# CYCLE- 4

1. Create a Graphics package that has classes and interfaces for figures Rectangle, Triangle, Square and Circle. Test the package by finding the area of these figures.

```
import package_graphics.*;
import java.util.*;
public class main graphics {
public static void main(String []args){
System.out.println("Name: SARANYA MOHAN \n Regno: SJC22MCA-2049 \n
Course Code:20MCA132 \n Date:16/06/2023");
package_graphics testObj = new package_graphics();
int l,h,r,a,c,d;
Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.println("Enter the length for rectangle");
l=s.nextInt();
System.out.println("Enter the breadth for rectangle");
h=s.nextInt();
System.out.println("Enter the radius of circle");
r=s.nextInt();
System.out.println("Enter the side for Square");
a=s.nextInt();
System.out.println("Enter the breadth for triangle");
c=s.nextInt();
System.out.println("Enter the height for triangle");
d=s.nextInt();
System.out.println("Area of rectangle:"+testObj.recArea(l,h));
System.out.println("Area of circle:"+testObj.cirArea(r));
System.out.println("Area of square:"+testObj.squArea(a));
System.out.println("Area of triangle:"+testObj.triArea(c,d));
package graphics
package package_graphics;
interface interface_graphics{
public float recArea(int l, int h);
public float cirArea(int r);
public float squArea(int a);
public float triArea(int l, int h);
public class package_graphics implements interface_graphics {
public float recArea(int 1, int h){
return l*h;
public float cirArea(int r){
```

```
return r*r*(float)3.14;
}
public float squArea(int a){
return a*a;
}
public float triArea(int l, int h){
return l*h*(float)(.5);
}
}
```

```
sjcet@HP-Z238:~/SARANYA/java/cycle4$ gedit main_graphics.java
sjcet@HP-Z238:~/SARANYA/java/cycle4$ javac main_graphics.java
sjcet@HP-Z238:~/SARANYA/java/cycle4$ java main_graphics
Name: SARANYA MOHAN
Regno: SJC22MCA-2049
Course Code:20MCA132
Date:16/06/2023
Enter the length for rectangle
Enter the breadth for rectangle
Enter the radius of circle
Enter the side for Square
Enter the breadth for triangle
Enter the height for triangle
Area of rectangle:20.0
Area of circle:12.56
Area of square:16.0
Area of triangle:10.0
sjcet@HP-Z238:~/SARANYA/java/cycle4$
```

2. Create an Arithmetic package that has classes and interfaces for the 4 basic arithmetiC operations. Test the package by implementing all operations on two given numbers

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Arithmetic
public static void main(String args[])
System.out.println("Name: SARANYA MOHAN \n Regno: SJC22MCA-2049 \n
Course Code:20MCA132 \n Date:26/06/2023");
Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);
while(true)
System.out.println("");
System.out.println("Enter the two numbers to perform operations");
System.out.print("Enter the first number : ");
int x = s.nextInt();
System.out.print("Enter the second number : ");
int y = s.nextInt();
System.out.println("Choose the operation you want to perform ");
System.out.println("Choose 1 for ADDITION");
System.out.println("Choose 2 for SUBTRACTION");
System.out.println("Choose 3 for MULTIPLICATION");
System.out.println("Choose 4 for DIVISION");
System.out.println("Choose 5 for MODULUS");
System.out.println("Choose 6 for EXIT");
int n = s.nextInt();
switch(n)
case 1:
int add;
add = x + y;
System.out.println("Addition of Two Numbers: "+add);
break;
case 2:
int sub:
sub = x - y;
System.out.println("Subtraction of Two Numbers: "+sub);
break;
case 3:
int mul;
mul = x * y;
System.out.println("Multiplication of Two Numbers: "+mul);
break;
case 4:
```

