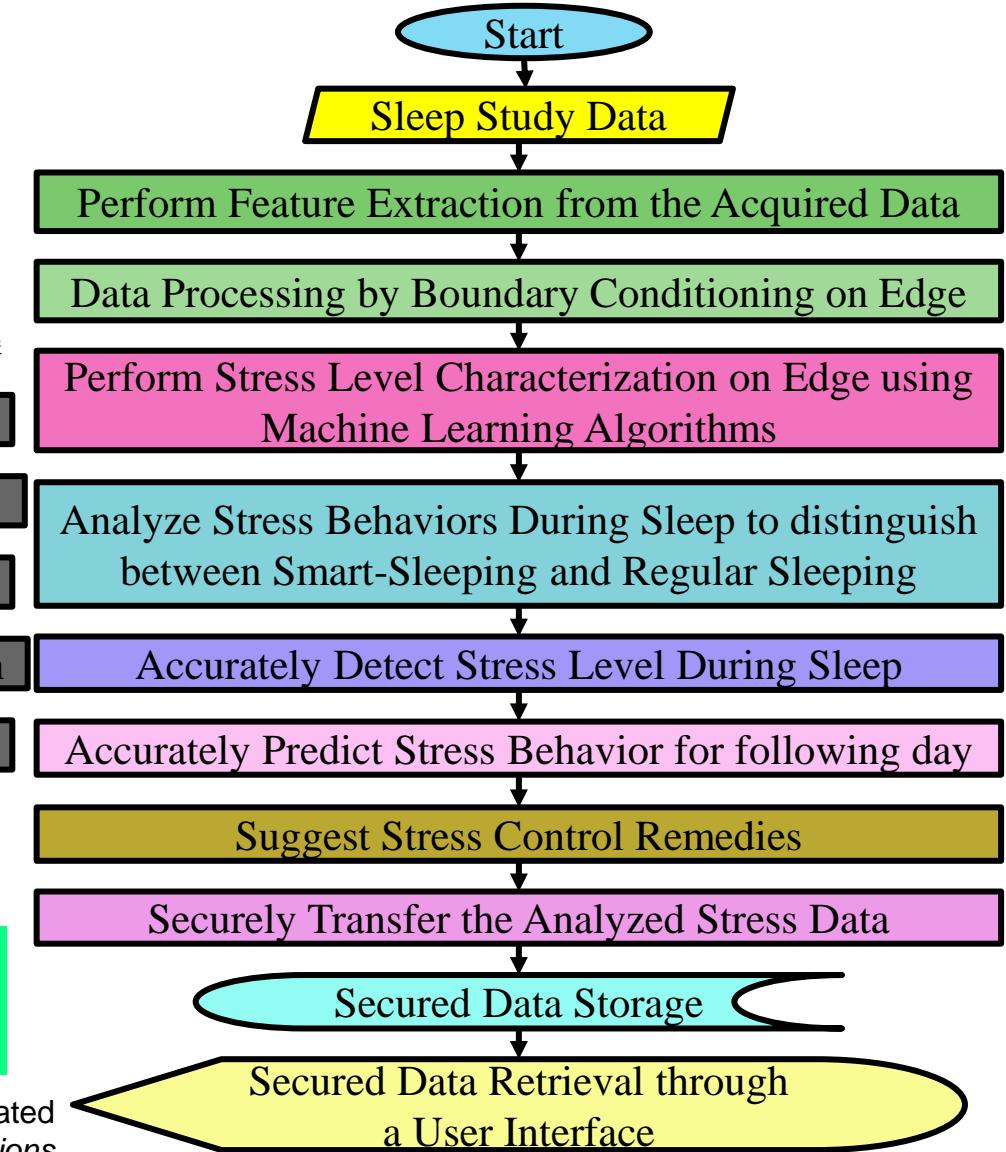
User Applications

Source: L. Rachakonda, A. K. Bapatla, S. P. Mohanty, and E. Kougianos, "SaYoPillow: Blockchain-Integrated Privacy-Assured IoMT Framework for Stress Management Considering Sleeping Habits", *IEEE Transactions on Consumer Electronics (TCE)*, Vol. 67, No. 1, Feb 2021, pp. 20-29.

SaYoPillow – Stress Analysis Approach



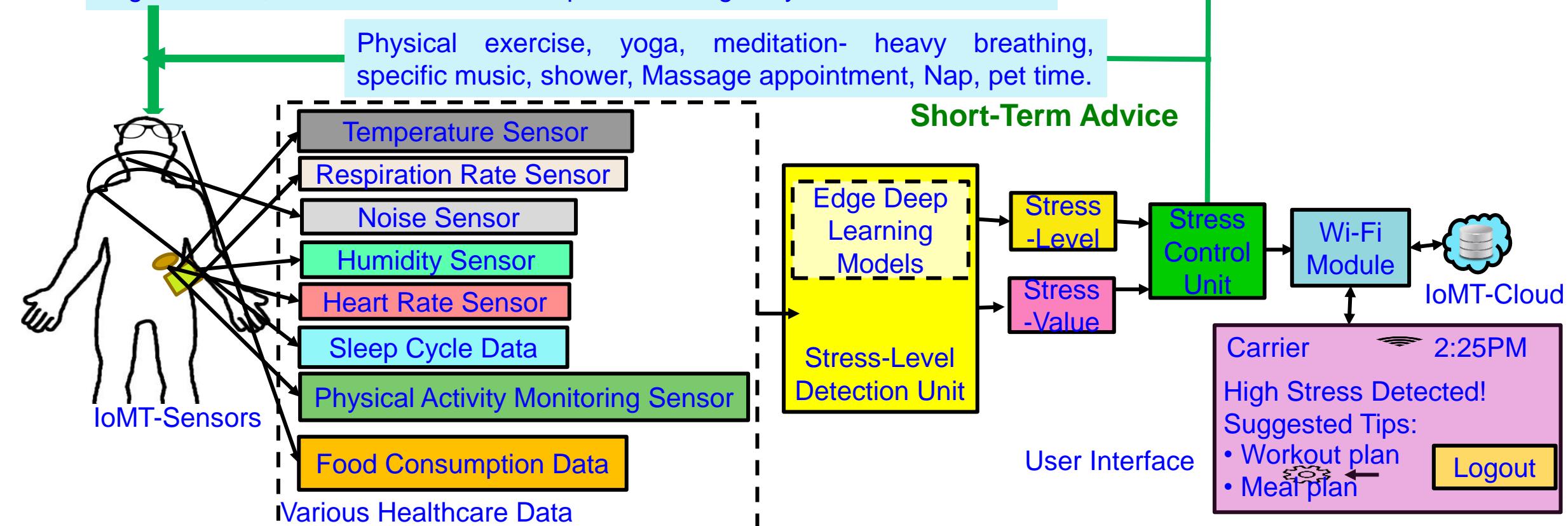
SaYoPillow – Uses deep learning for 96% accuracy with blockchain based security features



Source: L. Rachakonda, A. K. Bapatla, S. P. Mohanty, and E. Kougianos, "SaYoPillow: Blockchain-Integrated Privacy-Assured IoMT Framework for Stress Management Considering Sleeping Habits", *IEEE Transactions on Consumer Electronics (TCE)*, Vol. 67, No. 1, Feb 2021, pp. 20-29.

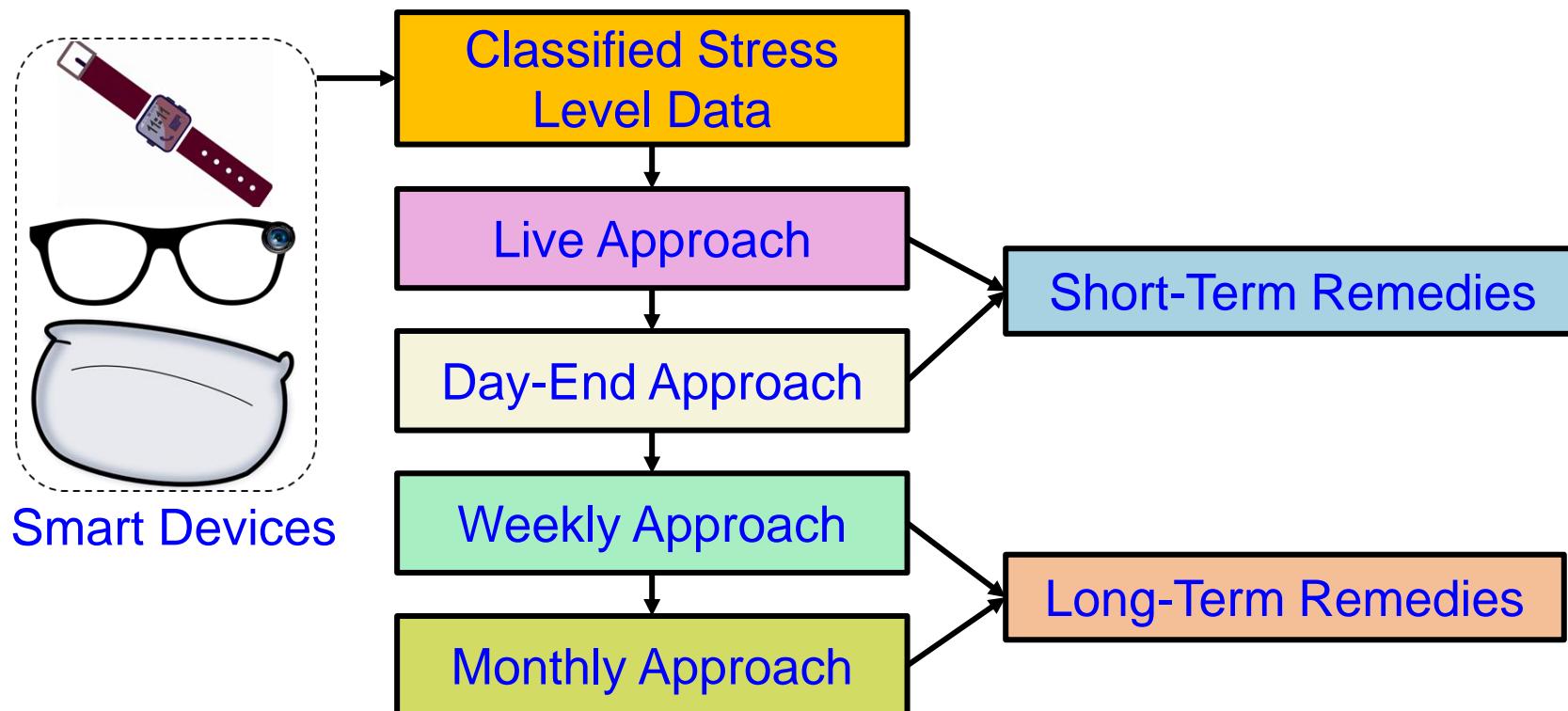
Stress Control by iFeliz: Our Proposed System

Generate workout plan, meal plan, sleep schedule, display stress relief paintings, play music in the background, suggest videos to play, quick 2 min breathe exercise, display positive and inspirational quotes, nearby therapy dog's location, automatic slide show of photos from gallery.



Source: L. Rachakonda, S. P. Mohanty, and E. Kougianos, "iFeliz: An Approach to Control Stress in the Midst of the Global Pandemic and Beyond for Smart Cities using the IoMT", in Proc. of IEEE Smart Cities Conference (ISC2), 2020.

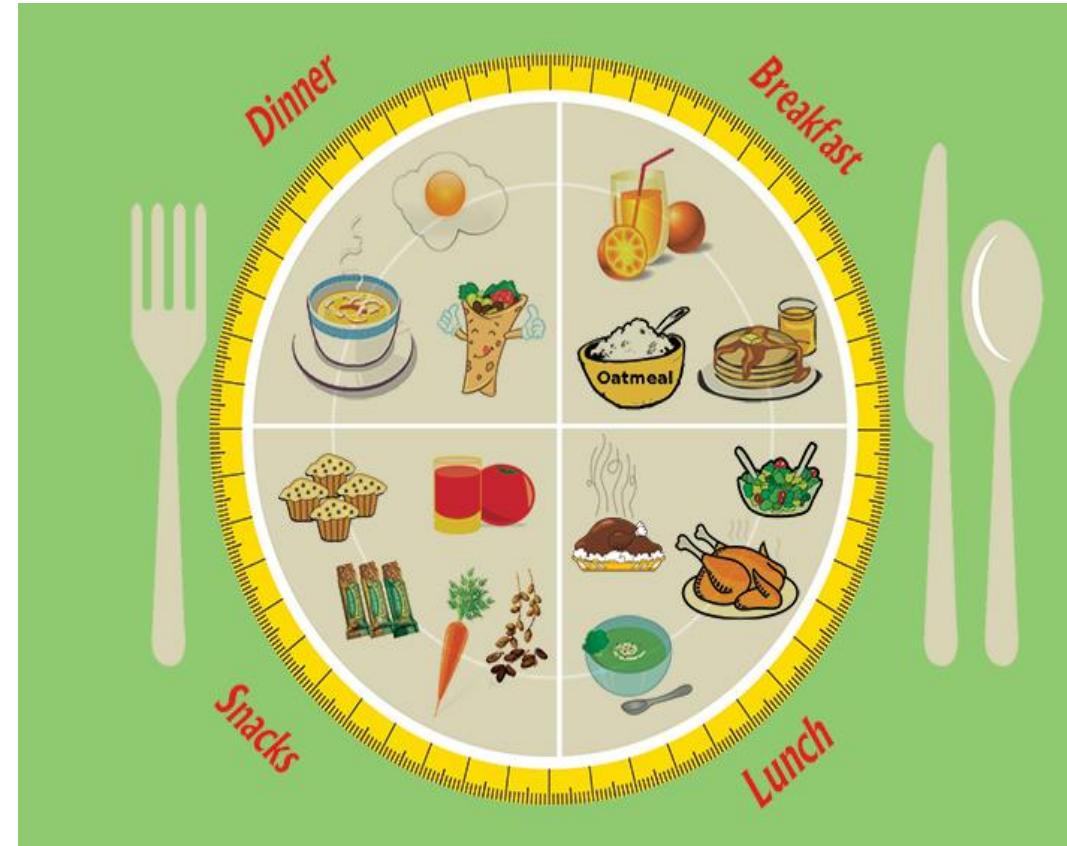
iFeliz: Stress Control Approaches



iFeliz - 15 Features, Stress Detection, Stress Control, Accuracy - 97%.

Source: L. Rachakonda, S. P. Mohanty, and E. Kougianos, "iFeliz: An Approach to Control Stress in the Midst of the Global Pandemic and Beyond for Smart Cities using the IoMT", in *Proc. of IEEE Smart Cities Conference (ISC2)*, 2020.

Automatic Food Intake Monitoring and Diet Management is Important



Imbalance Diet is a Global Issue

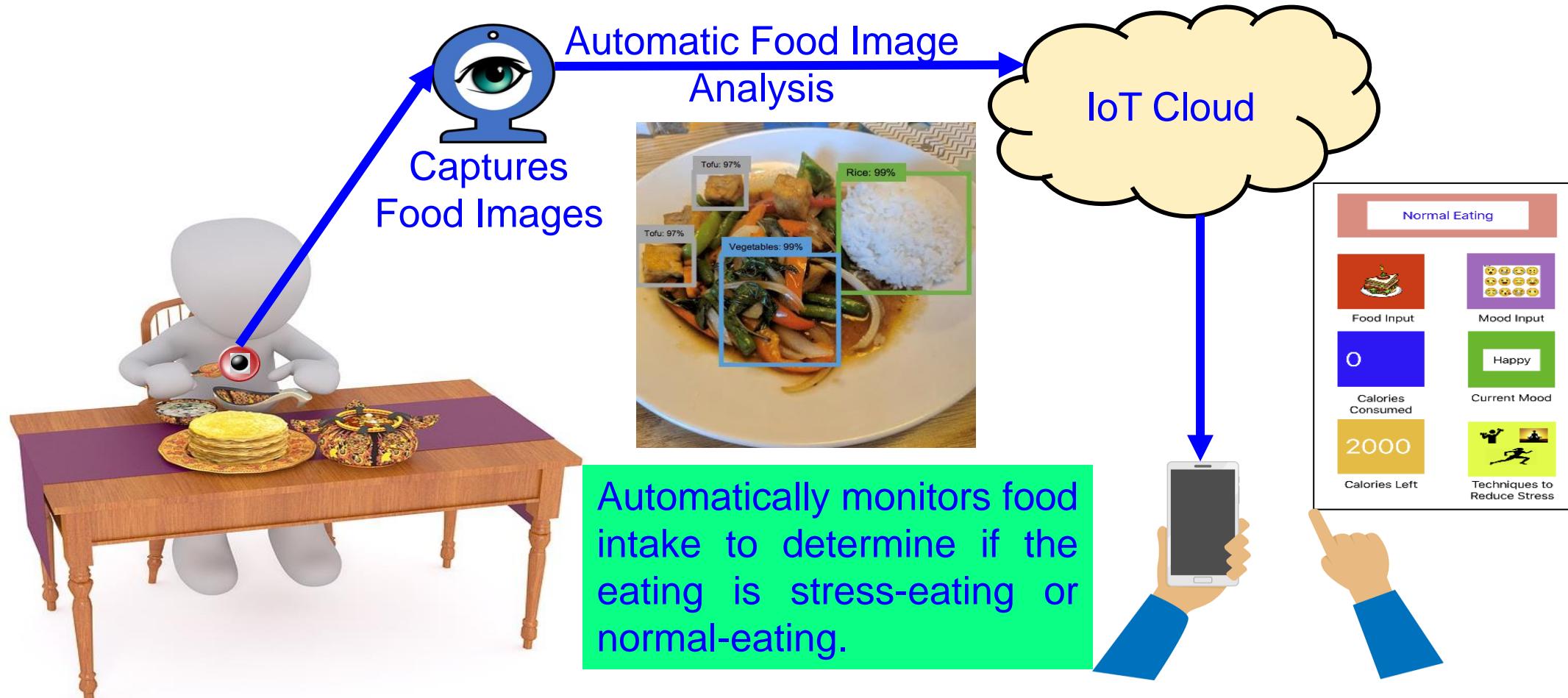
- Imbalanced diet can be either more or fewer of certain nutrients than the body needs.
- In 2017, 11 million deaths and 255 million disability-adjusted life-years (DALYs) were attributable to dietary risk factors.
- Eating wrong type of food is potential cause of a dietary imbalance:

- Psychiatric disorders
- Coronary heart disease
- High blood pressure

- Obesity
- Tooth decay
- Diabetes

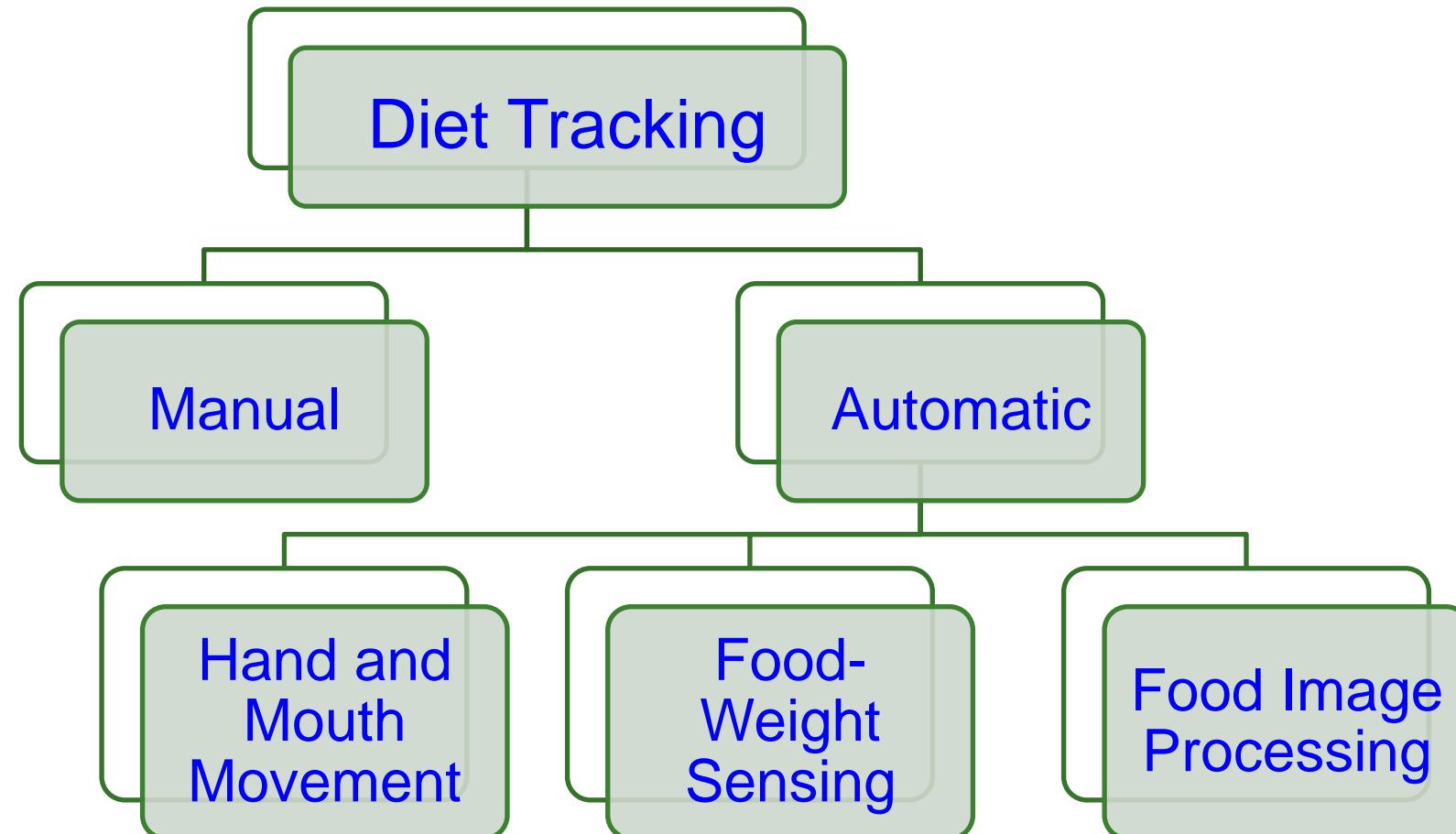
Source: <https://obesity-diet.nutritionalconference.com/events-list/imbalance-diet-effects-and-causes>
[https://www.thelancet.com/article/S0140-6736\(19\)30041-8/fulltext](https://www.thelancet.com/article/S0140-6736(19)30041-8/fulltext)

Automatic Diet Monitoring & Control - Our Vision



Source: L. Rachakonda, S. P. Mohanty, and E. Kougianos, "iLog: An Intelligent Device for Automatic Food Intake Monitoring and Stress Detection in the IoMT", *IEEE Transactions on Consumer Electronics (TCE)*, Vol. 66, No. 2, May 2020, pp. 115--124.

Diet Tracking Approaches

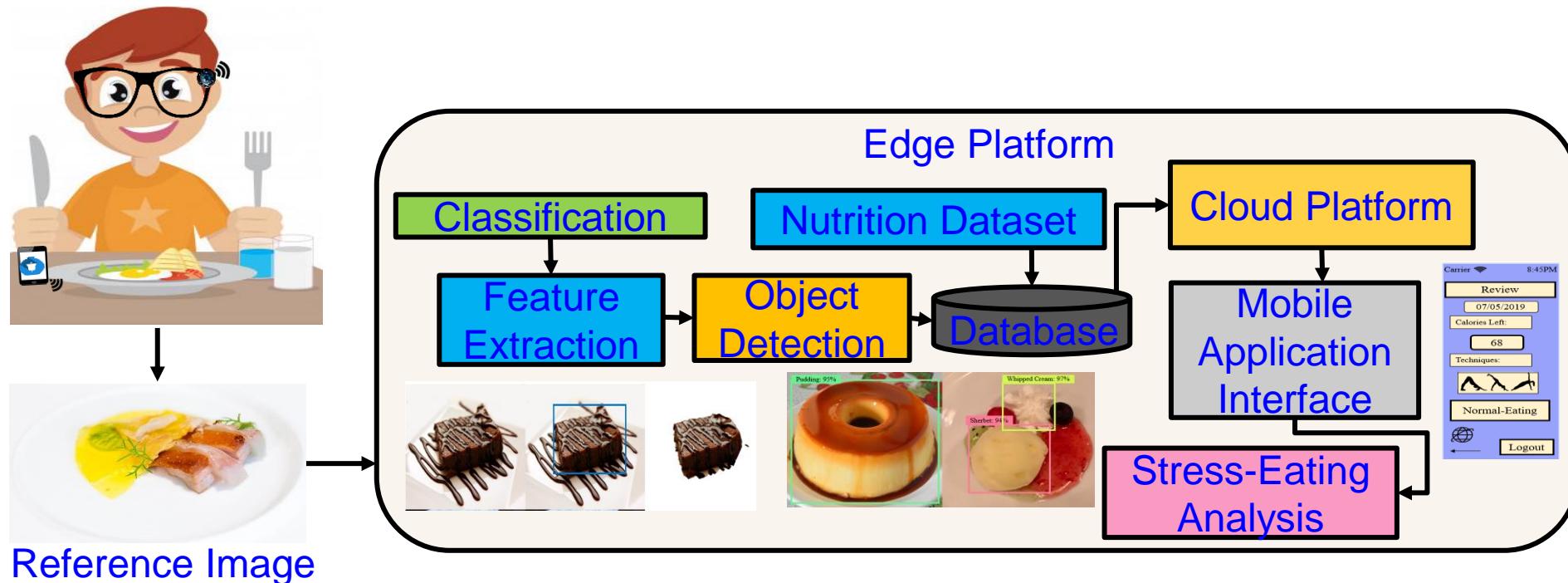


Food Tracking Apps

Table 1. Overview of popular food tracking approaches and their capabilities.

App Name	Downloads	Reviews	Rating	Image	Food-Label in Image			Manual	Scanning	Speech	Database search	Calories	Nutrition
					Auto	Manual	Crowd Sourced	Input Method					
MyFitnessPal	50 M	2 M	4.6					X	X			X	
FatSecret	10 M	268 k	4.5					X	X			X	X
My Diet Coach	10 M	144 k	4.4					X				X	
Lose it	10 M	77 k	4.4	X				X	X			X	
MyPlate	1 M	31 k	4.6					X	X			X	X
mynetdiary	1 M	31 k	4.5					X				X	X
Macros	500 k	3 k	4.5					X	X			X	
Cron-o-meter	100 k	1 k	4.2					X					
Eating Habit	100 k	549	4	X			X					X	
21 day Fix	100 k	470	3.7					X				X	
Bite Snap	50 k	2k	4.7	X								X	X
MealLogger	50 k	225	3.5	X				X				X	X
EatRight	10 k	220	4.5					X				X	
Keto Meal Plan	10 k	19	2.6								X		
YouAte	10 k			X									
KudoLife	1 k	11	3.4								X	X	X
Calorific	19		3.2								X		
Ate				X				?				?	?
Foodlog				X	X			X				X	

Smart Healthcare – Diet Monitoring - iLog

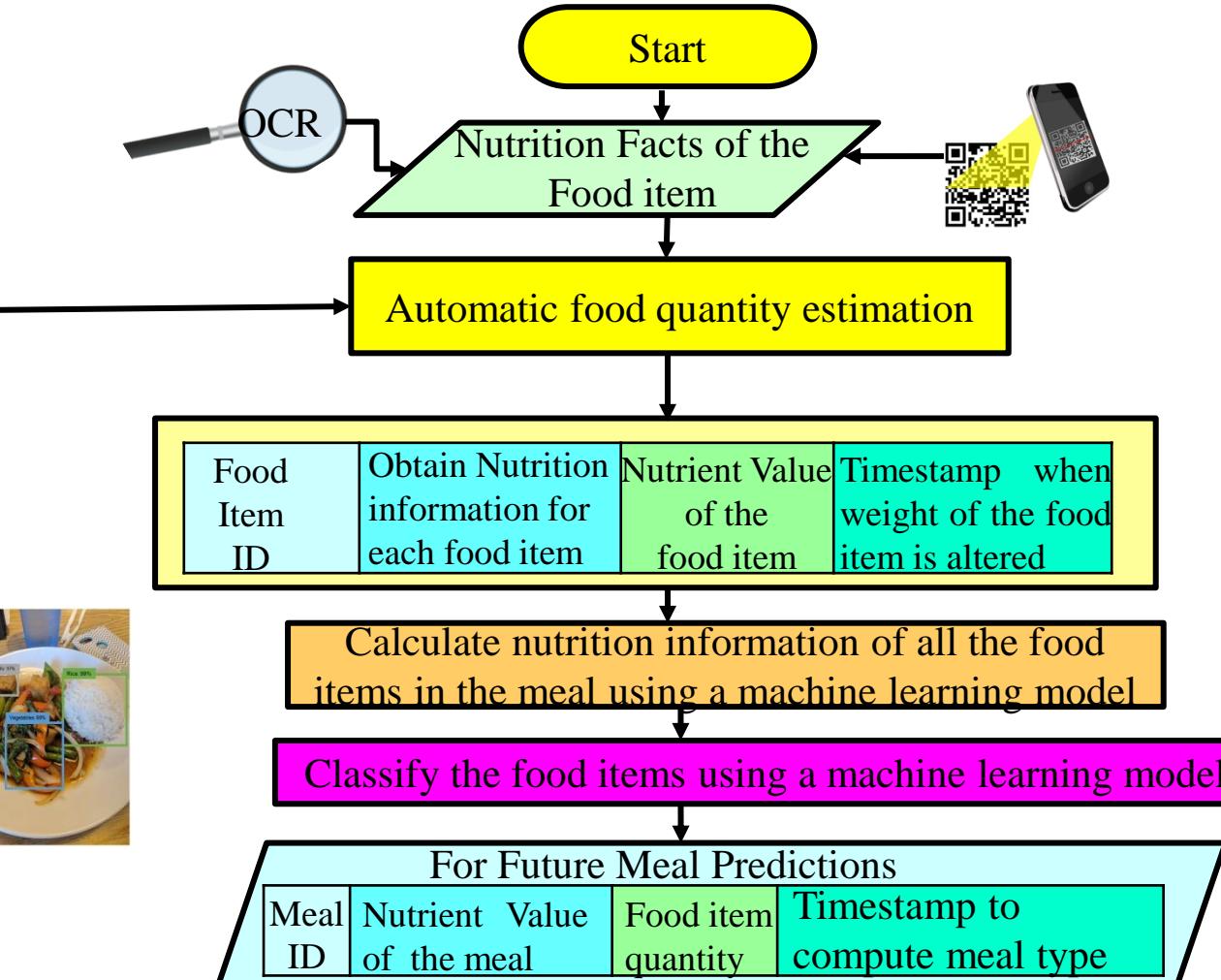


iLog- Fully Automated Detection System with 98% accuracy.

