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# Week2 Assignments – SATISH RAMACHANDRAN

```
PROBLEM #2
Sales prediction based on media advertisement
# Assignment 2
# Sales prediction
# We'll use Tensor flow 1.x
import tensorflow.compat.v1 as tf
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from sklearn import preprocessing
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
# Disable 2.0 behavior
tf.disable_v2_behavior()
# Random seed initialization
RANDOM SEED = 55
tf.set random seed(RANDOM SEED)
# Input file data
sales_file_data = pd.read_csv('Advertising.csv')
#print(sales file data)
# Split features and result
ad_media = sales_file_data[['TV','Radio','Newspaper']]
sales = sales file data[['Sales']]
#print(ad_media)
#print(sales)
# Scale the features
# NOTE: We don't need to scale the sales.
scaled ad media = preprocessing.minmax scale(ad media)
print(scaled_ad_media)
```

```
# Need to convert sales from dataFrame to numpy array
# NOTE: This is very important.
sales=sales.to_numpy()
print(sales)
print("Splitting trian and test set")
# Split the input data into training and testing partitions
train media, test media, train sales, test sales = train test split(scaled ad media, sales,
test size=0.30, random state=RANDOM SEED)
ad media shape = train media.shape[1]
sales shape = train sales.shape[1]
learning rate = 0.008
# Number of iterations
epochs = 3000
# Neural network model parameters
# Inputs are TV, Radio and Newspaper
n input = ad media shape
n hidden = 8
# The output is a single value
n_output = sales_shape
print("model dimenstions: input: {inp}, hidden: {hidden}, output: {out}".format(inp=n_input,
hidden=n hidden, out=n_output))
inputs = tf.placeholder("float", shape=[None, n input])
output = tf.placeholder("float", shape=[None, n output])
# Weights from the input layer to the hidden layer
W1 = tf.Variable(tf.random_uniform([n_input, n_hidden], -1.0, 1.0))
# weight initer = tf.truncated normal initializer(mean=0.0, stddev=0.01)
#W1 = tf.get variable(name="Weight1", dtype=tf.float32, shape=[n input, n hidden],
initializer=weight initer)
#W1 = tf.get variable(name="W1", shape=[n input, n hidden],
initializer=tf.contrib.layers.xavier initializer())
# Weights from the hidden layer to the output layer
W2 = tf.Variable(tf.random uniform([n hidden, n output], -1.0, 1.0))
#W2 = tf.get variable(name="Weight2", dtype=tf.float32, shape=[n hidden, n output],
initializer=weight initer)
```

```
# W2 = tf.get_variable(name="W1", shape=[n_hidden, n_output],
initializer=tf.contrib.layers.xavier initializer())
# Bias values for nodes in hidden layer
b1 = tf.Variable(tf.zeros([n hidden]), name='Bias1')
# Bias value for the node in the output layer
b2 = tf.Variable(tf.zeros([n output]), name='Bias2')
# Use RELU for the activation function
# Output of the hidden layer
L2 = tf.nn.relu(tf.matmul(inputs,W1) + b1)
# Final model output
compOutput = tf.math.add(tf.matmul(L2,W2), b2)
# Linear regression model cost function
cost = tf.reduce mean(tf.math.square(tf.math.subtract(compOutput, output)))
optimizer = tf.train.GradientDescentOptimizer(learning rate).minimize(cost)
# root mean squared error (RMSE)
modelOutput = tf.placeholder("float", shape=[None, n output])
error = tf.math.sqrt(tf.math.reduce mean(tf.math.square(tf.math.subtract(modelOutput,
output))))
init = tf.global variables initializer()
# Print helpers
print W1 = tf.print(W1)
print W2 = tf.print(W2)
print b1 = tf.print(b1)
print b2 = tf.print(b2)
with tf.Session() as session:
  session.run(init)
  print("***** Model training begin *****")
  print("Length of train media:" + str(len(train media)))
  print("Length of train sales:" + str(len(train sales)))
  print(train media[0:1])
  print(train sales[0:1])
  for step in range(epochs):
    # Train with each example
    # Train the model with the training set
    for i in range(len(train media)):
      session.run(optimizer, feed dict={inputs: train media[i: i + 1], output: train sales[i: i +
1]})
```

```
print("***** Model training complete *****")
# Print what we have
print('Weights between input layer and hidden layer')
print('----')
session.run(print W1)
print('Weights between hidden layer and output layer')
print('----')
session.run(print_W2)
print('Bias values for the hidden layer')
print('----')
session.run(print b1)
print('Bias value for the output layer')
print('----')
session.run(print b2)
print("Based on the model, this is what the sales will be for the test media input")
test output = session.run(compOutput, feed dict={inputs: test media})
print(test output)
print("Computing the accuracy")
test accuracy = session.run(error, feed dict={modelOutput: test output, output: test sales})
print(test media)
print(test sales)
print(test_output)
print("Test Accuracy:")
print("=======")
print(test accuracy)
```