```
float div;
div = (float) x / y;
System.out.print("Division of Two Numbers : "+div);
break;

case 5:
int mod;
mod = x % y;
System.out.println("Modulus of Two Numbers : "+mod);
break;

case 6:
System.exit(0);
}
}
OUTPUT:
```

```
^[[Asjcet@HP-Z238:~/SARANYA/java/cycle4$ java Arithmetic
Name: SARANYA MOHAN
 Regno: SJC22MCA-2049
Course Code:20MCA132
Date:26/06/2023
Enter the two numbers to perform operations
Enter the first number: 2
Enter the second number: 4
Choose the operation you want to perform
Choose 1 for ADDITION
Choose 2 for SUBTRACTION
Choose 3 for MULTIPLICATION
Choose 4 for DIVISION
Choose 5 for MODULUS
Choose 6 for EXIT
Addition of Two Numbers : 6
Enter the two numbers to perform operations
Enter the first number : 5
Enter the second number: 7
Choose the operation you want to perform
Choose 1 for ADDITION
Choose 2 for SUBTRACTION
Choose 3 for MULTIPLICATION
Choose 4 for DIVISION
Choose 5 for MODULUS
Choose 6 for EXIT
Division of Two Numbers : 0.71428573
Enter the two numbers to perform operations
Enter the first number :
```

### 3. Write a user defined exception class to authenticate the user name and password.

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class authException extends Exception
public authException(String s) {
super(s);
public class userauthentication
public static void main(String[] args) {
System.out.println("Name: SARANYA MOHAN \n Regno: SJC22MCA-2049 \n
Course Code:20MCA132 \n Date:16/06/2023");
String username = "student";
String passcode = "student123";
String user_name,password;
Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
try
System.out.println("Enter the username:");
user_name = sc.nextLine();
System.out.println("Enter the password:");
password = sc.nextLine();
if(username.equals(user_name) && passcode.equals(password))
System.out.println("Authentication successful...");
else
throw new authException("Invalid user credentials");
catch(authException e)
System.out.println("Exception caught "+e);
```

sjcet@HP-Z238:~/SARANYA/java/cycle4\$ java userauthentication Name: SARANYA MOHAN Regno: SJC22MCA-2049 Course Code:20MCA132 Date:16/06/2023 Enter the username: student Enter the password: student123 Authentication successful... sjcet@HP-Z238:~/SARANYA/java/cycle4\$

4. Find the average of N positive integers, raising a user defined exception for each negative input.

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class NegException extends Exception
public NegException(String s)
super(s);
public class Average {
public static void main(String[] args)
System.out.println("Name: SARANYA MOHAN \n Regno: SJC22MCA-2049 \n
Course Code:20MCA132 \n Date:21/06/2023");
int i:
double sum=0,avg=0;
Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.println("Enter n numbers:");
int n=sc.nextInt();
for(i=1;i \le n;i++)
try
System.out.println("Enter number"+i);
int a=sc.nextInt();
if(a<0)
{
throw new NegException("Negative numbers not allowed, Try again");
else
sum=sum+a;
catch(NegException e)
System.out.println("NEGETIVE EXCEPTION OCCURED:"+e);
avg=sum/n;
System.out.println("Average is "+avg);
sc.close();
}
```

sjcet@HP-Z238:~/SARANYA/java/cycle4\$ java Average

Name: SARANYA MOHAN Regno: SJC22MCA-2049 Course Code:20MCA132 Date:21/06/2023

Enter n numbers:

3

Enter number1

54

Enter number2

65

Enter number3

34

Average is 51.0

sjcet@HP-Z238:~/SARANYA/java/cycle4\$

5. Define 2 classes; one for generating multiplication table of 5 and other for displaying first N prime numbers. Implement using threads. (Thread class).

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class mul extends Thread{
public void run(){
System.out.println("\n");
for(int i = 0; i < 11; i++)
System.out.println("5*"+i+" = "+5*i);
class prime extends Thread{
int num;
public prime(int n){
this.num=n;
public void run(){
int x, y, flg;
System.out.println("All the Prime numbers within 1 and " + num + " are:");
for (x = 1; x \le num; x++)
if (x == 1 || x == 0)
continue;
flg = 1;
for (y = 2; y \le x / 2; ++y) {
if (x \% y == 0) {
flg = 0;
break;
if (flg == 1)
System.out.print("\n prime number ="+x + " ");
public class driver {
public static void main(String[] args) {
System.out.println("Name: SARANYA MOHAN \n Regno: SJC22MCA-2049 \n
Course Code:20MCA132 \n Date:26/06/2023");
System.out.println("Enter The number");
Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
int number = sc.nextInt();
mul obj1 = new mul();
obj1.start();
prime obj2 = new prime(number);
obj2.start();
```

```
sjcet@HP-Z238:~/SARANYA/java/cycle4$ java driver
Name: SARANYA MOHAN
 Regno: SJC22MCA-2049
Course Code:20MCA132
Date:26/06/2023
Enter The number
All the Prime numbers within 1 and 5 are:
 prime number =2
prime number =3
 prime number =5 5*0 = 0
5*1 = 5
5*2 = 10
5*3 = 15
5*4 = 20
5*5 = 25
5*6 = 30
5*7 = 35
5*8 = 40
5*9 = 45
5*10 = 50
sjcet@HP-Z238:~/SARANYA/java/cycle4$
```

