#### 1

# Assignment 3

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Abstract—This a simple document that explains how to find results using congruency of triangles.

Download all latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/saranshbali/EE5609/tree/master/ Assignment3

## 1 Problem

ABCD is a quadrilateral in which AD = BC and  $\angle DAB = \angle CBA$ . Prove that

a) 
$$\triangle ABD \cong \triangle BAC$$
 (1.0.1)

$$b) \quad BD = AC \tag{1.0.2}$$

c) 
$$\angle ABD = \angle BAC$$
 (1.0.3)

2 Some Results used

$$\|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}\| = \|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A}\| \tag{2.0.1}$$

$$(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A})^{T}(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C}) = \|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}\|^{2} - (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C})^{T}(\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B})$$
(2.0.2)

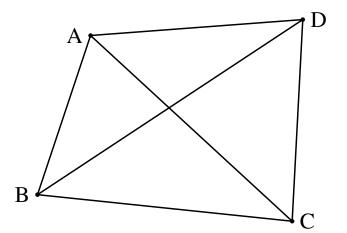


Fig. 0: Quadrilateral ABCD with AD = BC and  $\angle$  DAB =  $\angle$ CBA

## 3 SOLUTION

ABCD is a quadrilateral, where AD=BC and  $\angle DAB = \angle CBA$ .

To show  $\triangle ABD \cong \triangle BAC$ , we use

$$\angle DAB = \angle CBA$$
 (Given) (3.0.1)

$$AD = BC$$
 (Given) (3.0.2)

$$AB = BA$$
 (Common Side) (3.0.3)

Thus, by SAS Congruency Criteria,  $\triangle ABD \cong \triangle BAC$ .

Also, we are given that

$$\angle DAB = \angle CBA \tag{3.0.4}$$

$$\implies \cos \angle DAB = \cos \angle CBA \tag{3.0.5}$$

$$\frac{(\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B})^T (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{D})}{\|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}\| \|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{D}\|} = \frac{(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A})^T (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C})}{\|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A}\| \|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C}\|}$$
(3.0.6)

Since,

$$\|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{D}\| = \|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C}\| \tag{3.0.7}$$

$$\Longrightarrow \frac{(\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B})^T (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{D})}{\|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}\|} = \frac{(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A})^T (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C})}{\|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A}\|}$$
(3.0.8)

$$\Longrightarrow (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B})^{T} (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{D}) = (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A})^{T} (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C}) \quad (3.0.9)$$

$$\implies \|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}\|^2 - (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A})^T (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{D}) =$$
$$\|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}\|^2 - (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B})^T (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C}) \quad (3.0.10)$$

$$(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A})^{T}(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{D}) = (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B})^{T}(\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C}) \qquad (3.0.11)$$

$$\|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A}\| \|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{D}\| \cos \angle ABD =$$

$$\|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}\| \|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C}\| \cos \angle BAC \quad (3.0.12)$$

$$\|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{D}\| \cos \angle ABD = \|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C}\| \cos \angle BAC$$
 (3.0.13)

1) To Prove  $\|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{D}\| = \|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C}\|$ . From (3.0.11),

$$(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A})^T (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{D}) = (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B})^T (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C}) \quad (3.0.14)$$

$$||\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{D}||^2 - (\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{B})^T (\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{A}) =$$

$$||\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C}||^2 - (\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{B})^T (\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{A}) \quad (3.0.15)$$

$$||\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{D}||^2 - (||\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{D}||^2 - (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B})^T (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{D})) =$$

$$||\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C}||^2 - (||\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C}||^2 - (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A})^T (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C}))$$
(3.0.16)

We know that

$$\|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{D}\| = \|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C}\|$$
 (3.0.17)

$$\|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{D}\|^2 + (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B})^T (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{D}) =$$

$$\|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C}\|^2 + (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A})^T (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C}) \quad (3.0.18)$$

$$\|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{D}\|^2 + \|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}\| \|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{D}\| \cos \angle DAB =$$

$$\|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C}\|^2 + \|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A}\| \|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C}\| \cos \angle CBA$$
(3.0.19)

Since, we are given that  $\angle DAB = \angle CBA$  and  $\|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{D}\| = \|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C}\|$ . Then by (3.0.19)

$$\|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{D}\|^2 = \|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C}\|^2$$
 (3.0.20)

$$\|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{D}\| = \|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{C}\|$$
 (3.0.21)

Hence, BD = AC.

By, (3.0.13) and (3.0.21), we have

$$\cos \angle ABD = \cos \angle BAC \qquad (3.0.22)$$

$$\angle ABD = \angle BAC \tag{3.0.23}$$

Hence, (c) establishes.