# FOOD ORDERNG APPLICATION

# **TEAM MEMBERS:**

- 1.Sara K Mugdha Front End
- 2.Sri Nandhini K Admin
- 3. Deepika R Backend
- **4.** Pavithra Rangarajan UI/UX
- **5.** Abirami S A Testing

## 1) PROJECT OVERVIEW

#### **Purpose**

- User Interface (React): Build a responsive and user-friendly front-end interface for browsing menus, managing profiles, placing orders, and tracking order status in real time.
- Backend API (Node.js & Express): Manage business logic, handle API endpoints, authenticate users, process orders, integrate payments, and validate data efficiently.
- Database (MongoDB): Store and manage application data in a flexible, schema-less format to support dynamic and scalable data structures.
- Real-Time Features: Provide instant feedback and updates on order statuses using technologies like WebSockets for seamless real-time interactions.
- Admin Panel: Enable restaurant owners/operators to manage orders, menus, inventory, and customer feedback with ease.
- Deployment and Scaling: Deploy the application for public use and ensure it is optimized to handle real-world traffic and growth effectively.

#### Goals

- User Interface (React): Provide an intuitive, visually appealing experience across devices. Enable seamless real-time interactions without page reloads.
- Backend API (Node.js & Express): Ensure data integrity and efficient communication between the front-end and database. Build a scalable backend capable of handling high traffic and real-time updates.

- Database (MongoDB): Facilitate efficient read/write operations during high traffic periods. Support scalability and flexibility for feature enhancements.
- Real-Time Features: Enhance user engagement with live updates. Streamline communication between users, restaurants, and delivery personnel.
- Admin Panel: Improve operational efficiency for restaurant staff. Provide actionable business insights through analytics.
- Deployment and Scaling: Ensure high availability and performance during peak usage. Implement auto-scaling to manage traffic spikes effectively.

## 2)ARCHITECTURE

#### **Frontend Architecture (React)**

<u>Purpose:</u> To build a dynamic, responsive, and interactive user interface using React's component-based architecture for a food ordering application.

## **Key Elements**:

- Component-Based Structure: Reusable components like Header, Menu, Cart, OrderSummary, Login/Register, and Footer enhance modularity and maintainability.
- State Management:
  - Local State: Managed using useState for UI-specific needs.
  - o Global State: Managed using Context API or Redux for cart, authentication, and order details.
- Routing: React Router handles navigation between Home, Menu, Cart, and Order Confirmation pages.
- Data Fetching: Axios with useEffect retrieves menu data, user details, and order statuses.
- Authentication: JWT-based login, with private routes for secure access.
- Real-Time Updates: WebSockets or polling for order status updates.

- Build & Deployment: Tools like Webpack, Create React App, and CI/CD pipelines ensure seamless deployment to platforms like Netlify or AWS.
- Error Handling: Error Boundaries and try/catch for robust error management.
- Testing: Jest and React Testing Library for unit and integration tests.

#### **Backend Architecture (Node.js & Express)**

<u>Purpose:</u> To manage business logic, API endpoints, and database interactions for the food ordering application.

#### **Key Elements:**

- Core Technologies: Node.js runtime and Express.js framework.
- Folder Structure: Organized into /config, /controllers, /models, /routes, and other modular directories for maintainability.
- Routing & Controllers: Routes define endpoints; controllers handle request logic and responses.
- Database Integration: MongoDB models for users, orders, reviews and menu items.
- Middleware: Functions for authentication (JWT), validation, and error handling.
- Authentication & Authorization: JWT for secure, token-based authentication.
- Error Handling: Centralized system for processing and logging errors.
- Logging: Tools like Winston or Morgan for request and error logging.
- API Documentation: Tools like Swagger for auto-generating API docs.
- Performance & Caching: Redis for caching; rate limiting for API protection.
- Testing: Jest, Mocha, and Supertest for backend validation.
- Deployment: Hosted on platforms like Heroku or AWS with Docker and NGINX for scaling.

#### **Database Architecture (MongoDB)**

<u>Purpose:</u> To store, retrieve, and manage application data efficiently using MongoDB's flexible schema-less structure.