6. Define 2 classes; one for generating Fibonacci numbers and other for displaying even numbers in a given range. Implement using threads. (Runnable Interface).

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class Fib extends Thread{
int f,n1=0,n2=1,n3;
Fib(int c){
this.f=c;
public void run(){
System.out.println("fib is "+n1);
System.out.println("fib is "+n2);
for(int i=2;i<this.f;++i) {
n3=n1+n2;
System.out.println("fib is "+n3);
n1=n2;
n2=n3;
class even extends Thread{
int range;
even(int range){
this.range=range;
public void run(){
for(int i=0;i<this.range;i++){
if(i\%2==0){
System.out.println("even num is "+i);
public class mulThread {
public static void main(String [] args){
System.out.println("Name: SARANYA MOHAN \n Regno: SJC22MCA-2049 \n
Course Code:20MCA132 \n Date:21/06/2023");
int c,range;
Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.println("enter the count of Fibinooci");
c=sc.nextInt();
Fib fi=new Fib(c);
System.out.println("enter the range of even number");
range=sc.nextInt();
even ev = new even(range);
fi.start();
ev.start();
}
```

```
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sjcet@HP-Z238:~/SARANYA/java/cycle4$ java mulThread
Name: SARANYA MOHAN
Regno: SJC22MCA-2049
Course Code:20MCA132
Date:21/06/2023
enter the count of Fibinooci
enter the range of even number
5
fib is 0
fib is 1
fib is 1
fib is 2
fib is 3
even num is 0
even num is 2
even num is 4
sjcet@HP-Z238:~/SARANYA/java/cycle4$
```

# 7. Producer/Consumer using ITC import java.util.ArrayList; import java.util.List; class Producer implements Runnable List<Integer> flist; int $max_size = 5$ ; int i=0; Producer(List<Integer> flist) this.flist = flist; public void run() while(true) try produce(i++); } catch (Exception e) System.out.println("Interuption "+e); public void produce(int i) throws InterruptedException synchronized (flist) while(flist.size()==max\_size) System.out.println("Production full, waiting to consume"); flist.wait(); synchronized(flist) System.out.println("Producer produced "+i); flist.add(i); flist.notify(); class Consumer implements Runnable List<Integer> flist; Consumer(List<Integer> flist) this.flist = flist;

```
public void run()
       while(true)
       try
       consume();
       } catch (Exception e)
       System.out.println("Exception "+e);
       public void consume() throws InterruptedException
       synchronized (flist)
       while(flist.isEmpty())
       System.out.println("Fully consumed, Need to produce");
       flist.notify();
       Thread.sleep(500);
       flist.wait();
       synchronized(flist)
       Thread.sleep(1000);
       System.out.println("Consumer consumed "+flist.remove(0));
       public class itc {
       public static void main(String[] args)
       System.out.println("Name: SARANYA MOHAN \n Regno: SJC22MCA-2049 \n
       Course Code:20MCA132 \n Date:26/06/2023");
       List<Integer> flist = new ArrayList<Integer>();
       Thread th1 = new Thread(new Producer(flist));
       Thread th2 = new Thread(new Consumer(flist));
       th1.start();
       th2.start();
OUTPUT:
```

