@media print { .has-continuation { display: block !important; } }

class: title-slide

Data viz and the grammar of graphics

Data Science for Biologists, Fall 2021

Reminder: The "Types of Plots" App is here for you!!

- Access from anywhere: https://sjspielman.shinyapps.io/types_of_plots
- Access from your RStudio Cloud project:

```
library(ds4b.materials) # Load the library if not already loaded
launch_app("types_of_plots") # Launch the app once library is loaded
```

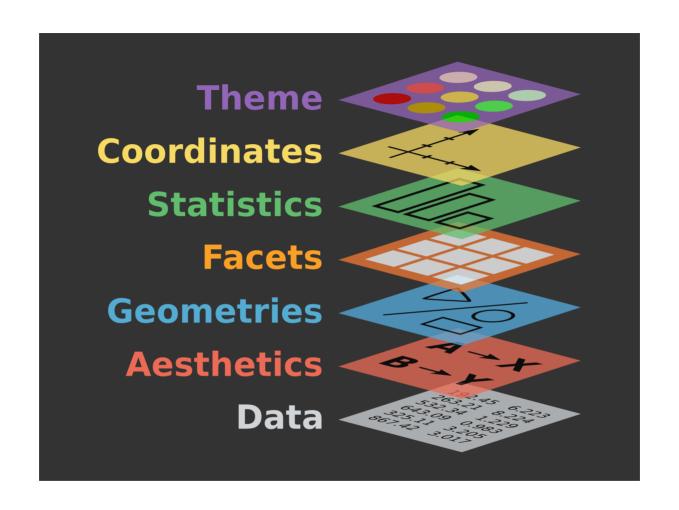
Grammar

The dog runs in a park.

The runs in park dog a.

Runs dog park in a the.

In park a the runs dog.



Aesthetics --> aesthetic mappings

The dataset

msleep_subvore

```
## # A tibble: 46 × 5
                                vore awake brainwt
##
                                                    bodywt
     name
     <chr>
                                <fct> <dbl> <dbl>
                                                     <dbl>
##
                                                     0.48
##
   1 Owl monkey
                                omni 7
                                           0.0155
   2 Greater short-tailed shrew omni 9.1 0.00029
##
                                                     0.019
##
   3 Cow
                                herbi
                                       20 0.423
                                                   600
   4 Dog
##
                                carni
                                      13.9 0.07
                                                    14
##
   5 Roe deer
                                herbi
                                       21
                                           0.0982
                                                    14.8
   6 Goat
                                herbi
                                      18.7 0.115
##
                                                    33.5
##
   7 Guinea pig
                                herbi
                                      14.6 0.0055
                                                   0.728
##
   8 Chinchilla
                                herbi
                                      11.5 0.0064 0.42
##
   9 Star-nosed mole
                                omni
                                      13.7 0.001
                                                     0.06
  10 African giant pouched rat
                                omni
                                       15.7 0.0066
                                                     1
## # ... with 36 more rows
```

The dataset

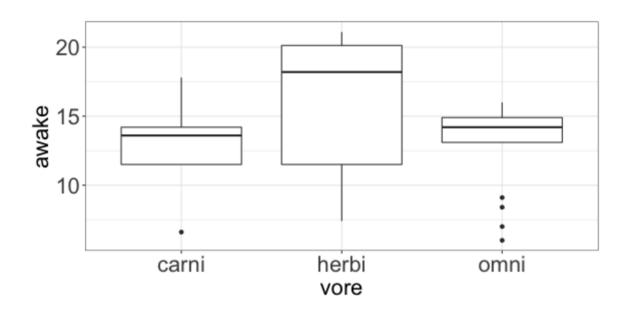
summary(msleep_subvore)

```
##
                                    awake
                                                  brainwt
       name
                        vore
   Length:46
                    carni: 9
                                Min. : 6.00
                                               Min. :0.000140
##
   Class:character herbi:20
##
                                1st Qu.:11.50
                                               1st Qu.:0.005125
##
   Mode :character omni :17
                                Median :14.25
                                               Median :0.016500
##
                                       :14.39 Mean :0.339623
                                Mean
##
                                3rd Qu.:17.70 3rd Qu.:0.173500
##
                                               Max. :5.712000
                                Max. :21.10
##
       bodywt
##
   Min.
              0.005
##
   1st Qu.: 0.542
##
   Median : 2.788
##
   Mean
        : 245.575
   3rd Qu.:
##
             47.525
##
   Max. :6654.000
```

unique(msleep_subvore\$name)

```
[1] "Owl monkey"
                                          "Greater short-tailed shrew"
##
##
    [3] "Cow"
                                           "Dog"
    [5] "Roe deer"
                                          "Goat"
##
##
    [7] "Guinea pig"
                                          "Chinchilla"
    [9] "Star-nosed mole"
##
                                          "African giant pouched rat"
                                          "Long-nosed armadillo"
## [11] "Lesser short-tailed shrew"
## [13] "Tree hyrax"
                                          "North American Opossum"
## [15] "Asian elephant"
                                          "Horse"
## [17] "Donkev"
                                           "European hedgehog"
                                          "Domestic cat"
## [19] "Patas monkey"
## [21] "Galago"
                                          "Grav seal"
## [23] "Grav hyrax"
                                          "Human"
## [25] "African elephant"
                                          "Macaque"
## [27] "Golden hamster"
                                          "House mouse"
## [29] "Slow loris"
                                          "Rabbit"
## [31] "Sheep"
                                          "Chimpanzee"
## [33] "Jaguar"
                                          "Baboon"
## [35] "Laboratory rat"
                                          "Squirrel monkey"
## [37] "Cotton rat"
                                           "Arctic ground squirrel"
## [39] "Thirteen-lined ground squirrel" "Pig"
## [41] "Brazilian tapir"
                                          "Tenrec"
## [43] "Tree shrew"
                                          "Genet"
## [45] "Arctic fox"
                                          "Red fox"
```

