

**Stack-1**

# Assignment Solution



**1. You have two stack and 1,2,3,4,5 values and you have pushed all these values to S1 (in the order 1,2,3,4,5) and then you took 2 elements from top and inserted into S2 , then pop 1 element from S1 and then take top of S2 and insert into S1. What is the second top element in S1.**

- a) [3]
- b) [2]
- c) [1]
- d) [5]

**The answer is [3]**

**2. Remove kth element from top in a given stack.**

**Hint:** Use another stack, just like insertion questions.

### Solution

```
def remove_kth_element(stack, k):
    if k > len(stack) or k <= 0:
        raise IndexError("k is out of bounds")

    temp_stack = []
    # Remove top k-1 elements and store in temp_stack
    for _ in range(k-1):
        temp_stack.append(stack.pop())

    # Remove the kth element
    stack.pop()

    # Push back the elements from temp_stack to the original stack
    while temp_stack:
        stack.append(temp_stack.pop())

    return stack

# Example usage:
stack = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
k = 3
new_stack = remove_kth_element(stack, k)
print("Stack after removing the kth element:", new_stack)
```

**3. What does this function do ?**

```
def fun(n):
    stack = []
    while n > 0:
        stack.append(n % 2)
        n = n // 2

    while stack:
        print(stack.pop(), end='')
```

- a) Prints binary representation of n in reverse order
- b) Prints binary representation of n
- c) Print the value of Log n
- d) Print the value of Log n in reverse order

This function converts an integer n to its binary representation and prints it in reverse order. The correct answer is:

**Prints binary representation of n.**

**4. Which of the following statement(s) about stack data structure is/are NOT correct?**

- a) Stack data structure can be implemented using linked list
- b) New node can only be added at the top of the stack
- c) Stack is the FIFO data structure
- d) Adding an element to a filled stack leads to underflow conditions.

Correct statement(s) about what is **NOT correct**:

- Stack is the FIFO data structure.
- Adding an element to a filled stack leads to underflow conditions.