Project Documentation: Implementation of Shipping Module in Laravel

Project Title:

Shipping Module Implementation for E-commerce Application Using Laravel and Shiprocket API

Objective:

To design and implement a scalable and efficient shipping module for an e-commerce application using Laravel, integrating shipping methods, dynamic cost calculation, and tracking functionality with the Shiprocket API.

Scope:

The shipping module will handle:

1. Shipping Types:

- Self-shipped (Flat rate calculation)
- o Auto-shipped (Service provider-based calculation using APIs)
 - Service Timings
 - Hyper-local deliveries
 - Courier services

2. Cost Calculation:

- o Flat rate for self-shipped orders.
- o API-based dynamic calculation for auto-shipped orders.

3. Tracking:

o Allow customers to track shipments in real-time.

Features:

1. User Interface:

- o Dropdowns and radio buttons for selecting shipping types.
- o Input fields for entering package details (e.g., weight, pickup and delivery postcode).

2. Backend Integration:

- Integration with Shiprocket API for dynamic shipping cost calculation and tracking.
- o CRUD operations for managing shipping types and rates.

3. **API Endpoints:**

o /calculate-shipping for shipping cost estimation.

o /track-shipment for shipment tracking.

4. Scalability:

o The module can handle multiple shipping providers if required in the future.

Tools and Technologies:

1. **Backend Framework:** Laravel 10

2. Frontend Framework: Blade Templating Engine

3. **Database:** MySQL

4. **HTTP Client:** Guzzle (for API requests)

5. **API Service Provider:** Shiprocket

6. **Testing Framework:** PHPUnit

Implementation Plan:

1. Requirement Analysis:

- Identify key functionalities required for the shipping module.
- Register and retrieve API credentials from Shiprocket.
- Understand Shiprocket API endpoints for:
 - o Authentication
 - o Serviceability
 - o Tracking

2. Project Setup:

- Install Laravel framework using Composer.
- Configure the .env file for database and API credentials.
- Set up authentication middleware for secured API requests.

3. Database Design:

- Define tables for:
 - Shipping Types (id, type, method, flat_rate, created_at, updated_at)
 - Orders (id, shipping_type_id, weight, cost, tracking_id, created_at, updated_at)
 - o Tracking Details (id, tracking_id, status, eta, created_at, updated_at)

4. API Integration:

- Authenticate with Shiprocket and store the token for reuse.
- Implement API calls for:
 - o Cost calculation based on pickup and delivery postcodes and weight.
 - o Real-time tracking of shipments.

5. Backend Logic:

- Create a ShippingService class to encapsulate API logic:
 - o Methods:
 - authenticate(): Obtain API token.
 - calculateShippingCost(): Fetch cost details.
 - trackShipment(): Retrieve tracking information.
- Develop controllers for handling user requests and returning responses.

6. Frontend Development:

- Design a responsive user interface using Blade templates.
- Create forms for:
 - o Selecting shipping type.
 - o Entering package details.
 - o Tracking shipments.
- Implement JavaScript to handle dynamic interactions (e.g., fetching cost via AJAX).

7. Testing:

- Unit Testing:
 - o Write test cases for database models and API integration.
- Functional Testing:
 - o Simulate user interactions with the UI and validate responses.

8. Deployment:

- Push the code to a version control system (e.g., GitHub).
- Deploy the application to a server (e.g., AWS, Heroku, Laravel Forge).
- Configure .env for production environment credentials.

9. Monitoring and Maintenance:

- Enable logging for API requests and responses.
- Monitor API token expiration and refresh tokens when required.
- Use Laravel Telescope to debug and monitor the application.

Timeline:

Task	Duration
Requirement Analysis	2 days
Project Setup	1 day
Database Design	2 days
API Integration	3 days
Backend Logic Implementation	3 days
Frontend Development	4 days
Testing	2 days
Deployment	1 day

Ta	ısk	Duration
Total Time		18 days

Expected Outcomes:

- 1. A fully functional shipping module integrated with Shiprocket API.
- 2. Accurate cost calculation for self-shipped and auto-shipped orders.
- 3. Real-time tracking functionality accessible to customers.
- 4. Scalable architecture to accommodate future shipping providers or features.

Future Enhancements:

- 1. Add support for multiple shipping providers.
- 2. Enable bulk order shipping.
- 3. Integrate email/SMS notifications for tracking updates.
- 4. Implement a dashboard for admin to manage shipping providers and rates.

Conclusion:

The shipping module implementation in Laravel will significantly enhance the e-commerce application by providing dynamic cost calculation, multiple shipping options, and real-time tracking, improving the overall user experience.