Python Intern Task - Web Crawler

Clarence got lost while surfing the internet. Help him find his way out by creating a map of the domain he is on.

Write a function `site_map(url)` that takes a site URL as an argument and creates a mapping of that domain as a Python dictionary.

The mapping should contain all the accessible pages within that domain. Every entry should consist of:

```
* key: URL
```

Example:

Confused? Worry not! Here is an example site with a map.

Unzip the 'example.zip' file into some directory and enter it.

Run the following command 'python3 -m http.server'. You are serving a website now! Check if everything is okay by visiting the 'http://0.0.0.0:8000' URL.

If everything works you can run your program with following parameter and verify if it gives the correct answer.

```
>>> site map('http://0.0.0.0:8000')
...
  'http://0.0.0.0:8000': {
     'title': 'Index',
     'links': {'http://0.0.0.0:8000/example.html', 'http://0.0.0.0:8000/site.html'}
  },
  "http://0.0.0.0:8000/site.html": {
     'title': 'The Site',
      'links': {'http://0.0.0.0:8000/site/subsite.html'}
  'http://0.0.0.0:8000/example.html': {
     'title': 'No links here',
     'links': set()
  },
  'http://0.0.0.0:8000/site/subsite.html': {
     'title': 'Looping',
     'links': {'http://0.0.0.0:8000/site/other site.html', 'http://0.0.0.0:8000'}
  },
```

^{*} value: dictionary with:

^{**} site title (HTML `<title>` tag)

^{**} links - set of all target URLs within the domain on the page but without anchor links

```
'http://0.0.0.0:8000/site/other_site.html': {
        'title': 'Looped',
        'links': {'http://0.0.0.0:8000/site/subsite.html'}
    }
}
```



Good luck!