#### **Key Elements:**

- Schema Design: Mongoose schemas enforce structure and validation for collections. Use embedding for related data (e.g., user orders) and referencing for independent updates (e.g., menu items).
- CRUD Operations: Models handle create, read, update, and delete operations.
- Indexes: Indexed fields (e.g., user email) improve query speed.
- Aggregation Framework: Advanced queries for grouping, filtering, and generating reports.
- Transactions: Ensure atomicity for multi-document operations.
- Sharding & Scaling: Distribute data across servers for horizontal scaling.
- Backup & Recovery: Automated backups and failover with MongoDB Atlas.
- Security: RBAC, encryption (at rest and in transit), and authentication mechanisms.
- Data Modeling Patterns: Embed for frequent reads; reference for normalization and flexibility.

## 3) SETUP INSTRUCTION

## I. Prerequisites

Before you begin setting up the application, make sure you have the following software installed on your machine:

- Node.js (version 14 or higher)
  - Download Node.js
- MongoDB (version 4.4 or higher)

#### Download MongoDB

Additionally, you'll need a code editor such as Visual Studio Code to view and edit the project files.

#### II. Installation

#### **Clone Repository:**

- Clone the repo: git clone <repository-url>
- Navigate to project directory: cd <project-directory>

#### **Install Dependencies:**

• Frontend (React):

cd frontend npm install

• Backend (Node.js):

cd backend npm install

## **Set Up Environment Variables:**

• Frontend (.env):

REACT\_APP\_API\_URL=http://localhost:4000

• Backend (.env):

mongodb+srv://sarakmugdha2910:sara2910@cluster0.tovm3.mongodb.net/?retryWrites=true&w=majority&appName=Cluster0l4pl.mongodb.net/e-commerce>

PORT=5000

JWT\_SECRET=mySecretKey

## MongoDB Setup:

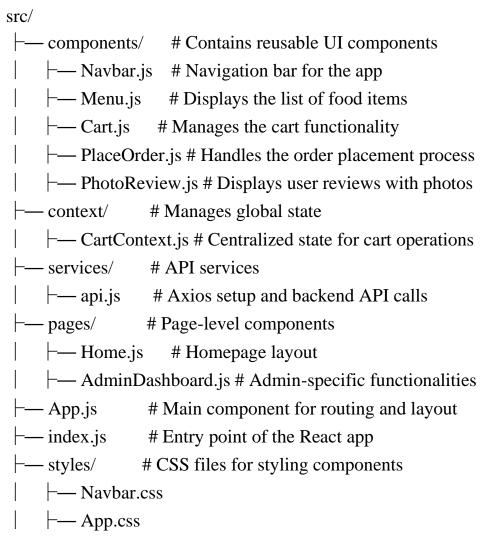
• Ensure MongoDB is running locally or update .env for MongoDB Atlas.

## **Run Database Migrations:**

• Follow backend README or script files for migrations.

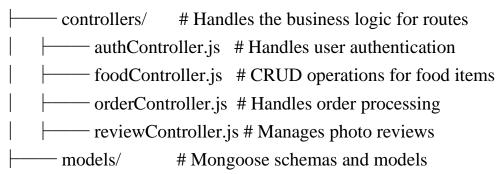
## 4)FOLDER STRUCTURE

#### Frontend (User)



## **Backend (Database)**

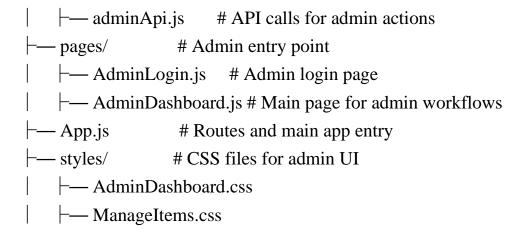
backend/



User.js # User model
FoodItem.js # Food item model
Order.js # Order model
Review.js # Review model
routes/ # API endpoints
authRoutes.js # Routes for user authentication
foodRoutes.js # Routes for food items
orderRoutes.js # Routes for orders
reviewRoutes.js # Routes for reviews
middleware/ # Custom middleware
authMiddleware.js # Authenticates user and admin tokens
—— config/ # Configuration files
dotenv.config # Environment variables setup
server.js # Entry point for the backend server
package.json # Project dependencies and scripts

