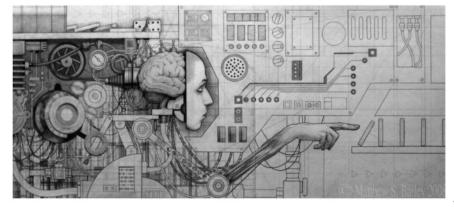
Introduction to Data Science

A Straightforward, Short, and Non - Academic Approach

By John Thomas Foxworthy

Data Scientist



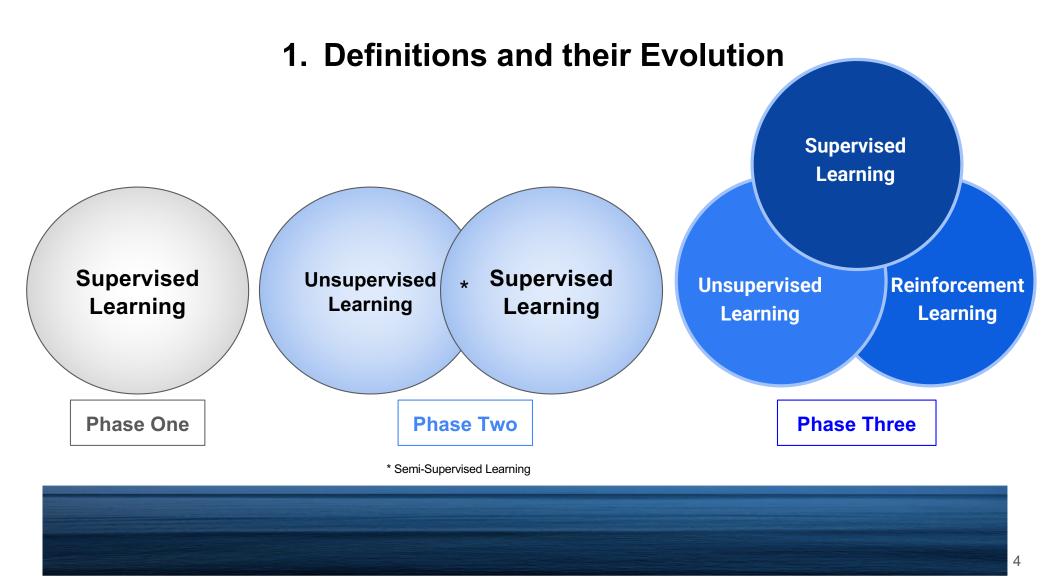
- 1. Definitions
- 2. Relabeling
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- 4. Prior Job Titles
- 5. Origin
- 6. Models and Methodologies
- 7. Most Common Mistakes
- 8. Data Science Workflow
- 9. Learning Resources
- 10. The Future



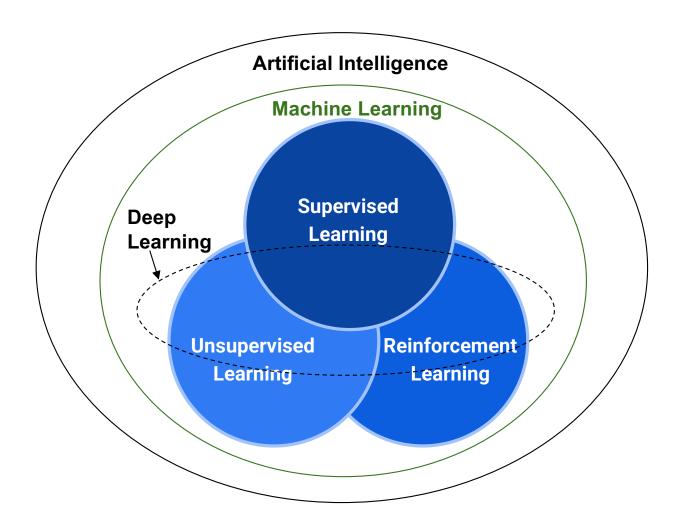
What's with all the Learning?

