

nubg

$$P_k(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{5^x e^{-5}}{k!} & k=0,1,2 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad \boxed{d=5} \quad T=10 \text{ sec} \Rightarrow d=\lambda T \Rightarrow \lambda = \frac{d}{T} = \frac{5}{10} \Rightarrow \lambda = 0.5 \text{ queries/sec}$$

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a)  $P_k(R=0) = P_k(0) = e^{-5} \Rightarrow$  prob. that no queries in 10 sec interval.

b) In 2 sec interval  $T=2$ ,  $d=2\lambda \Rightarrow d=2(0.5) \Rightarrow \boxed{d=1}$

$$\Rightarrow P_N(n) = \begin{cases} \frac{e^{-1} (1)^n}{n!} & n=0,1,2,\dots \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

[no of queries = N]

$$P[N \geq 2] = 1 - P[N=0] - P[N=1] = 1 - e^{-1} - e^{-1} \approx 0.26$$

prob. of atleast 2 queries being processed in  $T=2$  sec interval.

2. prob. of caller failing thrice =  $(1-p)^3$ . For 95% callers to get through,

$$(1-p)^3 \leq 1 - \frac{95}{100} \Rightarrow (1-p)^3 \leq 0.05$$

$$\Rightarrow 1-p \leq (0.05)^{1/3} \Rightarrow 1 - (0.05)^{1/3} \leq p$$

$$\text{min val of } p = 1 - (0.05)^{1/3} \approx 0.63$$

3. Here  $p = 0.2$ ,  $n \rightarrow$  no. of agents. If all  $n$  agents are busy, call fails. attempt

$\therefore$  3 failed attempts prob. =  $(1-p)^{3n} = (0.8)^{3n}$ . To serve the 95% customer goal,

$$(0.8)^{3n} \leq 1 - 0.95 \Rightarrow 3n \log_{10}(0.8) \leq \log_{10}(0.05) \Rightarrow 3n \geq \frac{13.49}{\log_{10}(0.8)} \Rightarrow n \geq 4.98$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{We need } \underline{5} \text{ operators. (min val of } n = 5)$$

4. a) PMF  $\Rightarrow P_Y(y) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{11} & y=5,6,\dots,15 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

b)  $P[Y \leq 10] = P_Y(5) + P_Y(6) + P_Y(7) + P_Y(8) + P_Y(9) = \left(\frac{1}{11}\right)5 = \frac{5}{11}$

c)  $P[Y > 12] = P_Y(13) + P_Y(14) + P_Y(15) = \frac{3}{11}$

d)  $P[8 \leq Y \leq 12] = P_Y(8) + P_Y(9) + P_Y(10) + P_Y(11) + P_Y(12) = \frac{5}{11}$

5. a)  $P_K(k) = \begin{cases} {}^n C_k p^k (1-p)^{n-k} & k=0,1,\dots,n \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

The no. of times the pager receives the same msg  $(k) =$  No. of successes in  $n$  Bernoulli trials.



b) Let  $X$ : event that paging msg was recd. atleast once.

$$P[X] = P[B > 0] = 1 - P[B = 0] = 1 - (1-p)^n$$

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To get min val of  $n$  s.t. prob. of receiving msg is atleast one  $(P[X]) \geq 0.95$

$$\Rightarrow P[X] \geq 0.95 \Rightarrow 1 - (1-p)^n \geq 0.95 \Rightarrow (1-p)^n \leq 0.05$$

$$\Rightarrow n \ln(1-p) \leq \ln(0.05)$$

$$\Rightarrow n \leq \frac{\ln(0.05)}{\ln(1-p)}$$

$$p = 0.2 \text{ (given)} \Rightarrow n \leq \frac{\ln(0.05)}{\ln(0.8)}$$

$$\Rightarrow n \geq 1.96 \Rightarrow \text{min val of } n = 2$$

6.  $K$  = no. of fish hooked on a single cast of line

$m$  = no. of hooks attached to line. (prob. =  $h$ )

PMF of  $K$   $\Rightarrow$  Binomial PMF

$$P_K(K) = \begin{cases} {}^m C_K h^K (1-h)^{m-K} & k=0, 1, \dots, m \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

7. When the dog catches fisher, he runs away w/ it and the fisher throws the fisher. So, the exp. has geometric PMF,  $\because$  the game ends when the desired outcome (dog running away w/ the fisher) is achieved.

$$P_X(x) = \begin{cases} (1-p)^{x-1} \cdot p & x=1, 2, \dots \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$p = 0.2$$

b) Child throws the fisher  $> 4$  times iff there are 4 failures initially.

Let  $X$  = child throws fisher  $> 4$  times

$$\Rightarrow P[X] = (1-p)^4 = (1-0.2)^4 = (0.8)^4 = 0.4096$$



8. The paging msg is sent again if the paging system doesn't receive the ACK. → This msg is sent again & again till the pager receives the msg.