#### **Admin**

src/ # Admin-specific components and pages — admin/ — AdminDashboard.js # Main dashboard displaying statistics — ManageItems.js # CRUD operations for food items — ManageOrders.js # View and update orders — ManageReviews.js # Approve/reject photo reviews – components/ # Shared components — Navbar.js # Admin-specific navigation bar ├— Sidebar.js # Sidebar for admin navigation # Global state for admin - context/ — AdminContext.js # Centralized state management for admin # API services for admin – services/



## 5) RUNNING THE APPLICATION

To run the application locally, you'll need to start both the frontend and backend servers. Follow the commands below to launch each part of the application:

#### **Frontend**

1. Navigate to the client directory:

cd frontend

2. Start the React development server:

npm run dev

This will run the frontend application on <a href="http://localhost:5173">http://localhost:5173</a>

# Backend (Node.js)

1. Navigate to the server directory:

cd backend

2. Start the Node.js server:

Npm run server

This will run the backend server on http://localhost:4000

#### Admin

1. Navigate to the server directory:

cd admin

2. Start the Node.js server:

npm run dev

This will run the backend server on <a href="http://localhost:5174">http://localhost:5174</a>

## 6) API DOCUMENTATION

## Sign Up:

```
Request Body (json):

{
    "name": "John Doe",
    "email": "john.doe@example.com",
    "password": "password123"
    }

Response Body:

{
    "message": "User registered successfully",
    "user": {
        "id": "user_id",
        "name": "John Doe",
        "email": "john.doe@example.com"
    }
}
```

## **User Login:**

```
Request Body (json):

{
    "email": "john.doe@example.com",
    "password": "password123"
}
```

```
Response Body:

{
    "message": "Login successful",
    "token": "jwt_token_here"
}
```

#### **Adding new food item:**

```
Request Body (json):
       "name": "Cheese Burger",
       "description": "A delicious cheese burger with lettuce, tomato, and special
      sauce",
       "price": 8.99,
       "image": "cheeseburger.jpg",
       "category": "Burgers"
Response Body:
       "message": "Food item added successfully",
       "menuItem": {
        "id": "menu_item_id",
        "name": "Cheese Burger",
        "description": "A delicious cheese burger with lettuce, tomato, and special
      sauce",
        "price": 8.99,
        "image": "cheeseburger.jpg",
        "category": "Burgers",
```

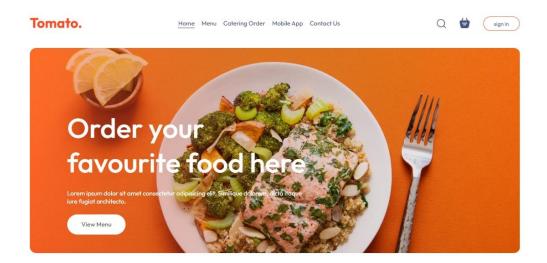
## 7) AUTHENTICATION

In this App, authentication is implemented using JWT (JSON Web Token) to secure the endpoints.

- Registration: Users register with their name, email, and password. Passwords are hashed before storing in the database.
- Login: Users log in with their email and password. Upon successful authentication, a JWT token is generated and returned.
- Token-Based Access: The client stores the token (usually in localStorage or sessionStorage) and includes it in the Authorization header for protected requests.
- Password Hashing: Hashing passwords before storing them in the database (using bcrypt).

## 8) USER INTERFACE

**<u>Home Page:</u>** Displays all available food items with search and category filter options.



#### Explore Our Menu

Choose a diverse menu featuring a delectable array of dishes. Our mission is to satisfy your cravings and elevate your dining experience, one delicious meal at a time.

