Source: L. Rachakonda, S. P. Mohanty, and E. Kougianos, "iLog: An Intelligent Device for Automatic Food Intake Monitoring and Stress Detection in the IoMT", *IEEE Transactions on Consumer Electronics (TCE)*, Vol. 66, No. 2, May 2020, pp. 115--124.

Smart Healthcare – Diet Prediction – Smart-Log

Computer Vision
Methods using Machine
Learning Models



Smart-Log Prediction Accuracy - 98.6%

Source: P. Sundaravadivel, K. Kesavan, L. Kesavan, **S. P. Mohanty**, and E. Kougianos, "Smart-Log: A Deep-Learning based Automated Nutrition Monitoring System in the IoT", *IEEE Transactions on Consumer Electronics (TCE)*, Vol 64, Issue 3, Aug 2018, pp. 390-398.

Epileptic Seizure Has Global Impact

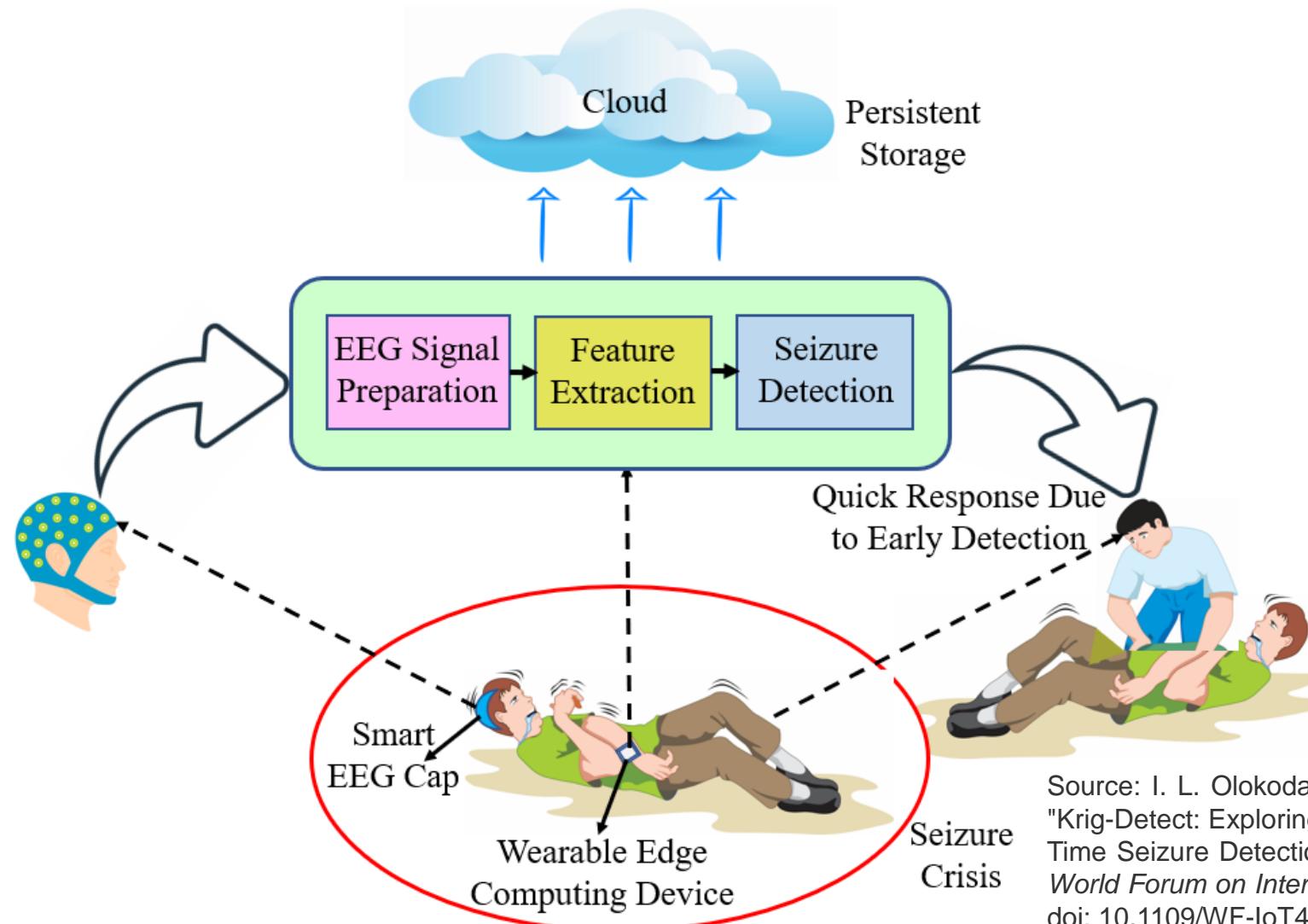


A seizure is an abnormal activity in the nervous system which causes its sufferers to lose consciousness and control.

- Up to 1% of the world's population suffers from epilepsy.
- Epilepsy is the fourth most common neurological disease after migraine, stroke, and Alzheimer's.
- Individuals can suffer a seizure at any time with potentially disastrous outcomes including a fatal complication called "Sudden Unexpected Death in Epilepsy" (SUDEP).

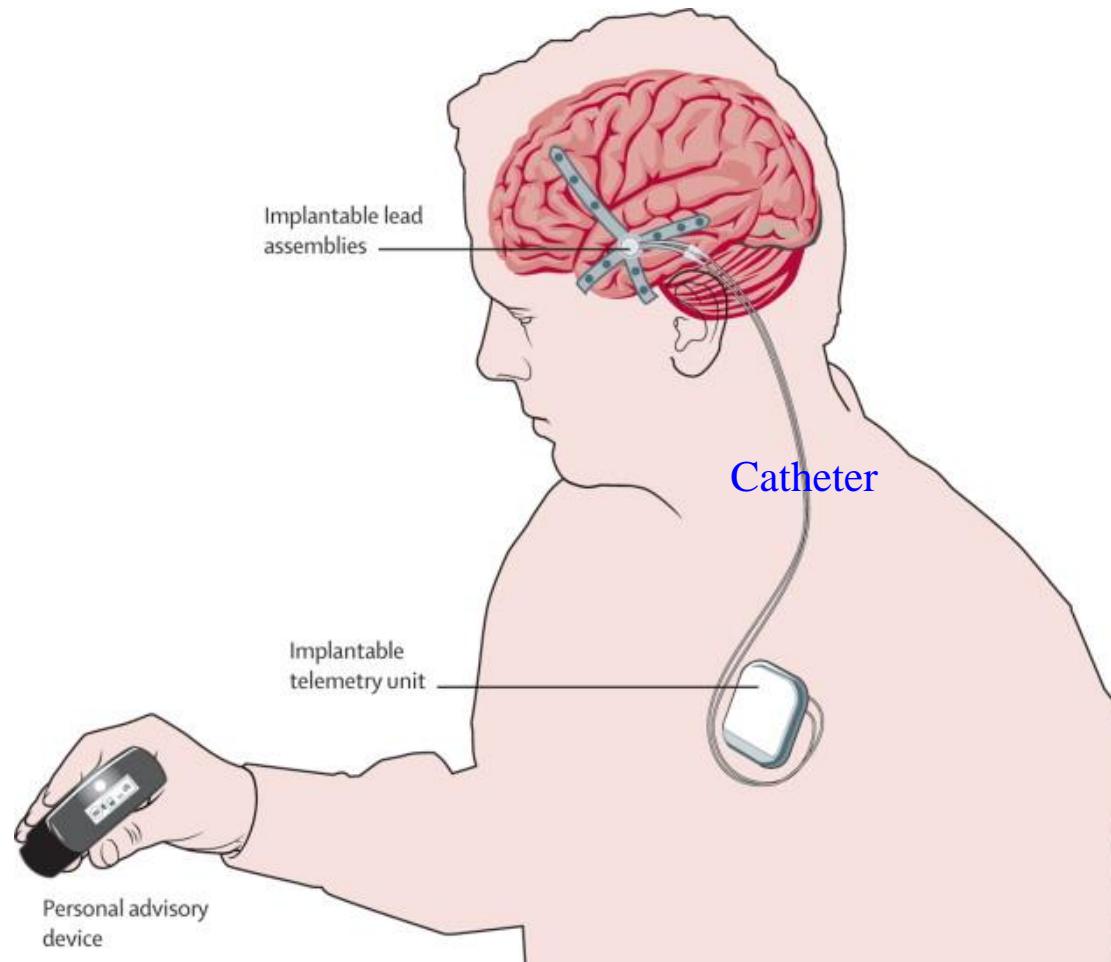
Source: <https://www.epilepsy.com/learn/about-epilepsy-basics/epilepsy-statistics>

Epileptic Seizure - Our Vision



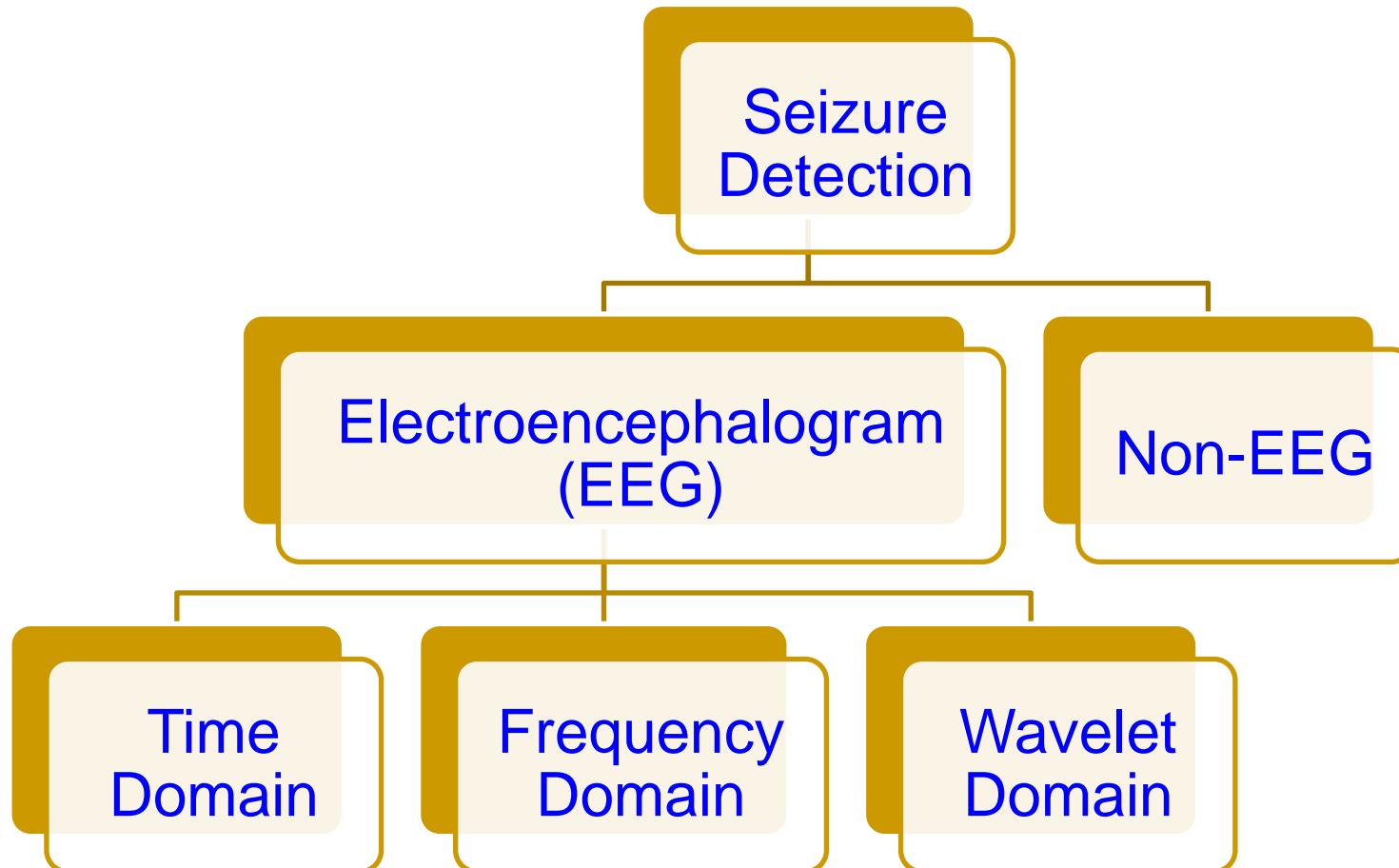
Source: I. L. Olokodana, S. P. Mohanty and E. Kougianos, "Krig-Detect: Exploring Alternative Kriging Methods for Real-Time Seizure Detection from EEG Signals," *2020 IEEE 6th World Forum on Internet of Things (WF-IoT)*, 2020, pp. 1-6, doi: 10.1109/WF-IoT48130.2020.9221260.

Implantable for Seizure Detection and Control



Source: <https://www.kurzweilai.net/brain-implant-gives-early-warning-of-epileptic-seizure>

Seizure Detection Methods



Seizure Detection Methods – Non-EEG

		DETECTION METHODS							
		Audio	Video	Electro-magnetic waves	ACM/ gyro/ magneto	Electrodes	Plethysmograph (volume)	Pressure	Temperature
NON-EEG SEIZURE MANIFESTATIONS	Motor	Body	bed noise	optical or thermal camera	radio, infrared or microwaves	bed or body attached	EMG	pressure mat for bed vacancy	
		Eye(lid)		optical camera		EOG/EMG			
	Auto-nomic	HR	PCG	thermal camera	radio or microwaves (BCG)	BCG	ECG	PPG	
		BP					PPG		
		SpO ₂			infrared waves of oximeter				
		Respiration	neck	thermal camera	radio or microwaves chest, infrared waves of oximeter/ capnograph	ACM/ magneto chest	EMG, EDR, impedance pneumograph chest, electrodes for pO ₂ /CO ₂	RIP chest	pneumotachograph airflow
		Sweating					ohm/ galvanometer		
		Vomiting/ salivation/ coughing	audio phone				humidity meter		
		Incontinence					humidity meter		
		Vocalizations	audio phone						
		Fever		thermal camera	radio waves				sticker

Source: [https://www.seizure-journal.com/article/S1059-1311\(16\)30114-5/fulltext](https://www.seizure-journal.com/article/S1059-1311(16)30114-5/fulltext)

ACM = accelerometer, BP = blood pressure,
 ECG = electrocardiography,
 EDR = ECG-derived respiration,
 EMG = electromyography,
 EOG = electro-oculography,
 gyro = gyroscope, HR = heart rhythm, magneto = magnetometer,
 PCG = phonocardiography, pO₂/CO₂ = partial pressure oxygen/carbon dioxide,
 PPG = photoplethysmography,
 RIP = Respiratory Inductance Plethysmography, SpO₂ = blood oxygenation.

IBM's Implantable Seizure Detector

- The TrueNorth chip is postage stamp-sized and consumes over 1,000 times less power than a conventional processor of similar size.



Source: http://uberveillance.squarespace.com/?category=health_care

Consumer Electronics for Seizure Detection



Source: <https://spectrum.ieee.org/the-human-os/biomedical/diagnostics/this-seizuredetecting-smartwatch-could-save-your-life>

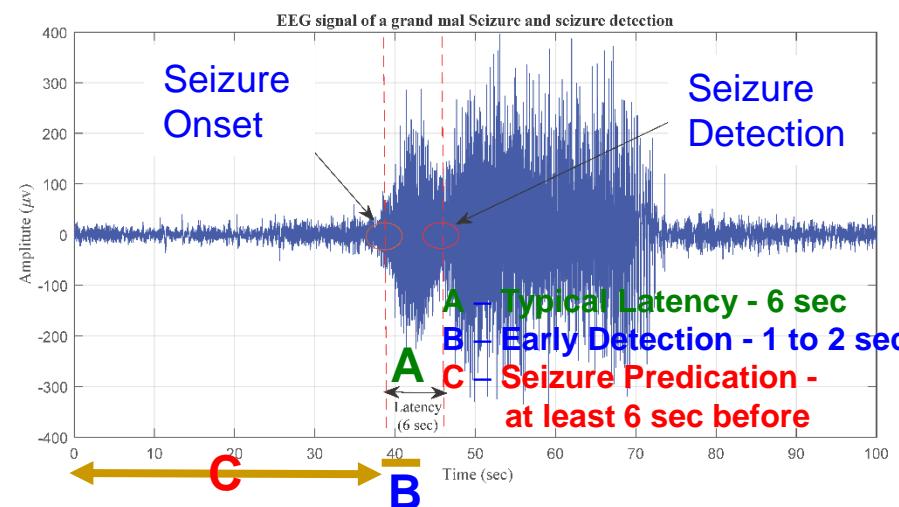
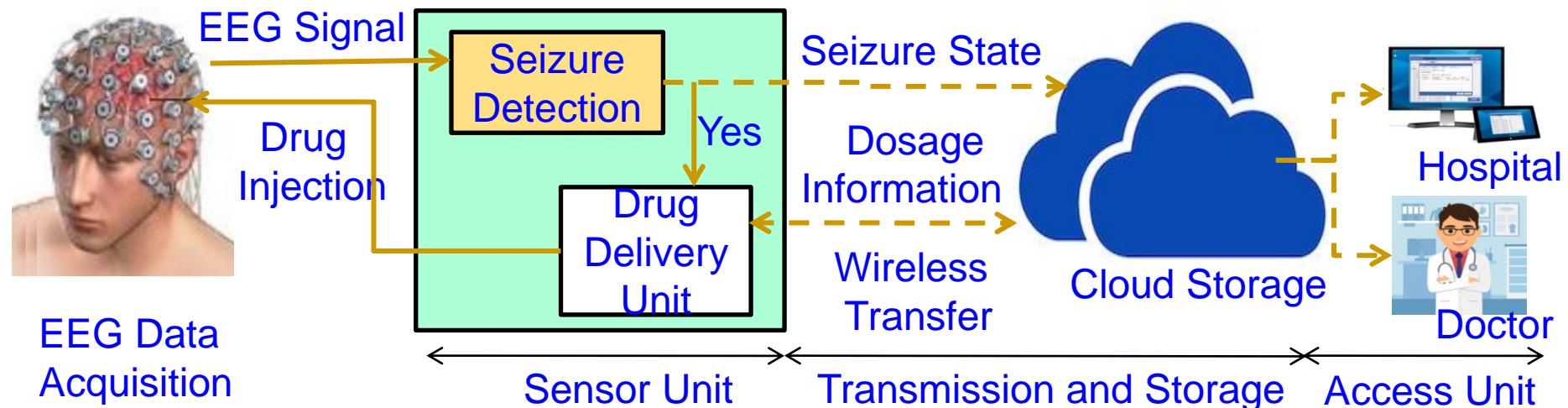
- Embrace2: Smart-band which uses machine learning to detect convulsive Seizures and notifies caregivers.



Source: <https://www.empatica.com/embrace2/>

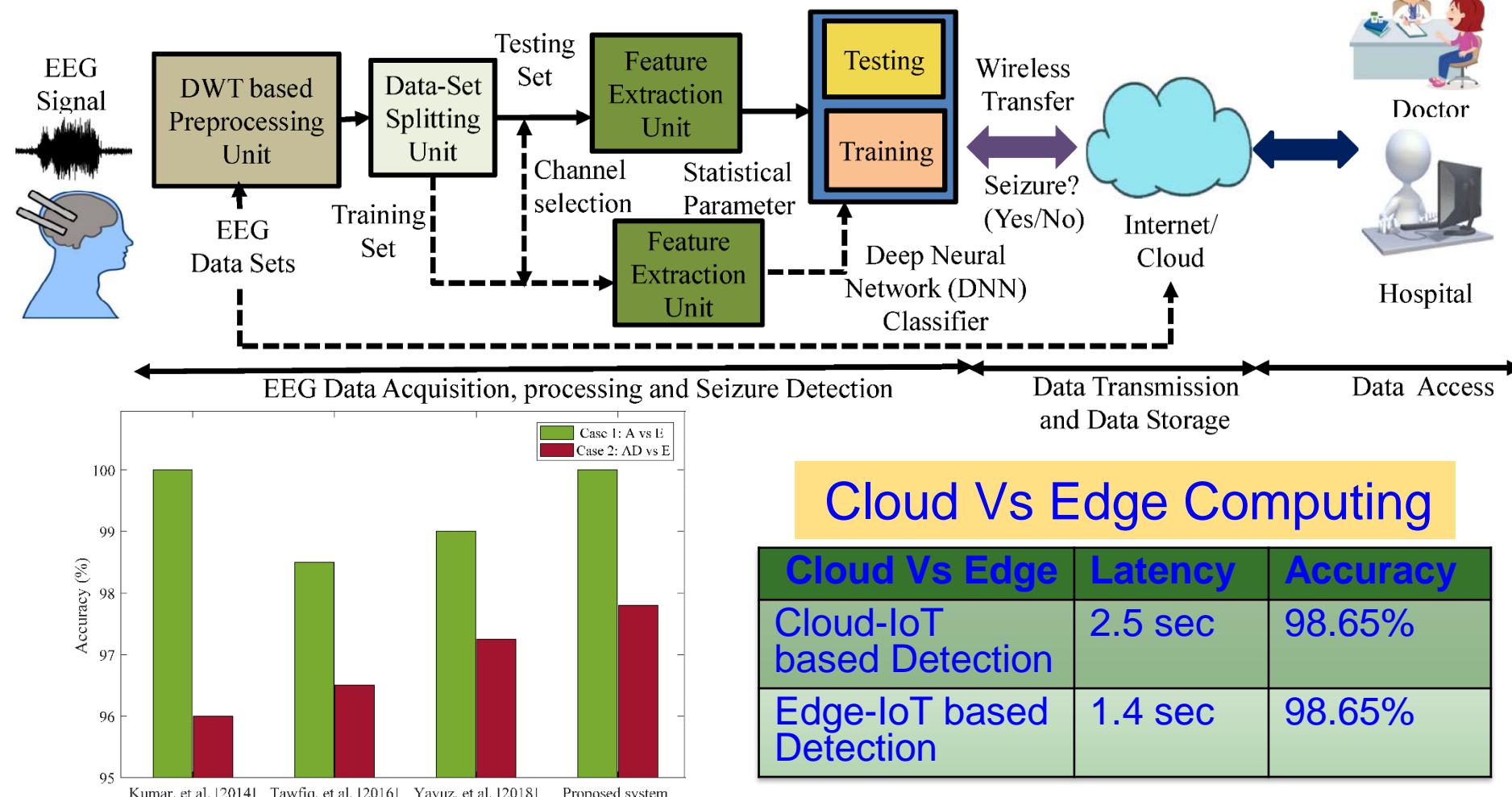
- Medical grade smart watch: It detects generalized clonic-tonic Seizures and notifies physicians.

Smart Healthcare - Seizure Detection & Control



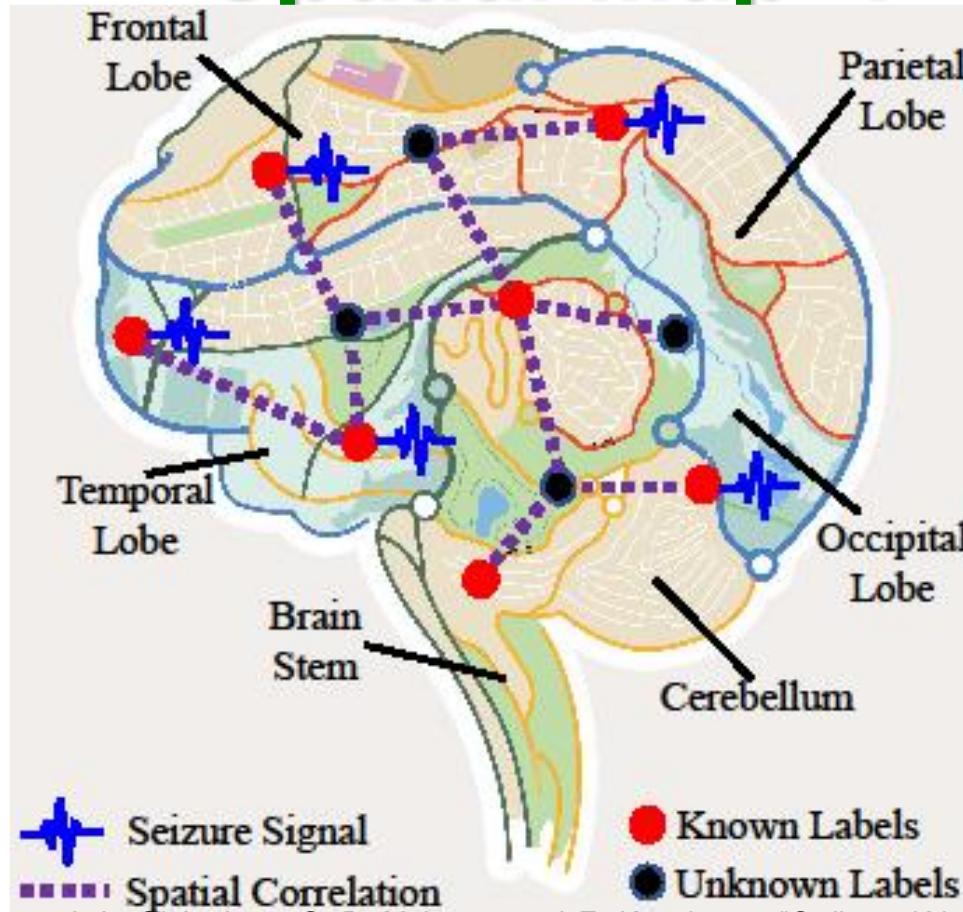
Source: M. A. Sayeed, S. P. Mohanty, E. Kouglanos, and H. Zaveri, "eSeiz: An Edge-Device for Accurate Seizure Detection for Smart Healthcare", *IEEE Transactions on Consumer Electronics (TCE)*, Volume 65, Issue 3, August 2019, pp. 379--387.

