

## DAY 14 ASSIGNMENT

-- BY SARATH KASIMSETTY

### 1) Research and write what is the use of sealed class.

#### WACP to illustrate sealed class.

- Sealed class is used to stop a class to be inherited. You cannot derive or extend any class from it.
- Sealed method is implemented so that no other class can overthrow it and implement its own method.
- Sealed class can be a derived class but can't be a base class.
- A sealed class cannot also be an abstract class.

#### CODE:

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
//sarath kasimsetty
//Research and write what is the use of sealed class.
//WACP to illustrate sealed class.

namespace Day14Project1
{
    class TataSteel
    {
        public int id;
        public string name;
        public static string Company = "TATA GROUP";
        public virtual void GetReadEmployee()
        {
            //Read the value from user
            Console.WriteLine("Enter a Login Id ");
            id = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());

            Console.WriteLine("Enter a Name :");
            name = Console.ReadLine();
        }
        public virtual void GetDisplayEmpDetails()
        {
            Console.WriteLine("ID: {0} , Name = {1} , Company = {2}", id, name,
Company);
        }
    }
}
```

```

sealed class TataMotors : TataSteel
    //TataMotors is a derived of TataSteel(base)
{
    public override void GetReadEmployee()
    {
        Console.WriteLine("Enter a Login Id ");
        id = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());

        Console.WriteLine("Enter a Name :");
        name = Console.ReadLine();
    }

    public override void GetDisplayEmpDetails()
    {
        Console.WriteLine("ID: {0} , Name = {1} , Company =
{2}", id, name, Company);
    }
}
sealed class CompanyMark
{
    public static string CompanyLocation = "Hyderabad";
}

internal class Program
{
    static void Main(string[] args)
    {
        Console.WriteLine("Location : {0}", CompanyMark.CompanyLocation);

        Console.WriteLine("*****Emp Details*****");
        TataSteel emp = new TataSteel();
        emp.GetReadEmployee();
        emp.GetDisplayEmpDetails();
        Console.ReadLine();
    }
}

```

**OUTPUT:**

```

Location : Hyderabad
*****Emp Details*****
Enter a Login Id
879
Enter a Name :
sarath
ID: 879 , Name = sarath , Company = TATA GROUP

```

#### 4) WACP to check if the number is prime or not using logic discussed in the class

**HINT : use break;**

##### **CODE:**

```

using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
//sarath kasimsetty
//WACP to check if the number is prime or not using logic discussed in the class
//HINT : use break;

namespace Day14Project4
{
    internal class Program
    {
        static void Main(string[] args)
        {
            int n, i;
            //read value from user
            Console.WriteLine("Enter any number : ");
            n = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());

            //logical
            for(i = 2; i <= n; i++)
            {
                if (n % i == 0)
                    break;
            }
            if (n == i) // user value and loop value will be same its prime
                Console.WriteLine("{0} IS PRIME", n);
            else // If case loop is not satisfied it will be break

```

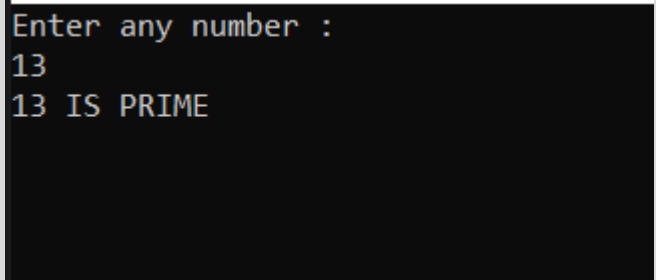
```

        Console.WriteLine("{0} IS NOT PRIME",n);

    Console.ReadLine();
    }
}

```

### OUTPUT:



```

Enter any number :
13
13 IS PRIME

```

### 5. print numbers from 1 to 30 and skip the numbers divisible by 3

**HINT : use continue;**

### CODE:

```

using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
//sarath kasimsetty
//print numbers from 1 to 30 and skip the numbers divisible by 3
//HINT : use continue;

namespace Day14Project5
{
    internal class Program
    {
        static void Main(string[] args)
        {
            int n=30, i;

            for(i=0;i<=n;i++)
            {
                if (i % 3 == 0)
                    continue;
                // loop values divisible by 3 condition true ,those number are skip and print
                // remaining numbers
                Console.WriteLine(i);
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```
Console.ReadLine();
```

```
    }  
    }  
}
```

### OUTPUT:

```
1  
2  
3  
4  
5  
6  
7  
8  
9  
10  
11  
12  
13  
14  
15  
16  
17  
18  
19  
20  
21  
22  
23  
24  
25  
26  
27  
28  
29
```

6) Find the first number after 1000 which is divisible by 97.

HINT : use for loop and break

### CODE:

```
using System;  
using System.Collections.Generic;  
using System.Linq;  
using System.Text;  
using System.Threading.Tasks;  
//sarath kadimsetty  
//Find the first number after 1000 which is divisible by 97.  
//HINT : use for loop and break
```

```

namespace Day14Project6
{
    internal class Program
    {
        static void Main(string[] args)
        {
            int n = 97, i;

            Console.Write("*****By use loop and break*****\n\n");
            // first number after 1000 which is divisible by 97
            for (i=1000;i<1200;i++)
            {
                if (i % n == 0)
                    break;    // if condition is true that loop is stop by
using break;

            }
            Console.WriteLine(i);

            Console.Write("*****By use loop*****\n\n");
            //After numbers of 1000 which is divisible by 97
            for (i = 1000; i < 1200; i++)
            {
                if (i % n == 0)
                {
                    Console.WriteLine(i);
                }

            }

            Console.ReadLine();

        }
    }
}

```

**OUTPUT:**

```
*****By use loop and break*****
```

```
1067
```

```
*****By use loop*****
```

```
1067
```

```
1164
```