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In [ ]:
import pandas as pd
import random
import time
import numpy as np
from sklearn.linear model import LinearRegression
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
In [ ]:
# Selection sort in Python
# # time complexity O(n*n)
#sorting by finding min index
def selectionSort(array, size):
 for ind in range(size):
 min index = ind
  for j in range(ind + 1, size):
   # select the minimum element in every iteration
  if array[j] < array[min index]:</pre>
   min index = j
  # swapping the elements to sort the array
  (array[ind], array[min index]) = (array[min index], array[ind])
 def end
In [ ]:
# creating a data frame object
df = pd.DataFrame(columns = ["length", "time ns", "org arr", "arr"])
n=2000 # Length of the array range will be 2 to n-1
for i in range (2,n):
    r sample = random.sample(range(10, i+1000), i)
    temp df = {'length':i,'org arr':r sample}
    df=df.append(temp df,ignore index=True)
In [ ]:
df
In [ ]:
index len=len(df.index)
for d in range(index len):
    temp arr=(df.loc[d].at['org arr']).copy()
    arr size=(df.iloc[d]['length'])
    start counter ns = time.perf counter ns()
    selectionSort(temp arr, arr size)
    end counter ns = time.perf counter ns()
    timer_ns = end_counter_ns - start_counter ns
    df.at[d, 'time ns'] = timer ns
    df.at[d, 'arr'] = temp_arr
In [ ]:
df.head(50)
In [ ]:
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using dictionary to convert specific columns
convert dict = {'length': int,'time ns': int}

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df = df.astype(convert_dict)

x=df.length
y=df.time_ns
#create basic scatterplot
plt.plot(x, y, '.')

#obtain m (slope) and b(intercept) of linear regression line
m, b = np.polyfit(x, y, 1)

#add linear regression line to scatterplot
plt.plot(x, m*x+b)
print(m,b)
```