

Ex. No.: 4.1 Date: 13.04.24

Register No.: 231901046 Name: SARAVANA M D

Nth Fibonacci

Write a program to return the nth number in the fibonacci series. The value of N will be passed to the program as input.

NOTE: Fibonacci series looks like -

0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55, . . . and so on.

i.e. Fibonacci series starts with 0 and 1, and continues generating the next number as the sum of the previous two numbers.

- first Fibonacci number is 0,
- second Fibonacci number is 1,
- third Fibonacci number is 1,
- fourth Fibonacci number is 2,
- fifth Fibonacci number is 3,
- sixth Fibonacci number is 5,
- · seventh Fibonacci number is 8, and so on.

For example:

	_
Input	Result
1	
4	0
7	2
	8

print(d)

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	1	0	0	~
~	4	2	2	~
~	7	8	8	~

Ex. No.: 4.2 Date: 13.04.24

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Factors of a number

Determine the factors of a number (i.e., all positive integer values that evenly divide into a number).

For example:

Inpu	Result	
20	1 2 4 5 10	
	20	

```
a=int(input()) for i in
range(1,a+1):
if(a%i==0):
    print(i,end=" ")
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	20	1 2 4 5 10 20	1 2 4 5 10 20	~
~	5	1 5	1 5	~
~	13	1 13	1 13	~

Ex. No.: 4.3 Date: 13.04.24

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Product of single digit

Given a positive integer N, check whether it can be represented as a product of single digit numbers.

```
Input Format:
```

Single Integer input.

Output Format:

Output displays Yes if condition satisfies else prints No.

Example Input:

14

Output:

Yes

Example Input:

13

Output:

No **Program:** a=int(input())

c=0 for i in range(1,10):

for j in range(1,10):

print("Yes")

▼ else:

print("No")

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	14	Yes	Yes	~
~	13	No	No	~

Ex. No.: 4.4 Date: 13.04.24

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Unique Digit Count

Write a program to find the count of unique digits in a given number N. The number will be passed to the program as an input of type int.

Assumption: The input number will be a positive integer number ≥ 1 and ≤ 25000 . For e.g.

If the given number is 292, the program should return 2 because there are only 2 unique digits '2' and '9' in this number

If the given number is 1015, the program should return 3 because there are 3 unique digits in this number, '1', '0', and '5'. **For example:**

Input	Result
292	2
1015	3

a=input()

b=len(set(a)) print(b)

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	292	2	2	~
~	1015	3	3	~
~	123	3	3	~

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Non Repeated Digit Count

Write a program to find the count of non-repeated digits in a given number N. The number will be passed to the program as an input of type int.

Assumption: The input number will be a positive integer number \geq 1 and \leq 25000. Some examples are as below.

If the given number is 292, the program should return 1 because there is only 1 nonrepeated digit '9' in this number

If the given number is 1015, the program should return 2 because there are 2 nonrepeated digits in this number, '0', and '5'.

If the given number is 108, the program should return 3 because there are 3 nonrepeated digits in this number, '1', '0', and '8'.

If the given number is 22, the function should return 0 because there are NO nonrepeated digits in this number.

For example:

Input	Resul t
292	1
1015	2
108	3
22	0

Program: a={}

for i in input: if i in a:a[i]+=1

else:a[i]=1 print(sum([1 for i in a if

a[i]==1]))

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	292	1	1	~
~	1015	2	2	~
~	108	3	3	~
_	22	0	0	~

Ex. No.: 4.6 Date: 13.04.24

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Next Perfect Square

Given a number N, find the next perfect square greater than N.

Input Format:

Integer input from stdin.

Output Format:

Perfect square greater than N.

Example Input:

10

Output:

16

```
import math
a=int(input())
b = a + 1 while
b > 0:
    m=math.sqrt(b)
if(m==int(m)):
    print(b)
break else:
```

b = b + 1

	Input	Expected	Got	
/	10	16	16	~

Ex. No.: 4.7 Date: 13.04.24

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Sum of Series

Write a program to find the sum of the series $1 + 11 + 111 + 1111 + \dots + n$ terms (n will be given as input from the user and sum will be the output)

Sample Test Cases

Test Case 1

Input

4

Output

1234

Explanation: as input is 4, have

to take 4 terms.

1 + 11 + 111 + 1111

Test Case 2

Input

6

Output

123456

For example:

Input	Result
3	123

Program:

print(s)

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	4	1234	1234	~
~	6	123456	123456	~

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Prime Checking

Write a program that finds whether the given number N is Prime or not. If the number is prime, the program should return 2 else it must return 1.

Assumption: $2 \le N \le 5000$, where N is the given number.

Example1: if the given number N is 7, the method must return 2 Example2: if the given number N is 10, the method must return 1

For example:

Input	Result
7	2
10	1
10	1

Program:

a=int(input()) c=0 for

i in range(2,a):

if(a%i==0): c=1

if(c==1): print("1")

elif(c==0): print("2")

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	7	2	2	~
~	10	1	1	~

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Disarium Number

A Number is said to be Disarium number when the sum of its digit raised to the power of their respective positions becomes equal to the number itself. Write a program to print number is Disarium or not.

Input Format:

Single Integer Input from stdin.

Output Format:

Yes or No.

Example Input:

175

Output:

Yes

Explanation 1¹ +

 $7^2 + 5^3 = 175$

Example Input:

123

Output:

No

For example:

Inp ut	Res ult
175	Yes
123	No

Program:

a=input() n=len(a) r=0 for

i,d in enumerate(a):

```
r+=int(d)**(i+1) if
r==int(a):
print("Yes") else:
print("No")
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	175	Yes	Yes	~
~	123	No	No	~

Ex. No.: 4.10 Date: 13.04.24

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Perfect Square After adding One

Given an integer N, check whether N the given number can be made a perfect square after adding 1 to it.

Input Format:

Single integer input.

Output Format:

Yes or No.

Example Input:

24

Output:

Yes

Example Input:

26

Output:

No

For example:

Input	Resul t

24	Yes

import math

c=math.sqrt(b)

print("Yes") else:

print("No")

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	24	Yes	Yes	~
~	26	No	No	~