```
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sjcet@HP-Z238:~/SARANYA/java/cycle4$ javac itc.java
sjcet@HP-Z238:~/SARANYA/java/cycle4$ java itc
Name: SARANYA MOHAN
 Regno: SJC22MCA-2049
 Course Code:20MCA132
Date:26/06/2023
Producer produced 0
Consumer consumed 0
Fully consumed, Need to produce
Producer produced 1
Producer produced 2
Producer produced 3
Producer produced 4
Producer produced 5
Production full, waiting to consume
Consumer consumed 1
Consumer consumed 2
Consumer consumed 3
Consumer consumed 4
Consumer consumed 5
Fully consumed, Need to produce
Producer produced 6
Producer produced 7
Producer produced 8
Producer produced 9
Producer produced 10
Production full, waiting to consume
```

8. Program to create a generic stack and do the Push and Pop operations.

```
class Stack {
private int arr[];
private int top;
private int capacity;
Stack(int size) {
arr = new int[size];
capacity = size;
top = -1;
public void push(int x) {
if (isFull()) {
System.out.println("Stack OverFlow");
System.exit(1);
System.out.println("Inserting " + x);
arr[++top] = x;
public int pop() {
if (isEmpty()) {
System.out.println("STACK EMPTY");
System.exit(1);
return arr[top--];
public int getSize() {
return top +1;
public Boolean isEmpty() {
return top == -1;
public Boolean isFull() {
return top == capacity - 1;
public void printStack() {
for (int i = 0; i \le top; i++) {
System.out.print(arr[i] + "\t");
public static void main(String[] args) {
System.out.println("Name: SARANYA MOHAN \n Regno: SJC22MCA-2049 \n
Course Code:20MCA132 \n Date:21/06/2023");
Stack stack = new Stack(5);
stack.push(1);
stack.push(2);
stack.push(3);
System.out.print("Stack: ");
stack.printStack();
stack.pop();
```

```
System.out.println("\nAfter popping out");
      stack.printStack();
OUTPUT:
        sjcet@HP-Z238:~/SARANYA/java/cycle4$ javac Stack.java
        sjcet@HP-Z238:~/SARANYA/java/cycle4$ java Stack
        Name: SARANYA MOHAN
         Regno: SJC22MCA-2049
         Course Code:20MCA132
         Date:21/06/2023
        Inserting 1
        Inserting 2
        Inserting 3
        Stack: 1
                                3
        After popping out
                       sjcet@HP-Z238:~/SARANYA/java/cycle4$
```

### 9. Using generic method perform Bubble sort.

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class bubble {
void sort(int arr[])
int n = arr.length;
for(int i = 0; i < n-1; i++)
for(int j=0;j< n-i-1;j++)
if(arr[j] > arr[j+1])
int temp = arr[i];
arr[j]=arr[j+1];
arr[i+1] = temp;
void display(int arr[])
System.out.println("Sorted Array :");
int n = arr.length;
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
System.out.print(arr[i]+ " ");
System.out.println("\n");
public static void main(String[] args)
System.out.println("Name: SARANYA MOHAN \n Regno: SJC22MCA-2049 \n
Course Code:20MCA132 \n Date:26/06/2023");
System.out.println("Enter size of Array:");
Scanner inp =new Scanner(System.in);
n = inp.nextInt();
int[] arr = new int[n];
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
System.out.println("Enter element :");
e = inp.nextInt();
arr[i]=e;
bubble ob = new bubble();
ob.sort(arr);
ob.display(arr);
```

```
sjcet@HP-Z238:~/SARANYA/java/cycle4$ java bubble
Name: SARANYA MOHAN
Regno: SJC22MCA-2049
Course Code:20MCA132
Date:26/06/2023
Enter size of Array:
3
Enter element:
4
Enter element:
7
Enter element:
5
Sorted Array:
4 5 7
sjcet@HP-Z238:~/SARANYA/java/cycle4$
```