Salad

Rolls

Deserts Sandwich

Cake

Pure Veg

Pasta

Noodles

#### Top dishes near you











Clover Salad

Chicken Salad



Peri Peri Rolls \*\*\*\*☆ \$12



Chicken Rolls \*\*\*\*\* \$20



Veg Rolls



Ripple Ice Cream \*\*\*\*\*



Fruit Ice Cream \*\*\*\*\*



Jar Ice Cream \*\*\*\*☆ Food provides essential nutrients for overall health and well-being \$10



Vanilla Ice Cream Food provides essential nutrients for overall health and well-being

\$12



Chicken Sandwich Food provides essential nutrients for overall health and well-being \$12

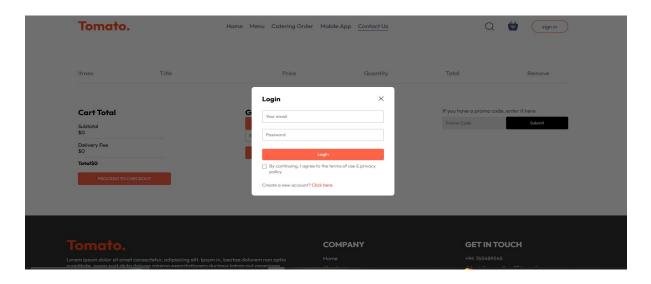


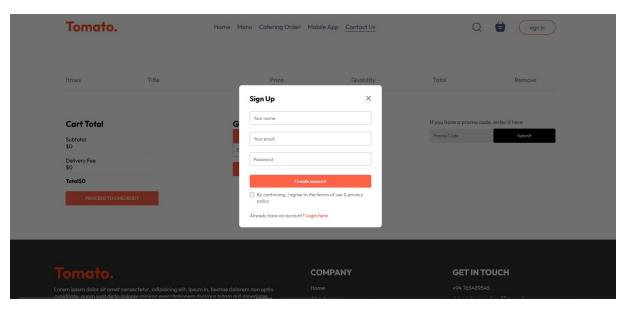
Vegan Sandwich \*\*\*\* Food provides essential nutrients for overall health and well-being \$18



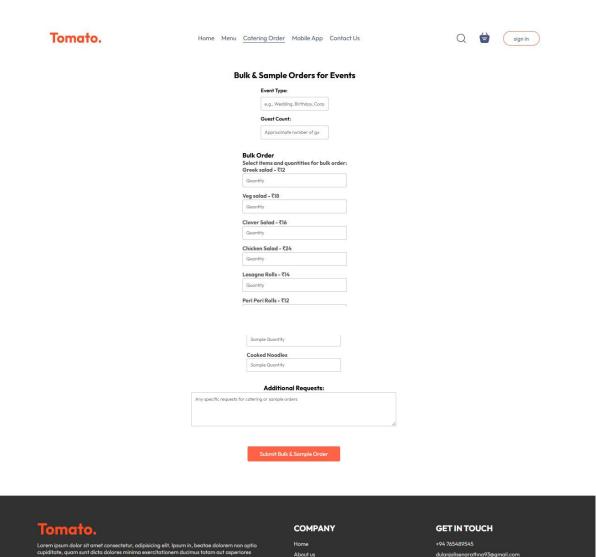
Grilled Sandwich \*\*\*\*\* \$16

**Login/Sign Up:** Here new users can register themselves and already registered users can login



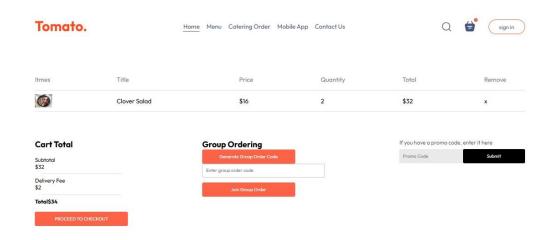


<u>Catering Order Page:</u> Here the users can give a bulk order and order food for events with specific favorable foods.