Seizure Detection Approaches

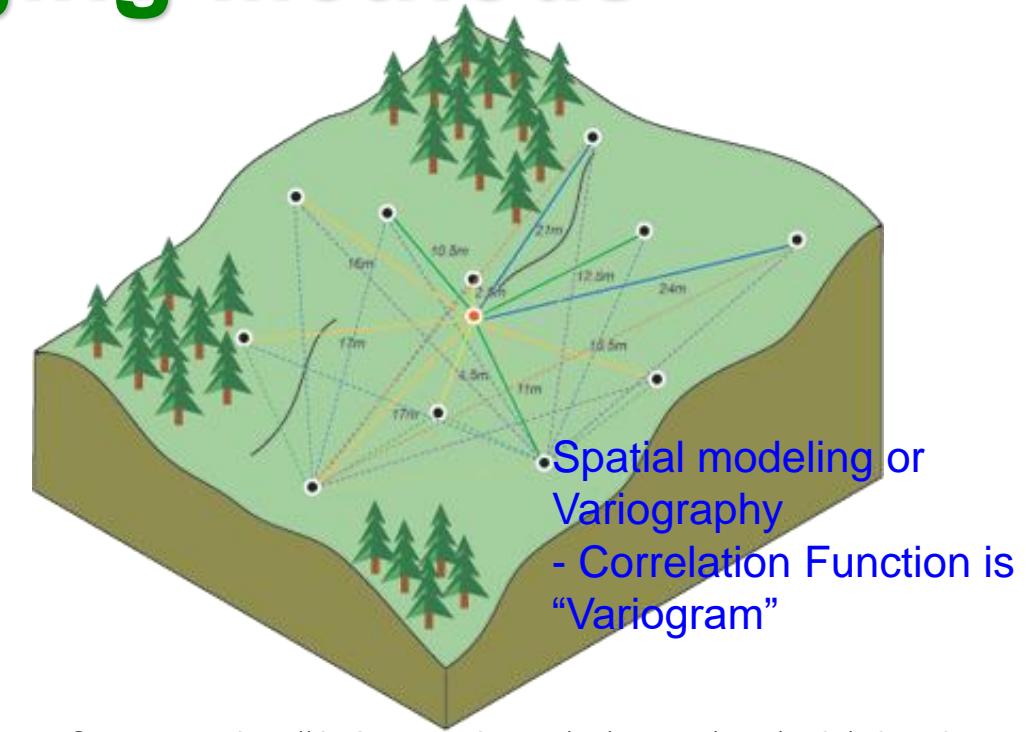


Source: M. A. Sayeed, S. P. Mohanty, E. Koulianios, and H. Zaveri, "Neuro-Detect: A Machine Learning Based Fast and Accurate Seizure Detection System in the IoMT", *IEEE Transactions on Consumer Electronics (TCE)*, Vol 65, No 3, Aug 2019, pp. 359–368.

Smart Healthcare – Brain as a Spatial Map → Kriging Methods



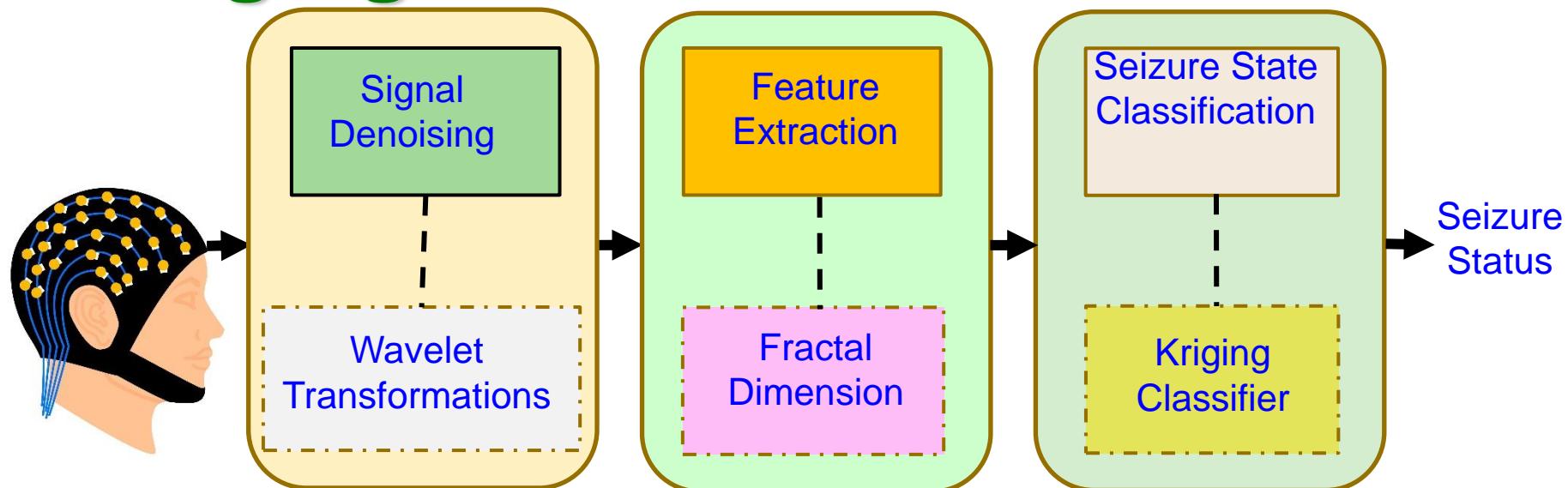
Source: I. L. Olokodana, S. P. Mohanty, and E. Koulianou, "Ordinary-Kriging Based Real-Time Seizure Detection in an Edge Computing Paradigm", in *Proceedings of the 38th IEEE International Conference on Consumer Electronics (ICCE)*, 2020.



Source: <http://desktop.arcgis.com/en/arcmap/10.3/tools/3d-analyst-toolbox/how-kriging-works.htm>

Spatial autocorrelation principle - things that are closer are more alike than things farther

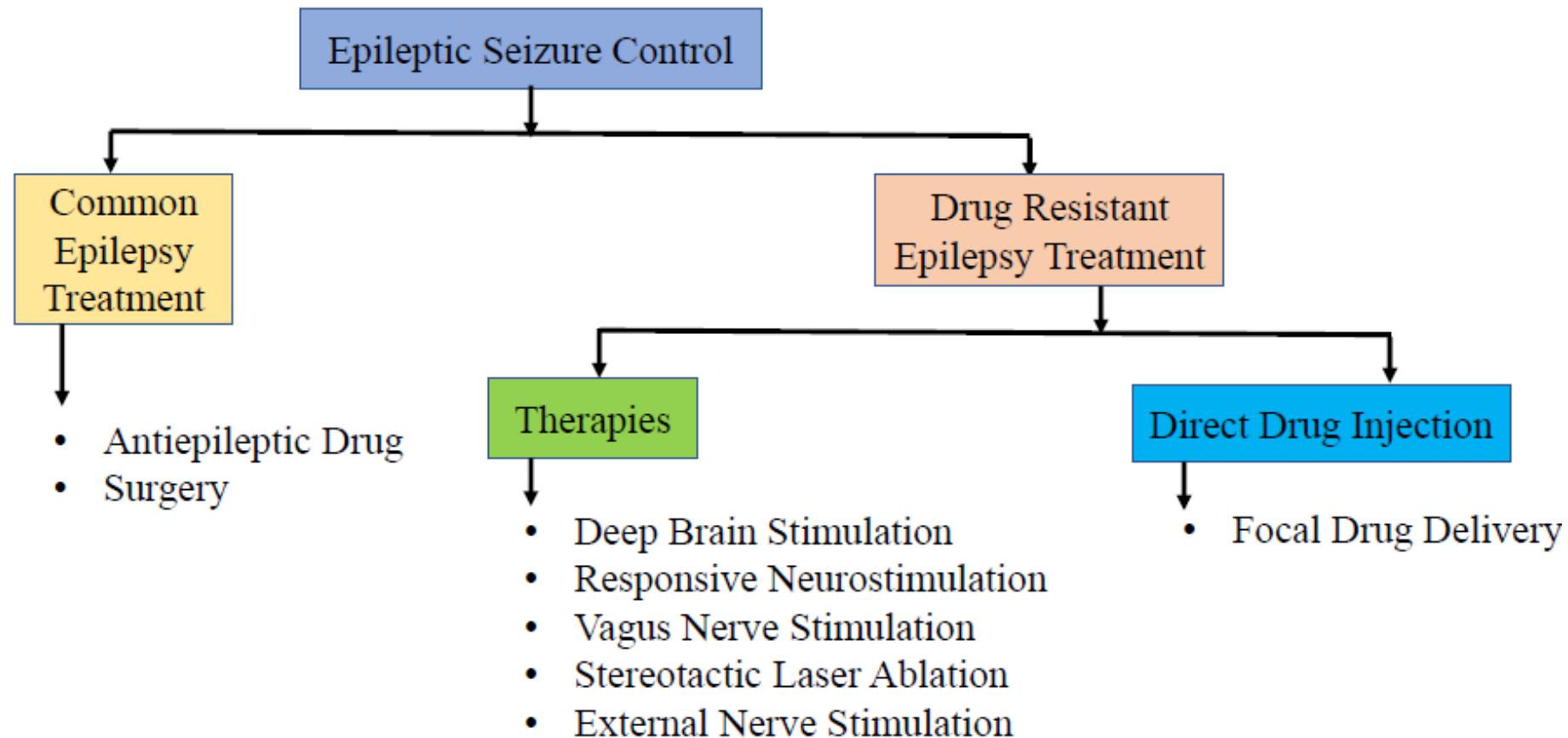
Kriging based Seizure Detection



Works	Extracted Features	Classification Algorithm	Sensitivity	Latency
Zandi, et al. 2012 [23]	Regularity, energy & combined seizure indices	Cumulative Sum thresholding	91.00%	9 sec.
Altaf, et al. 2015 [24]	Digital hysteresis	Support Vector Machine	95.70%	1 sec
Vidyaratne, et al. 2017 [25]	Fractal dimension, spatial/temporal features	Relevance Vector Machine (RVM)	96.00%	1.89 sec
Our Proposed	Petrosian fractal dimension	Kriging Classifier	100.0%	0.85 s

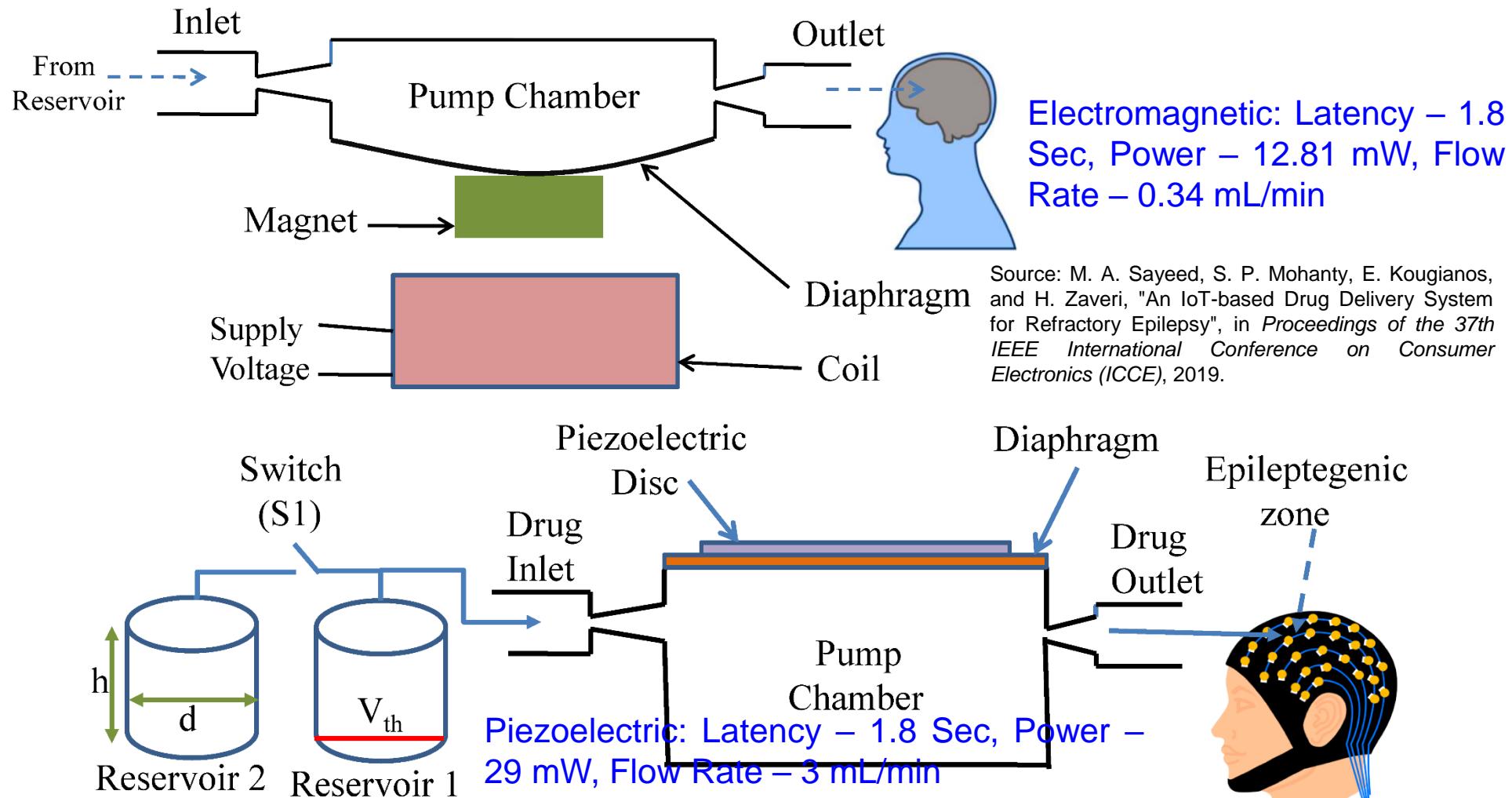
Source: I. L. Olokodana, S. P. Mohanty, and E. Koulianou, "Ordinary-Kriging Based Real-Time Seizure Detection in an Edge Computing Paradigm", in *Proceedings of the 38th IEEE International Conference on Consumer Electronics (ICCE)*, 2020.

Seizure Control Methods



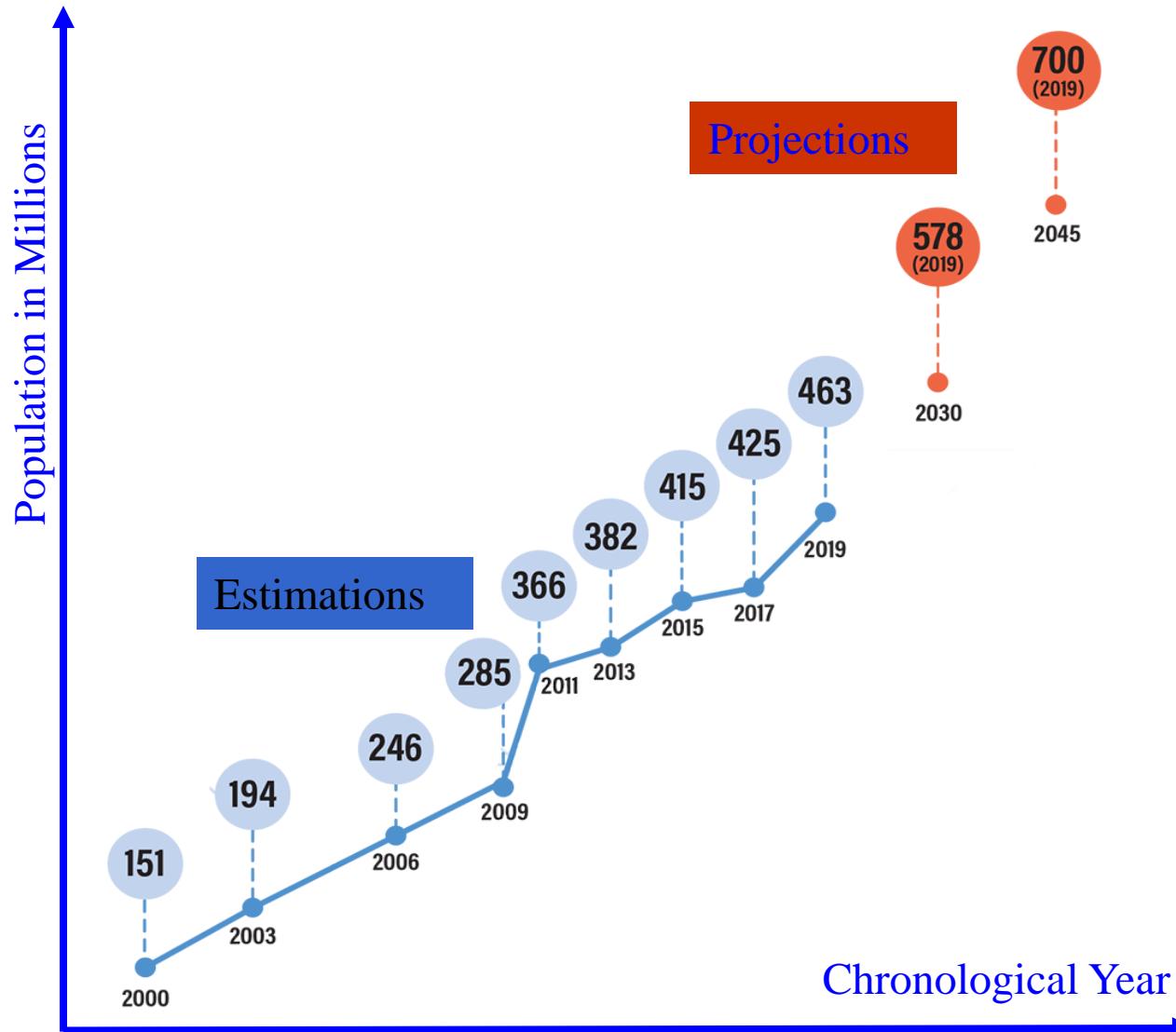
Source: M. A. Sayeed, S. P. Mohanty, E. Kougianos, and H. Zaveri, "iDDS: An Edge-Device in IoMT for Automatic Seizure Control using On-Time Drug Delivery", in *Proceedings of the 38th IEEE International Conference on Consumer Electronics (ICCE)*, 2020.

Seizure Control Methods



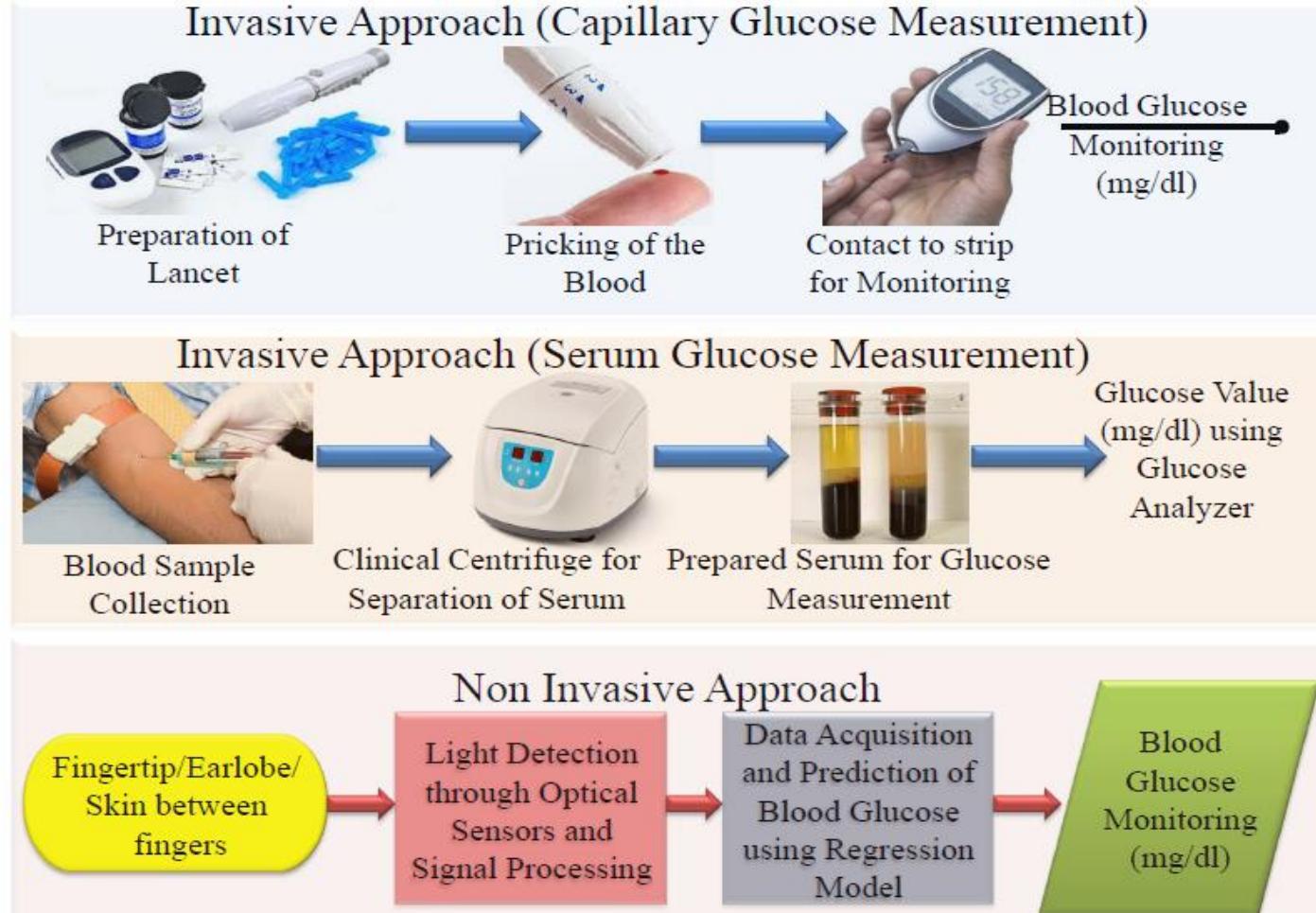
Source: M. A. Sayeed, S. P. Mohanty, E. Kougianos, and H. Zaveri, "An IoT-based Drug Delivery System for Refractory Epilepsy", in *Proceedings of the 37th IEEE International Conference on Consumer Electronics (ICCE)*, 2019.

Diabetes is a Global Crisis



Source: A. M. Joshi, P. Jain and S. P. Mohanty, "Everything You Wanted to Know About Continuous Glucose Monitoring," *IEEE Consumer Electronics Magazine*, doi: 10.1109/MCE.2021.3073498.

Blood Glucose Monitoring – Invasive Vs Noninvasive



Source: P. Jain, A. M. Joshi, and S. P. Mohanty, "Everything You Wanted to Know About Noninvasive Glucose Measurement and Control", arXiv Physics, arXiv:2101.08996, January 2021, 51-pages.

Traditional – Finger Pricking



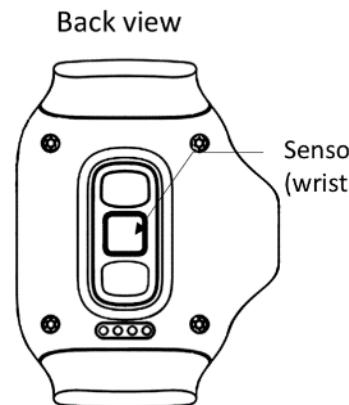
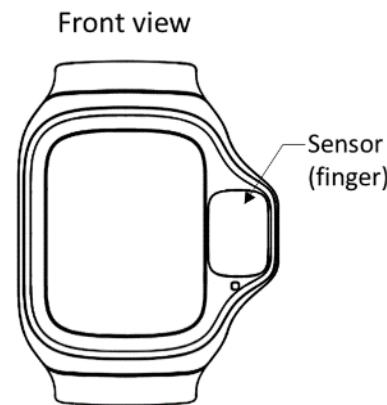
Invasive Approach – Processing Blood/Serum

Noninvasive – Wearable

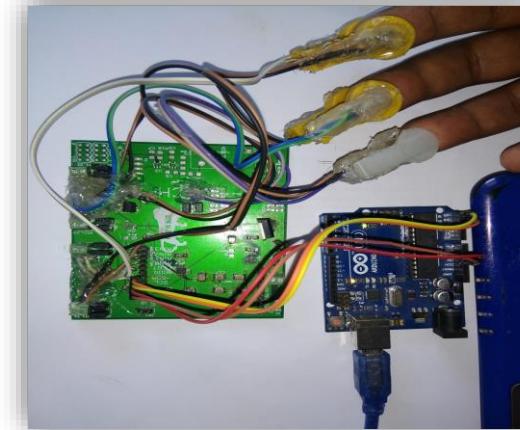


Noninvasive Approach – Processing Light

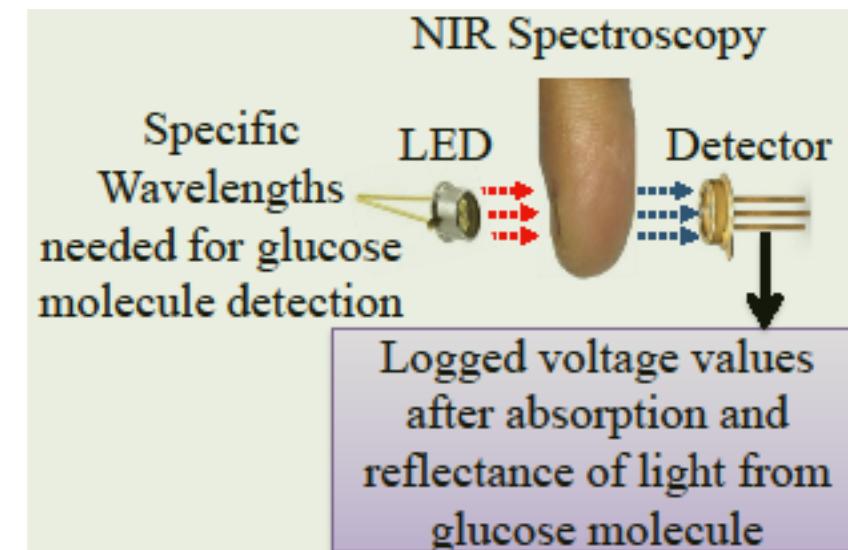
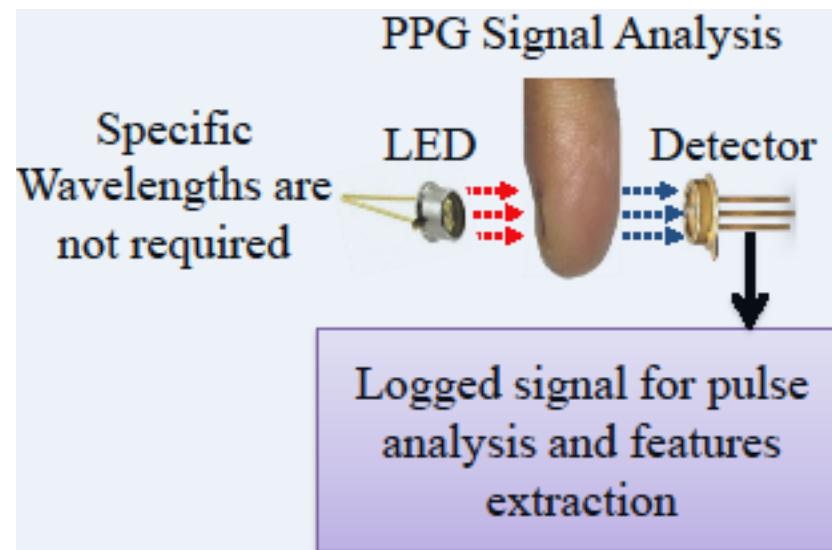
Noninvasive Glucose-Level Monitoring