# 10. Maintain a list of Strings using ArrayList from collection framework, perform built-in operations.

```
import java.util.*;
public class arraylist{
public static void main(String[] args){
System.out.println("Name: SARANYA MOHAN \n Regno: SJC22MCA-2049 \n
Course Code:20MCA132 \n Date:22/06/2023");
ArrayList<String>arrayList=new ArrayList<>();
arrayList.add("Bibin");
arrayList.add("Rony");
arrayList.add("Tarun");
arrayList.add("Jack");
System.out.println("The element of the arraylist is- "+arrayList);
Collections.sort(arrayList);
System.out.println("\n The ArrayList Sort: "+arrayList);
Collections.addAll(arrayList, "Karun", "Vimal", "Shan", "Ram", "Gibin");
System.out.println("\n Adding new items in the arraylist is: "+arrayList);
Collections.sort(arrayList, Collections.reverseOrder());
System.out.println("\n The reverse order of the arraylist:"+arrayList);
System.out.println("\n The maximum element of the
arraylist:"+Collections.max(arrayList));
```

```
sjcet@HP-Z238:~/SARANYA/java/cycle4$ gedit arraylist.java
sjcet@HP-Z238:~/SARANYA/java/cycle4$ java arraylist
Name: SARANYA MOHAN
Regno: SJC22MCA-2049
Course Code:20MCA132
Date:22/06/2023
The element of the arraylist is- [Bibin, Rony, Tarun, Jack]
The ArrayList Sort: [Bibin, Jack, Rony, Tarun]
Adding new items in the arraylist is: [Bibin, Jack, Rony, Tarun, Karun, Vimal, Shan, Ram, Gibin]
The reverse order of the arraylist:[Vimal, Tarun, Shan, Rony, Ram, Karun, Jack, Gibin, Bibin]
The maximum element of the arraylist:Vimal
sjcet@HP-Z238:~/SARANYA/java/cycle4$
```

### 11. Program to remove all the elements from a linked list

```
import java.util.*;
public class linlist {
public static void main(String[] args){
System.out.println("Name: SARANYA MOHAN \n Regno: SJC22MCA-2049 \n
Course Code:20MCA132 \n Date:26/06/2023");
LinkedList<String> L=new LinkedList<>();
L.add("Gold");
L.add("Silver");
L.add("Bronze");
System.out.println(L);
L.add(0,"Olympics Medals");
System.out.println(L);
L.remove("Bronze");
System.out.println(L);
L.remove(2);
System.out.println(L);
L.removeLast();
System.out.println(L);
L.removeFirst();
System.out.println(L);
```

```
sjcet@HP-Z238:~/SARANYA/java/cycle4$ javac linlist.java
sjcet@HP-Z238:~/SARANYA/java/cycle4$ java linlist
Name: SARANYA MOHAN
Regno: SJC22MCA-2049
Course Code:20MCA132
Date:26/06/2023
[Gold, Silver, Bronze]
[Olympics Medals, Gold, Silver, Bronze]
[Olympics Medals, Gold, Silver]
[Olympics Medals, Gold]
[Olympics Medals]
[]
sjcet@HP-Z238:~/SARANYA/java/cycle4$
```