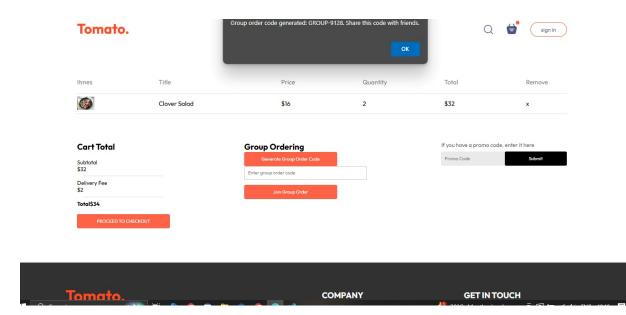


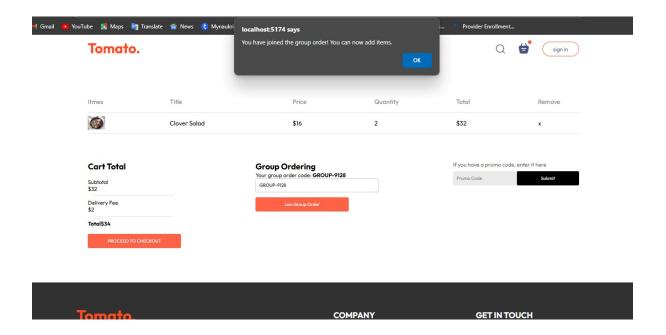
(f) (y) (in)

<u>Cart Page:</u> It would display the products under cart with quantity and price breakdown with group ordering feature.

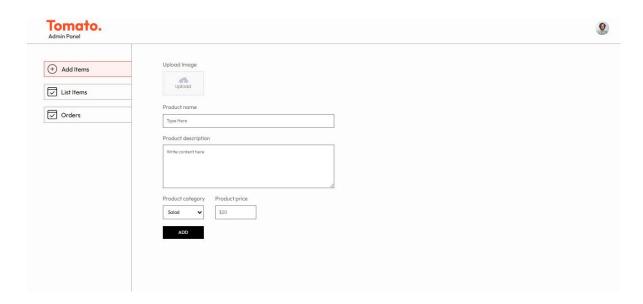


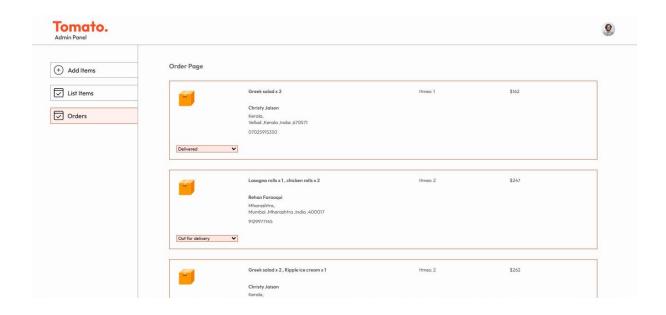
<u>Place Order Page:</u> It would display the products under cart with quantity and price breakdown and also the address and price details.

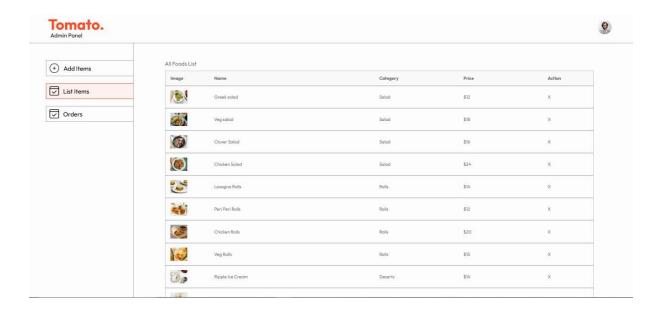




**Admin Page:** Here the admin can add, remove and view new food items in the menu and also track and view users' orders.







# 9) TESTING

#### **Tools and Frameworks**

## **Frontend Testing**

- Jest: A testing framework for JavaScript, often used with React.
- React Testing Library: Used for testing React components and their interactions.

#### **Backend Testing**

- Mocha: A flexible testing framework for Node.js.
- Chai: An assertion library used with Mocha for readable test cases.
- Supertest: Used for testing HTTP requests to your Express APIs.

#### **End-to-End Testing**

- Cypress: For testing user workflows in the browser.
- Postman/Newman: For testing and automating API endpoints.

