Binary search

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[1]: def binary_search(ordered_list, term):
         size_of_list = len(ordered_list) - 1 # map it to the indexing
         index_of_first_element = 0
         index_of_last_element = size_of_list
         while index_of_first_element <= index_of_last_element:</pre>
             mid_point = (index_of_first_element + index_of_last_element)//2 # int__
      \rightarrow div
             if ordered_list[mid_point] == term:
                 return mid_point
             if term > ordered_list[mid_point]:
                 index_of_first_element = mid_point + 1
             else:
                 index_of_last_element = mid_point - 1
[2]: store = [2, 4, 5, 12, 43, 54, 60, 77]
[3]: a = binary_search(store, 2)
     print("Index position of value 2 is ",a)
    Index position of value 2 is 0
[4]: a = binary_search(store, 44)
     print("Index position of value 44 is ",a)
    Index position of value 44 is None
    0.0.1 Try implementing binary search -recurssive logic
[]:
```