# 12. Program to remove an object from the Stack when the position is passed as parameter

```
import java.util.Stack;
public class q12driver {
public static void main(String[] args) {
// Create a stack
Stack<String> stack = new Stack<>();
// Add elements to the stack
stack.push("Apple");
stack.push("Banana");
stack.push("Orange");
stack.push("Mango");
// Print the stack
System.out.println("Name: SARANYA MOHAN \n Regno: SJC22MCA-2049 \n
Course Code:20MCA132 \n Date:27/06/2023");
System.out.println("------);
System.out.println("Stack elements: " + stack);
// Remove an element from the stack by position
int positionToRemove = 2; // Position starts from 1
removeElement(stack, positionToRemove);
// Print the stack after removal
System.out.println("Stack after removal: " + stack);
public static void removeElement(Stack<String> stack, int position) {
if (stack.isEmpty() || position <= 0 || position > stack.size()) {
System.out.println("Invalid position or stack is empty.");
return;
}
// Create a temporary stack to hold removed elements
Stack<String> tempStack = new Stack<>();
// Remove elements until the desired position
for (int i = 1; i < position; i++) {
tempStack.push(stack.pop());
// Remove the element at the desired position
stack.pop();
// Restore the remaining elements back to the original stack
while (!tempStack.isEmpty()) {
stack.push(tempStack.pop());
```

sjcet@HP-Z238:~/SARANYA/java/cycle4\$ gedit q12driver.java sjcet@HP-Z238:~/SARANYA/java/cycle4\$ javac q12driver.java sjcet@HP-Z238:~/SARANYA/java/cycle4\$ java q12driver Name: SARANYA MOHAN Regno: SJC22MCA-2049 Course Code:20MCA132 Date:27/06/2023 -----OUTPUT-----Stack elements: [Apple, Banana, Orange, Mango] Stack after removal: [Apple, Banana, Mango] sjcet@HP-Z238:~/SARANYA/java/cycle4\$

# 13. Program to demonstrate the creation of queue object using the Priority Queue class

```
import java.util.*;
class Collection Framework Queue {
public static void main(String args[]) {
System.out.println("Name: SARANYA MOHAN \n Regno: SJC22MCA-2049 \n
Course Code:20MCA132 \n Date:22/06/2023");
Queue<Integer> q = new PriorityQueue<Integer>(new Comp());
int ch;
Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.println("\n1.ADD\n2.PEEK\n3.POLL or
REMOVE\n4.DISPLAY\n5.EXIT");
System.out.println("Enter your choice : ");
ch = sc.nextInt();
switch (ch) {
case 1:
System.out.println("\n\tEnter Integer : ");
int n1 = sc.nextInt();
q.add(n1);
System.out.println("\n\tADDED SUCCESSFULLY!!!");
break;
case 2:
if (q.isEmpty()) {
System.out.print("\n\tQueue Empty !!!");
System.out.print("\n\tPeeked element is " + q.peek());
break:
case 3:
if (!q.isEmpty()) {
System.out.print("\n\tRemoved element is " + q.poll());
} else {
System.out.print("\n\tQueue Empty!!!");
break;
case 4:
if (!q.isEmpty()) {
System.out.print("\nSize of queue : " + q.size());
System.out.print("\nQueue elements : " + q);
System.out.println("\nQueue elements are");
for (int i : q) {
System.out.println(i);
}
} else {
System.out.print("\n\tQueue Empty !!");
break;
case 5:
```

```
break;
       default:
       System.out.println("\n\tPlease enter valid choice !!!");
       } while (ch != 5);
       class Comp implements Comparator<Integer> {
       public int compare(Integer a, Integer b) {
       return a % 10 > b % 10 ? 1 : -1;
OUTPUT:
```

```
sjcet@HP-Z238:~/SARANYA/java/cycle4$ java Collection Framework Queue
Name: SARANYA MOHAN
Regno: SJC22MCA-2049
Course Code:20MCA132
Date:22/06/2023
1.ADD
2.PEEK
3.POLL or REMOVE
4.DISPLAY
5.EXIT
Enter your choice :
       Enter Integer :
       ADDED SUCCESSFULLY !!!
1.ADD
2.PEEK
3.POLL or REMOVE
4.DISPLAY
5.EXIT
Enter your choice :
       Peeked element is 8
1.ADD
2.PEEK
3.POLL or REMOVE
4.DISPLAY
5.EXIT
Enter your choice :
       Removed element is 8
```

```
1.ADD
2.PEEK
3.POLL or REMOVE
4.DISPLAY
5.EXIT
Enter your choice:
4

Queue Empty!!!
1.ADD
2.PEEK
3.POLL or REMOVE
4.DISPLAY
5.EXIT
Enter your choice:
5
sjcet@HP-Z238:~/SARANYA/java/cycle4$
```

