CS203 LAB 11

Team Number:37

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1. Dataset Preparation

```
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
import torch
from torch.utils.data import TensorDataset, DataLoader

# Load data
train_off = pd.read_csv("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/clairett/pytorch-sentiment-classification/master/data/SST2/train.tsv", sep="\t", header=0)
train_off.columns = ['sentence', 'label']
test_off = pd.read_csv("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/clairett/pytorch-sentiment-classification/master/data/SST2/test.tsv", sep="\t", header=0)
test_off.columns = ['sentence', 'label']

# Vectorize using TF-IDF
vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer(max_features=180808)
X_train_full = vectorizer.fit_transform(train_off['sentence']).toarray()
y_train_full = train_off['label'].values

X_test = vectorizer.transform(test_off['sentence']).toarray()

# Train/Validation_split
X_train, X_val, y_train, y_val = train_test_split(x_train_full, y_train_full, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)

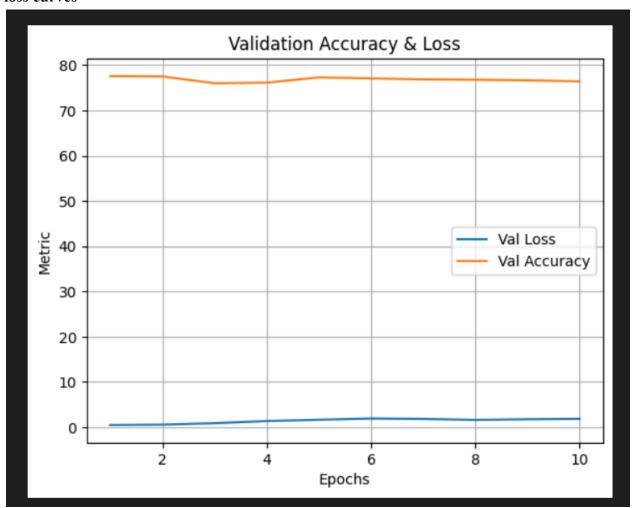
# Convert to tensors
train_dataset = TensorDataset(torch.tensor(X_train, dtype=torch.float32), torch.tensor(y_train))
val_dataset = TensorDataset(torch.tensor(X_val, dtype=torch.float32), torch.tensor(y_val))
test_dataset = TensorDataset(torch.tensor(X_test, dtype=torch.float32), torch.zeros(len(X_test), dtype=torch.long))
```

2. Construct a Multi-Layer Perceptron (MLP) model

```
class MLP(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self, input_size, hidden_sizes=[512, 256, 128, 64], output_size=2):
        super(MLP, self).__init__()
        layers = []
        sizes = [input_size] + hidden_sizes
        for i in range(len(sizes) - 1):
             layers.append(nn.Linear(sizes[i], sizes[i+1]))
                  layers.append(nn.ReLU())
              layers.append(nn.Linear(sizes[-1], output_size))
        self.model = nn.Sequential(*layers)

def forward(self, x):
        return self.model(x)
```

3. Train the model with 10 epochs and create the best-performing model and the plot the loss curves



1. Dynamic Quantization with INT4 or INT8

```
import torch.quantization

quantized_model = torch.quantization.quantize_dynamic(
    mlp.cpu(), {nn.Linear}, dtype=torch.qint8
)

torch.save(quantized_model.state_dict(), "quantized_dynamic.pt")
```

2. Half precision

```
fp16_model = MLP(input_size=input_size) # Reload model fresh
fp16_model.load_state_dict(torch.load("checkpoint.pt"))
fp16_model = fp16_model.half()
torch.save(fp16_model.state_dict(), "half_precision.pt")
```

5. Fill the table for different quantization techniques

Model	Accuracy (%)	Size (MB)	Infer Time (ms)
Original	76.45	21.18	1.59
Dynamic		5.30	0.99
Half		10.59	1.51