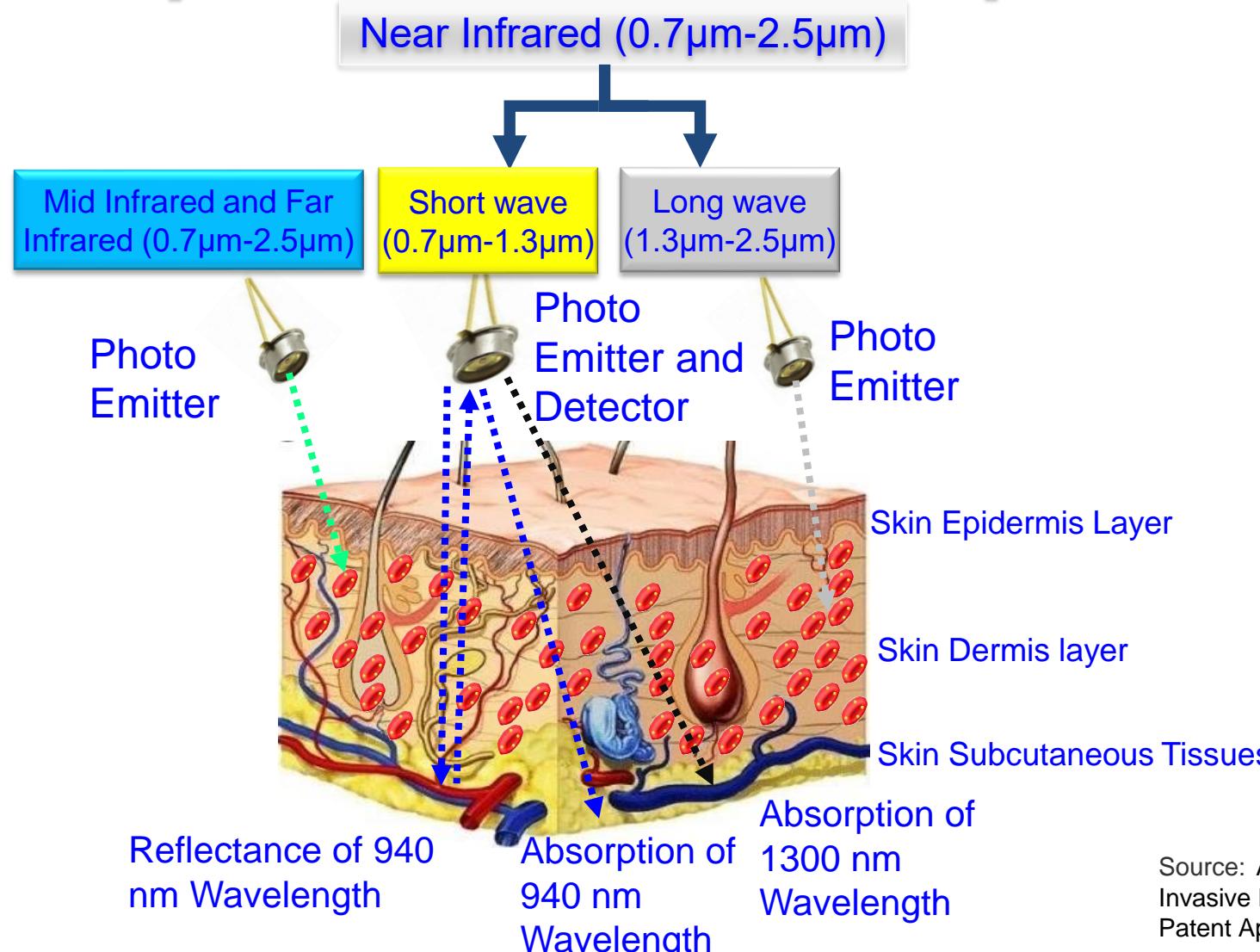
Photoplethysmogram (PPG)



Near Infrared (NIR)

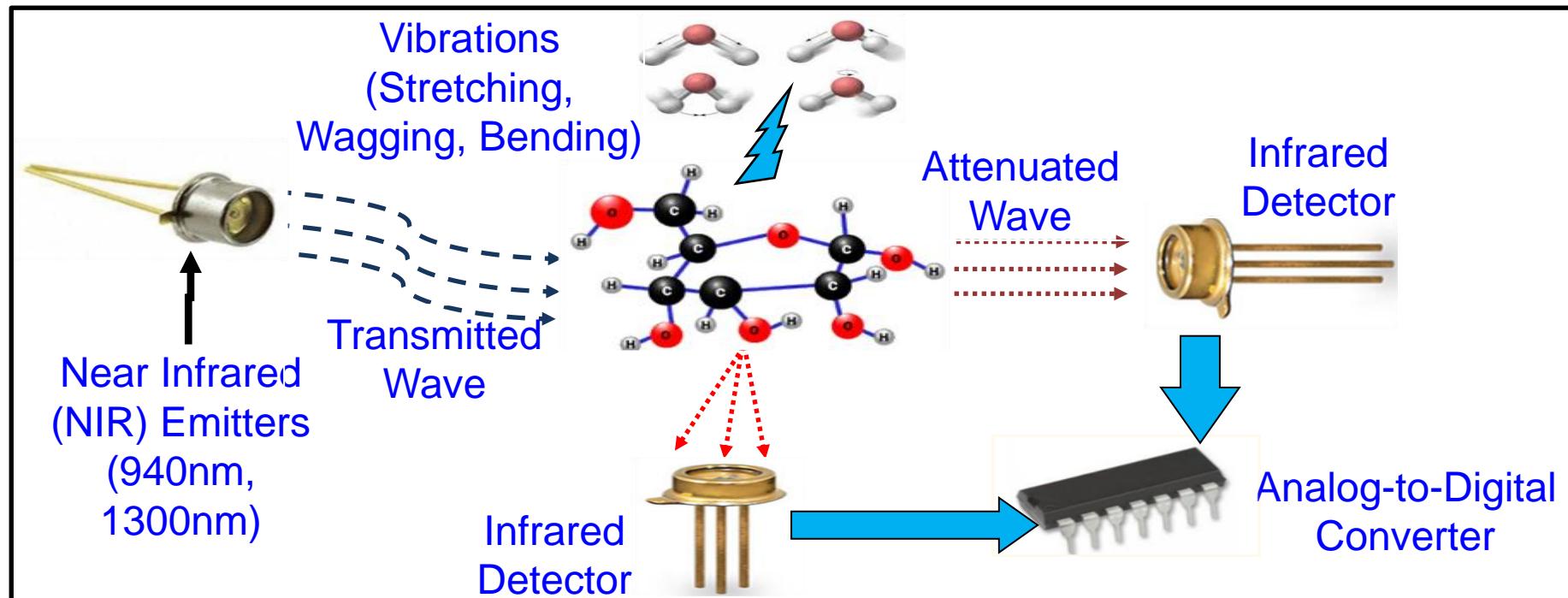


Unique Near Infrared Spectroscopy for iGLU



Source: A. M. Joshi, P. Jain, and S. P. Mohanty, A Device For Non-Invasive Blood and Serum Glucose-Level Monitoring and Control, India Patent Application Number: 202011027041, Filed on: 25 June 2020.

iGLU 1.0: Capillary Glucose

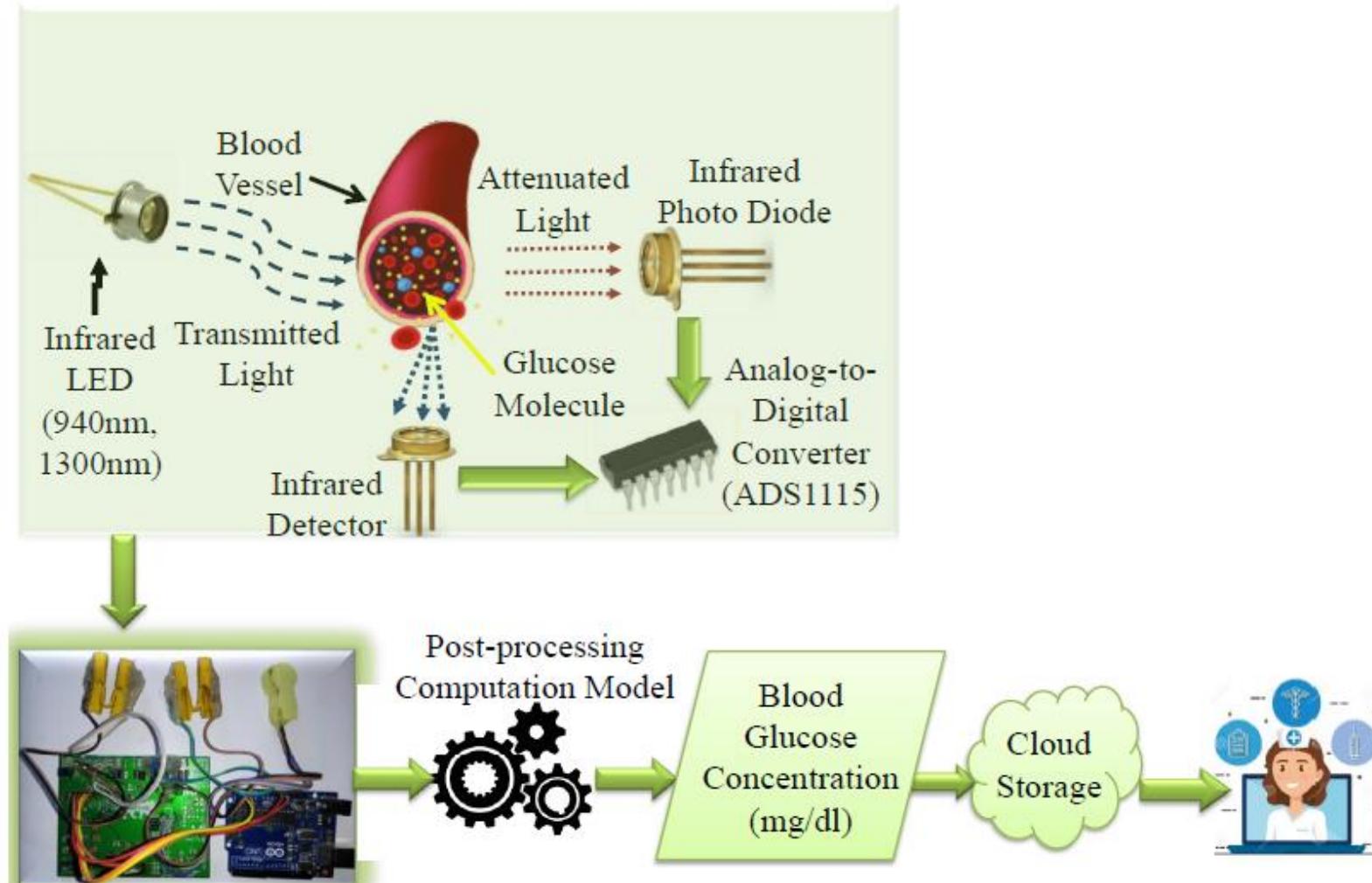


Clinically tested in an hospital.

Cost - US\$ 20
Accuracy - 100%

Source: P. Jain, A. M. Joshi, and S. P. Mohanty, "iGLU: An Intelligent Device for Accurate Non-Invasive Blood Glucose-Level Monitoring in Smart Healthcare", *IEEE Consumer Electronics Magazine (MCE)*, Vol. 9, No. 1, January 2020, pp. 35-42.

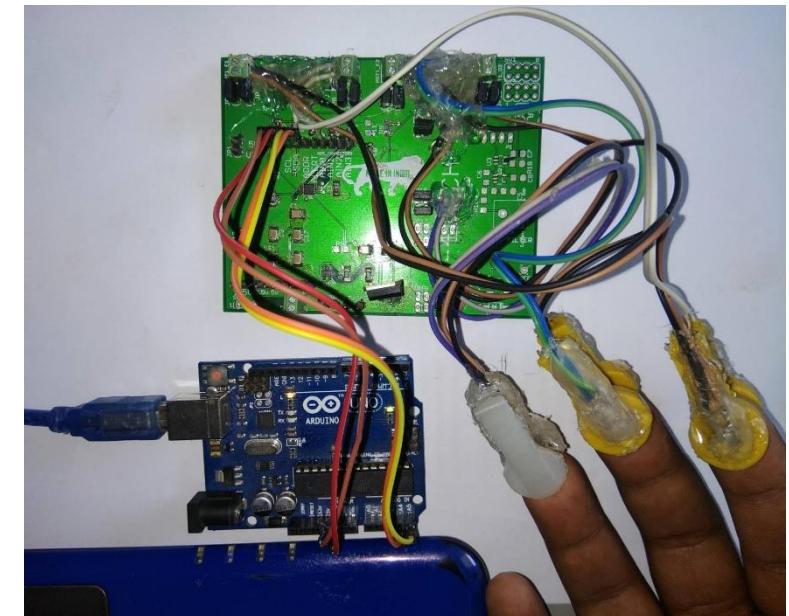
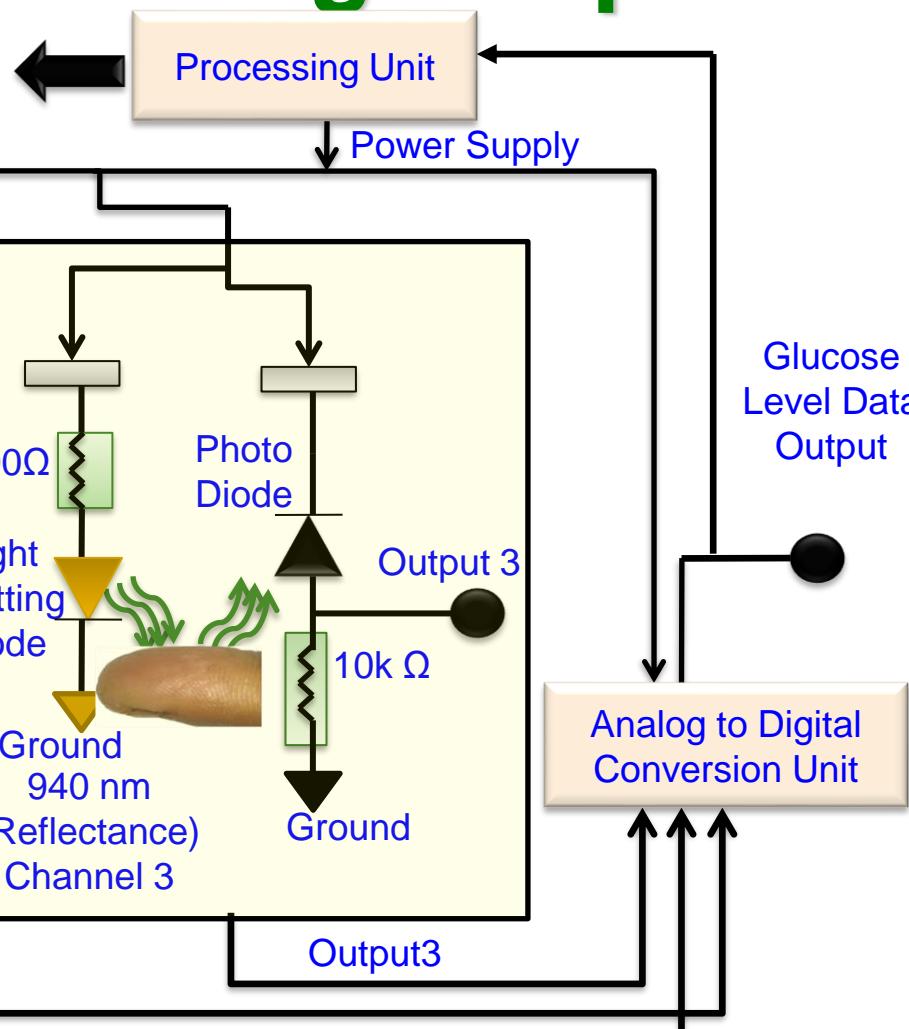
iGLU 2.0: Serum Glucose



Source A. M. Joshi, P. Jain, S. P. Mohanty, and N. Agrawal, "iGLU 2.0: A New Wearable for Accurate Non-Invasive Continuous Serum Glucose Measurement in IoMT Framework", *IEEE Transactions on Consumer Electronics (TCE)*, Vol. 66, No. 4, Nov 2020, pp. 327--335.

iGLU – Design Implementation

Data logging for model training, validation and testing



Clinically tested in an hospital.

Cost - US\$ 20
Accuracy - 100%

Source: A. M. Joshi, P. Jain, and S. P. Mohanty, A Device For Non-Invasive Blood and Serum Glucose-Level Monitoring and Control, India Patent Application Number: 202011027041, Filed on: 25 June 2020.

Elderly Fall Automatic Detection is Needed to Improve Quality of Life

- Elderly Fall: Approximately a third of elderly people 65 years or older fall each year.
- Fall Caused → Over 800,000 hospital admissions, 2.8 million injuries and 27,000 deaths have occurred in the last few years.

Source: L. Rachakonda, A. Sharma, S. P. Mohanty, and E. Kougianos, "Good-Eye: A Combined Computer-Vision and Physiological-Sensor based Device for Full-Proof Prediction and Detection of Fall of Adults", in *Proceedings of the 2nd IFIP International Internet of Things (IoT) Conference (IFIP-IoT)*, 2019, pp. 273--288.

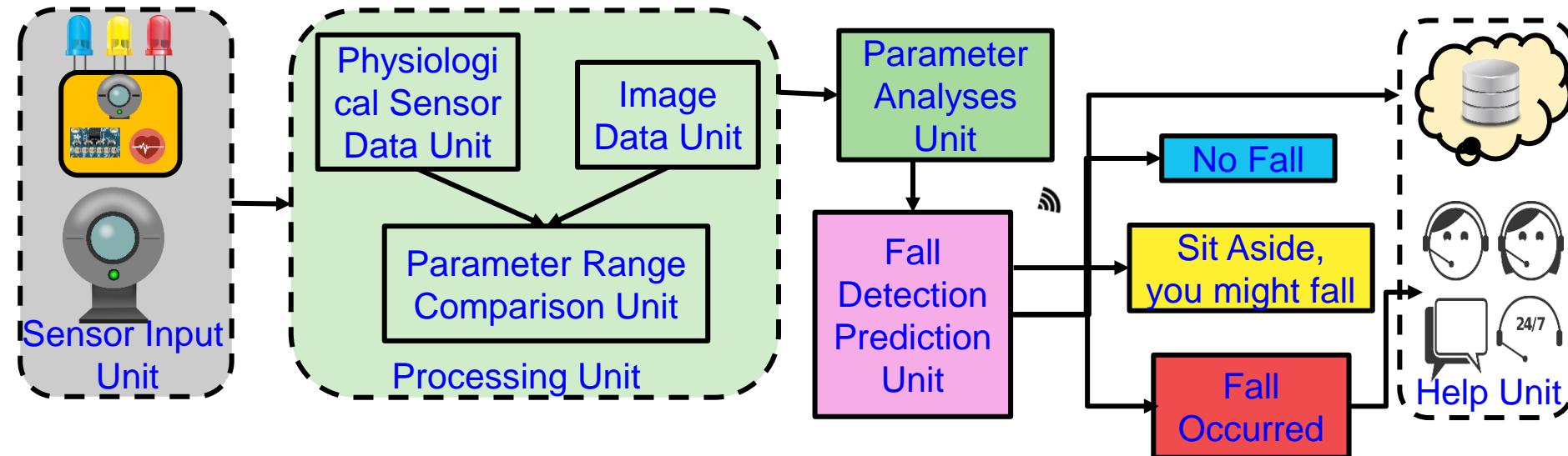
Consumer Electronics for Fall Detection

Wearables	Drawbacks
	Apple watch: uses only accelerometers, doesn't work on low thresholds like double carpet, bathroom, hardwood floors. The user must manually select the option SOS and as a reason it fails if the person is unconscious. Users may remain on the floor with no help for large hours.
	Philips Lifeline: Uses only accelerometers and barometric sensors for pressure changes. After the fall, the system waits for 30 sec and directly connects to help.
	Lively Mobile by greatcall and Sense4Care Angel4: Monitors fluctuations using only accelerometers.
	Bay Alarm Medical and Medical Guardian: Use only accelerometers. Have huge base stations limiting the usage and location access.

Issues of Existing Research

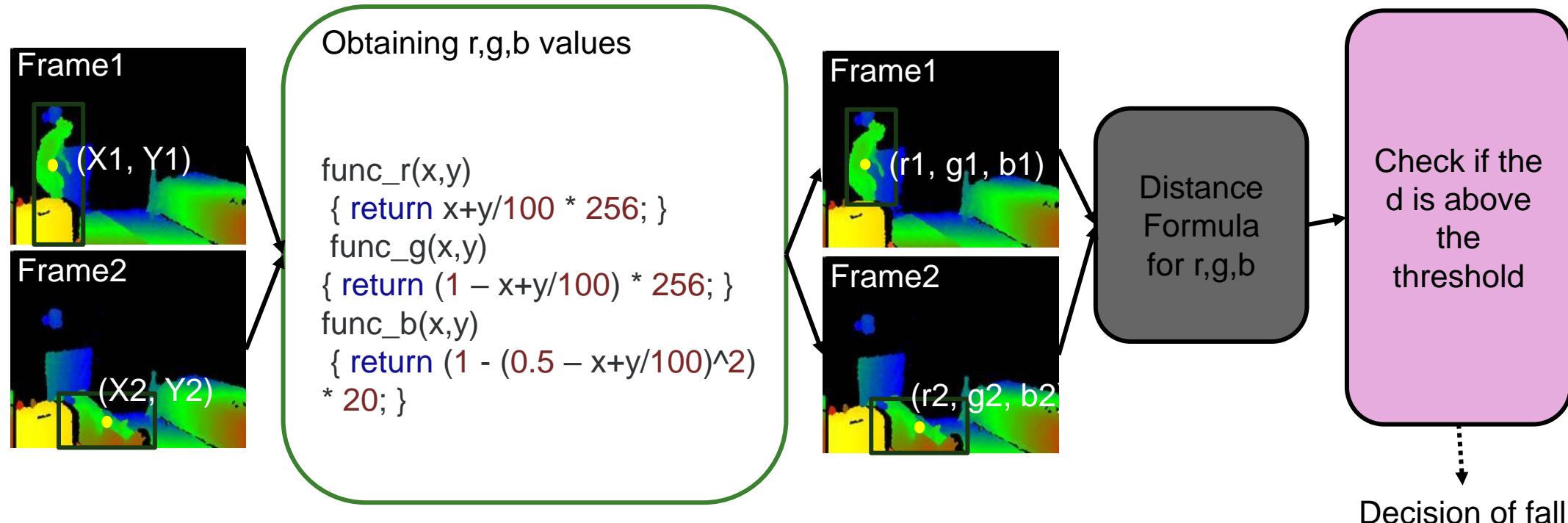
- Decisions of fall are dependent on the changes in accelerometer axes only.
- Some applications have user to give response after the fall and that can be time consuming as the user might not be conscious.
- Some applications are limited to a certain location and certain type of surroundings which add up the additional costs.
- Prediction of fall or warning the user that there might be an occurrence of fall is not provided by most of the applications.

Good-Eye: Our Multimodal Sensor System for Elderly Fall Prediction and Detection



Source: L. Rachakonda, A. Sharma, S. P. Mohanty, and E. Kougianos, "Good-Eye: A Combined Computer-Vision and Physiological-Sensor based Device for Full-Proof Prediction and Detection of Fall of Adults", in *Proceedings of the 2nd IFIP International Internet of Things (IoT) Conference (IFIP-IoT)*, 2019, pp. 273--288.

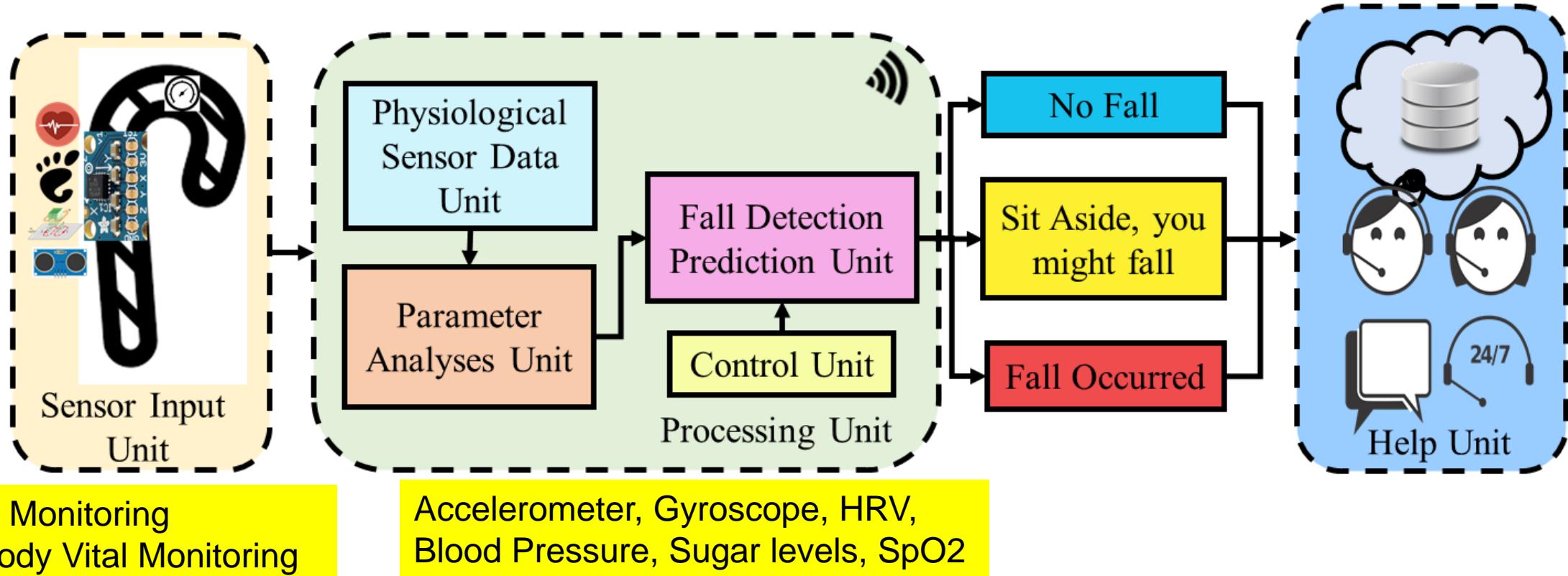
Good-Eye: Elderly Fall Detection



Good-Eye: Fall detection and prediction Accuracy - 95%.

