

1. What is Power BI, and what are its three main components?

EN:

Power BI is a business analytics tool by Microsoft that helps users visualize data, create reports, and share insights. Its three main components are:

1. **Power BI Desktop** – for creating reports.
2. **Power BI Service** – for publishing, sharing, and collaboration online.
3. **Power BI Mobile** – for accessing reports on mobile devices.

UZ:

Power BI — Microsoftning biznes tahlili vositasi bo‘lib, u ma’lumotlarni vizuallashtirish, hisobotlar yaratish va ulashishga yordam beradi. Uning uchta asosiy komponenti:

1. **Power BI Desktop** – hisobot yaratish uchun.
 2. **Power BI Service** – hisobtlarni yuklash, baham ko‘rish va hamkorlik qilish uchun.
 3. **Power BI Mobile** – mobil qurilmalarda hisobtlarni ko‘rish uchun.
-

2. Name two business use cases for Power BI dashboards.

EN:

1. Sales performance tracking
2. Financial reporting and forecasting

UZ:

1. Savdo ko‘rsatkichlarini kuzatish
 2. Moliyaviy hisobot va prognoz qilish
-

3. How do you download and install Power BI Desktop?

EN:

You can download Power BI Desktop from the Microsoft Store or from Microsoft’s official website (powerbi.microsoft.com). Install it by opening the setup file and following the installation steps.

UZ:

Power BI Desktop-ni Microsoft Store’dan yoki rasmiy Microsoft saytida

(powerbi.microsoft.com) yuklab olasiz. O‘rnatish faylini ishga tushirib, ko‘rsatmalarga amal qilib o‘rnatiladi.

4. What is the difference between Power BI Desktop and Power BI Service?

EN:

Power BI Desktop is used for building reports, while Power BI Service is used for publishing, sharing, and viewing reports online.

UZ:

Power BI Desktop — hisobot yaratish uchun;

Power BI Service — hisobotlarni onlayn yuklash, ulashish va ko‘rish uchun.

5. What file extension does a Power BI project use?

EN:

A Power BI project uses the **.pbix** file extension.

UZ:

Power BI loyihasi **.pbix** kengaytmali fayldan foydalanadi.

6. Explain the role of Power Query in Power BI.

EN:

Power Query is used for data transformation—cleaning, filtering, merging, and shaping data before building visualizations.

UZ:

Power Query ma’lumotlarni tozalash, filtrlash, birlashtirish va shakllantirish uchun ishlataladi, ya’ni vizualizatsiya oldidan ma’lumotlarni tayyorlaydi.

7. Why would a business prefer Power BI over Excel for reporting?

EN:

Power BI offers better visualizations, automation, real-time dashboards, and easier data refresh compared to Excel.

UZ:

Power BI Excelga nisbatan yanada chiroyli grafiklar, avtomatlashtirilgan hisobotlar, real-time dashboardlar va ma'lumotni oson yangilash imkonini beradi.

8. Describe one limitation of the free version of Power BI.

EN:

You cannot share dashboards with others using the free version.

UZ:

Bepul versiyada dashboardlarni boshqa odamlarga ulashib bo'lmaydi.

9. What is a "published report" in Power BI Service?

EN:

A published report is a report created in Power BI Desktop and uploaded to Power BI Service for viewing and sharing.

UZ:

Published report — Power BI Desktopda yaratilgan va Power BI Service'ga yuklangan hisobot bo'lib, uni ko'rish va ulashish mumkin.

10. How does Power BI Mobile enhance accessibility?

EN:

It allows users to view dashboards and reports on the go using smartphones or tablets.

UZ:

Smartfon yoki planshet orqali hisobotlarni istalgan joydan ko'rish imkonini beradi.

11. Compare Power BI with Tableau — pros and cons.

EN:

Power BI Pros: Cheaper, easier to learn, integrates with Microsoft tools.

Power BI Cons: Limited advanced visuals compared to Tableau.

Tableau Pros: More powerful visualizations and analytics.

Tableau Cons: Expensive and harder to learn.

UZ:

Power BI afzalliklari: Arzon, oson o‘rganiladi, Microsoft xizmatlari bilan yaxshi integratsiya.

Kamchiliklari: Tableau’ga nisbatan kichikroq vizual imkoniyatlari.

Tableau afzalliklari: Kuchli vizualizatsiya va tahlil imkoniyatlari.

Kamchiliklari: Qimmat va o‘rganish qiyin.

12. Explain how Power BI integrates with Azure services.

EN:

Power BI integrates with Azure SQL, Azure Synapse, Azure Data Lake, and Azure Machine Learning for seamless data analysis.

UZ:

Power BI Azure SQL, Azure Synapse, Azure Data Lake va Azure Machine Learning bilan integratsiya bo‘lib, ma’lumotlarni qulay tahlil qilishni ta’minlaydi.

13. What are "gateways" in Power BI, and when are they needed?

EN:

Gateways connect on-premise data sources (local databases/files) to Power BI Service for scheduled refresh.

UZ:

Gatewaylar — lokal (kompyuter yoki serverdagи) ma’lumotlar bazalarini Power BI Service bilan bog’lab, avtomatik yangilanish imkonini beradi.

14. How would you convince a company to adopt Power BI? (ROI argument)

EN:

Power BI reduces reporting time, automates data refresh, improves decision-making, and saves money by eliminating manual reporting.

UZ:

Power BI hisobot tayyorlash vaqtini qisqartiradi, ma'lumotlarni avtomatik yangilaydi, qaror qabul qilishni yaxshilaydi va qo'lda hisobot qilish xarajatlarini kamaytiradi — bu ROI ni oshiradi.

15. What security features does Power BI offer for sensitive data?

EN:

Power BI provides data encryption, row-level security (RLS), access control, and compliance with enterprise security standards.

UZ:

Power BI ma'lumotlarni shifrlash, satr darajasida xavfsizlik (RLS), kirishni boshqarish va xavfsizlik standartlariga moslikni ta'minlaydi.