

# Oracle SQL 12c: Become an SQL Developer



## Quiz

For any question or any wishes;

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# Quiz (?)

1. Identify the SELECT statements that execute successfully.

- a) `SELECT first_name, last_name, job_id, salary*12  
AS Annual Sal FROM employees;`
- b) `SELECT first_name, last_name, job_id, salary*12  
"annual sal" FROM employees;`
- c) `SELECT first_name, last_name, job_id, salary AS  
"annual sal" FROM employees;`
- d) `SELECT first_name+last_name AS name, job_Id,  
salary*12 annual sal FROM employees;`

# Quiz (?)

2. In an SQL SELECT statement querying a single table, asterisk (\*) means that;
- a)** all columns of the table are to be returned.
  - b)** all records meeting the full criteria are to be returned.
  - c)** all records with even partial criteria met are to be returned.
  - d)** None of the above is correct.

# Quiz (?)

3. How do you select all the records from a table named “employees” where the value of the column “last\_name” is “KING”?

a) `SELECT [a11] FROM employees WHERE last_name = 'KING'`

b) `SELECT * FROM employees WHERE last_name = 'KING'`

c) `SELECT * FROM employees WHERE last_name LIKE 'KING'`

d) `SELECT [a11] FROM employees WHERE last_name LIKE 'KING'`

# Quiz (?)

4. The SQL statement that queries or reads data from a table is

\_\_\_\_\_.

- a)** READ
- b)** SELECT
- c)** QUERY
- d)** None of the above is correct.

# Quiz (?)

5. To remove duplicate rows from the results of an SQL SELECT statement, the \_\_\_\_\_ qualifier specified must be included.

- a) ONLY
- b) UNIQUE
- c) DISTINCT
- d) SINGLE

# Quiz (?)

6. \_\_\_\_\_ are padded with space characters to match the specified length.

- a) VARCHAR
- b) VARCHAR2
- c) CHAR
- d) CHAR2

# Quiz (?)

- 7. What is the way to determine the structure of a table in database?**
- a)** Using STRUCTURE command
  - b)** Using METADATA command
  - c)** Using SELECT keyword
  - d)** Using DESCRIBE or DESC command



# Quiz (?)

8. With SQL, how do you select a column named "first\_name" from a table named "employees"?

a) `EXTRACT first_name FROM employees`

b) `SELECT employees.first_name`

c) `SELECT first_name FROM employees;`

d) `SELECT first_name FROM employees.first_name;`

# Quiz (?)

9. What is the Datatype of NULL in Oracle?

**a)** Char(0)

**b)** Char(1)

**c)** NULL

**d)** Nothing

# Quiz (?)

10. The wild card character % used in strings means

- a)** one or more characters
- b)** any length of characters (including zero length)
- c)** at least one character
- d)** at least one alphabet

# Answers

1- b,c

6 - c

2- a

7 - d

3- b,c

8 - c

4- b

9 - d

5- c

10 - b

