

Creative Embedded Systems: Lab 4

Welcome to analog

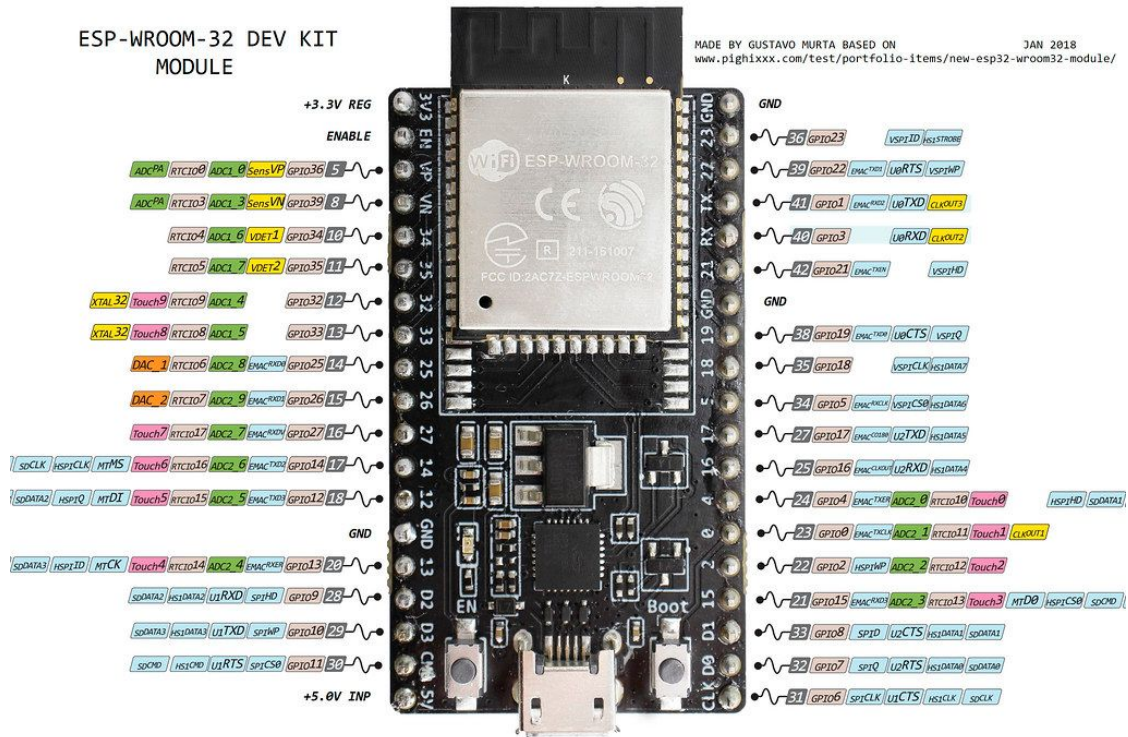
Announcements

- Repos. Public. End of discussion.
- Cables!

ESP32 (ESP-WROOM 32D to be specific)

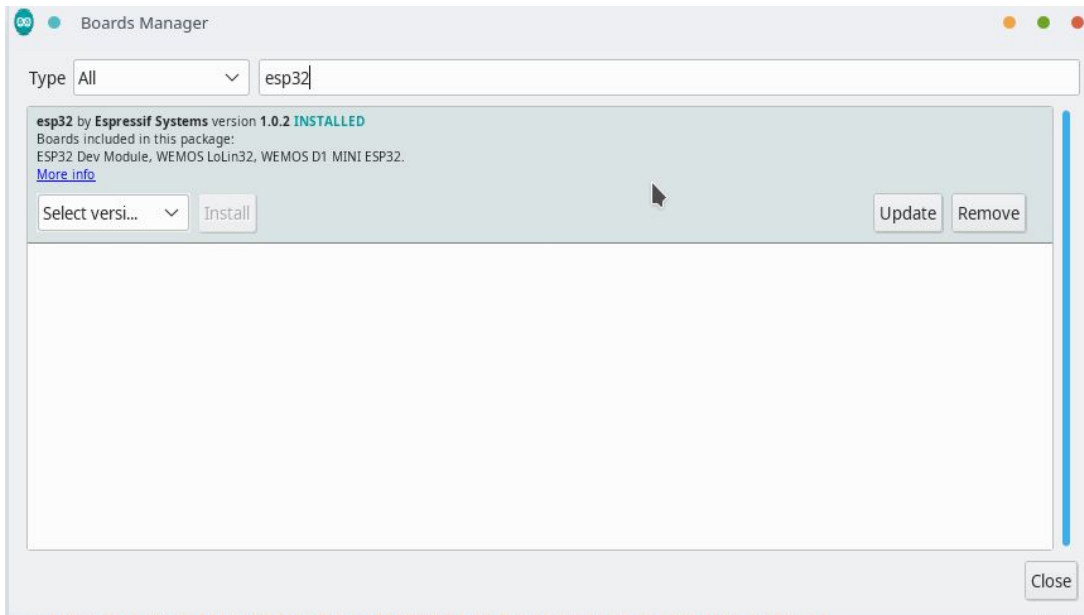
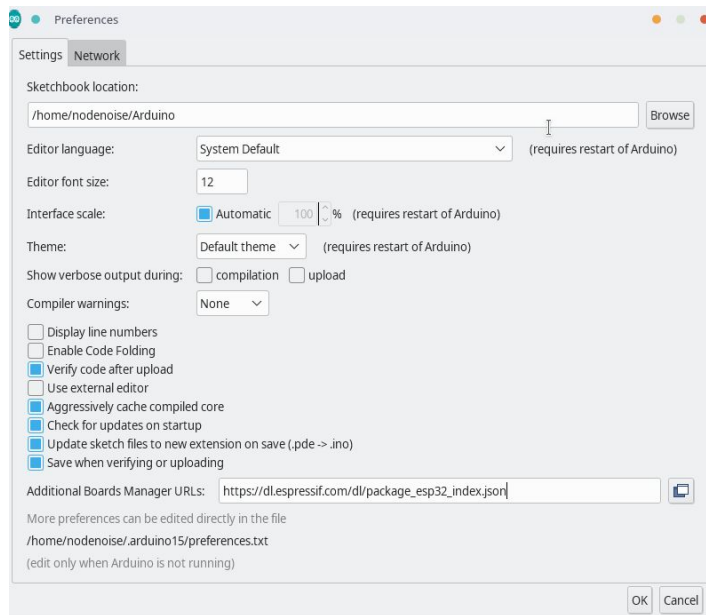
- 18 Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC) channels
- 3 SPI interfaces
- 3 UART interfaces
- 2 I2C interfaces
- 16 PWM output channels
- 2 Digital-to-Analog Converters (DAC)
- 2 I2S interfaces
- 10 Capacitive sensing GPIOs