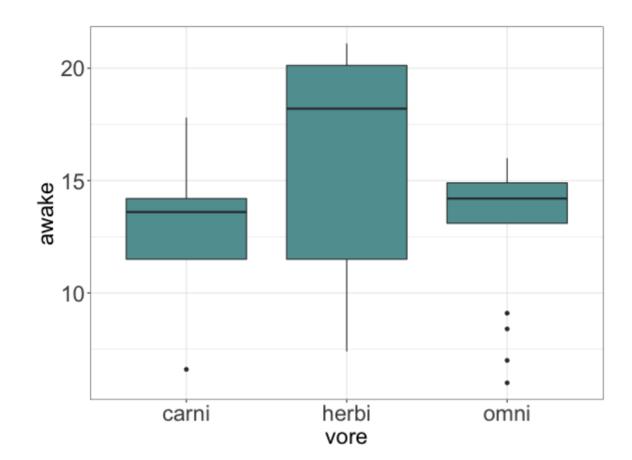
Identifying components of a plot

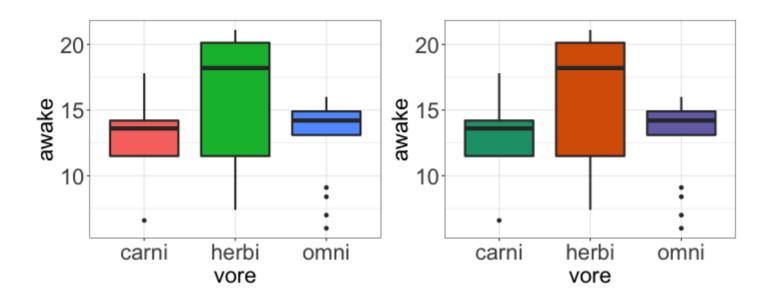


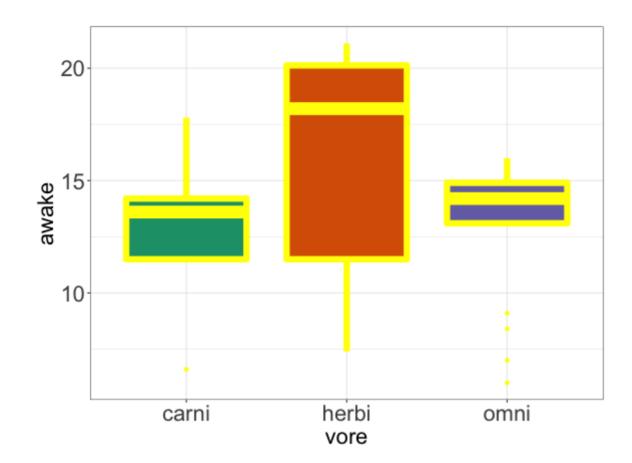
Aesthetics: How is the data *mapped onto* visual components of the plot?

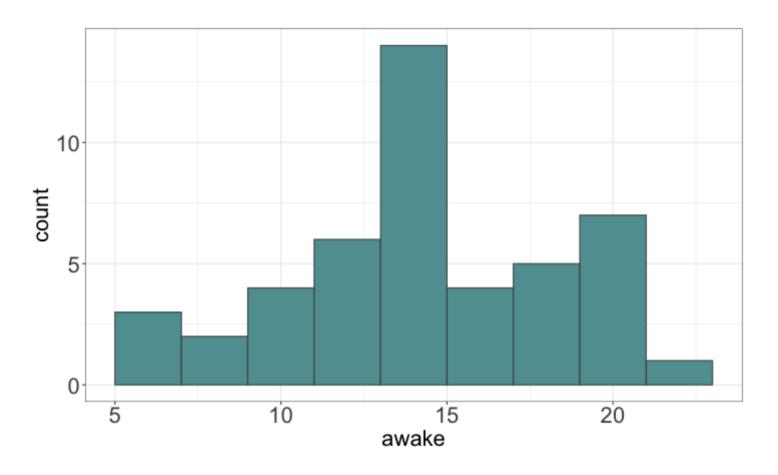
- X-axis?
- Y-axis?
- Colors? Shapes? Sizes?

Geometries: What *shapes* aka *geometric objects* are displayed in the plot? (Often AKA: What type of plot?)