Source: L. Rachakonda, A. Sharma, S. P. Mohanty, and E. Kougianos, "Good-Eye: A Combined Computer-Vision and Physiological-Sensor based Device for Full-Proof Prediction and Detection of Fall of Adults", in *Proceedings of the 2nd IFIP International Internet of Things (IoT) Conference (IFIP-IoT)*, 2019, pp. 273--288.

cStick: A Calm Stick for Fall Prediction, Detection and Control

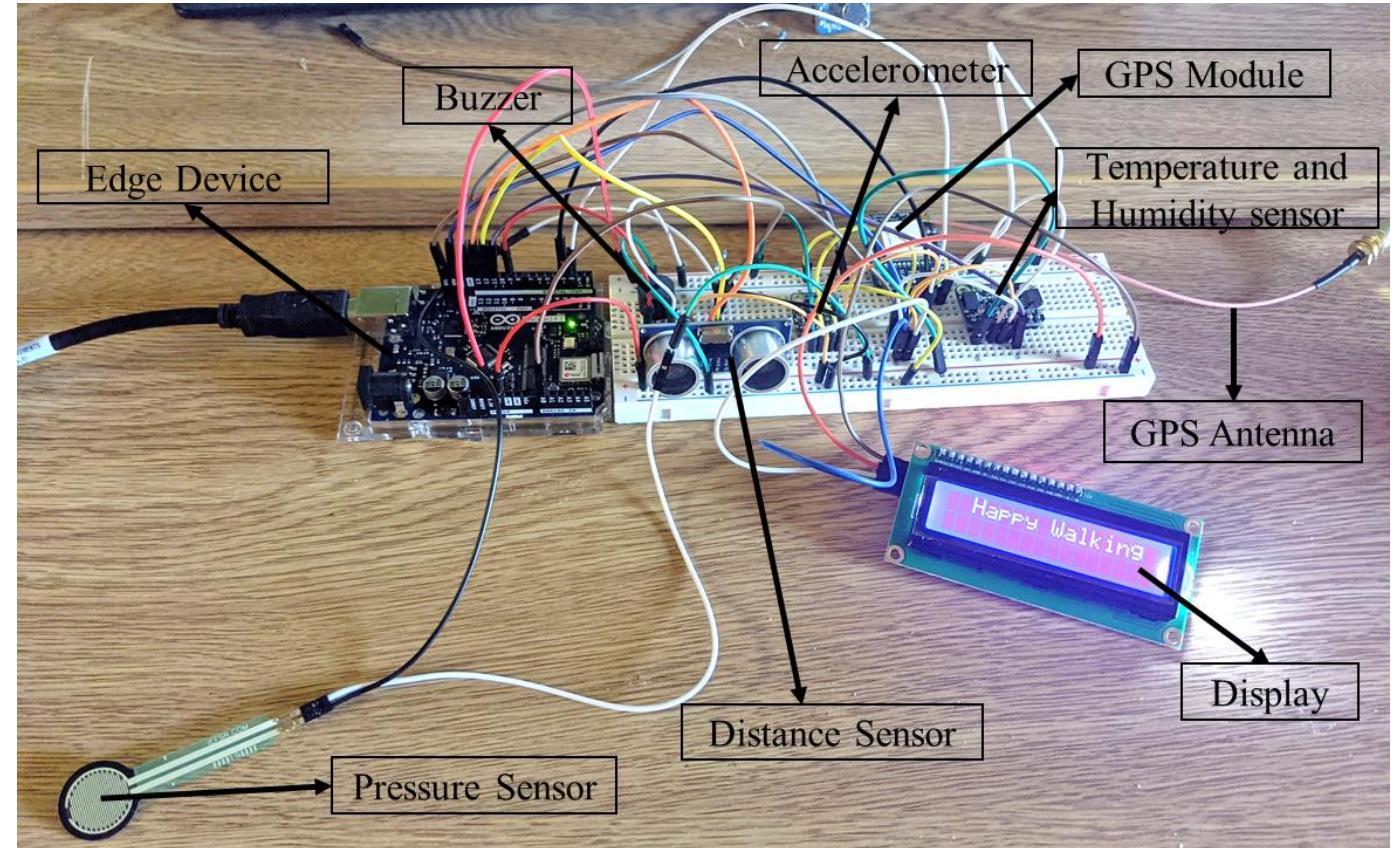


Source: L. Rachakonda, S. P. Mohanty, and E. Kougianos, "cStick: A Calm Stick for Fall Prediction, Detection and Control in the IoMT Framework", in *Proceedings of the 4th IFIP International Internet of Things (IoT) Conference (IFIP-IoT)*, 2021.

cStick - Prototyping

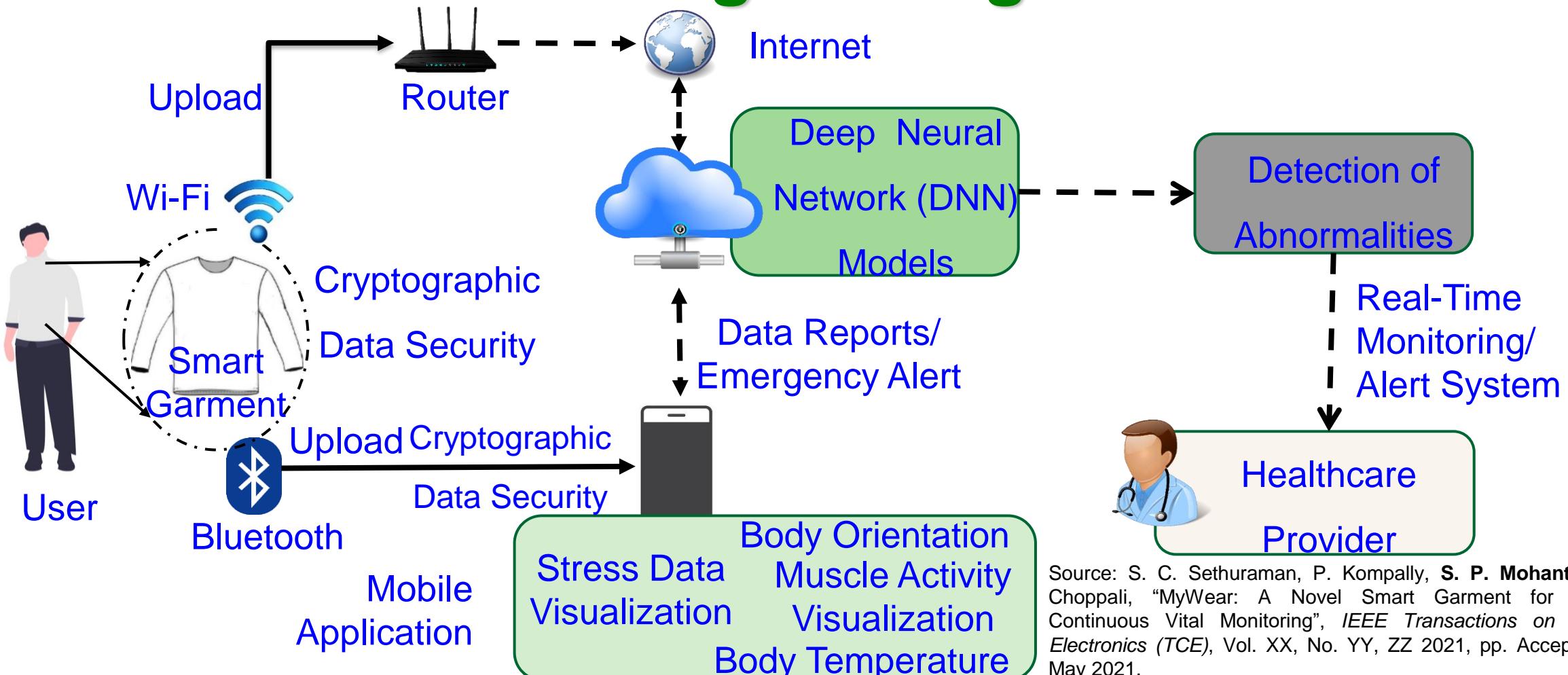
- For the IoMT-Edge computing, a controller has been chosen with real time sensor data from various sensors which monitor the required parameters.

cStick: Fall detection and prediction Accuracy – 96.7%.



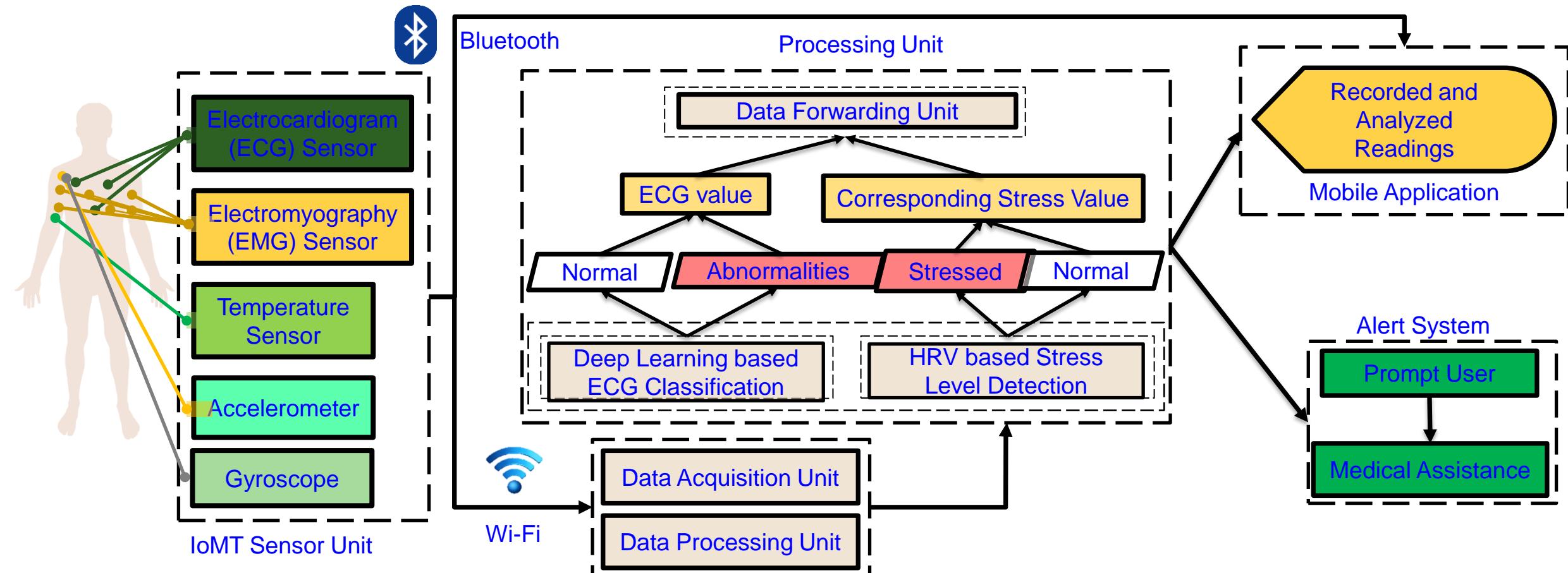
Source: L. Rachakonda, S. P. Mohanty, and E. Kougianos, "cStick: A Calm Stick for Fall Prediction, Detection and Control in the IoMT Framework", in *Proceedings of the 4th IFIP International Internet of Things (IoT) Conference (IFIP-IoT)*, 2021.

MyWear – A Smart Wear for Continuous Body Vital Monitoring – using ECG & EMG



Source: S. C. Sethuraman, P. Kompally, **S. P. Mohanty**, and U. Choppali, "MyWear: A Novel Smart Garment for Automatic Continuous Vital Monitoring", *IEEE Transactions on Consumer Electronics (TCE)*, Vol. XX, No. YY, ZZ 2021, pp. Accepted on 30 May 2021.

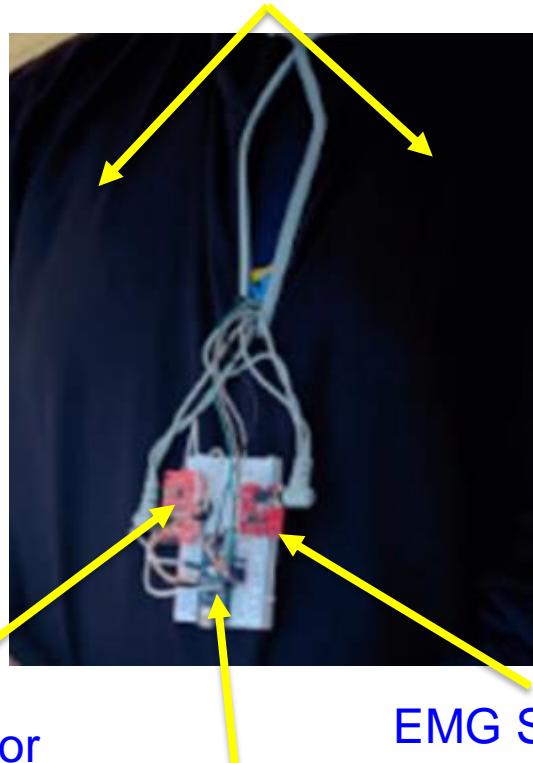
MyWear – A Smart Wear for Continuous Body Vital Monitoring – using ECG & EMG



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MyWear – A Smart Wear for Continuous Body Vital Monitoring – using ECG & EMG

Embedded Electrodes inside MyWear



MyWear Prototype Results:

- Heartbeat Classification - Accuracy - 97%
- Myocardial Infarction (Heart Attack) - Accuracy - 98%
- Stress Level Detection - Accuracy - 97%
- Muscle Activity Detection - Accuracy - 96%
- Fall Detection - Accuracy - 98.5%



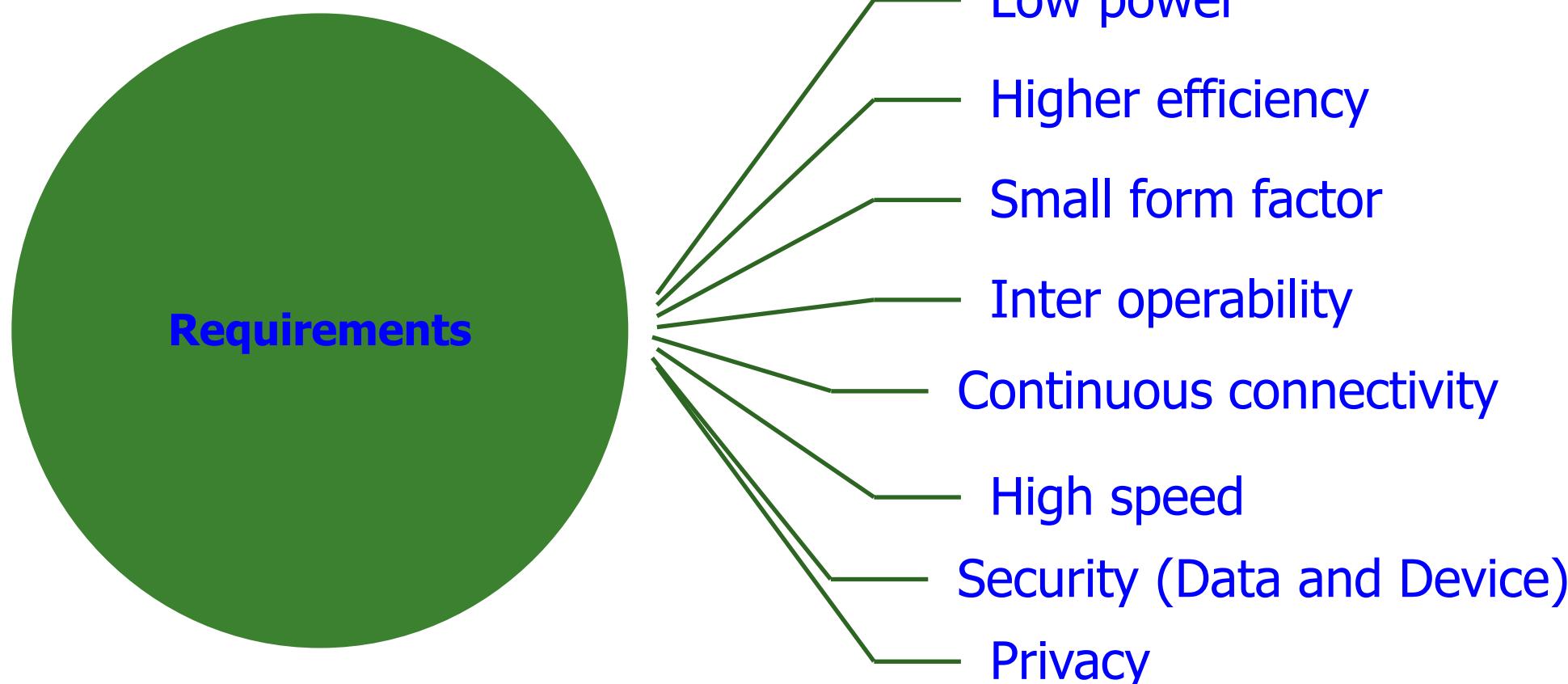
Source: S. C. Sethuraman, P. Kompally, **S. P. Mohanty**, and U. Choppali, "MyWear: A Novel Smart Garment for Automatic Continuous Vital Monitoring", *IEEE Transactions on Consumer Electronics (TCE)*, Vol. XX, No. YY, ZZ 2021, pp. Accepted on 30 May 2021.

Smart Healthcare – Some Challenges

Internet-of-Medical-Things (IoMT) -- Prof./Dr. Saraju P. Mohanty



Smart Healthcare Architecture – Requirements



Smart Healthcare – Data Quality

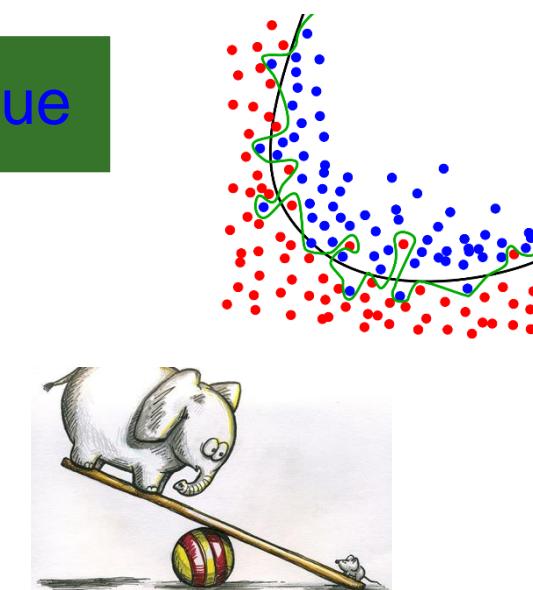


Source: H. Zhu, C. K. Wu, C. H. KOO, Y. T. Tsang, Y.Liu, H. R. Chi, and K. F. Tsang, "Smart Healthcare in the Era of Internet-of-Things", *IEEE Consumer Electronics Magazine*, vol. 8, no. 5, pp. 26-30, Sep 2019.

Machine Learning Challenges



Source: Mohanty ISCT Keynote 2019



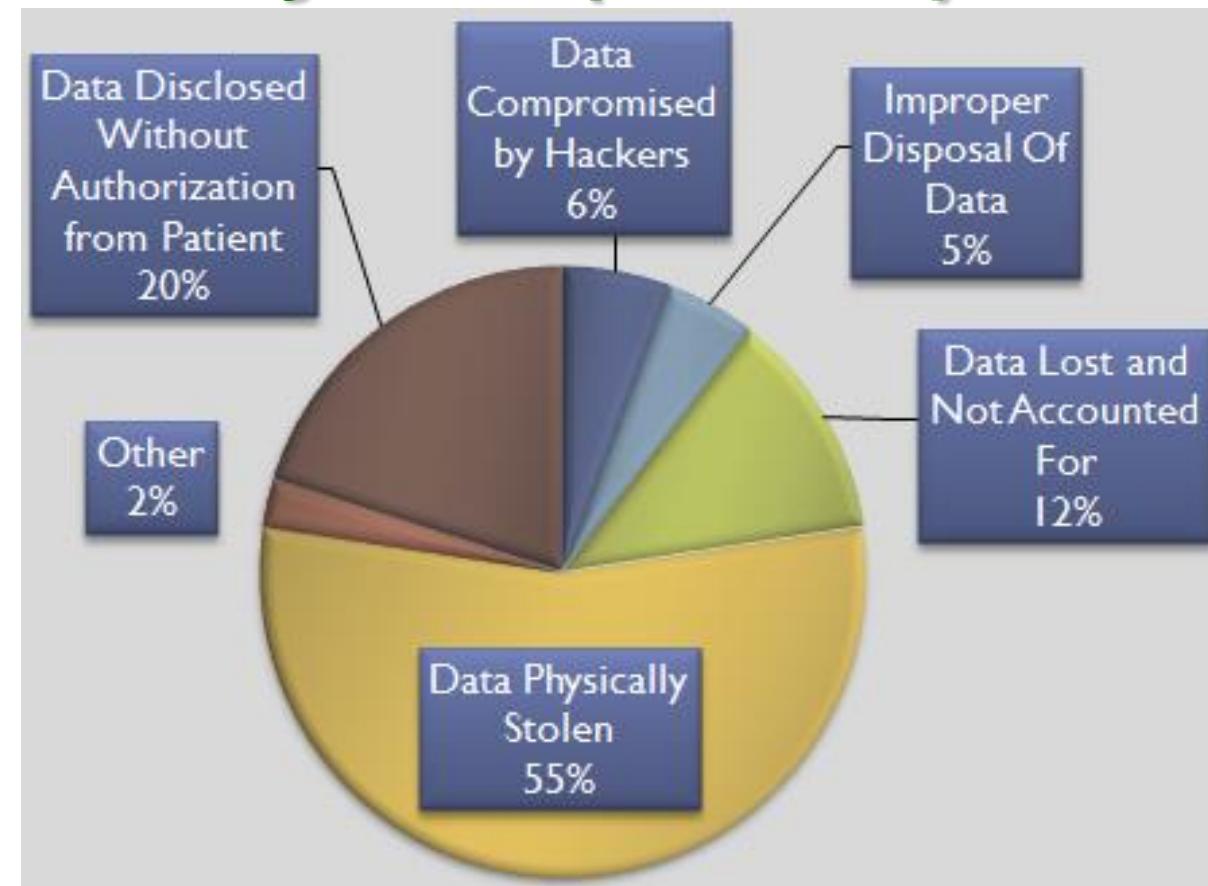
Smart Healthcare - Security Challenges

Selected Smart Healthcare
Security/Privacy Challenges

- Data Eavesdropping
- Data Confidentiality
- Data Privacy
- Location Privacy
- Identity Threats
- Access Control
- Unique Identification
- Data Integrity
- Device Security

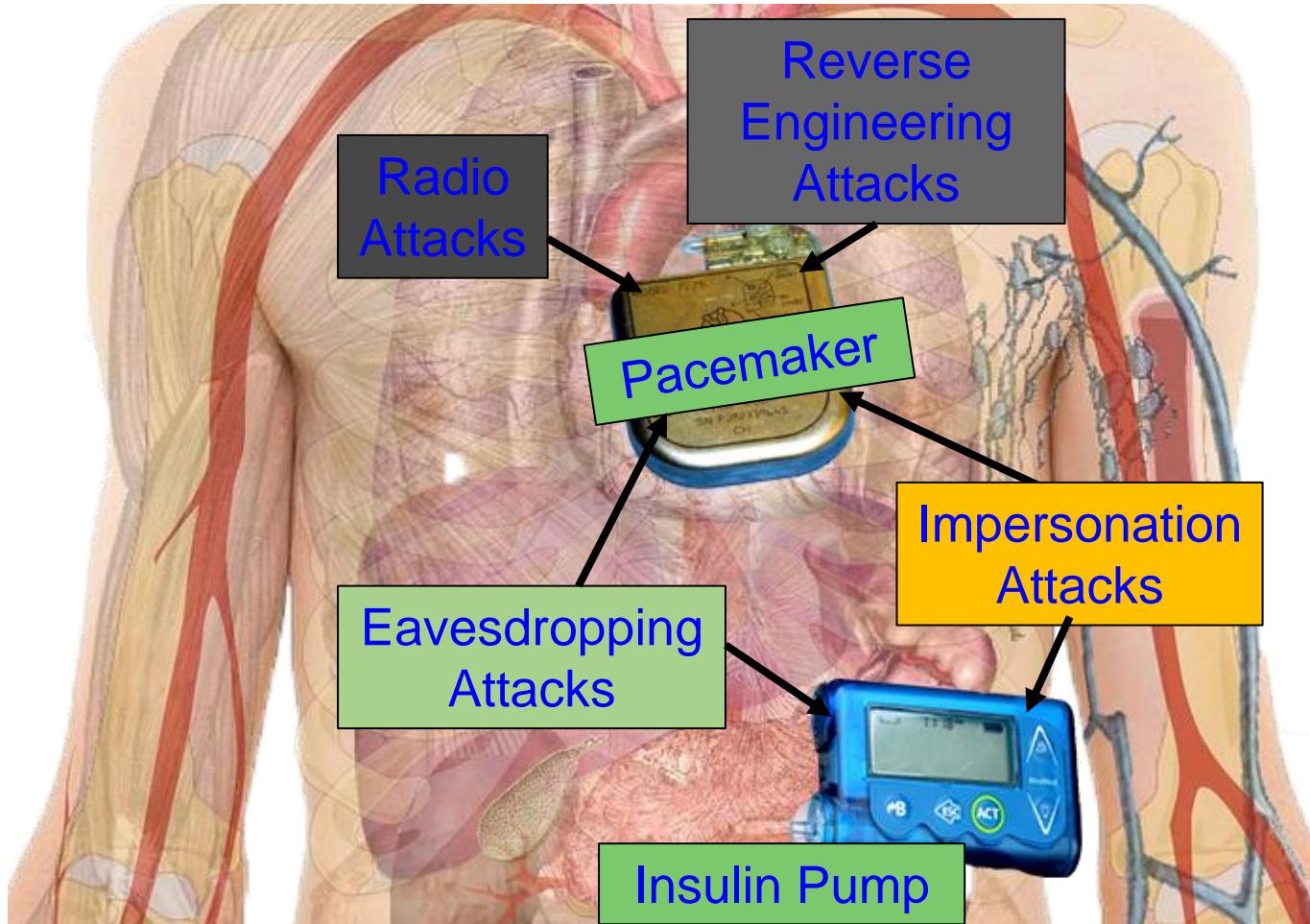
Source: P. Sundaravadiel, E. Kougianos, S. P. Mohanty, and M. Ganapathiraju, "Everything You Wanted to Know about Smart Health Care", *IEEE Consumer Electronics Magazine (CEM)*, Volume 7, Issue 1, January 2018, pp. 18-28.

Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPPA)



HIPPA Privacy Violation by Types

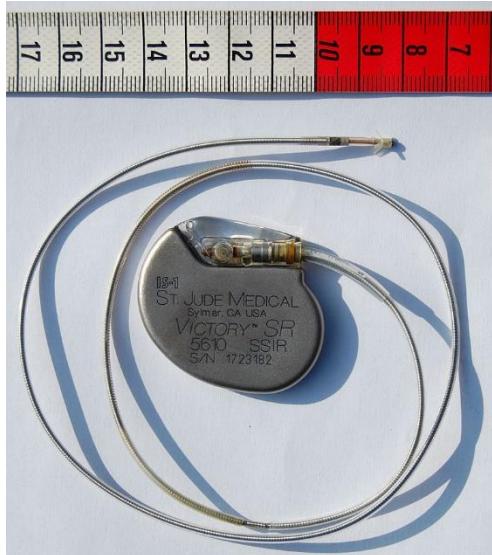
Cybersecurity Measures in Healthcare Cyber-Physical Systems is Hard



Collectively (WMD+IMD):
Implantable and Wearable
Medical Devices (IWMDs)

Implantable and Wearable Medical
Devices (IWMDs):
→ Longer Battery life
→ Safer device
→ Smaller size
→ Smaller weight
→ Not much computational capability

IoMT Security Measures is Hard – Energy Constrained



Pacemaker
Battery Life
- 10 years



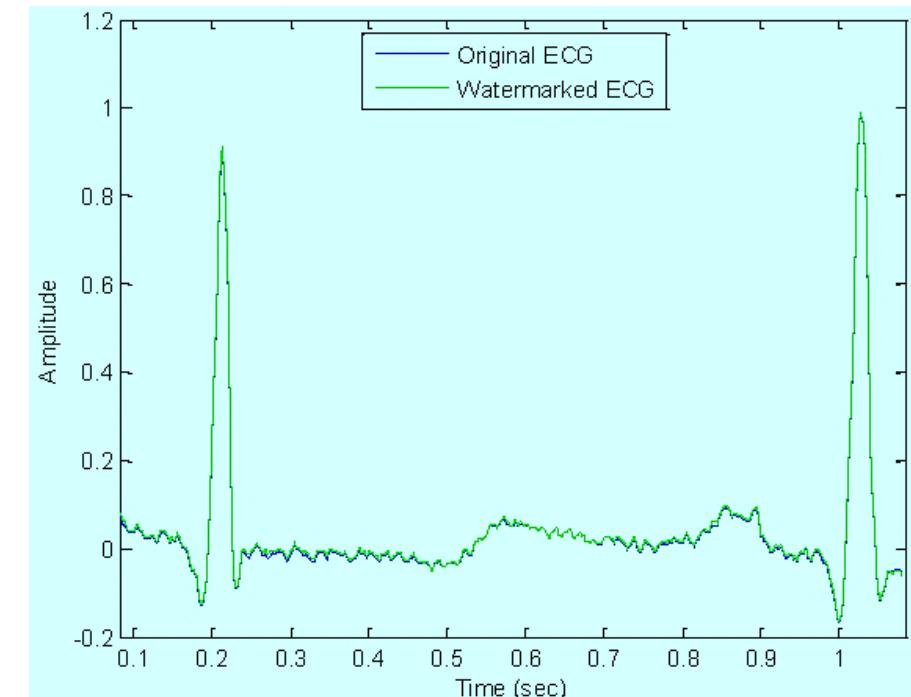
Neurostimulator
Battery Life
- 8 years

- Implantable Medical Devices (IMDs) have integrated battery to provide energy to all their functions → Limited Battery Life depending on functions
- Higher battery/energy usage → Lower IMD lifetime
- Battery/IMD replacement → Needs surgical risky procedures

Source: Carmen Camara, PedroPeris-Lopez, and Juan E.Tapiadora, "Security and privacy issues in implantable medical devices: A comprehensive survey", *Elsevier Journal of Biomedical Informatics*, Volume 55, June 2015, Pages 272-289.