These are the different weights and bias values, as printed by the code:

# (Output taken with 8 hidden layers and a learning rate of 0.0.8)

```
Weights between input layer and hidden layer
```

[[-0.258197784 3.5517993 4.14433479 0.446795374 0.128205389 7.43452168 -0.162838459 6.1842227]

 $[-0.869605064\ 4.29196167\ 0.462701529\ 0.0571018718\ 0.236857086\ -4.11374426\ -0.640768051\ 0.726293445]$ 

[-0.425169 -0.968646705 0.29915148 0.0323934332 -0.559727 0.318706155 -0.188223124 0.476360887]]

Weights between hidden layer and output layer

-----

[[0.810407877]

[1.17881262]

[1.40577877]

[0.152001724]

[-0.763012648]

[-1.80858612]

[-0.767709494]

[2.09448767]]

Bias values for the hidden layer

-----

[0 -3.2457931 -0.160463646 -0.0207778309 -0.410278052 -1.21030152 0 -0.209612012] Bias value for the output layer

-----

[5.56935549]

The RSME value for this was 0.58935064. That is, the predicted value was off by ~0.58 on either side. This is the output of actual vs predicted for the TEST set.

[1]	38992222 3.46838011 3.08420697	0.15524194	0.005			
() () () () ()	.46838011			277 1	rr11 3	[[10.859688]
[]		0 20020645		-	[[11.]	
[ ]	J. U842Ub9/				[12.2]	[12.582172]
1]					[ 9.5]	[ 8.729829 ]
1		0.24193548			[ 9.7]	[ 9.718873 ]
					[19.7]	[20.050718]
		0.82862903			[10.8]	[10.110434]
		0.03830645			[10.3]	[10.073532]
		0.32056452			[ 5.6]	[16.61986]
		0.28024194			[21.2]	[22.13255]
		0.71370968			[19.2]	[19.80381]
		0.10887097			[12.2]	[12.317692]
		0.69758065			[15.2]	[15.690046]
		0.23387097			[ 8.4]	[ 8.7802515]
		0.75806452			[ 8. ]	[ 7.956123 ]
		0.1733871			[13.4]	[13.290646]
		0.32258065			[ 6.6]	[ 7.0721674]
		0.38709677			[13.2]	[13.410755]
		0.67540323			[19.6]	[20.166885]
		0.59072581			[15.]	[16.45926]
	l.	0.73185484			[23.8]	[23.334421]
		0.96169355			[22.4]	[23.3342]
	.12614136		0.10202		[10.9]	[ 9.891915 ]
		0.37096774			[15.2]	[14.7818985]
		0.11491935			[10.4]	[10.347713]
		0.58266129		-	[20.8]	[20.51519]
		0.94354839		-	[14.6]	[14.027985]
		0.42137097		-	[14.5]	[14.638744]
		0.33669355			[15.9]	[15.910494]
1	0.05478526	0.88104839	0.78364	4116]	[ 8.7]	[ 8.970381 ]
[ '	55765979	0.2016129	0.15215	5479]	[12.6]	[12.17074]
[ [	0.03719986	0.74395161	0.39489	9886]	[ 7.3]	[ 7.7867785]
[ [	.44098749	0.86290323	0.25153	3914]	[18.]	[17.550934]
	0.02603991	0.5483871	0.01583	3113]	[ 5.7]	[ 6.6105633]
	.59621238	0.1875	0.05364	4996]	[12.8]	[12.159769]
	.94690565	0.28024194	0.3227	7924]	[16.1]	[16.3616]
[ ]	.95671288	0.84677419	0.57959	9543]	[25.5]	[24.696447]
[ ]	32127156	0.02822581	0.06244	4503]	[ 9.5]	[ 9.15005 ]
	.80047345	0.55443548	0.09410	073 ]	[18.9]	[19.050247]
		0.41532258			[15.9]	[16.107496]
		0.20362903			[14.8]	[15.261208]
		0.05241935			[10.5]	[10.501797]
		0.70564516			[12.6]	[12.10918 ]
		0.08669355			[11.7]	[12.342392]
		0.48387097			[17.4]	[17.296524]
		0.86693548			[26.2]	[25.107574]
		0.07056452			[11.7]	[11.40732]
		0.47580645			[17.1]	[17.061735]
		0.54637097			[18.9]	[19.270607]
		0.59475806			[18.4]	[18.780878]
		0.05241935			[10.6]	[11.386885]
	).4687183 ).82008793	0.29233871			[13.4]	[12.508098]
		0.98790323			[25.4]	
		0.04233871 0.73790323			[ 4.8]	[ 5.5693555]
		0.73790323		18381	[12.5]	[12.210353 ] [ 9.723003 ]
		0.66935484			[20.1]	[20.119476]
		0.86693548			[21.7]	[22.803602]
		0.05846774			[12.7]	[12.801914]
	).5732161	0.15725806			[11.7]]	[11.959122 ]]