Can be programmed through Arduino
with the ESP32 Library



ESP32 Programming: Arduino IDE Setup

You can use almost anything to program the ESP32, but the Arduino IDE is probably easiest for a number of reasons.



ESP32 Programming: Arduino IDE Setup

Espressif Docs:

<https://docs.espressif.com/projects/esp-idf/en/latest/index.html>

API:

<https://docs.espressif.com/projects/esp-idf/en/latest/api-reference/peripherals/index.html>

Datasheet:

https://www.espressif.com/sites/default/files/documentation/esp32-wroom-32d_esp32-wroom-32u_datasheet_en.pdf

Power Considerations for ESP32

USB (5V): A device may draw a maximum of 5 unit loads (500 mA) from a port in USB 2.0; 6 (900 mA) in USB 3.0.

GPIO, 5V+GND: can take up to 12V, but don't. Optimal seems to be 7V ish to limit current draw.

GPIO, 3V3+GND: ONLY 3.3V in (with no internal regulation). NOT RECOMMENDED.

Section 5: Electrical Characteristics

https://www.espressif.com/sites/default/files/documentation/esp32-wroom-32d_esp32-wroom-32u_datash eet_en.pdf

Plain English Expo:

<https://techexplorations.com/guides/esp32/begin/power/>

ESP32-->Pi Communication

First: check your groups on Pi:

```
$ groups
```

If not in dialout group, add:

```
$ sudo usermod -a -G dialout pi
```

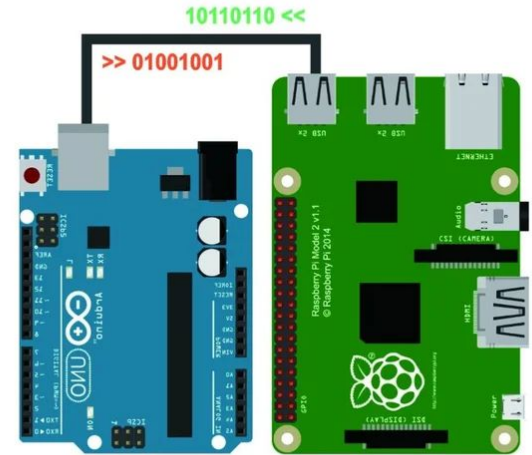
Plug ESP32 microUSB → Pi Type A

Include `Serial.print()` and/or `Serial.println()` to communicate data to the Pi

<https://docs.espressif.com/projects/esp-idf/en/latest/get-started/establish-serial-connection.html>

Example with built-in sensor:

<https://microcontrollerslab.com/esp32-built-in-hall-effect-sensor-with-arduino-ide/>



Lab Practicum: Pair programming the ESP32 to communicate with Raspi

1. Setup Arduino IDE on Laptop
2. Program ESP32 (DevkitC) for:
 - a. Joystick: analog input
 - b. Button: digital input
 - c. Switch: digital input
3. Communicate readings to Raspi via Serial
 - a. Raspi should run python script to read values from the USB port (e.g. pyserial library)