Smart Healthcare Security – Medical Signal Authentication

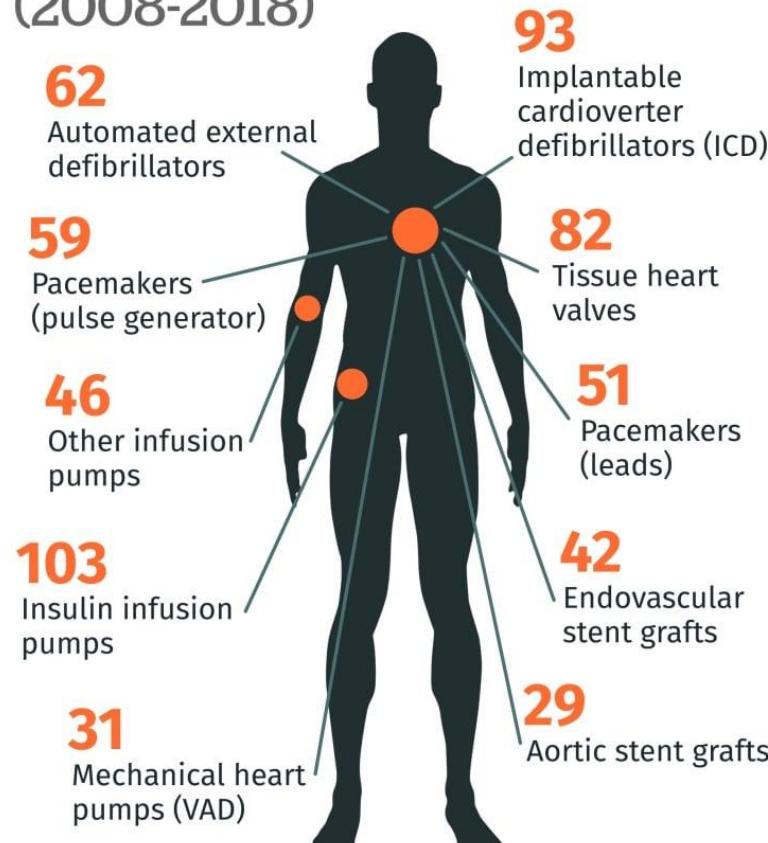
- Physiological signals like the electrocardiogram (EKG) are obtained from patients, transmitted to the cloud, and can also stored in a cloud repository.
- With increasing adoption of electronic medical records and cloud-based software-as-service (SaaS), advanced security measures are necessary.
- Protection from unauthorized access to Protected Health Information (PHI) also protects from identity theft schemes.
- From an economic stand-point, it is important to safeguard the healthcare and insurance system from fraudulent claims.



Source: Tseng 2014, Tseng Sensors Feb 2014

Smart Healthcare - Safety

10 devices tied to the most reports involving death
(2008-2018)



CBC NEWS

Source: Health Canada & ICIJ

Source <https://planet-report.com/canadian-advocates-call-for-all-medical-implants-to-be-registered-cbc-news/>

CENTRAL ILLUSTRATION: Cardiac-Implantable Electronic Devices: Technical and Safety Considerations

FACTORS INFLUENCING SAFETY

- MR magnet:**
 - Magnet strength
 - Radiofrequency power
 - Magnet position
- Cardiac implantable device:**
 - Ferromagnetic material
 - Presence of reed switch
 - Device programming
- Leads:**
 - Ferromagnetic material
 - Lead stability
- Patient:**
 - Patient position
 - Patient size

SMALL POTENTIAL RISKS

- Heating effects:**
 - Tissue injury (Mainly theoretical)

Strategy to minimize risk: Lead designed to limit current induction
- Mechanical effects:**
 - Device movement (Mainly theoretical)

Strategy to minimize risk: Limitation of ferromagnetic materials
- Electromagnetic effects:**
 - Altered sensing/capture
 - Inhibited therapies
 - Inappropriate therapies

(No significant adverse patient outcomes)

Strategy to minimize risk: Lead designed to limit current induction, replacement of reed switch with Hall sensor, temporary device reprogramming

Indication to scan: If the benefits outweigh the very small potential risks, MRI is acceptable

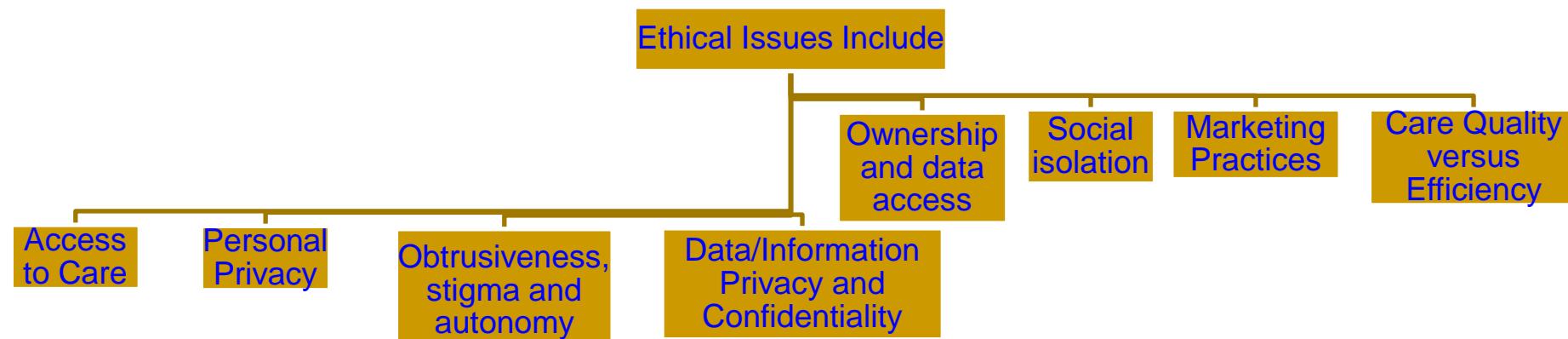
Miller, J.D. et al. J Am Coll Cardiol. 2016;68(14):1590-8.

Source: J. D. Miller, S. Nazarian, H. R. Halperin, "Implantable Electronic Cardiac Devices and Compatibility With Magnetic Resonance Imaging", J Am Coll Cardiol. 2016 Oct, 68 (14), pp. 1590-1598.

Smart Healthcare - Ethics



Source: <https://online.alvernia.edu/articles/ethical-issues-in-healthcare/>



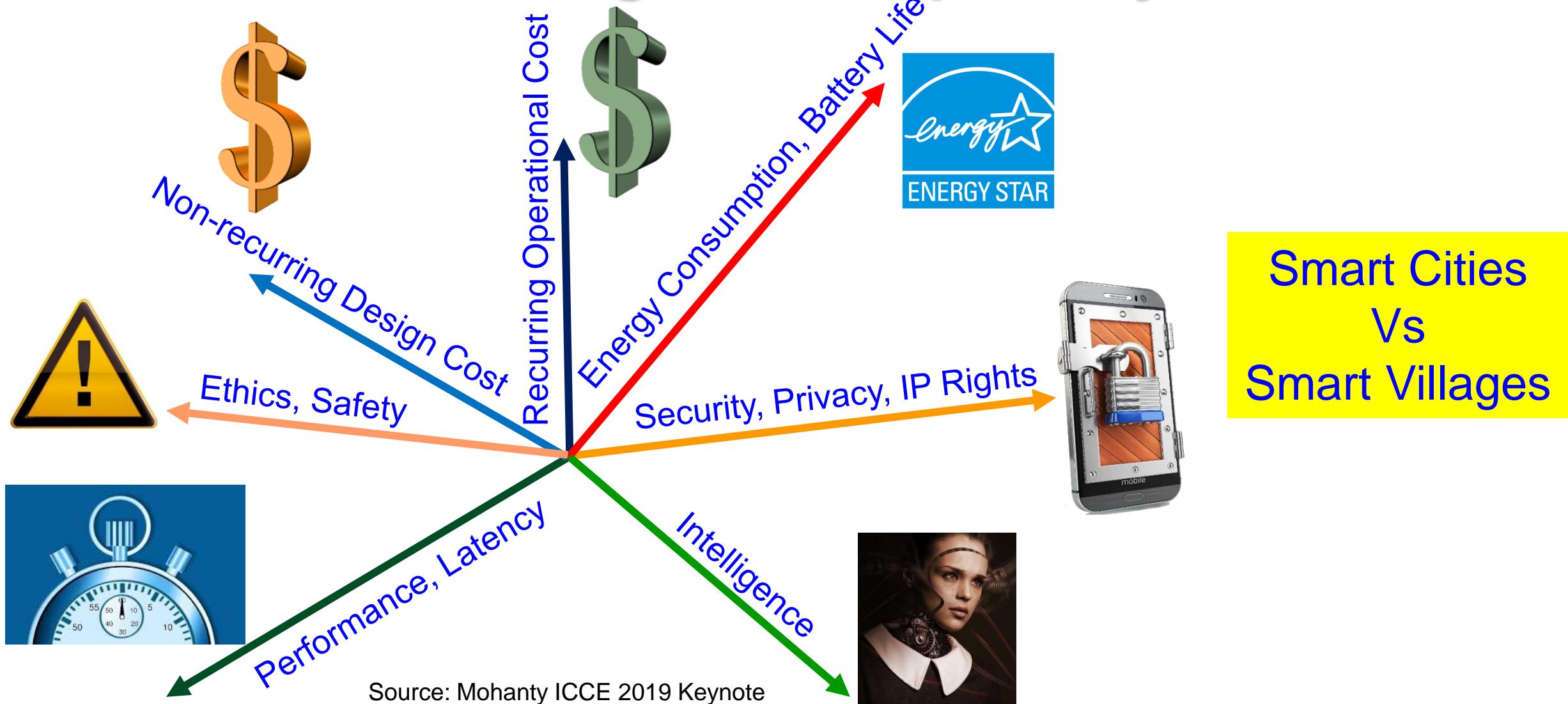
Source: B. Mittelstadt, "Ethics of the health-related internet of things: a narrative review", *Ethics Inf Technol* 19, 157–175 (2017), DOI: <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10676-017-9426-4>.

Smart Healthcare – Some Solutions

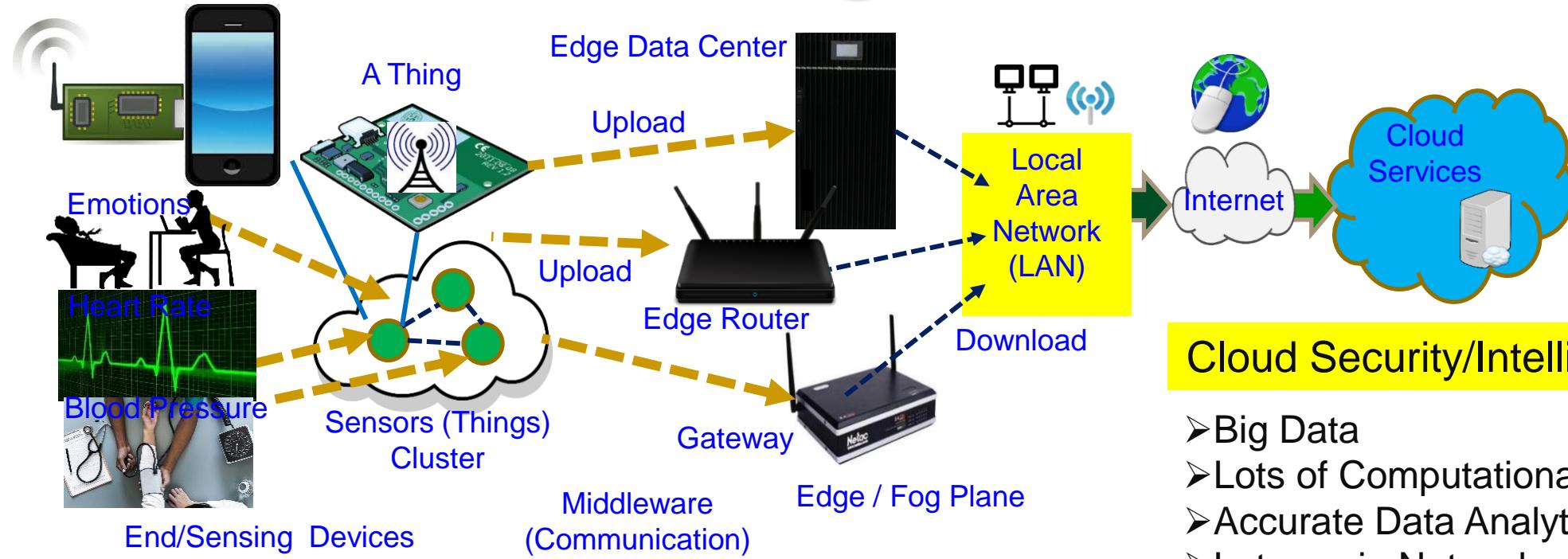
Internet-of-Medical-Things (IoMT) -- Prof./Dr. Saraju P. Mohanty



IoT/CPS Design – Multiple Objectives



CPS – IoT-Edge Vs IoT-Cloud



End Security/Intelligence

- Minimal Data
- Minimal Computational Resource
- Least Accurate Data Analytics
- Very Rapid Response

Edge Security/Intelligence

- Less Data
- Less Computational Resource
- Less Accurate Data Analytics
- Rapid Response

TinyML at End and/or Edge is key for smart villages.

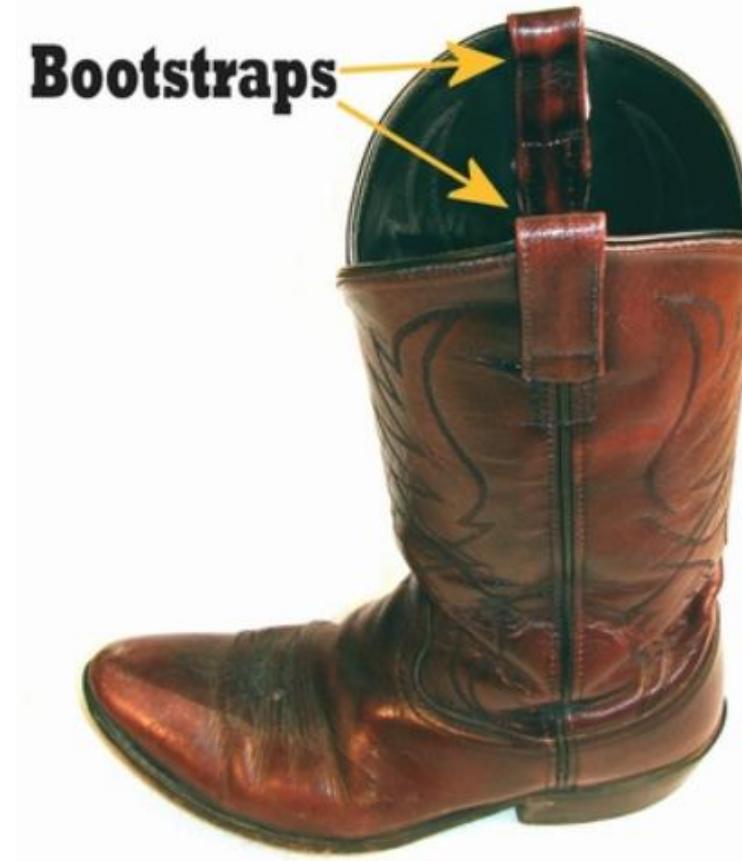
Cloud Security/Intelligence

- Big Data
- Lots of Computational Resource
- Accurate Data Analytics
- Latency in Network
- Energy Overhead in Communications

Heavy-Duty ML is more suitable for smart cities

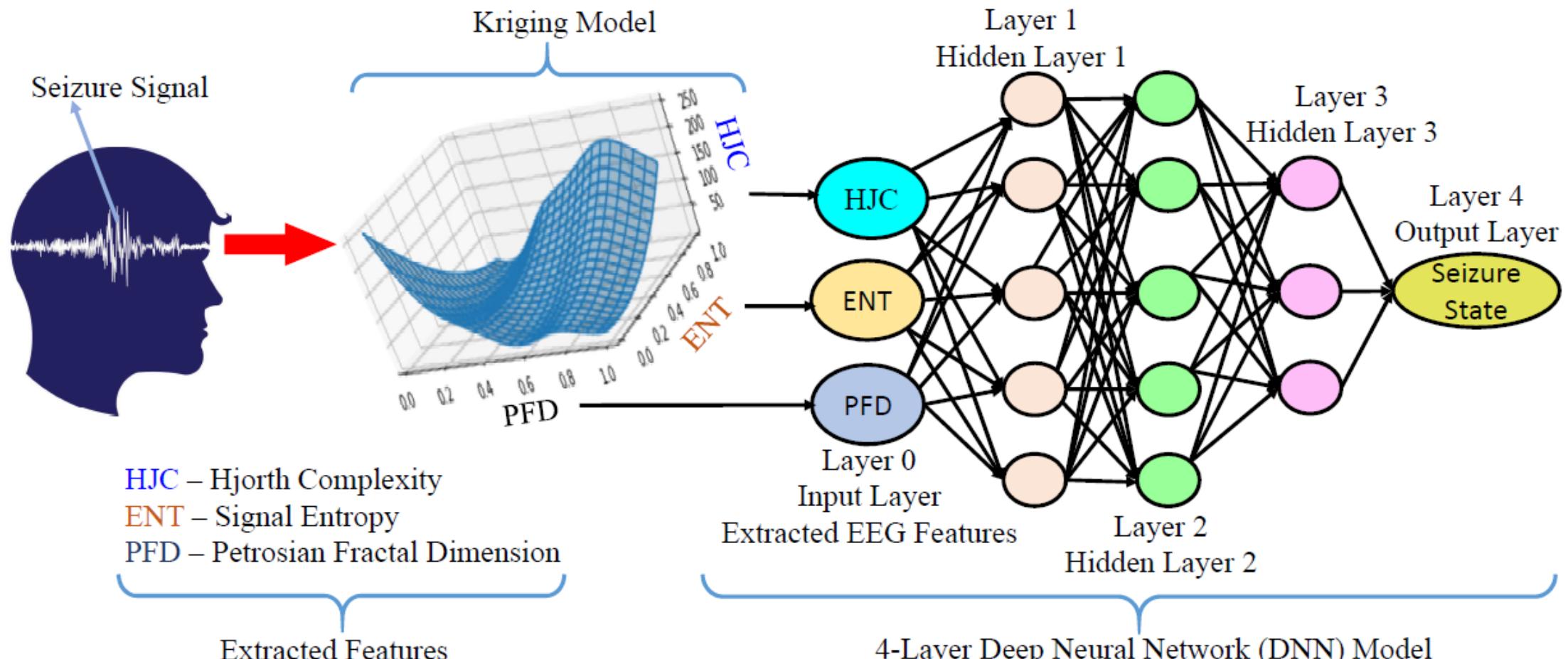
Hierarchical ML to Reduce Training Time - Bootstrapping

- A Bootstrap helps in pulling on a boot.
- It means solving a problem without external resources



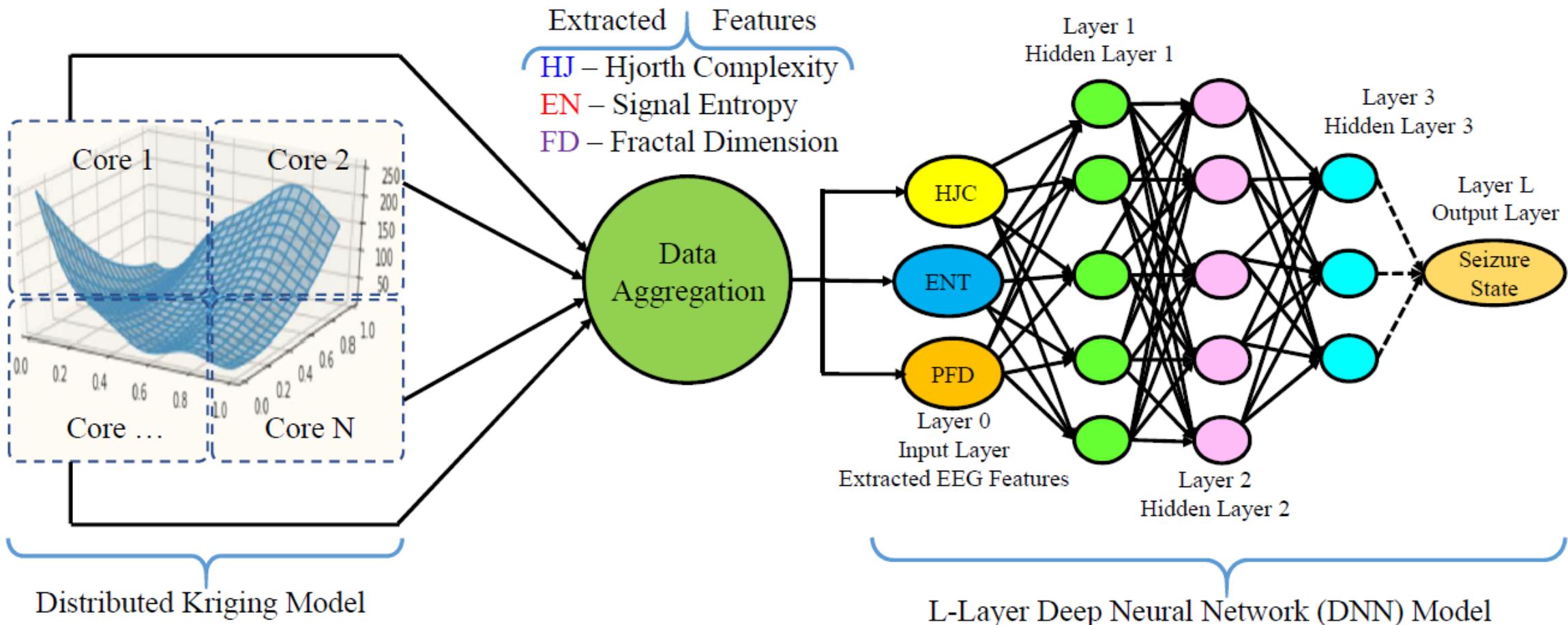
Source: <http://www.lemen.com/dictionary-b.html#bootstrap>

Our Kriging-Bootstrapped DNN Model



Source: I. L. Olokodana, S. P. Mohanty, and E. Kougiannos, "Kriging-Bootstrapped DNN Hierarchical Model for Real-Time Seizure Detection from EEG Signals", in *Proceedings of the 6th IEEE World Forum on Internet of Things (WF-IoT)*, 2020

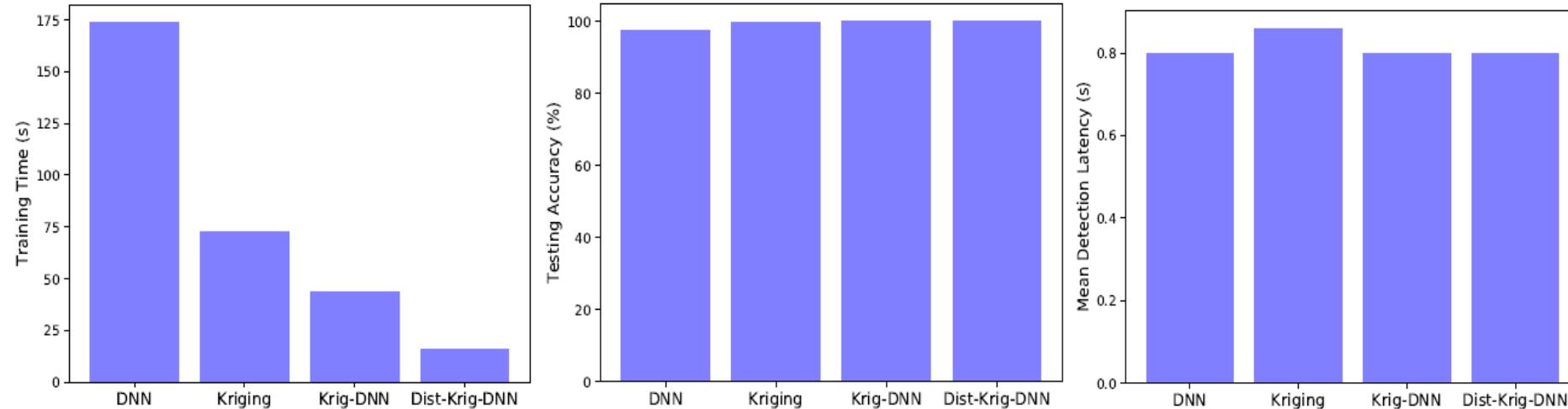
Our Distributed Kriging-Bootstrapped DNN Model



Source: I. L. Olokodana, S. P. Mohanty, and E. Koulianou, "Distributed Kriging-Bootstrapped DNN Model for Fast, Accurate Seizure Detection from EEG Signals", *Proceedings of the 19th IEEE Computer Society Annual Symposium on VLSI (ISVLSI)*, 2020.

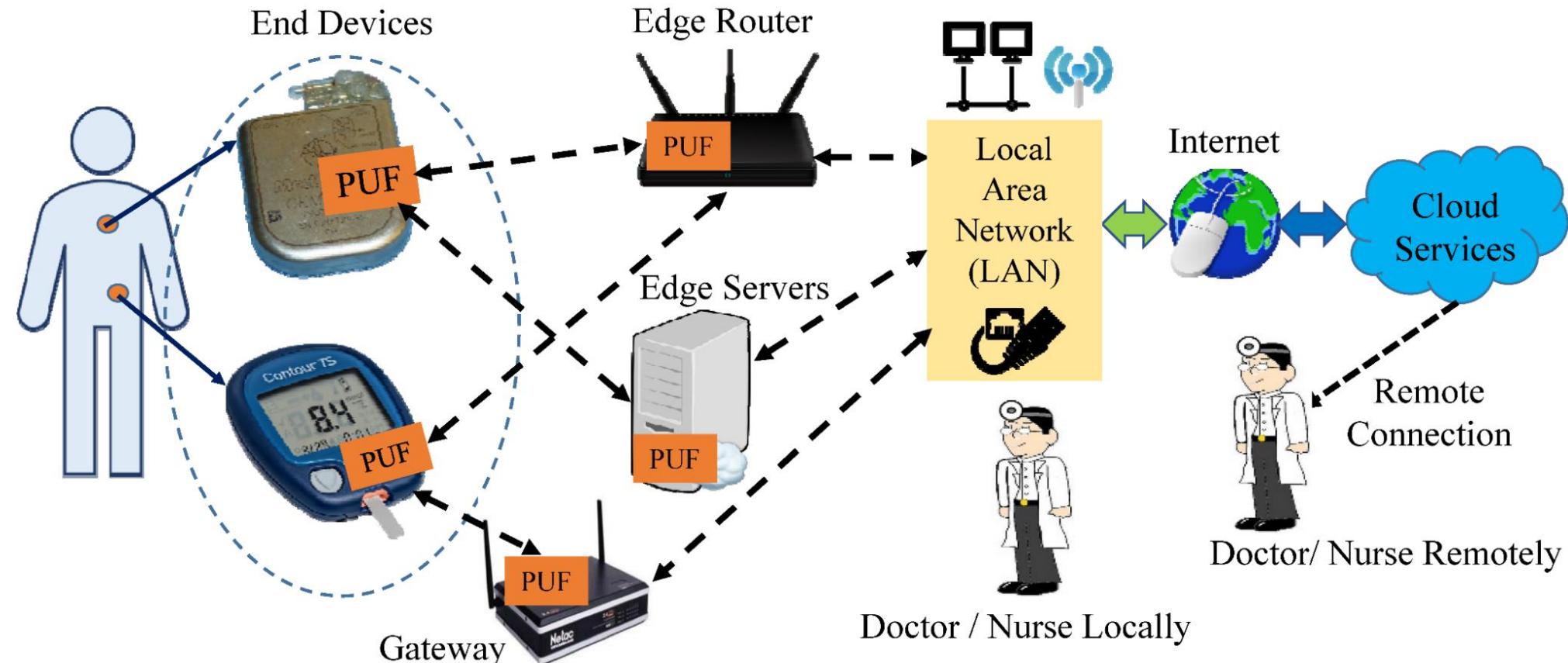
Experimental Results: Dataset A

Models	Detection Latency
DNN	0.80s
Ordinary Kriging	0.86s
Krig-DNN	0.80s
Dist-Krig-DNN	0.80s



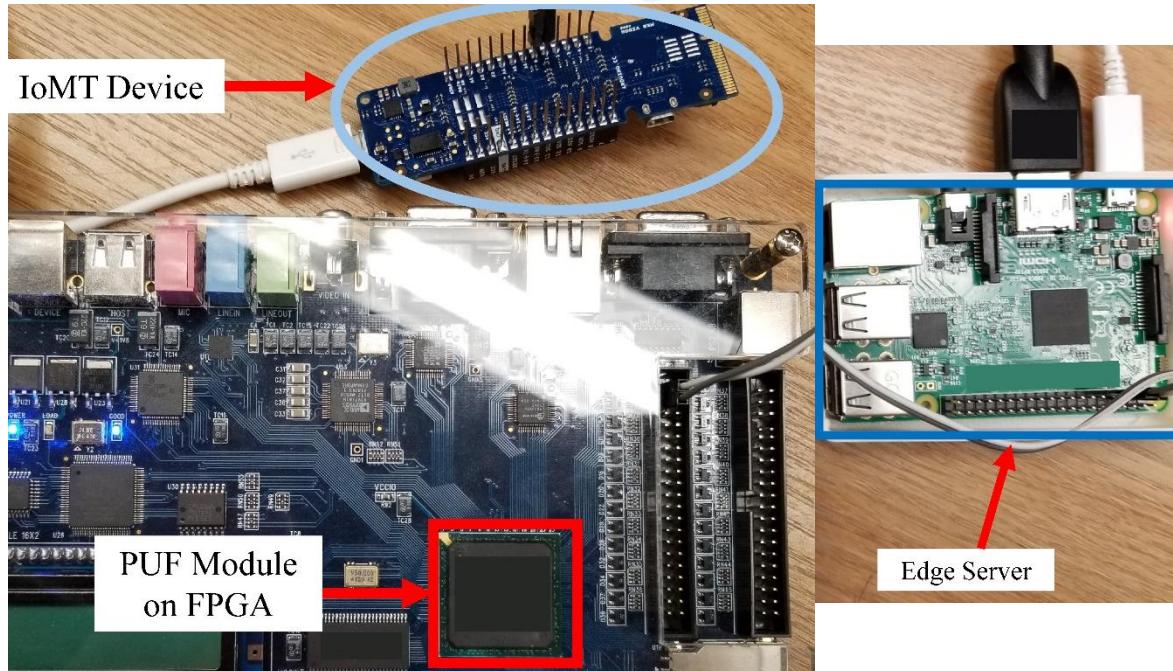
Source: I. L. Olokodana, S. P. Mohanty, and E. Kougianos, "Distributed Kriging-Bootstrapped DNN Model for Fast, Accurate Seizure Detection from EEG Signals", *Proceedings of the 19th IEEE Computer Society Annual Symposium on VLSI (ISVLSI)*, 2020.