#### **Test Cases**

#### Frontend Test Cases

- 1. Component Tests:
  - o Verify that the Navbar renders correctly with navigation links.
  - o Ensure that the Cart component displays the correct number of items.
  - o Check that Home page fetches and displays restaurant data.

cd frontend

npm test

#### 2. Form Validation:

• Test form inputs for login and registration (e.g., invalid emails, missing fields).

#### **Backend Test Cases**

- 1. API Endpoint Tests:
  - o Verify /api/users registers a new user.
  - o Test /api/auth/login for valid and invalid credentials.

cd backend

npm test

#### 2. Database Tests:

o Ensure Mongoose models validate schema correctly.

#### **End-to-End Test Cases**

#### 1. <u>User Workflow:</u>

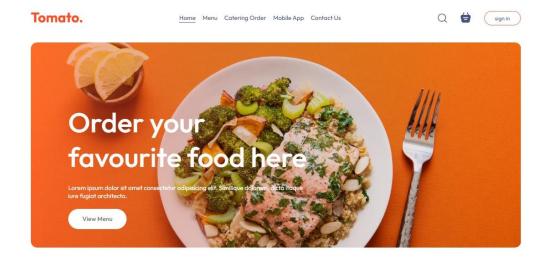
- Simulate a user registering, logging in, adding items to the cart, and placing an order.
- o Use Cypress to verify UI elements and flows.

npx cypress open

## 10) SCREENSHOTS

# **Frontend Screenshots:**

Home Page



#### Explore Our Menu

Choose a diverse menu featuring a delectable array of dishes. Our mission is to satisfy your cravings and elevate your dining experience, one delicious meal at a time.



