### 14. Program to demonstrate the addition and deletion of elements in deque

```
import java.util.*;
class deque
public static void main(String[] args)
System.out.println("Name: SARANYA MOHAN \n Regno: SJC22MCA-2049 \n
Course Code:20MCA132 \n Date:23/06/2023");
Deque<String> deque = new LinkedList<String>();
deque.add("Java");
deque.addFirst("Python");
deque.addLast("Datastructure");
deque.push("Web-programming");
deque.offer("Networking");
deque.offerFirst("DBMS");
System.out.println(deque + "\n");
deque.removeFirst();
deque.removeLast();
System.out.println("Deque after removing " + "first and last: " + deque);
```

```
sjcet@HP-Z238:-/SARANYA/java/cycle4$ gedit deque.java
sjcet@HP-Z238:-/SARANYA/java/cycle4$ javac deque.java
sjcet@HP-Z238:-/SARANYA/java/cycle4$ java deque
Name: SARANYA MOHAN
Regno: SJC22MCA-2049
Course Code:20MCA132
Date:23/06/2023
[DBMS, Web-programming, Python, Java, Datastructure, Networking]

Deque after removing first and last: [Web-programming, Python, Java, Datastructure]
sjcet@HP-Z238:-/SARANYA/java/cycle4$
```

### 15. Program to demonstrate the creation of Set object using the LinkedHashset class

```
import java.util.*;
public class q15driver {
public static void main(String[] args) {
System.out.println("Name: SARANYA MOHAN \n Regno: SJC22MCA-2049 \n
Course Code:20MCA132 \n Date:27/06/2023");
LinkedHashSet <Integer> HS = new LinkedHashSet<>();
HS.add(1);
HS.add(2);
HS.add(3);
HS.add(4);
HS.add(5);
System.out.println("Set = "+HS);
HS.remove(5);
System.out.println("Set = "+HS);
int x=HS.size();
System.out.println("Size of set object= "+x);
HS.remove(2);
System.out.println("Set = "+HS);
```

```
sjcet@HP-Z238:~/SARANYA/java/cycle4$ gedit q15driver.java
sjcet@HP-Z238:~/SARANYA/java/cycle4$ javac q15driver
sjcet@HP-Z238:~/SARANYA/java/cycle4$ java q15driver
Name: SARANYA MOHAN
Regno: SJC22MCA-2049
Course Code:20MCA132
Date:27/06/2023
Set = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
Set = [1, 2, 3, 4]
Size of set object= 4
Set = [1, 3, 4]
sjcet@HP-Z238:~/SARANYA/java/cycle4$
```

### 16. Write a Java program to compare two hash set

```
import java.util.*;
public class compareHash {
public static void main(String[] args) {
System.out.println("Name: SARANYA MOHAN \n Regno: SJC22MCA-2049 \n
Course Code:20MCA132 \n Date:23/06/2023");
HashSet<String> h_set = new HashSet<String>();
h_set.add("Red");
h set.add("Green");
h_set.add("Black");
h_set.add("White");
HashSet<String>h set2 = new HashSet<String>();
h set2.add("Red"):
h_set2.add("Pink");
h_set2.add("Black");
h_set2.add("Orange");
HashSet<String>result_set = new HashSet<String>();
for (String element: h set){
System.out.println(h set2.contains(element)? "Yes": "No");
```

```
sjcet@HP-Z238:~/SARANYA/java/cycle4$ gedit deque.java
sjcet@HP-Z238:~/SARANYA/java/cycle4$ gedit compareHash.java
sjcet@HP-Z238:~/SARANYA/java/cycle4$ javac compareHash.java
sjcet@HP-Z238:~/SARANYA/java/cycle4$ java compareHash
Name: SARANYA MOHAN
Regno: SJC22MCA-2049
Course Code:20MCA132
Date:23/06/2023
Yes
No
Yes
No
sjcet@HP-Z238:~/SARANYA/java/cycle4$ gedit compareHash.java
sjcet@HP-Z238:~/SARANYA/java/cycle4$
```