Our Secure by Design Approach for Robust Security in Healthcare CPS



Source: V. P. Yanambaka, S. P. Mohanty, E. Kougianos, and D. Puthal, "PMsec: Physical Unclonable Function-Based Robust and Lightweight Authentication in the Internet of Medical Things", *IEEE Transactions on Consumer Electronics (TCE)*, Volume 65, Issue 3, August 2019, pp. 388--397.

IoMT Security – Our Proposed PMsec

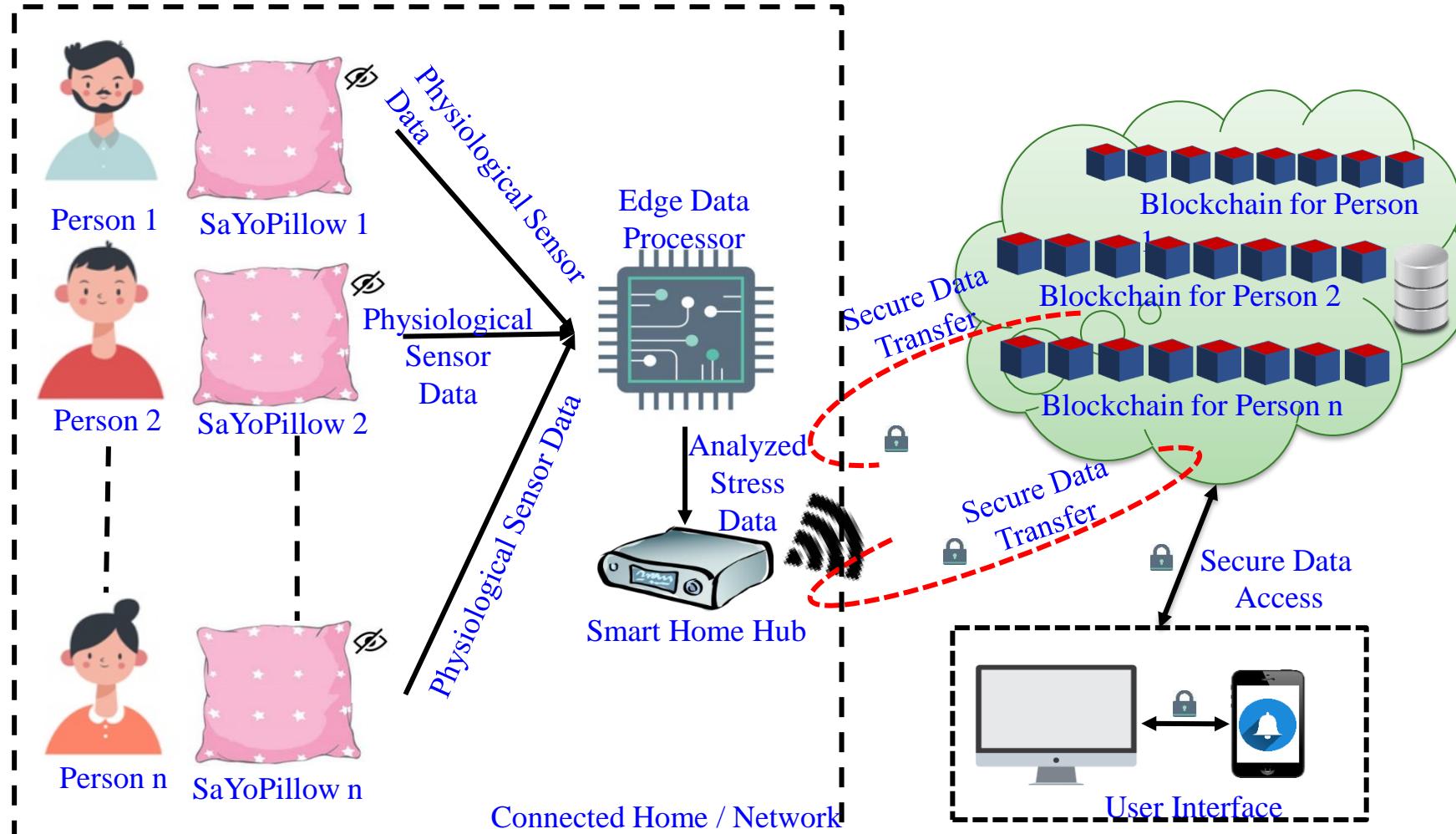


Average Power Overhead –
~ 200 μW or 0.2 mW

Proposed Approach Characteristics	Value (in a FPGA / Raspberry Pi Platform)
Time to Generate the Key at Server	800 ms
Time to Generate the Key at IoMT Device	800 ms
Time to Authenticate the Device	1.2 sec - 1.5 sec

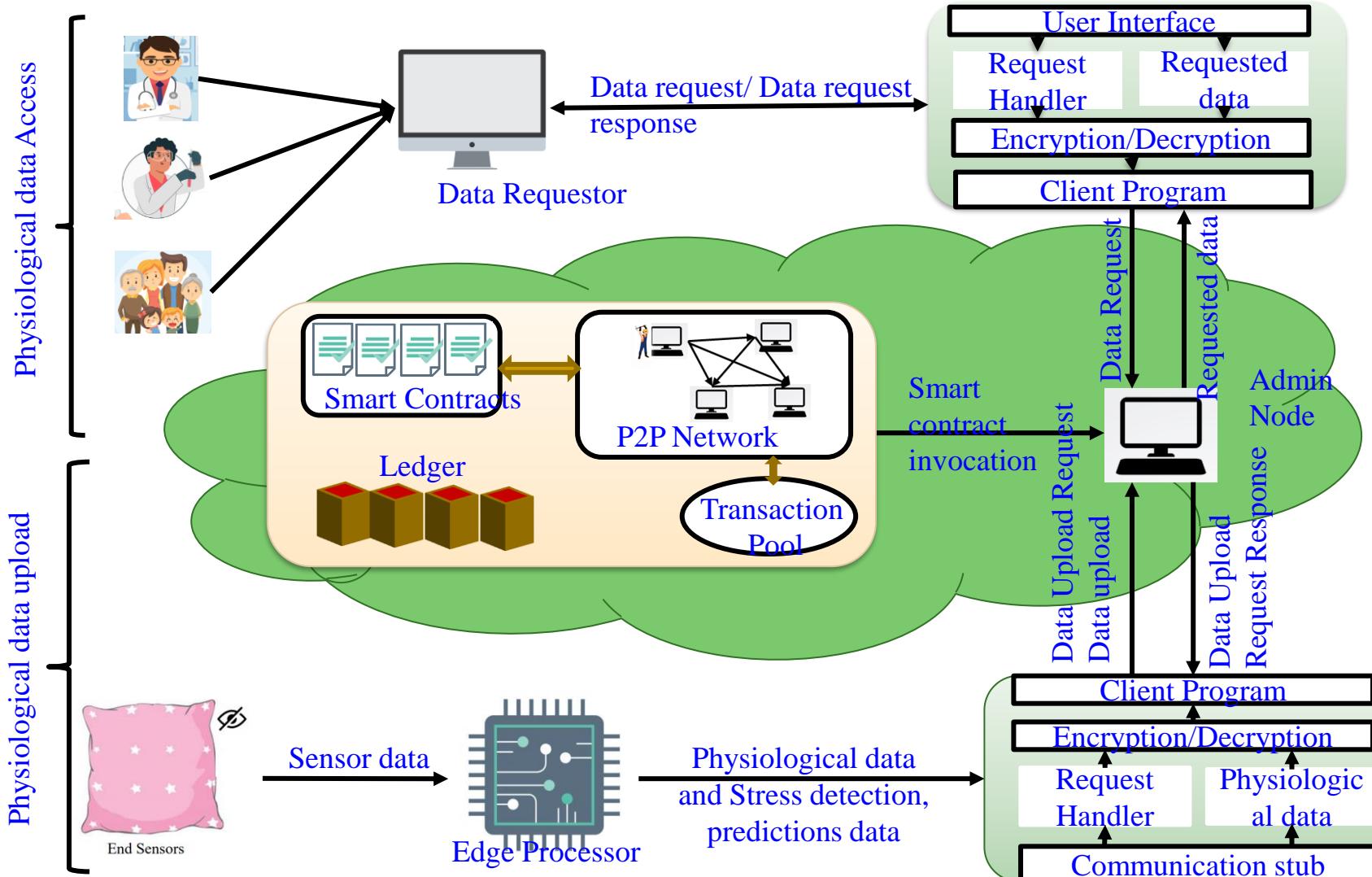
Source: V. P. Yanambaka, S. P. Mohanty, E. Kougianos, and D. Puthal, "PMsec: Physical Unclonable Function-Based Robust and Lightweight Authentication in the Internet of Medical Things", *IEEE Transactions on Consumer Electronics (TCE)*, Volume 65, Issue 3, August 2019, pp. 388--397.

Our Smart-Yoga Pillow (SaYoPillow)



Source: L. Rachakonda, A. K. Bapatla, S. P. Mohanty, and E. Kouglanos, "SaYoPillow: Blockchain-Integrated Privacy-Assured IoMT Framework for Stress Management Considering Sleeping Habits", *IEEE Transactions on Consumer Electronics (TCE)*, Vol. 67, No. 1, Feb 2021, pp. 20-29.

SaYoPillow: Blockchain Details



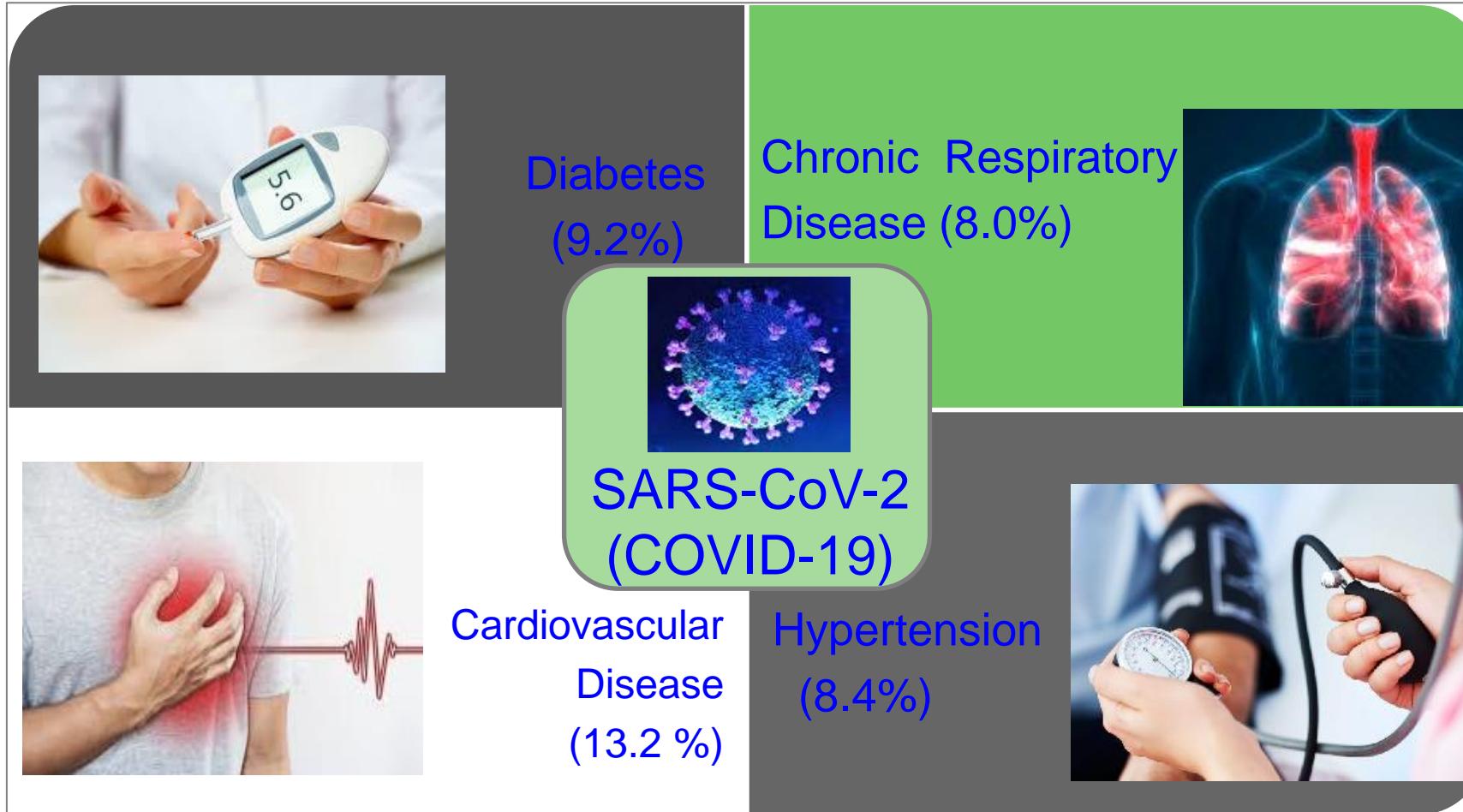
Source: L. Rachakonda, A. K. Bapatla, S. P. Mohanty, and E. Kougiannos, "SaYoPillow: Blockchain-Integrated Privacy-Assured IoMT Framework for Stress Management Considering Sleeping Habits", *IEEE Transactions on Consumer Electronics (TCE)*, Vol. 67, No. 1, Feb 2021, pp. 20-29.

Smart Healthcare – COVID-19 Perspectives

Internet-of-Medical-Things (IoMT) -- Prof./Dr. Saraju P. Mohanty

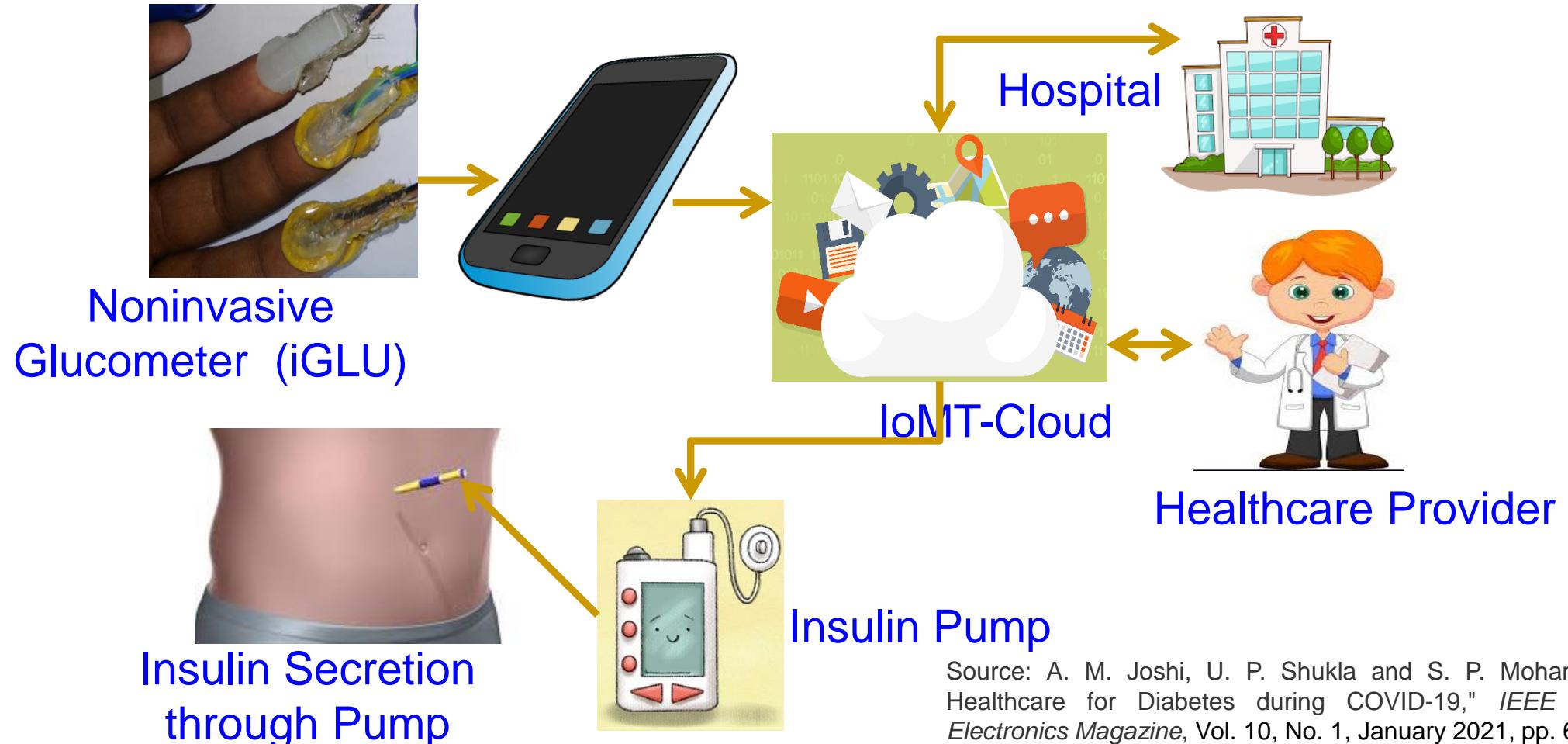


Comorbidities with Pre-existing medical conditions for COVID-19

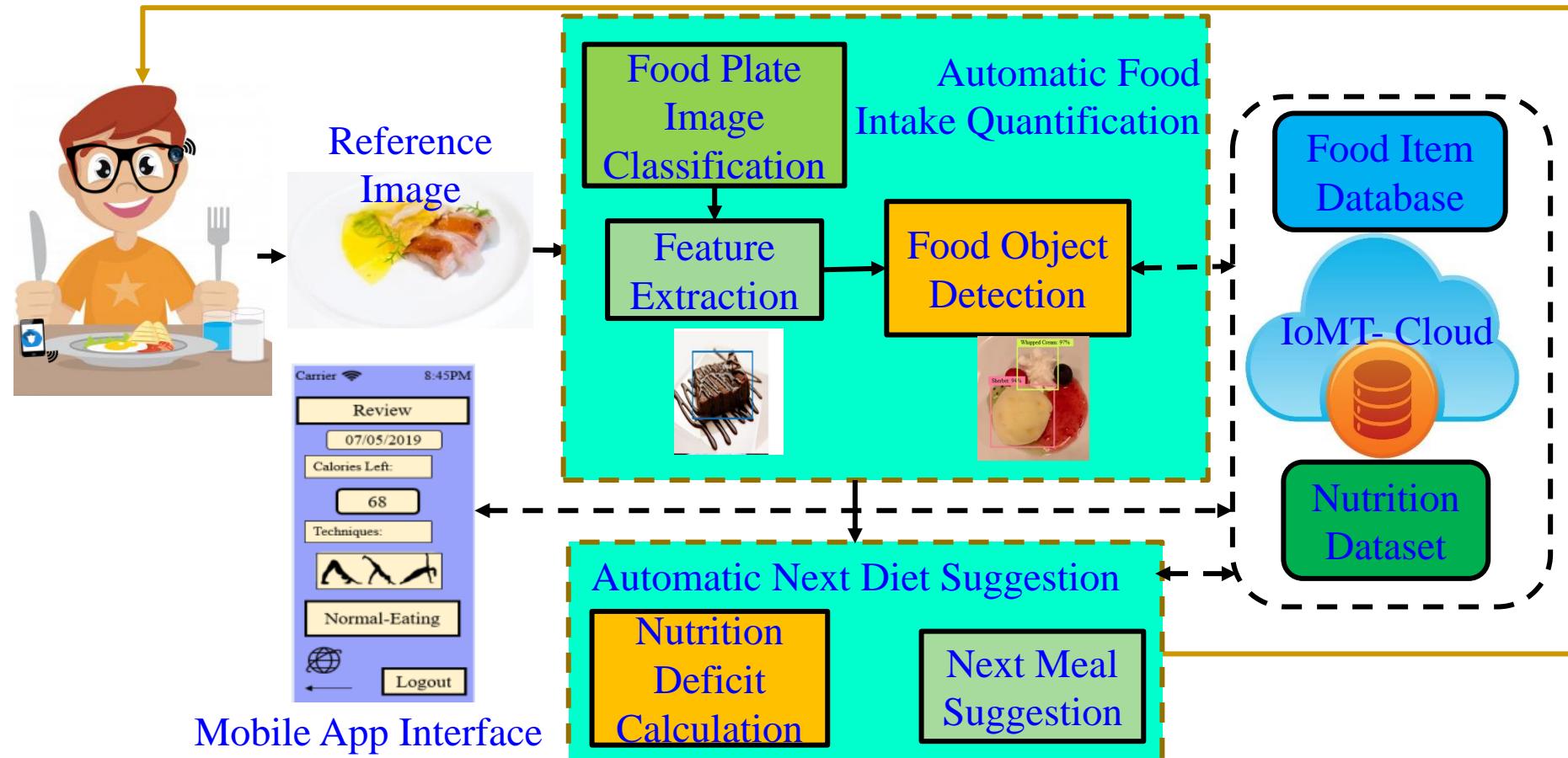


Source: A. M. Joshi, U. P. Shukla and S. P. Mohanty, "Smart Healthcare for Diabetes during COVID-19," *IEEE Consumer Electronics Magazine*, Vol. 10, No. 1, January 2021, pp. 66-71.

iGLU - Our Intelligent Non-Invasive Glucose Monitoring with Insulin Control Device

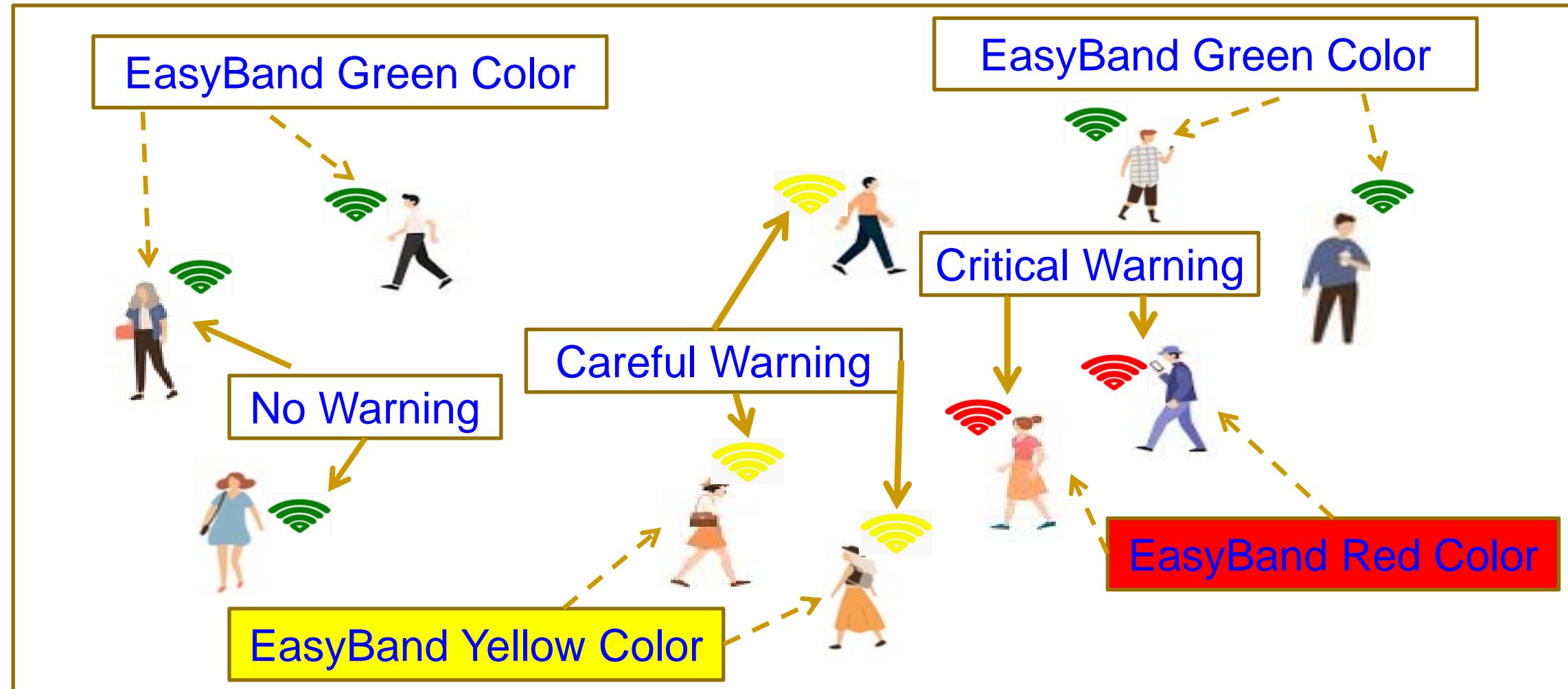


iLog + iGLU - Our Diet Automatic Monitoring and Control for Blood Glucose Level



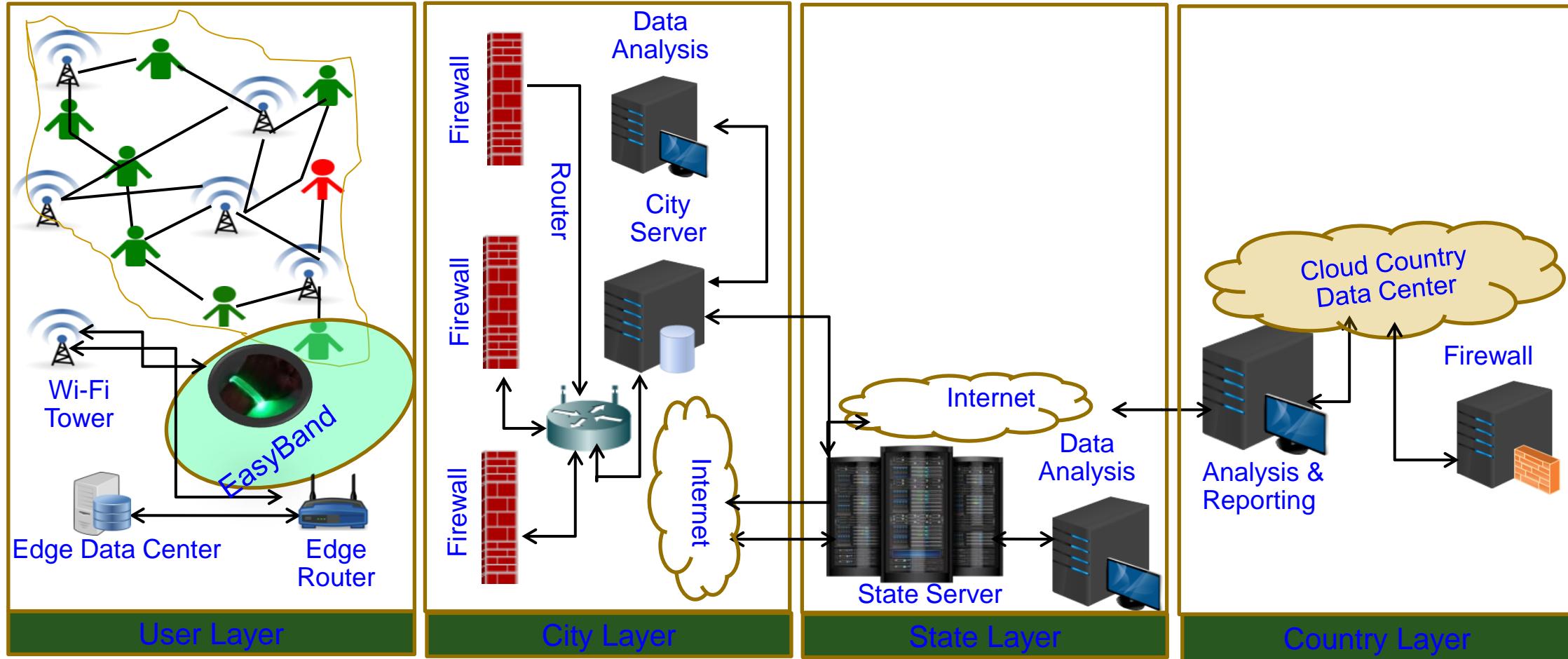
Source: A. M. Joshi, U. P. Shukla and S. P. Mohanty, "Smart Healthcare for Diabetes during COVID-19," *IEEE Consumer Electronics Magazine*, Vol. 10, No. 1, January 2021, pp. 66--71.