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95) → exp has geometric PMF

$$P_N(n) = \begin{cases} (1-p)^{n-1} p & n=1, 2, \dots \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

b)  $P[N \leq 3]$  → prob. that max of 3 paging attempts are required.

$$\rightarrow P[N \leq 3] = 1 - P[N > 3] = 1 - \sum_{n=4}^{\infty} P_N(n) = 1 - (1-p)^3$$

$$\bullet P[N \leq 3] \text{ should be } \geq 0.95 \rightarrow 1 - (1-p)^3 \geq 0.95$$

$$\bullet (1-p)^3 \leq 0.05 \rightarrow 1-p \leq (0.05)^{1/3} \rightarrow 1-p \leq (0.05)^{1/3} - 1 \rightarrow p \geq (0.05)^{1/3} - 1$$

$$\rightarrow p \geq 1 - (0.05)^{1/3} \approx \underline{0.63}$$

9.  $\lambda = \frac{T}{5}$ , PMF of B (no of buses arriving in T min) →  $P_B(b) = \begin{cases} \left(\frac{T}{5}\right)^b \frac{e^{-T/5}}{b!} & b=0, 1, \dots \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

b)  $T=2$  mins. Prob that 3 buses arrive in  $T=2$  mins,  $\lambda = 2/5$

$$P_B(3) = \frac{\left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^3 e^{-\left(\frac{2}{5}\right)}}{3!} = \frac{8}{125} \left(\frac{e^{-2/5}}{63}\right) = \frac{4}{375} e^{-2/5} \approx 0.0072$$

c)  $T=10$  mins. Prob that 0 buses arrive in  $T=10$  min,  $\lambda = 10/5 \rightarrow \lambda = 2$

$$P_B(0) = \frac{(2)^0 e^{-2}}{0!} = e^{-2} \approx 0.135$$

d) Prob that at least 1 bus arrives,  $P[B \geq 1] = 1 - P[B=0] = 1 - e^{-T/5} \geq 0.99$

$$\rightarrow -e^{-T/5} \geq -0.01 \rightarrow e^{-T/5} \leq 0.01 \rightarrow -\frac{T}{5} \leq \ln(0.01)$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{T}{5} \leq \ln(100) \rightarrow T \geq 5 \ln 100 \rightarrow T \geq 5(2) \ln 10 \rightarrow T \geq 10(2.3) \approx 23 \text{ mins}$$

10. This can be retransmitted d times.

$T \rightarrow$  no of times pkt is transmitted. For  $t < d$ , pkt transmitted t times  
( $\Rightarrow$  t-1 failed attempts & t<sup>th</sup> attempt successful)



$$P_T(t) = \begin{cases} p(1-p)^{t-1} & t=1, 2, \dots, d-1 \\ (1-p)^{d-1} & t=d \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

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11. Let  $S_n$ : event that Sixers win the playoffs in  $n$  games.  
 $C_n$ : " " Celtics " " "

Now, the Sixers can win the playoffs in 3 cases =

- ① If they win 3 consecutive games
- ② If they win 2 out of the first 3 games, lose in the 3rd game & win again in 4th game
- ③ If they win 2 out of the first 4 games, lose the 3rd & 4th " & win in the last (5th) game.

$$① P[S_3] = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^3 = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$③ P[S_5] = {}^4C_2 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^4 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = 6 \left(\frac{1}{32}\right) = \frac{3}{16}$$

$$② P[S_4] = {}^3C_2 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^3 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = 3 \left(\frac{1}{16}\right) = \frac{3}{16}$$

$\therefore$  each team is equally likely to win any game,  $P[C_n] = P[S_n]$

$N$  = <sup>total</sup> no. of games played in the playoffs

$$\Rightarrow P[N=n] = P[S_n] + P[C_n] = 2P[S_n]$$

$$\text{PMF } P_N(n) = \begin{cases} 2\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^3 = \frac{1}{4} & n=3 \\ 2\left({}^3C_1 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^4\right) = \frac{3}{8} & n=4 \\ 2\left({}^4C_2 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^5\right) = \frac{3}{8} & n=5 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

b) Celtics win if they win  $(3+w)$  games. (where  $w \rightarrow$  no of wins)

Also, they win 3 games if they win the playoffs in 3, 4 or 5 games.

$$P_W(w) = \begin{cases} P[C_3] & w=0 \\ P[C_4] & w=1 \\ P[C_5] & w=2 \\ P[C_3] + P[C_4] + P[C_5] & w=3 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

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$$P_W(w) = \begin{cases} 1/8 & w=0 \\ 3/16 & w=1 \\ 3/16 & w=2 \\ 1/8 + 3/16 + 3/16 = 1/2 & w=3 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

of no. of celtics' losses  $L_c$  = no. of sirs' wins  $W_s$ .

$$\rightarrow P_{L_c}(l) = P_{W_c}(l) \quad \& \quad P_{W_s}(w) = P_{L_c}(w)$$

$$\rightarrow P_{L_c}(l) = P_{W_s}(l) = P_{W_c}(l)$$

where  $L_c$  = celtics' losses,  $W_c$  = celtics' wins,  $W_s$  = sirs' wins.

$$P_{L_c}(l) = P_{W_c}(l) = \begin{cases} 1/8 & l=0 \\ 3/16 & l=1 \\ 3/16 & l=2 \\ 1/2 & l=3 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$12. P_N(n) = \begin{cases} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n \left(\frac{2}{3}\right) & n=0, 1, \dots, 99 \\ \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{100} & n=100 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$\text{for } n \leq 100, \text{ CDF of } N, F_N(n) = \sum_{i=0}^n P_N(i) = \sum_{i=0}^n \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^i \left(\frac{2}{3}\right) = \frac{2}{3} \left[ \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^0 + \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^1 + \dots + \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n \right] \quad \left( r = \frac{1}{3} \right)$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} \left[ \frac{1 - \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{n+1}}{1 - \frac{1}{3}} \right]$$

$$F_N(n) = 1 - \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{n+1}$$

$$F_N(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x < 0 \\ 1 - \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{x+1} & 0 \leq x \leq 100 \\ 1 & x \geq 100 \end{cases}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} F_X(x) &= 0 & x < x_{\min} \\ F_X(x) &= 1 & x \geq x_{\max} \end{aligned} \right\}$$