1. Definitions

Data Science	The re - packaging of Statistics with more computing resources and techniques	
Machine Learning (ML)	A software program that makes decisions without explicit programing	
Deep Learning (DL)	Machine Learning with depth or various layers such as a Neural Network	
Supervised Learning	Predictive Analytics	
Semi - Supervised Learning	Both Predictive and Descriptive Analytics	
Unsurprised Learning	Descriptive Analytics	
Reinforcement Learning (DL)	A software agent that observes, then acts to receive rewards	
Artificial Intelligence (AI)	Anything that is <u>not</u> biological that behaves biological	



1. The Current State of Definitions of Data Science



1. Definition Breakdown with (Un)Supervised Learning

Subject Area	Unsupervised Learning	Supervised Learning
Business	Inputs	Inputs & Outputs
Engineering	Drivers	Drivers & Outcomes
Mathematics	Regressors	Regressors & Regressands
Statistics	Independent Variables	Independent Variables & Dependent Variables
Psychometrics	Predictors	Predictors & Responses
General Science	Explanatory	Explanatories & Focuses
Linguistics	Descriptive	Descriptives & Predictive
Machine Learning	Unlabeled Training Data	Unlabeled Training Data & Labeled Training Data

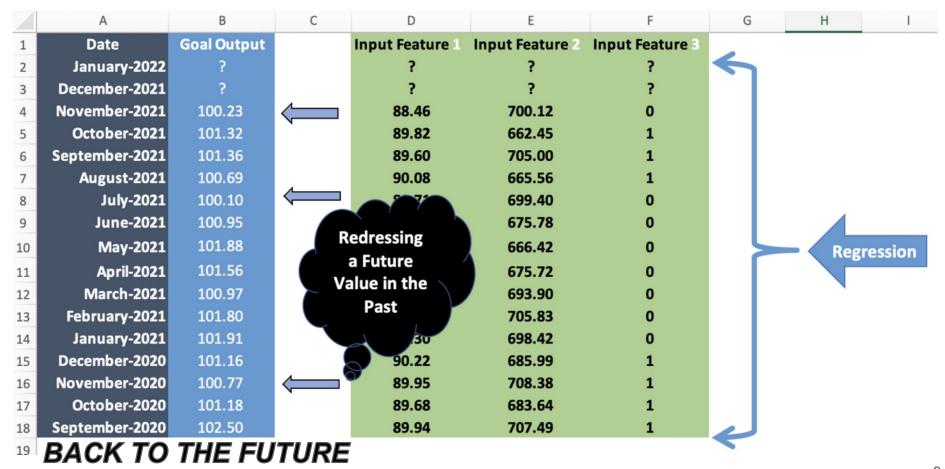
2. Relabeling Defines Data Science and its Purpose

Statistical Learning	Machine Learning	
Fitting Equations	Learning Process	
Model	Model (ML) or Network (DL) or No Model (RL)	
Regression or Classification	Supervised Learning (Predictive Analytics)	
Density Estimation or Clustering	Unsupervised Learning (Descriptive Analytics)	





2. What is a Regression Model? A Clarification

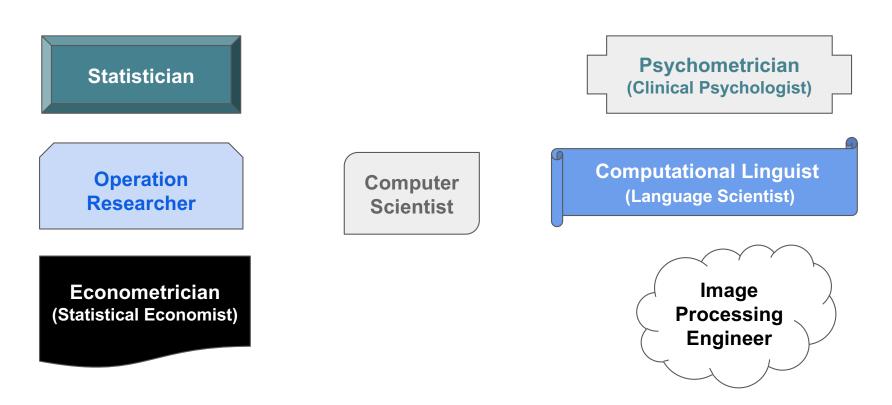


3. Data Science Motto

All models are wrong, but some are useful.