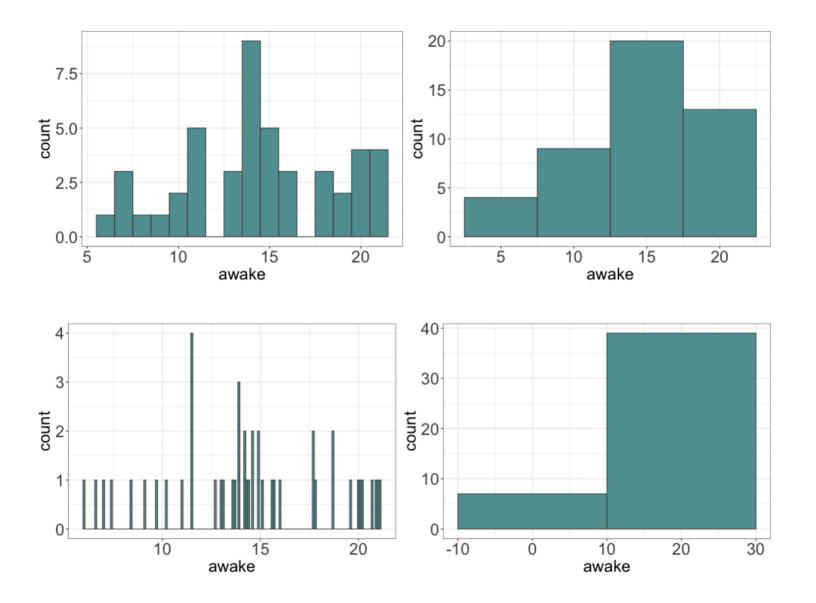


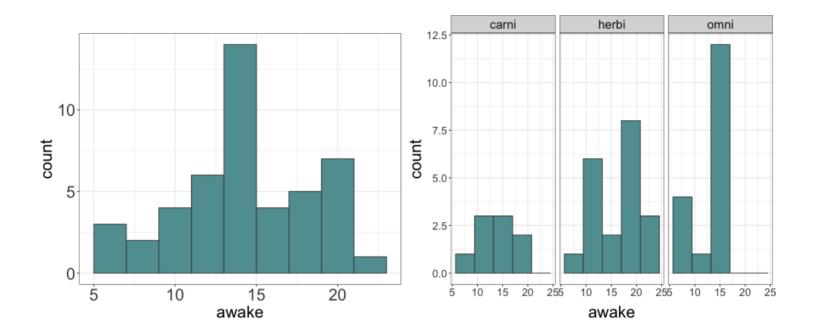


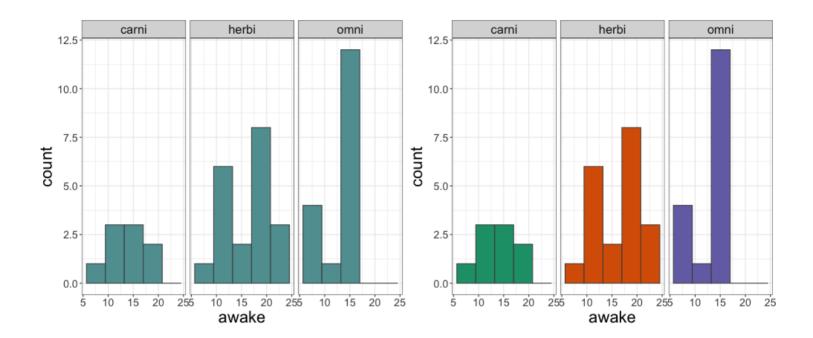


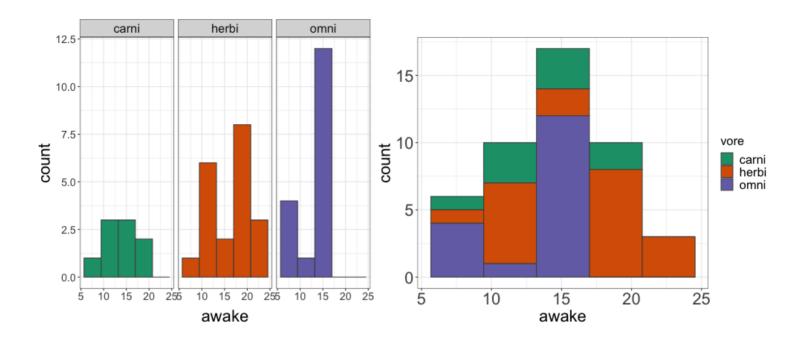


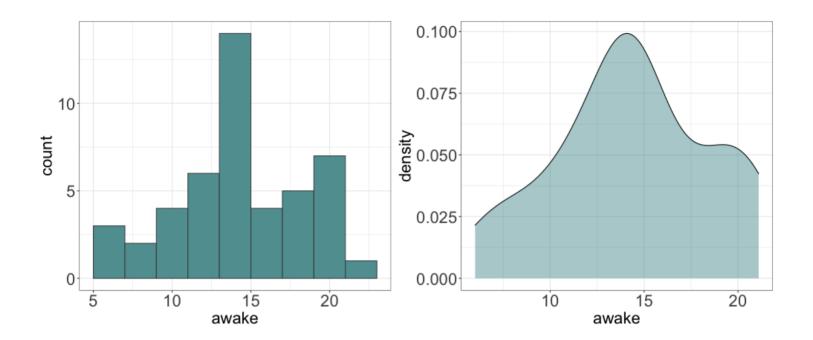
[1] 6.0 6.6 7.0 7.4 8.4 9.1 9.7 10.2 11.0 11.5 11.5 11.5 11.5 12.7 ## [16] 13.1 13.6 13.7 13.9 13.9 13.9 14.2 14.2 14.3 14.4 14.6 14.6 14.9 14.9 ## [31] 15.6 15.7 16.0 17.7 17.7 17.8 18.7 18.7 19.6 20.0 20.1 20.2 20.7 20.9 ## [46] 21.1

