Matrix theory - Assignment3

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Abstract—This document illustrates finding determinant of matrix using properties of determinant

Download all python codes from

https://github.com/shreeprasadbhat/matrix-theory/ tree/master/assignment3/codes

and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/shreeprasadbhat/matrix-theory/blob/master/assignment3/

1 Problem

Show that

$$\begin{vmatrix} -a^2 & ab & ac \\ ba & -b^2 & bc \\ ca & cb & -c^2 \end{vmatrix} = 4a^2b^2c^2$$
 (1.0.1)

2 Solution

We will show (1.0.1) using only properties of determinants.

By property of determinant we can take multiple of a row out of determinant. Using this property we can take a out of row1 and b out of row2 and c out of row3, we get

$$\begin{vmatrix} -a^2 & ab & ac \\ ba & -b^2 & bc \\ ca & cb & -c^2 \end{vmatrix} = abc \begin{vmatrix} -a & b & c \\ a & -b & c \\ a & b & -c \end{vmatrix}$$
 (2.0.1)

By property of determinant that $|A^T| = |A|$, we can rewrite (2.0.1) as

$$= abc \begin{vmatrix} -a & a & a \\ b & -b & b \\ c & c & -c \end{vmatrix}$$
 (2.0.2)

Again using property we can take a out of row1 and b out of row2 and c out of row3, we get

$$= a^{2}b^{2}c^{2}\begin{vmatrix} -1 & 1 & 1\\ 1 & -1 & 1\\ 1 & 1 & -1 \end{vmatrix}$$
 (2.0.3)

Property of determinant says that interchange rows changes sign of determinant. Using this property interchange *row*1 with *row*3, then interchange *row*2 with *row*3, we get

$$= a^{2}b^{2}c^{2} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$$
 (2.0.4)

By property of determinant that elementary row operations does not change value of the determinant, we get

$$= a^{2}b^{2}c^{2} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_{2}=R_{2}-R_{1}} a^{2}b^{2}c^{2} \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{vmatrix}$$
(2.0.5)

Determinant of a triangular matrix is equal to product of it's diagonals, so we get

$$= a^2 b^2 c^2 \times (1 \times 2 \times 2) \tag{2.0.6}$$

$$=4a^2b^2c^2$$
 (2.0.7)

Hence we showed that

$$\begin{vmatrix} -a^2 & ab & ac \\ ba & -b^2 & bc \\ ca & cb & -c^2 \end{vmatrix} = 4a^2b^2c^2$$
 (2.0.8)