Top dishes near you

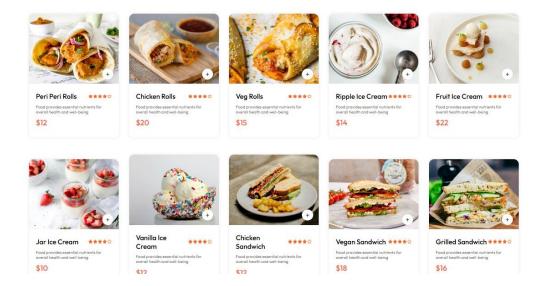




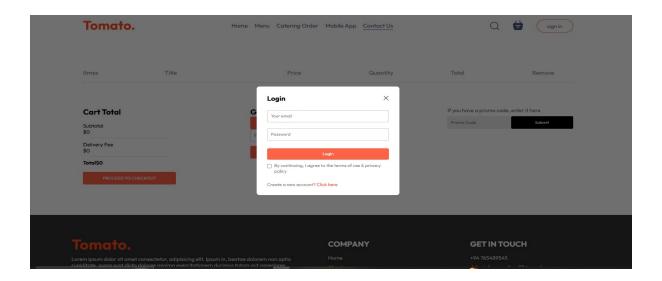


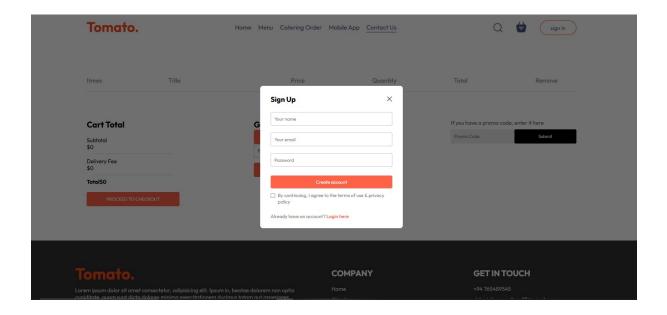




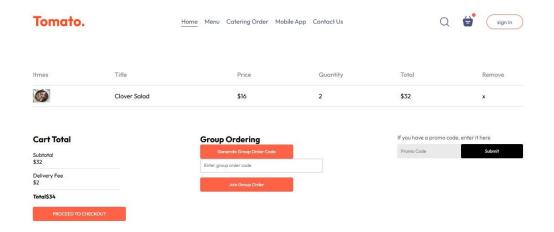


# Login/Sign Up:

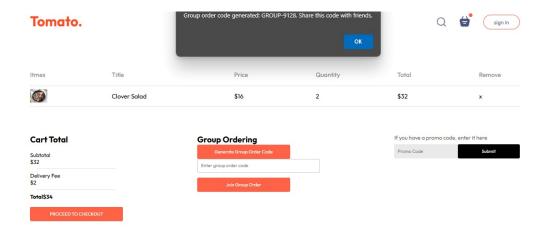


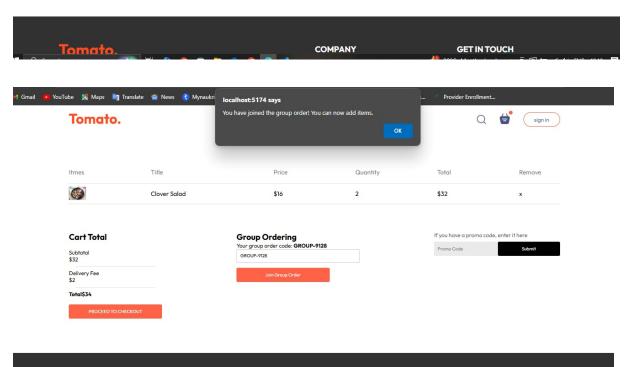


# Cart Page:



## Place Order Page:

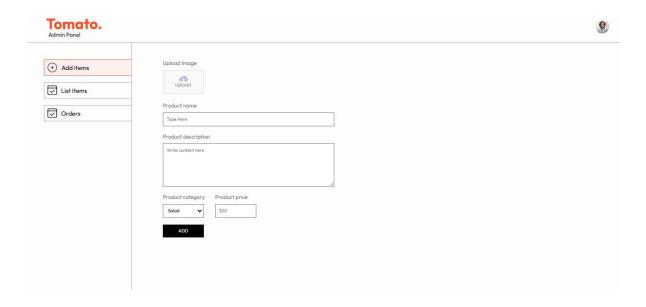


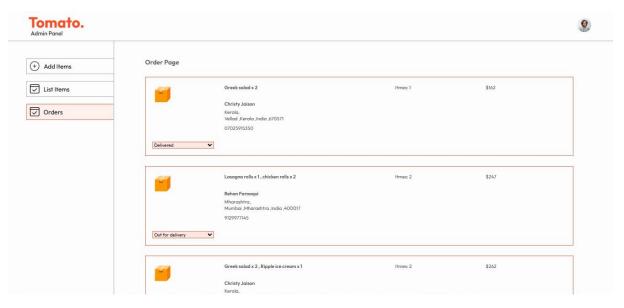


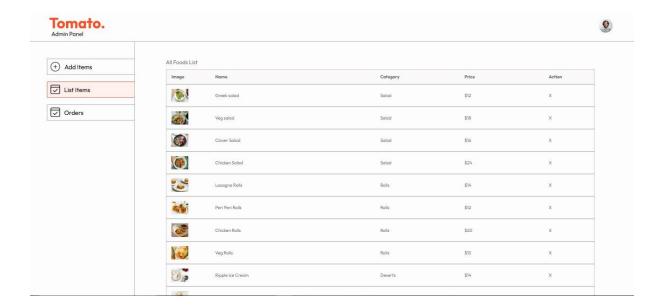
COMPANY

**GET IN TOUCH** 

# Admin Page







#### 11) KNOWN ISSUES

- Performance: Slow response times for API requests since Database queries not optimized or unnecessary re-renders in the frontend.
- Deployment: Environment variables or configurations are exposed in the deployment.
- JWT Token Expiry Handling: Expired tokens not detected, causing authorization errors.

## 12) FUTURE ENHANCEMENTS

- Notifications: Add email and push notifications to notify users of order confirmations, status changes, and promotional offers.
- Multi-Tenant Support: Support multiple restaurant owners with separate dashboards which allows each restaurant to manage their menu, orders, and analytics independently.
- Restaurant Analytics: Provide analytics for restaurants which show metrics like sales trends, popular dishes, and peak order times.
- Dynamic Pricing: Enable dynamic pricing for restaurants which will allow restaurants to offer discounts during off-peak hours or surge pricing during busy periods