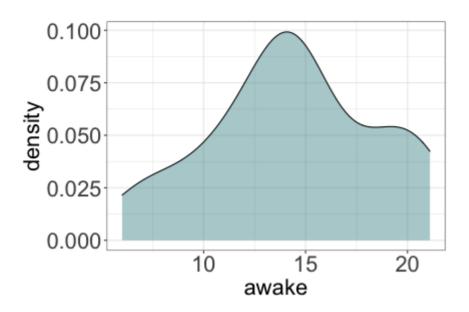


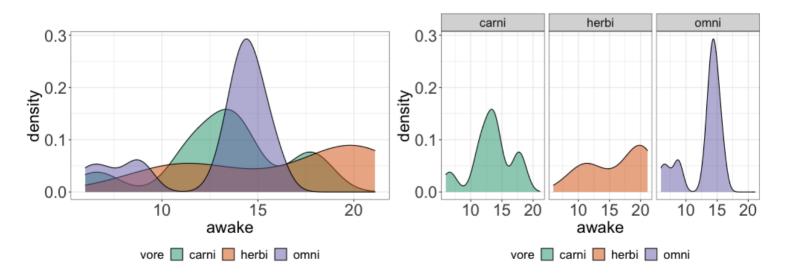


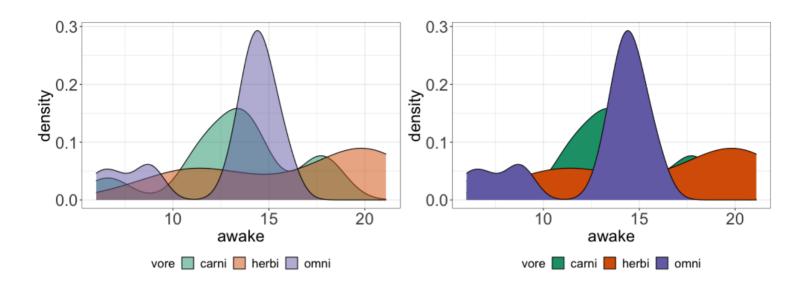


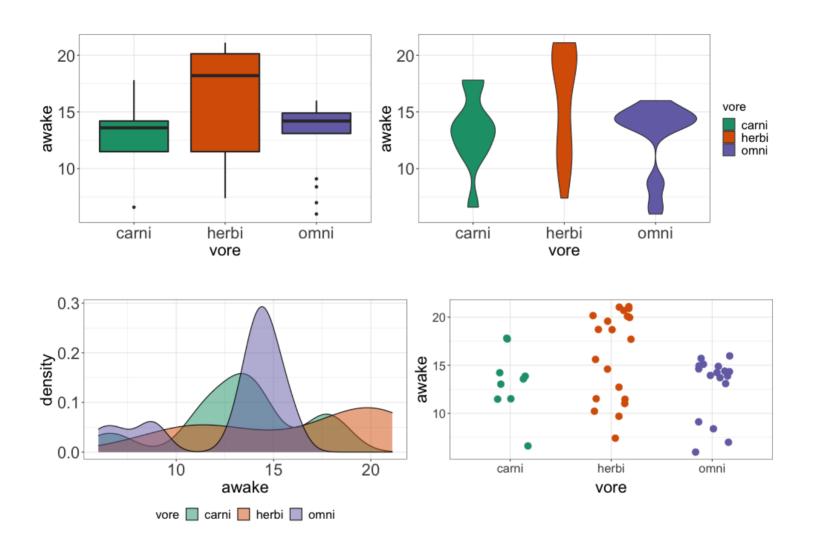


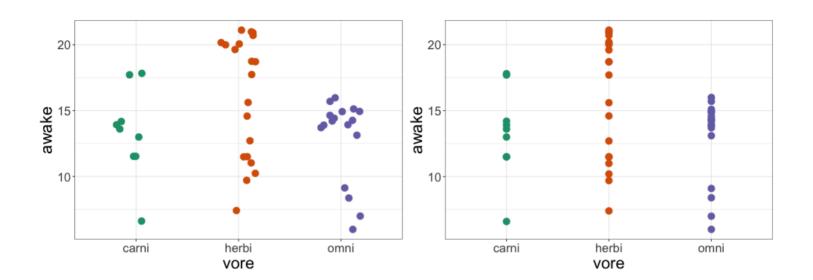


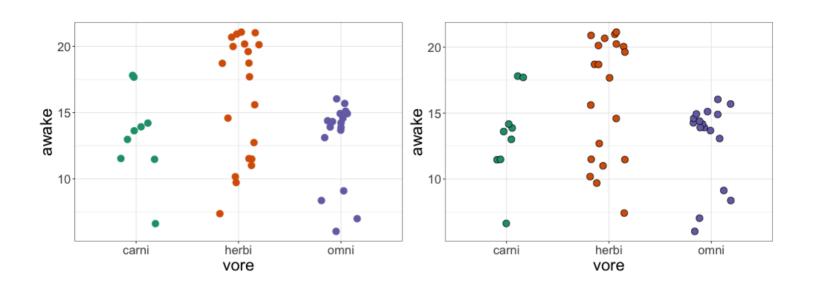




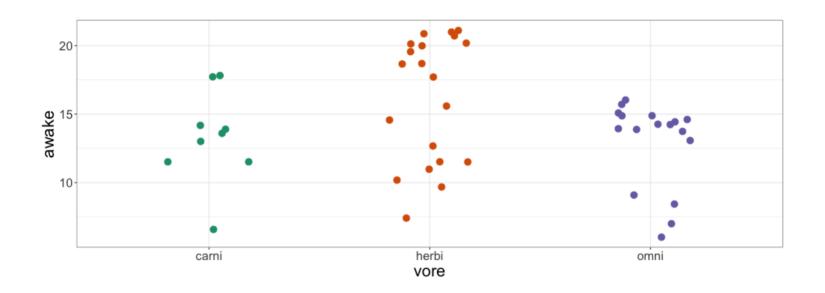






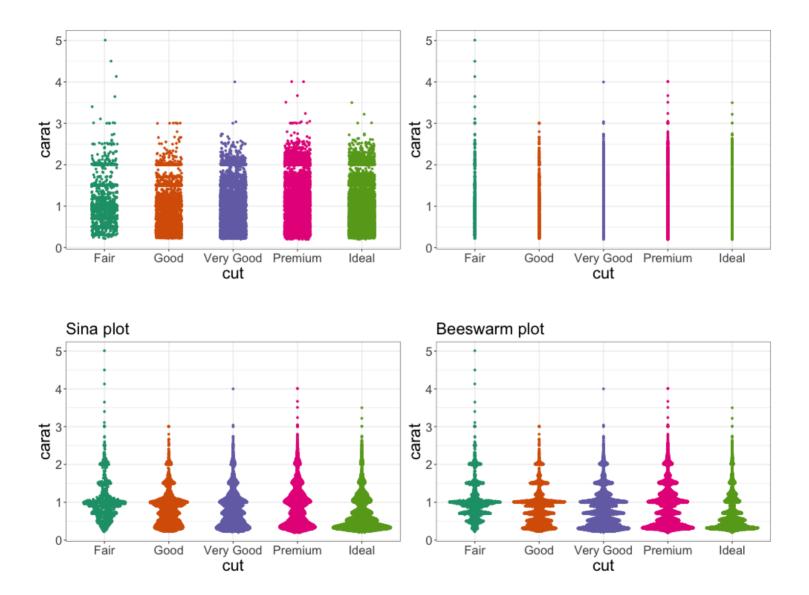


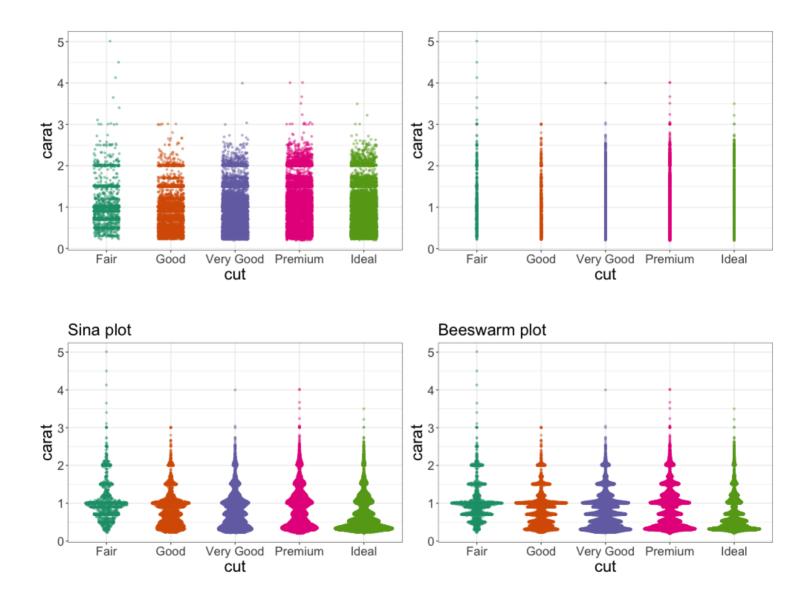
The world is your oyster

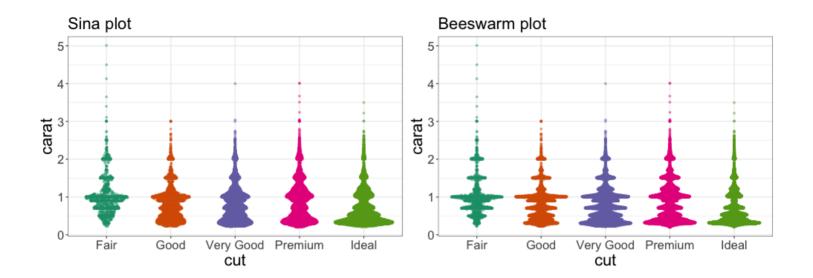


Ok, that wasn't super compelling...