### PROBLEM #1

## XOR tenorflow solution

This is the code that I used for the XOR solution. When I set the EPOCHs to 100, it did not match the output expected. But, when I set the EPOCHs to 10000, the model trained very close, and the error was mimimal.

```
# Assignment 2
# XOR implementation in Tensorflow
# We'll use Tensor flow 1.x
import tensorflow.compat.v1 as tf
import numpy as np
# Disable 2.0 behavior
tf.disable v2 behavior()
# Input data
x_data = np.array([[0,0],[1,0],[0,1],[1,1]])
# Expected Output
y_{data} = np.array([[0],[1],[1],[0]])
learning rate = 0.1
# Number of iterations
epochs = 10000
# Neural network model parameters
n input = 2
n hidden = 3
n_output = 1
X = tf.placeholder(tf.float32)
Y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32)
modelOutput = tf.placeholder(tf.float32)
# Weights from the input layer to the hidden layer
W1 = tf.Variable(tf.random_uniform([n_input, n_hidden], -1.0, 1.0))
# Weights from the hidden layer to the output layer
W2 = tf.Variable(tf.random_uniform([n_hidden, n_output], -1.0, 1.0))
# Bias values for nodes in hidden layer
b1 = tf.Variable(tf.zeros([n hidden]), name='Bias1')
# Bias value for the node in the output layer
b2 = tf.Variable(tf.zeros([n_output]), name='Bias2')
```

```
# Output of the hidden layer
L2 = tf.sigmoid(tf.matmul(X,W1) + b1)
# Final model output
compOutput = tf.sigmoid(tf.matmul(L2,W2) + b2)
cost = tf.reduce mean(-Y*tf.log(compOutput) - (1-Y)*tf.log(1-compOutput))
optimizer = tf.train.GradientDescentOptimizer(learning rate).minimize(cost)
# mean squared error
error = tf.math.square(tf.math.subtract(modelOutput, Y))
init = tf.global variables initializer()
# Print helpers
print W1 = tf.print(W1, summarize=-1)
print_W2 = tf.print(W2, summarize=-1)
print b1 = tf.print(b1, summarize=-1)
print b2 = tf.print(b2, summarize=-1)
with tf.Session() as session:
 session.run(init)
 for step in range(epochs):
    session.run(optimizer, feed_dict={X: x data, Y: y data})
 # Print what we have
 print('Weights between input layer and hidden layer')
 print('----')
 session.run(print W1)
 print('Weights between hidden layer and output layer')
 print('-----')
 session.run(print W2)
 print('Bias values for the hidden layer')
 print('----')
 session.run(print b1)
 print('Bias value for the output layer')
 print('----')
 session.run(print b2)
 # Compute the value for the four inputs
 print('=======')
 print('Outputs after the training')
 print('=======')
```

```
output = session.run(compOutput, feed_dict={X: x_data})
 print(output)
 #print(session.run(compOutput, feed_dict={X: x_data}))
 print('========')
 print('Squared output error after the training')
 print('=======')
 print(session.run(error, feed dict={modelOutput: output, Y: y data}))
These are the trained weights:
Weights between input layer and hidden layer
_____
[[6.00337744 -0.154329389 -6.04099703]
[-6.18553638 0.748931348 5.82831907]]
Weights between hidden layer and output layer
_____
[[9.6076889]
[-0.902243376]
[9.79126644]]
Bias values for the hidden layer
_____
[-3.32150602 0.0453489386 -3.19583607]
Bias value for the output layer
-----
[-4.26451874]
_____
Outputs after the training
_____
[[0.01787861]
[0.98664176]
[0.9859263]
[0.01391172]]
_____
Squared output error after the training
_____
[[0.00031964]
[0.00017844]
[0.00019807]
[0.00019354]]
```