George Box (1976)

4. Prior Job Titles of Today's Data Scientist



5. Where did Data Science come from?

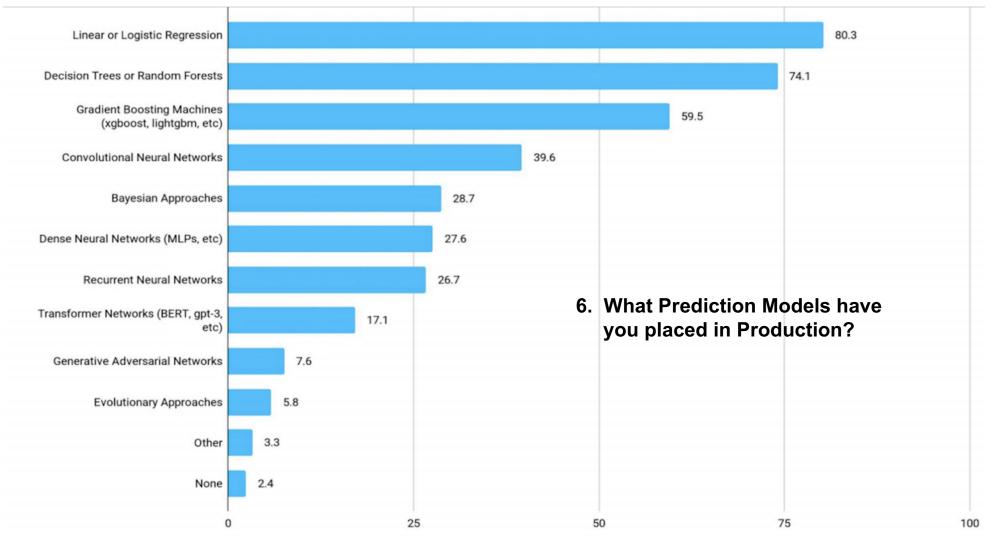
William S. Cleveland



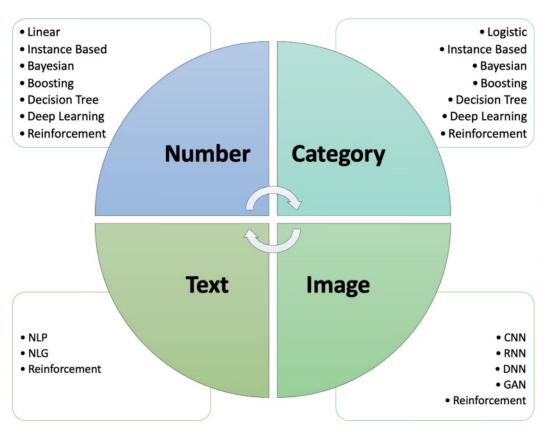
- Professor of Statistics at Purdue University, Indiana
- Vote at the Statistical Symposium with various University Professors in 2001
 - Processing power of computers increasing exponentially
 - Exponential growth of the quantity and quality of data, esp unstructured

Question

If you clone a human being, then does the clone have artificial intelligence?