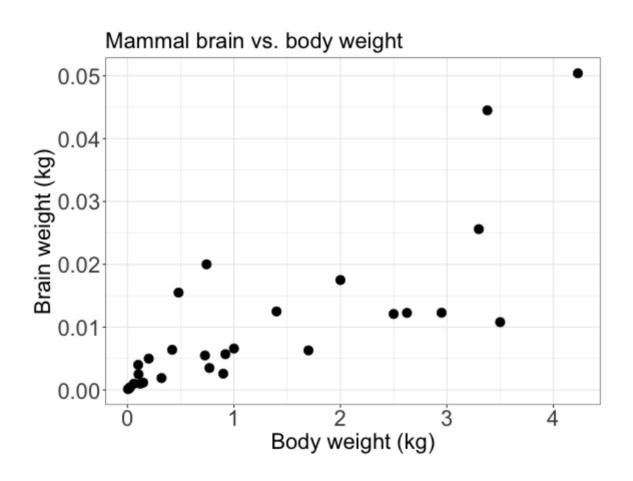
```
## # A tibble: 53,940 × 10
     carat cut
##
                    color clarity depth table price
                                                   Х
                                                                Ζ
##
     <dbl> <ord>
                    <ord> <ord> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <</pre>
##
   1 0.23 Ideal
                         SI2
                                61.5
                                         55
                                              326
                                                  3.95 3.98 2.43
                    E
                                         61 326
   2 0.21 Premium
                    E
                         SI1
                                  59.8
                                                  3.89 3.84
                                                             2.31
##
                    E
##
   3 0.23 Good
                         VS1
                                  56.9
                                         65
                                              327
                                                  4.05
                                                        4.07
                                                             2.31
   4 0.29 Premium
                    Ι
                                                             2.63
##
                       VS2
                                  62.4
                                         58
                                              334
                                                  4.2
                                                        4.23
##
   5 0.31 Good
                    J
                         SI2
                                  63.3
                                         58
                                              335
                                                  4.34 4.35
                                                             2.75
##
   6 0.24 Very Good J
                        VVS2
                                  62.8
                                         57
                                              336
                                                  3.94 3.96
                                                             2.48
   7 0.24 Very Good I
##
                         VVS1
                                  62.3
                                         57
                                              336
                                                  3.95
                                                        3.98
                                                             2.47
##
   8 0.26 Very Good H
                         SI1
                                  61.9
                                         55
                                              337
                                                  4.07 4.11
                                                             2.53
##
   9 0.22 Fair
                         VS2
                                  65.1
                                         61
                                              337
                                                  3.87
                                                        3.78
                                                             2.49
## 10 0.23 Very Good H
                         VS1
                                  59.4
                                         61
                                              338 4
                                                        4.05
                                                              2.39
## # ... with 53,930 more rows
```

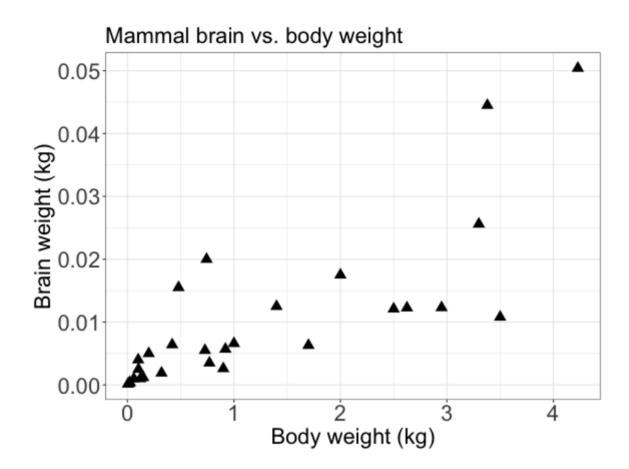


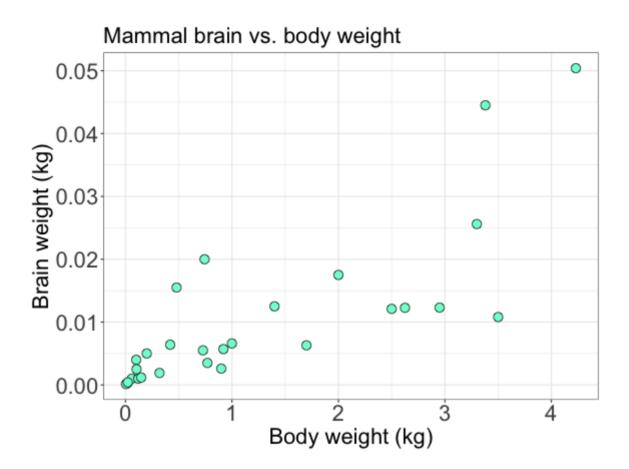


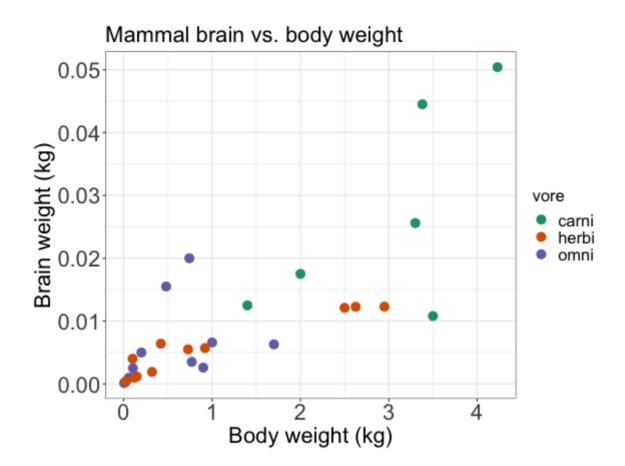


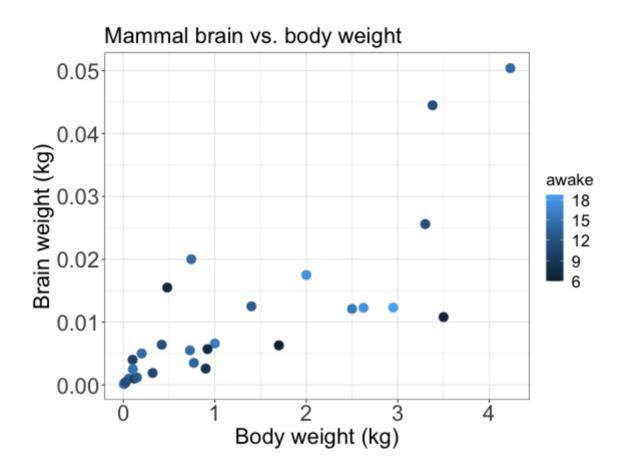
Onto scatterplots!