EasyBand – Safety-Aware Mobility during Pandemic



Source: A. M. Joshi, U. P. Shukla and S. P. Mohanty, "Smart Healthcare for Diabetes during COVID-19," *IEEE Consumer Electronics Magazine*, Vol. 10, No. 1, January 2021, pp. 66--71.

EasyBand in Healthcare CPS (H-CPS)

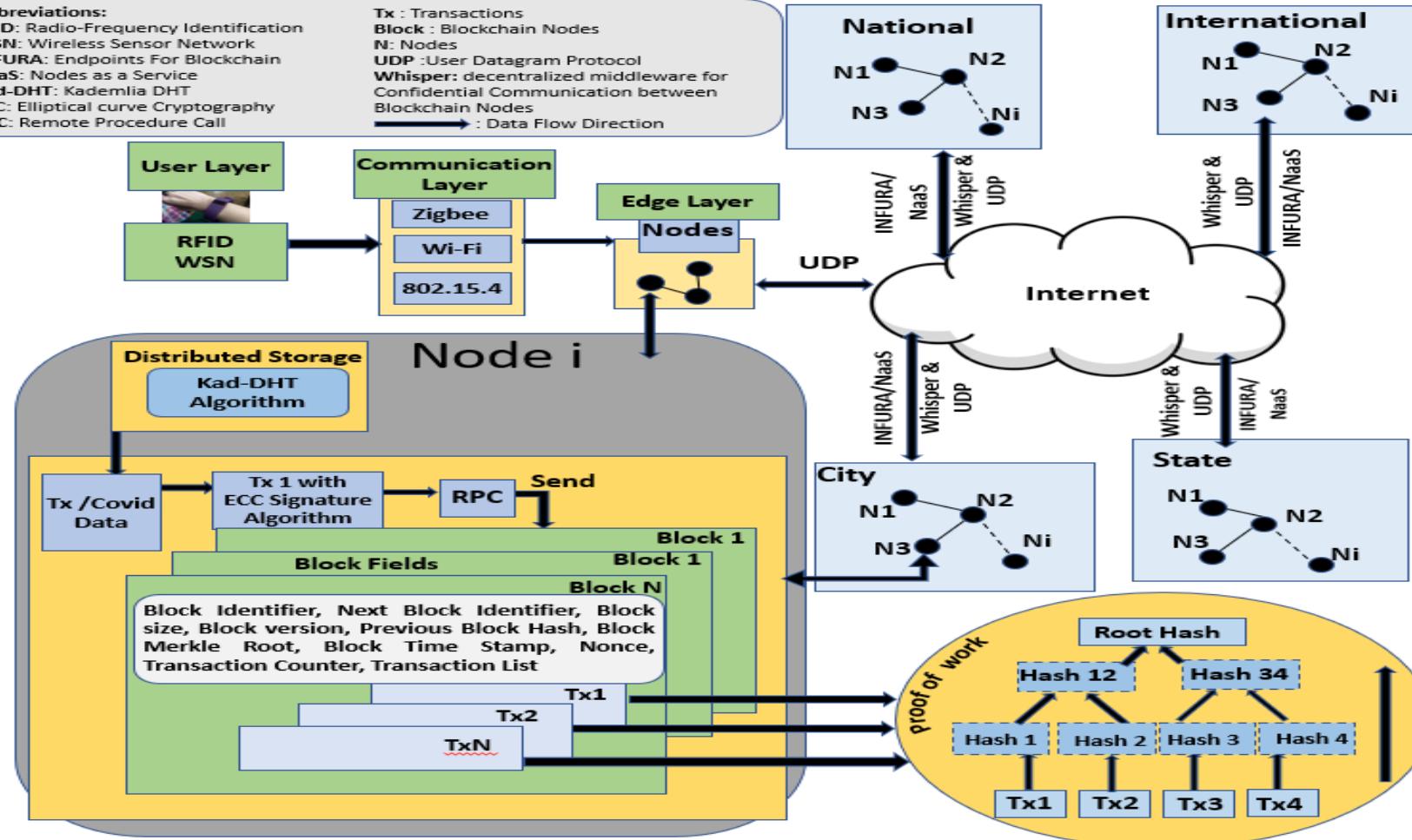


Source: A. K. Tripathy, A. G. Mohapatra, S. P. Mohanty, E. Kougianos, A. M. Joshi and G. Das, "EasyBand: A Wearable for Safety-Aware Mobility During Pandemic Outbreak," *IEEE Consumer Electronics Magazine*, vol. 9, no. 5, pp. 57-61, 1 Sept. 2020, doi: 10.1109/MCE.2020.2992034..

CoviChain: A Blockchain based Framework for Nonrepudiable Contact Tracing in H-CPS

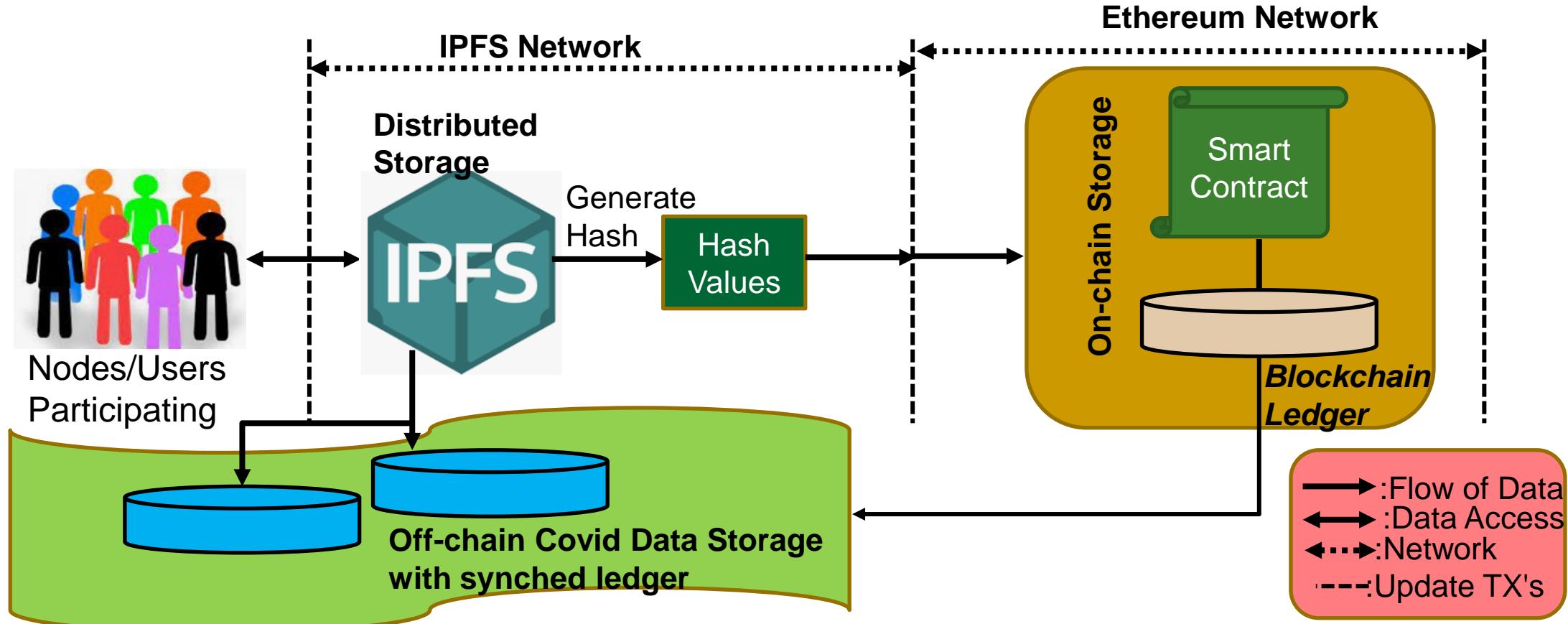
Abbreviations:
 RFID: Radio-Frequency Identification
 WSN: Wireless Sensor Network
 INFURA: Endpoints For Blockchain
 NaaS: Nodes as a Service
 Kad-DHT: Kademia DHT
 ECC: Elliptical curve Cryptography
 RPC: Remote Procedure Call

Tx : Transactions
Block : Blockchain Nodes
N : Nodes
UDP : User Datagram Protocol
Whisper: decentralized middleware for Confidential Communication between Blockchain Nodes

Source: S. L. T. Vangipuram, S. P. Mohanty, and E. Kougianos, "CoviChain: A Blockchain based Framework for Nonrepudiable Contact Tracing in Healthcare Cyber-Physical Systems during Pandemic Outbreaks", Springer Nature Computer Science (SN-CS), Vol. 2, No. 2, June 2021, Article: 346, 16-pages.

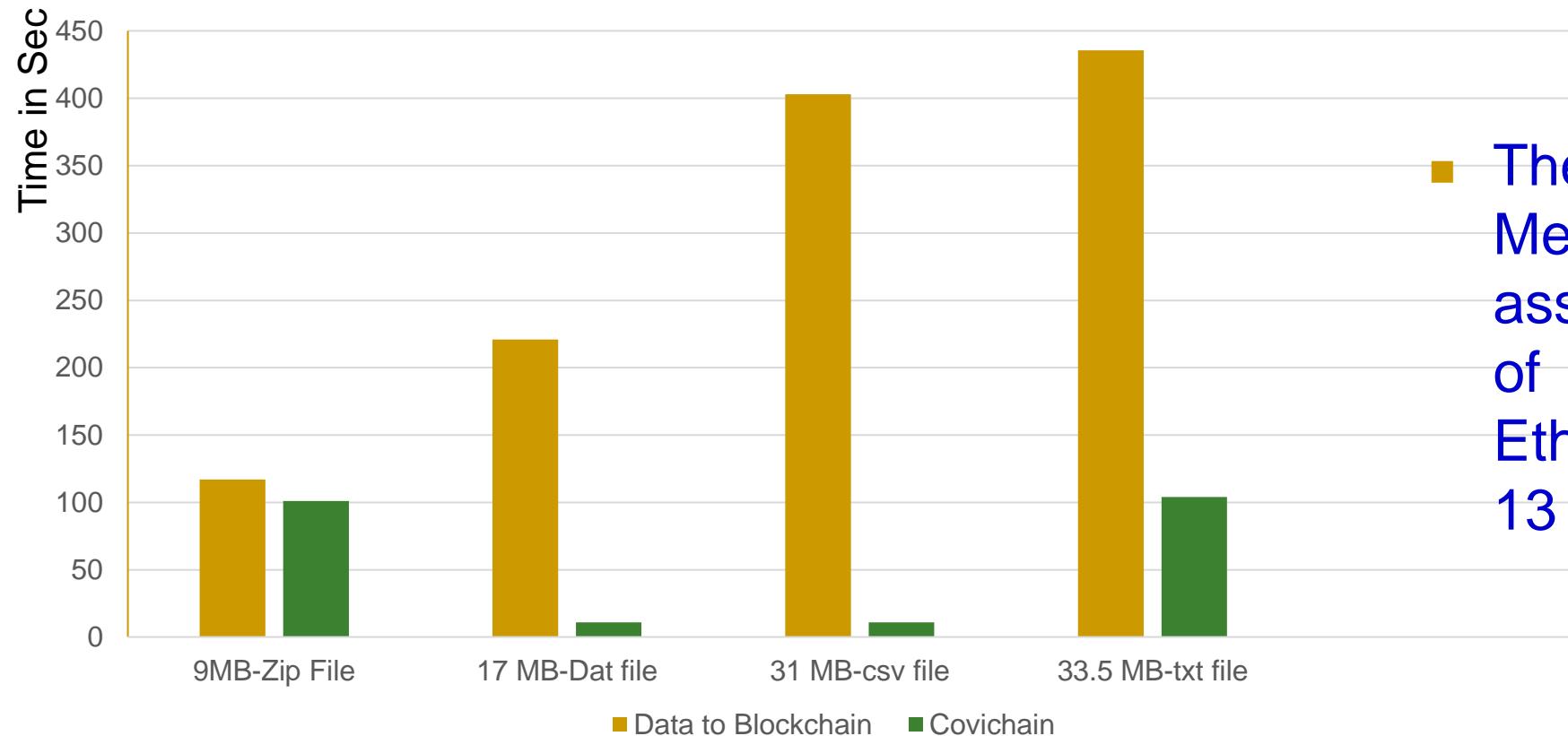
CoviChain: A Blockchain based Framework for Nonrepudiable Contact Tracing in H-CPS



Source: S. L. T. Vangipuram, S. P. Mohanty, and E. Kougianos, "CoviChain: A Blockchain based Framework for Nonrepudiable Contact Tracing in Healthcare Cyber-Physical Systems during Pandemic Outbreaks", *Springer Nature Computer Science (SN-CS)*, Vol. 2, No. 2, June 2021, Article: 346, 16-pages.

CoviChain: A Blockchain based Framework for Nonrepudiable Contact Tracing in H-CPS

Comparing MedRec and Covichain Mining Time for MB Data

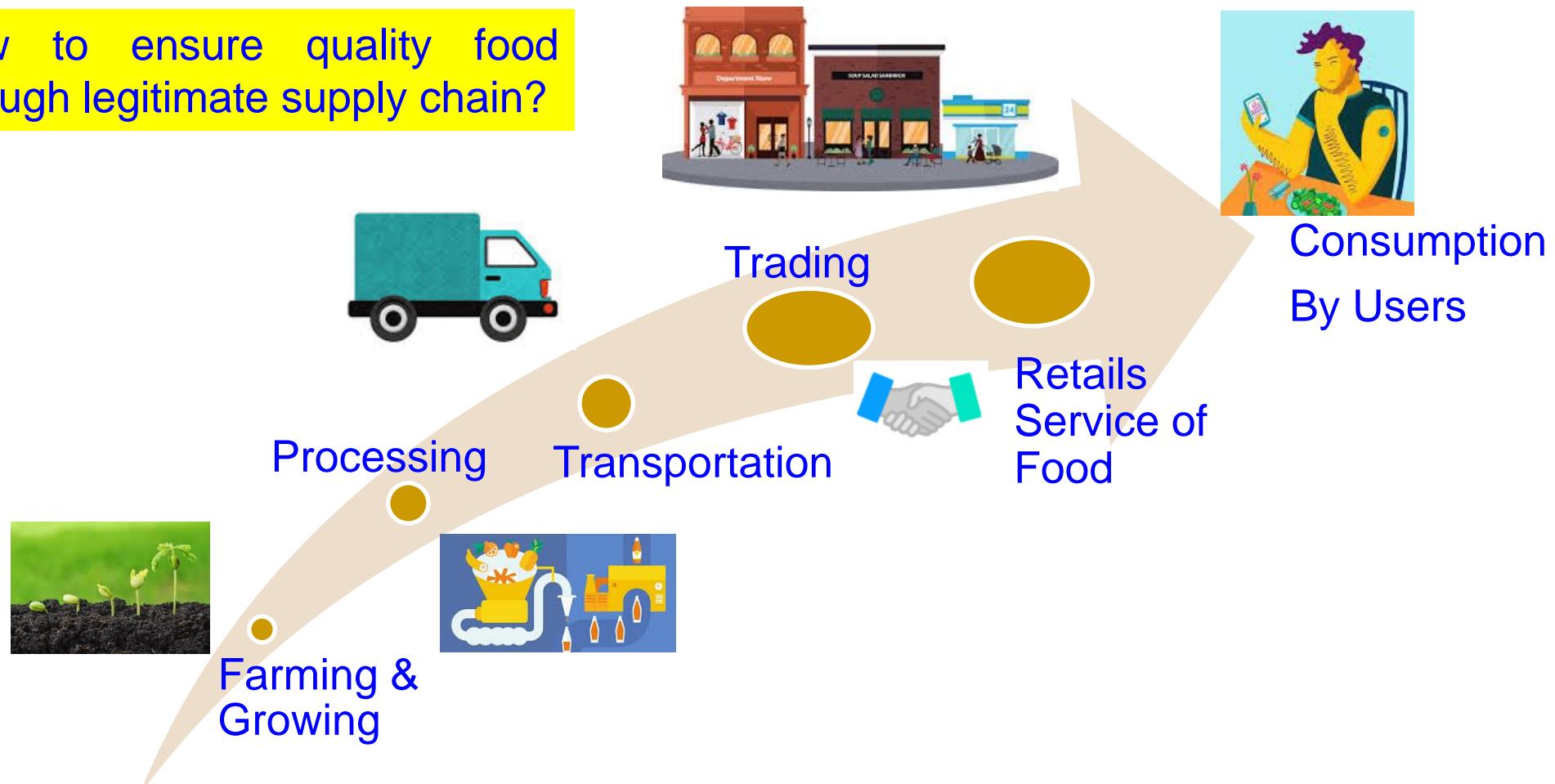


- The time for data in MedRec are calculated assuming the mining time of the conventional Ethereum blockchain to be 13 Seconds for 1MB Data.

Source: S. L. T. Vangipuram, S. P. Mohanty, and E. Kougianos, "CoviChain: A Blockchain based Framework for Nonrepudiable Contact Tracing in Healthcare Cyber-Physical Systems during Pandemic Outbreaks", *Springer Nature Computer Science (SN-CS)*, Vol. 2, No. 2, June 2021, Article: 346, 16-pages.

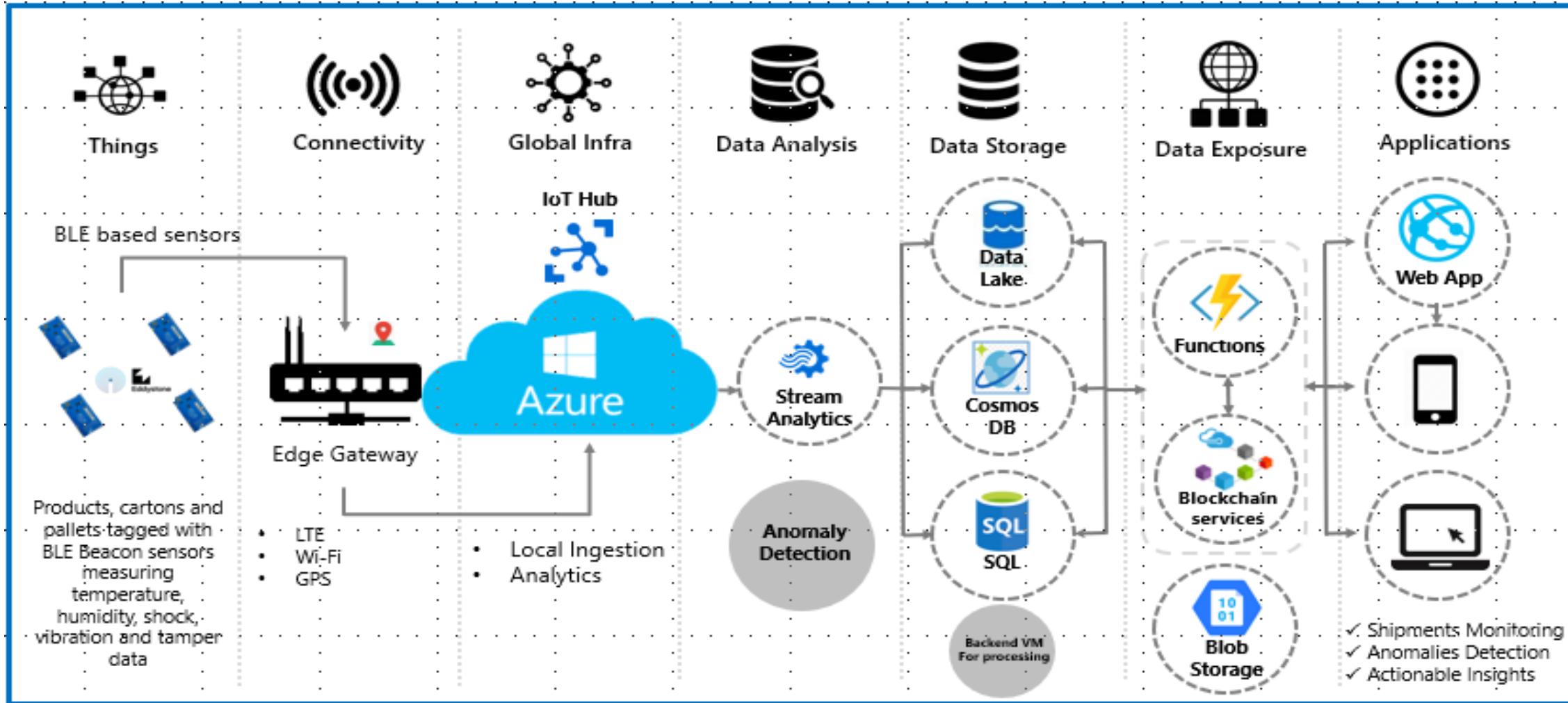
Pandemic – Trusted Food Supply Chain

How to ensure quality food through legitimate supply chain?



Source: A. M. Joshi, U. P. Shukla and S. P. Mohanty, "Smart Healthcare for Diabetes during COVID-19," *IEEE Consumer Electronics Magazine*, Vol. 10, No. 1, January 2021, pp. 66--71.

Pandemic - Trusted Pharmaceutical Supply Chain



Source: <http://ilikesqldata.com/securing-the-pharmaceutical-supply-chain-with-azure-iot/>

Research Publishing – Best Practices

Internet-of-Medical-Things (IoMT) -- Prof./Dr. Saraju P. Mohanty



Publishing Venue – Where to Publish?

- As an author after I have always asked myself:
 - My article is an excellent scholarly product because it got published what my peers think as a selective or top venue.
- OR
- My article is an excellent scholarly product because it is read and/or cited by peers and it makes the venue great wherever it is published.
- Most of the researchers have a tendency to choose the first option from the above.
- However, I strongly believe that if an article has real strength then it should be second option.

Publishing Venue – Where to Publish?

- Magazine, Transactions, Letters, or Conference Proceedings?
- Depends on the content of a manuscript.
- First fix a venue → Write? OR First Write → venue?
- Magazine Article – Broad scope
- Transactions Papers – Focused scope and concrete results
- Letters Papers – Focused scope and brief results
- Conference Proceedings Papers – Focused scope and quick dissemination to receive direct feedback from peers

Publishing Venue - Magazine

- Articles should be broadly scoped.
- Technical articles may be suitable, but these should be of general interest to an engineering audience and of broader scope than archival technical papers or conference proceedings papers.
- Articles related to the background story behind engineering standards or practical experiences in product specification and design of mainstream systems.
- Tutorials on related technologies or techniques are also strongly encouraged.

Conference → Journal?

- Conference publishing first → corresponding journal
OR
- Journal publishing first → corresponding conference
- To my experience: I see that most of the researchers follow the first option and few researchers follow the second option.
- In either case one shouldn't have the same text and figures.
 - These are two distinct publications for the authors.
 - After acceptance both the journal paper and conference paper appear in digital library, a similarity software will flag the similarity.

Conference → Journal: How to Do it?

- Publisher need anywhere between 30%-70% additional materials over the conference version for a journal article.
- Final judgement is typically up to the Editor-in-Chief (EiC) of specific journal/transactions.
- Key aspects of extending a conference paper to a journal article: additional novel contributions, thorough literature analysis, more experimental results, additional figures, and additional Tables.
- Complete rewriting of the text and redrawing of any figures used is good to avoid similarity issues and the copyright aspects as in many cases the publishers both conference proceedings and the journal/transactions may not be the same.

General question on academic publishing

- Thoughts on the current state of academic publishing
 - Journal papers are important or Conference papers, Open Access is better or traditional closed access
- Thoughts on Open-Access:
 - Arxiv (<https://arxiv.org/>), TechRxiv (<https://www.techrxiv.org/>)
 - Data Regulation – Quality Data is key
- One aspect of academic publishing that is very important/significant these days
 - Open Access and Research Reproducibility

Focused discussion topics/questions

- How important is social media for researchers? Should Ph.D. students invest time in building profiles & networks social media?
 - Neutral – Publicity + Typical Negativity of social media (Privacy issues)
- How challenging do you feel it is for new Ph.D. researchers to get published? Any advice/tips?
 - Reasonable challenging for new researchers, Conference → Journals
- What are your thoughts on open-access?
 - Open access is better, but I think expensive to authors

What are the Best Practices of Publishing?

- To my experiences, there is no definite answer.
- Differs in one area of research to another area of research, from disciplines to another, and from publisher to another publisher.
Some rule of thumb:
 - Publish one idea in one venue
 - Do best job for all text including references
 - Give credit to existing literature
 - Read articles/papers from a target venue before preparing own manuscript
 - Pay attention to each minor or major aspects; too many small → rejection
 - Learn to handle rejection

How important is author ordering in a publication?

- There is no fixed answer.
- In some disciplines the faculty mentor is typically the last author.
- In some cases, the primary contributor is the first author and other is made based on level of contributions to the work.

How Important It is to be a Reviewer?

- Early Learning: Researchers who are engaged in cutting-edge research can't find learning materials from the text books. By the time a research findings appear in text book, they are outdated. A researcher can stay up to date and learn from other researcher if he/she reviews their manuscripts.
- Learning Quality expected in a specific journal/conference. Accordingly, one can use that experience to improve own manuscripts before submissions.
- Service to the profession and community.

Conclusions and Future Research



Conclusions

- Healthcare has been evolving to Healthcare-Cyber-Physical-System (H-CPS) i.e. smart healthcare.
- Internet of Medical Things (IoMT) plays a key role smart healthcare.
- Smart healthcare can reduce cost of healthcare and give more personalized experience to the individual.
- IoMT provides advantages but also has limitations in terms of security, and privacy.
- Smart Healthcare can be effective during stay-at-home scenario during pandemic.

Future Research

- Machine learning (ML) models for smart healthcare needs research.
- Internet-of-Everything (IoE) with Human as active part as crowdsourcing need research.
- IoE will need robust data, device, and H-CPS security need more research.
- Security of IWMDs needs to have extremely minimal energy overhead to be useful and hence needs research.
- Integration of blockchain for smart healthcare need research due to energy and computational overheads associated with it.
- Privacy-aware limited healthcare data sharing in global scale to reduce spread of pandemic outbreak.

Acknowledgement(s)

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