# 17. Program to demonstrate the working of Map interface by adding, changing and removing elements.

```
import java.util.HashMap;
import java.util.Map;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class q17driver{
public static void main(String[] args) {
Map<String, Integer> map = new HashMap<>();
Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
// Adding elements to the map
System.out.println("Name: SARANYA MOHAN \n Regno: SJC22MCA-2049 \n
Course Code:20MCA132 \n Date:27/06/2023");
System.out.print("Enter the number of elements to add: ");
int numElements = scanner.nextInt();
scanner.nextLine(); // Consume the newline character
System.out.println("Enter the elements (key-value pairs):");
for (int i = 0; i < numElements; i++) {
String key = scanner.nextLine();
int value = scanner.nextInt();
scanner.nextLine(); // Consume the newline character
map.put(key, value);
// Printing the initial map
System.out.println("Initial Map:");
printMap(map);
// Changing an element
System.out.print("Enter the key to change the value: ");
String keyToChange = scanner.nextLine();
if (map.containsKey(keyToChange)) {
System.out.print("Enter the new value: ");
int newValue = scanner.nextInt();
scanner.nextLine(); // Consume the newline character
map.put(keyToChange, newValue);
System.out.println("Value changed successfully.");
} else {
System.out.println("Key not found in the map.");
// Removing an element
System.out.print("Enter the key to remove the element: ");
String keyToRemove = scanner.nextLine();
if (map.containsKey(keyToRemove)) {
map.remove(keyToRemove);
System.out.println("Element removed successfully.");
System.out.println("Key not found in the map.");
// Printing the final map
System.out.println("Final Map:");
printMap(map);
```

```
scanner.close();
}
private static void printMap(Map<String, Integer> map) {
for (Map.Entry<String, Integer> entry : map.entrySet()) {
   System.out.println("Key: " + entry.getKey() + ", Value: " + entry.getValue());
}
System.out.println();
}
```

```
sjcet@HP-Z238:~/SARANYA/java/cycle4$ java q17driver
Name: SARANYA MOHAN
 Regno: SJC22MCA-2049
 Course Code:20MCA132
 Date:27/06/2023
Enter the number of elements to add: 3
Enter the elements (key-value pairs):
3
4
5
6
7
Initial Map:
Key: 2, Value: 3
Key: 4, Value: 5
Key: 6, Value: 7
Enter the key to change the value: 2
Enter the new value: 8
Value changed successfully.
Enter the key to remove the element: 6
Element removed successfully.
Final Map:
Key: 2, Value: 8
Key: 4, Value: 5
cicotOHD_7238.~/SADANVA/iava/cvclo/C
```

### 18. Program to Convert HashMap to TreeMap.

```
import java.util.*;
public class hasht {
public static void main(String args[]) {
Map<String, String> map = new HashMap<>();
System.out.println("Enter the limit:");
Scanner inp = new Scanner(System.in);
int n= inp.nextInt();
System.out.println("Enter the Roll number and Name");
while(n!=0) {
String e= inp.next();
String s= inp.next();
map.put(e, s);
n--;
System.out.println("HashMap:"+map);
Map<String, String> treeMap = new TreeMap<>();
treeMap.putAll(map);
System.out.println("TreeMap:"+treeMap);
```

```
^Csjcet@HP-Z238:~/SARANYA/java/cycle4$ java hasht
Name: SARANYA MOHAN
Regno: SJC22MCA-2049
Course Code:20MCA132
Date:27/06/2023
Enter the limit:
3
Enter the Roll number and Name
6
Sharun
2
Arun
4
Maya
HashMap:{2=Arun, 4=Maya, 6=Sharun}
TreeMap:{2=Arun, 4=Maya, 6=Sharun}
sjcet@HP-Z238:~/SARANYA/java/cycle4$
```