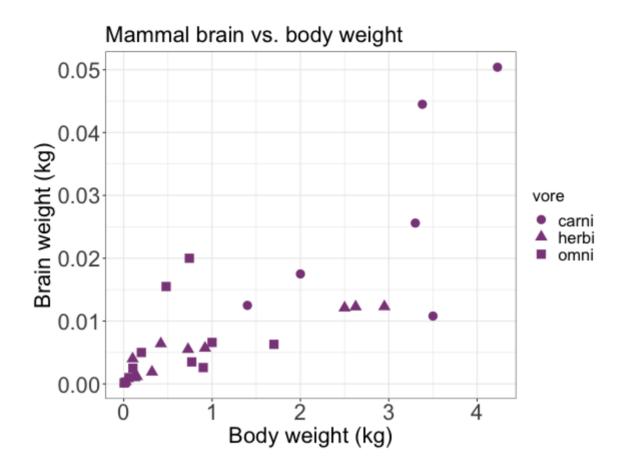


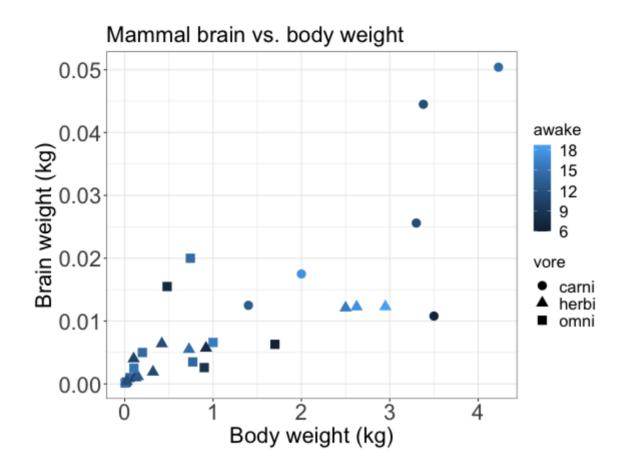




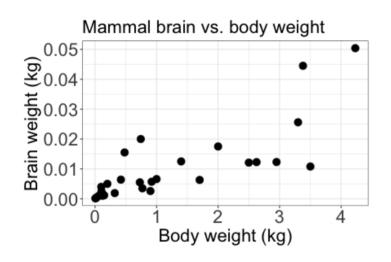


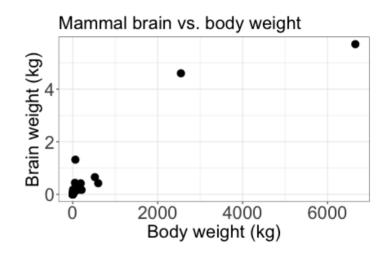




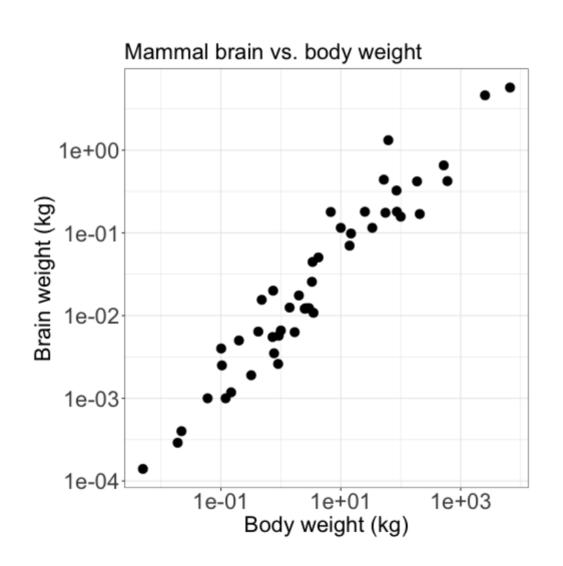


Do the axes look at all "strange" to you?





Use log scales for data with extreme ranges

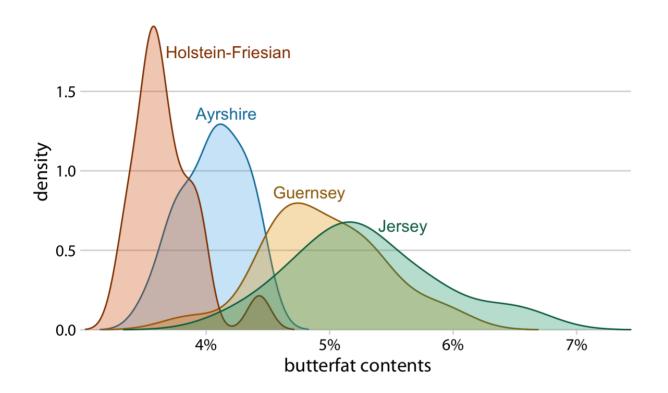


Let's practice

- *Always start with axes*:
 - What variable is on the X-axis? What *type* of data is it? < br>
 - What variable is on the Y-axis? What *type* of data is it?
- Are there colors or fills? Are they "just colors" or are they *aesthetics*?
- What are the geometries in the plot?
- What *interpretations* can we make about the plot? What question(s) does the plot address or not address? (there are MANY right answers here!).
- What might the underlying dataset actually look like? What variables (columns) are likely present?

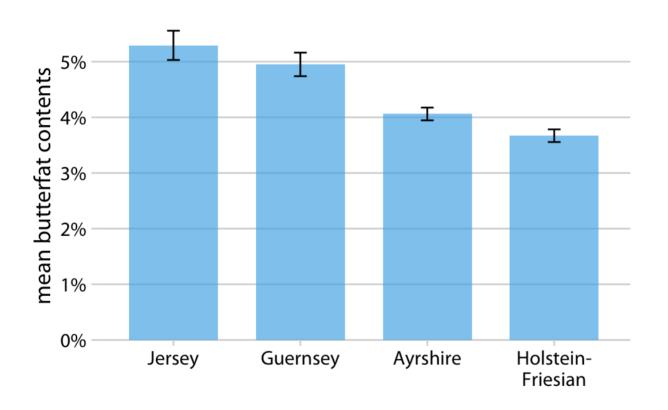
All figures in the following slides are from Fundamentals of Data Visualization.

Butterfat from different cows

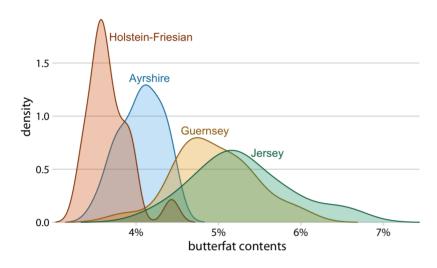


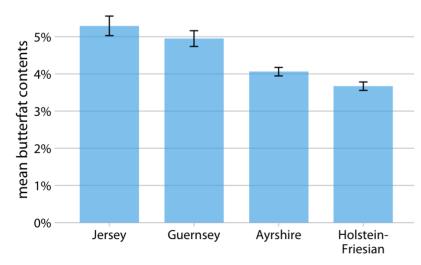
Density estimates of the butterfat percentage in the milk of four cattle breeds. Data Source: Canadian Record of Performance for Purebred Dairy Cattle.

