

TicketManagementSystem 5000®

USER and TECHNICAL GUIDE

I. Using TicketManagementSystem 5000®

A. Starting the Tool

Run `TicketManagementSystem5000.jar` – either by double-click or by calling

```
java -jar TicketManagementSystem5000.jar
```

B. Using the GUI

As TicketManagementSystem 5000® is developed by professionals in cooperation with respected HCI experts the tool is self-explanatory:

Status	#	Topic	Reporter	Prio	Type
REJECTED	0	Please help me!!	Someone	CRITICAL	QUESTION
NEW	1	FlexNow down	Student X	MAJOR	BUG

Create new Ticket.

#1 FlexNow down

Reporter: Student X Priority: MAJOR Type: BUG

Description: FlexNow is down :(

Accept Reject

Just hit the Buttons to Create, Save, Accept and Reject some tickets!

II. Extension Guide

A. Tool Architecture

Figure 1 presents the relevant overall basic architecture of the tool as a class diagram.

The two most important parts are the class `GlobalAppController` and the interface `TicketManagement`.

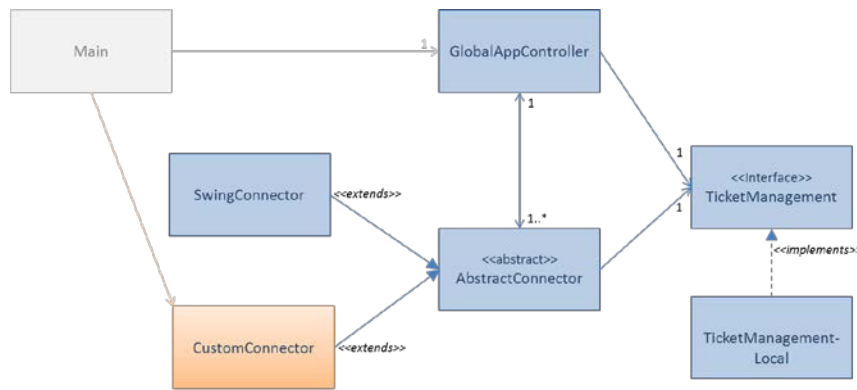


Fig. 1 Basic architecture of TicketManagementSystem 5000®

The `TicketManagement` interface defines all allowed methods to create and modify Tickets in the System. It is implemented by the class `TicketManagementLocal` which stores Tickets in-memory.

An overview of the functionality of `TicketManagement` gives the Javadoc listing below:

Method Summary

All Methods	Instance Methods	Abstract Methods
Modifier and Type	Method and Description	
<code>Ticket</code>	<code>acceptTicket(int id)</code>	Method to accept a <code>Ticket</code> , i.e., changing the <code>Status</code> to <code>Status.ACCEPTED</code> Throws an exception if this status change is not possible (i.e., the current status is not <code>Status.NEW</code>) or if the <code>id</code> refers to a <code>Ticket</code> that does not exist.
<code>Ticket</code>	<code>closeTicket(int id)</code>	Method to close a <code>Ticket</code> , i.e., changing the <code>Status</code> to <code>Status.CLOSED</code> Throws an exception if this status change is not possible (i.e., the current status is not <code>Status.ACCEPTED</code>) or if the <code>id</code> refers to a <code>Ticket</code> that does not exist.
<code>Ticket</code>	<code>createNewTicket(Ticket newTicket)</code>	Method to create a new <code>Ticket</code> - Data stored in the <code>newTicket</code> will be used to create a new <code>Ticket</code> which will be stored internally.
<code>java.util.List<Ticket></code>	<code>getAllTickets()</code>	Returns a list of <code>Tickets</code> currently available in the system.
<code>Ticket</code>	<code>rejectTicket(int id)</code>	Method to reject a <code>Ticket</code> , i.e., changing the <code>Status</code> to <code>Status.REJECTED</code> Throws an exception if this status change is not possible (i.e., the current status is not <code>Status.NEW</code>) or if the <code>id</code> refers to a <code>Ticket</code> that does not exist.

The `GlobalAppController` manages the creation of the `TicketManagement` implementation and provides the functionality to extend the application by adding “Connectors” which can use the `TicketManagement` to create and modify Tickets.

The default Connector is the `SwingConnector` which is created and started automatically when an instance of `GlobalAppController` is created. `SwingConnector` is the connection between the default Swing GUI and the application internals.

B. Extending TicketManagementSystem 5000®

If you want extend TicketManagementSystem 5000 you can add CustomConnectors.

The following steps must be fulfilled to extend the system:

- Write your own CustomConnector which “extends” the abstract Java class AbstractConnector.
- You can use the reference to the TicketManagement inherited from AbstractConnector to access the internal implementation.
- Implement all abstract methods (`run()` and `shutdownConnector()`)
- Register your Connector in the system: Create a new `main()`-Method which creates an instance of `GlobalAppController` and register an instance of your CustomConnector by calling the method `addConnector(AbstractConnector newConn)`.

For more technical details check the API documentation provided!