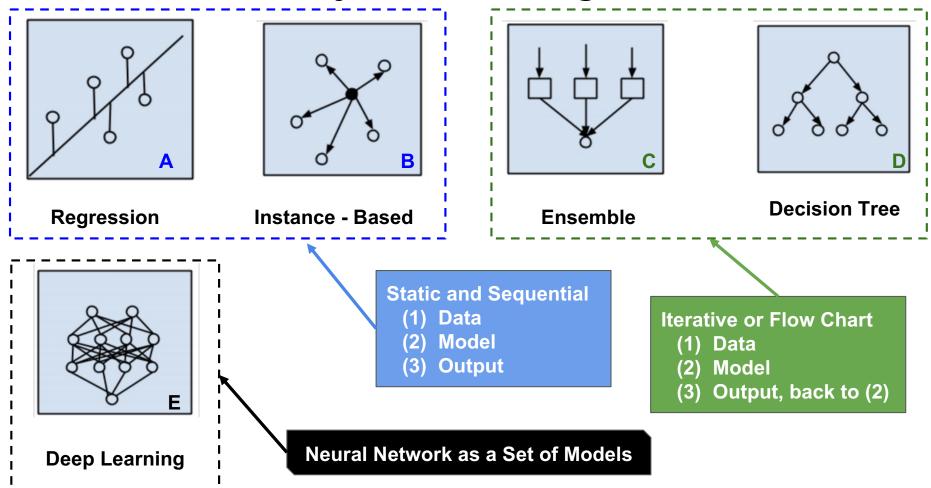


6. Supervised Learning and Predictive Analytics



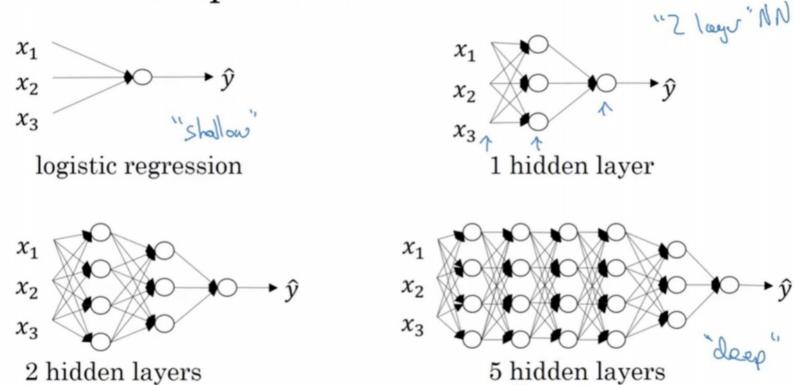


6. The Three Major Methodologies for Prediction



6. Deep Learning Method for Artificial Intelligence

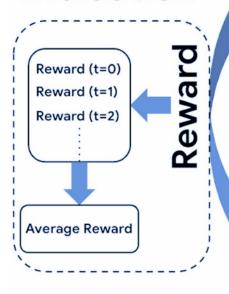
What is a deep neural network?



6. Reinforcement Learning

Method for Artificial Intelligence

Policy Evaluation









Agent

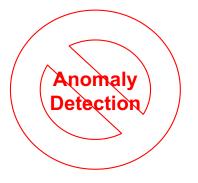


Action

6. Unsupervised Learning and Descriptive Analytics



Data Reduction Techniques





Feature Selection Automation

Autoencoder

Group Segmentation

Should you ask your Supervisor about Unsupervised Learning? Yes!

7. Data Science Prediction Mistakes

Always Inaccurate
Reselect Features
Change Model

Confusing Cause and Effect Endogeneity

The Old Way does not work anymore Regime Switching

Too Many Similar Features

Multicollinearity or try DL

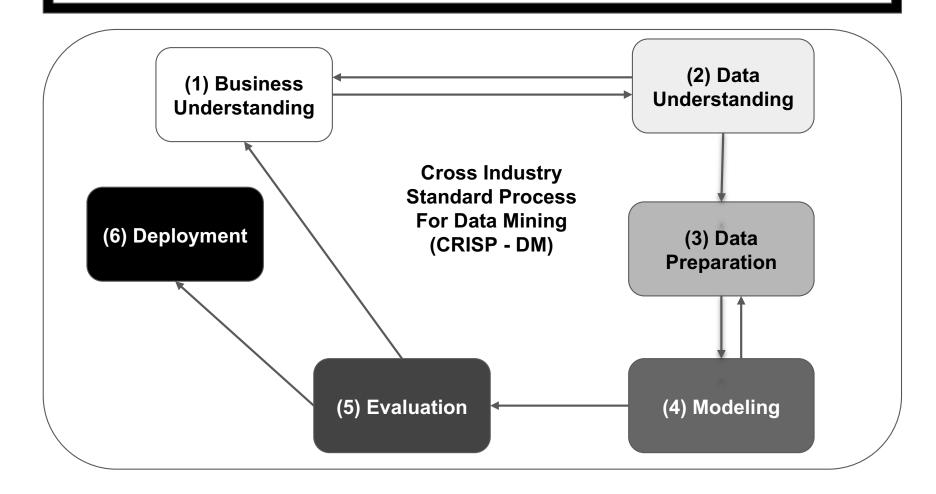
Same Model, Different Results
High Variance

Overgeneralizing
Overfitting

Missing Data causes
No Prediction
Wrong Model

More Data, Less Usefulness High Bias Misclassification
Type I, False Positive

8. Generalized Data Science Workflow



9. Data Science Learning Resources

- Most Popular Course in the World for Data Science
 - Professor Andrew Ng, Stanford University
 - https://www.coursera.org/learn/machine-learning
- Effective Data Analytics
 - Cole Nussbaumer Knaflic, Former People Analytics Team Manager at Google
 - https://www.storytellingwithdata.com

10. The Future

- Boosting will overtake Linear and Logistic Regression
- Reinforcement Learning Software Agents will overtake ML
- Neural Networks will expand as data grows exponentially
- Just about everything in our lives will be Artificial Intelligence

ANY QUESTIONS?