Butterfat from different cows, as bars

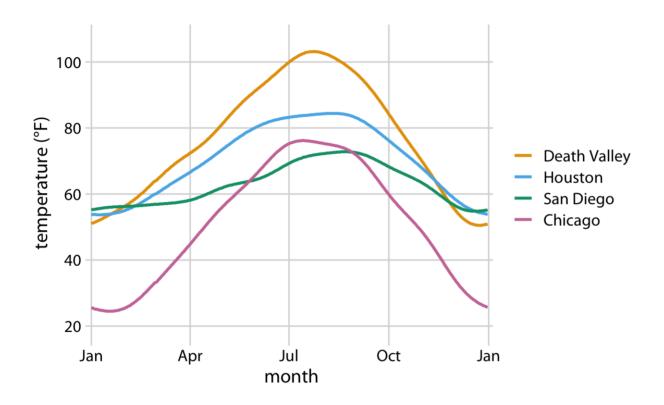


Let's compare:

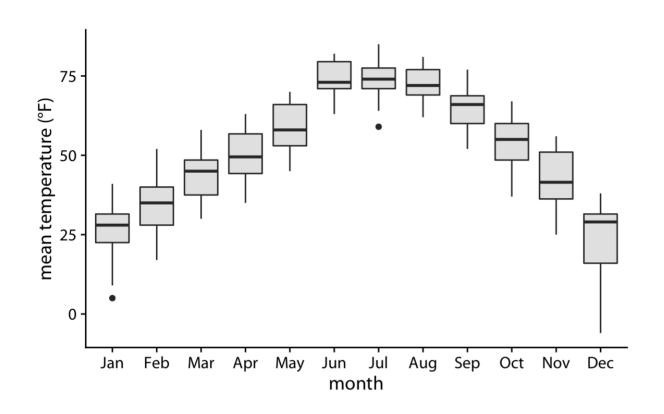


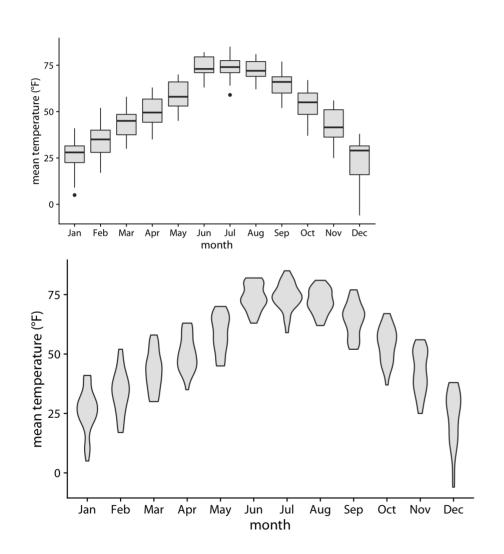


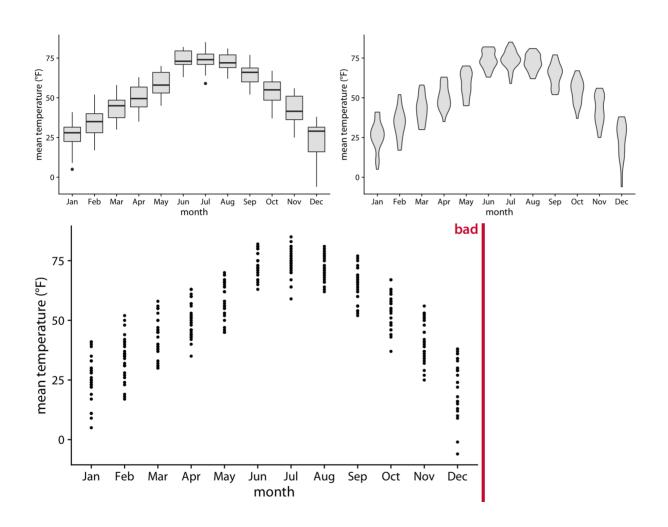
Average daily temperatures

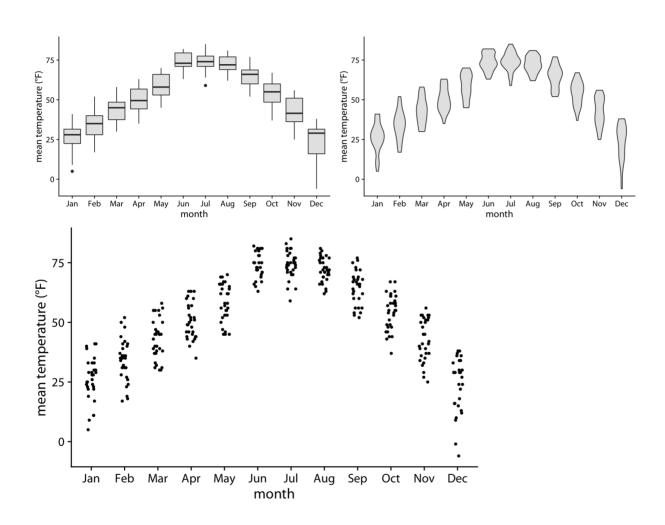


Daily temperature normals for four selected locations in the U.S. Temperature is mapped to the y axis, day of the year to the x axis, and location to line color. Data source: NOAA.

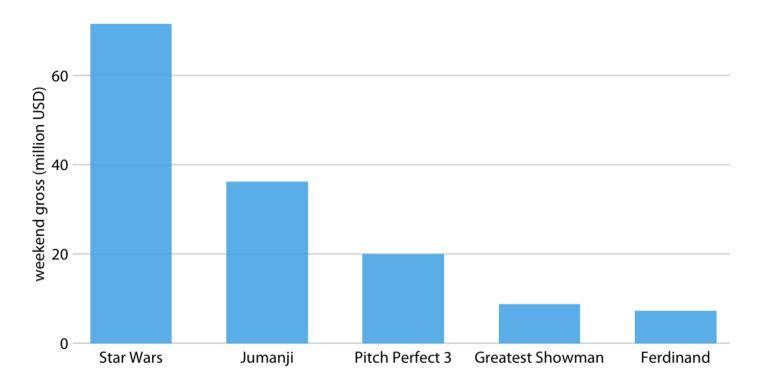






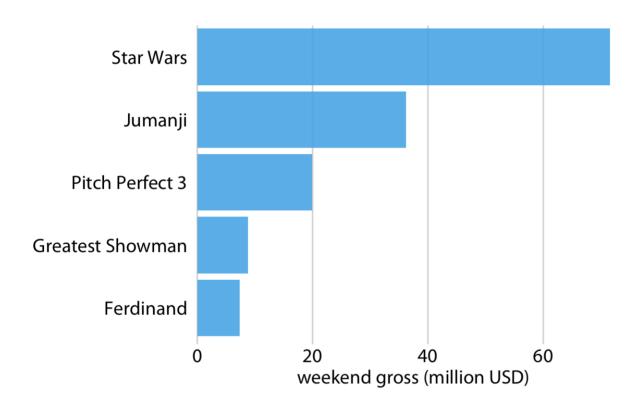


Box office income

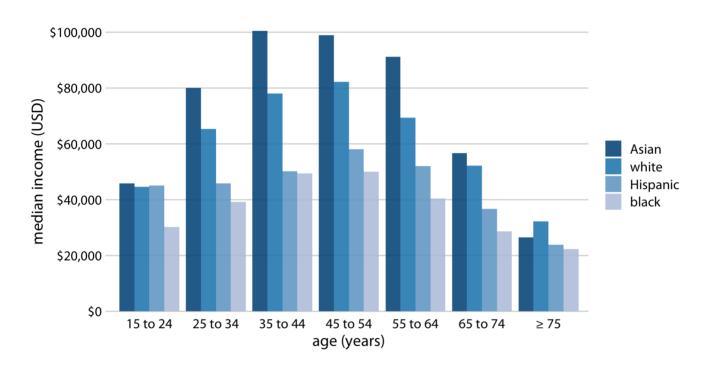


Highest grossing movies for the weekend of December 22-24, 2017. Data source: Box Office Mojo.

Box office income - what's different?

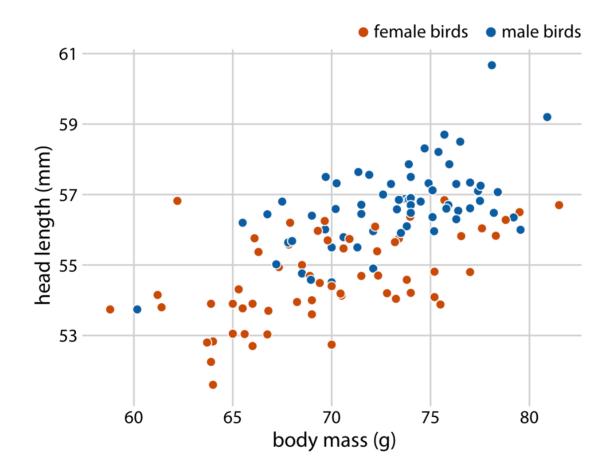


Median household income



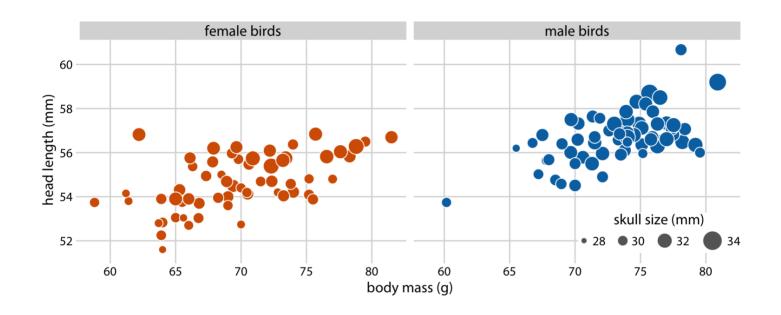
2016 median U.S. annual household income versus age group and race. For each age group there are four bars, corresponding to the median income of Asian, white, Hispanic, and black people, respectively. Data source: United States Census Bureau.

Bluejays



Head length versus body mass for 123 blue jays. The birds' sex is indicated by color. Data source: Keith Tarvin, Oberlin College.

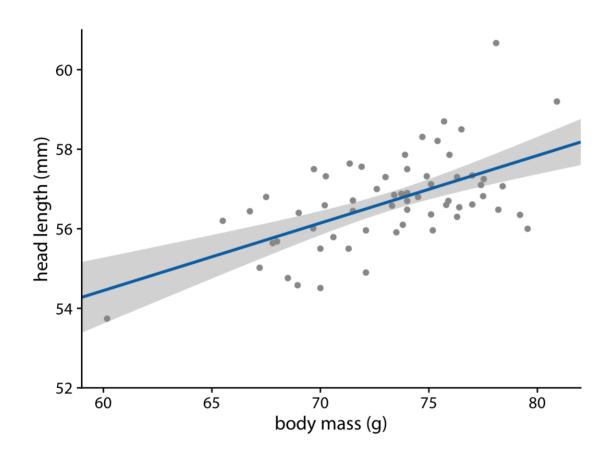
Bluejays, redux 1



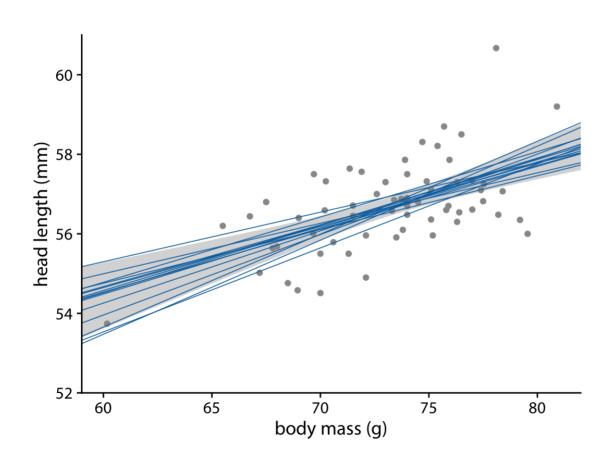
Bluejays, redux 2



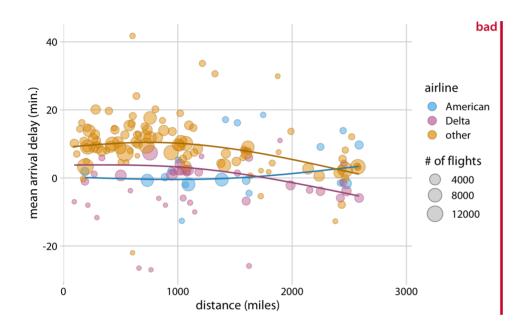
Male bluejays only



Getting an intuition for the *confidence* interval



Airplane delays



Mean arrival delay versus distance from New York City. Data source: U.S. Dept. of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics.

This figure is labeled as "bad" because it is overly complex. Most readers will find it confusing and will not intuitively grasp what it is the figure is showing.

"Looking cool/smart" is NOT the same as effectively communicating. We'll talk more about data viz style and best practices after we start learning how to plot in R next week!