

problem example

$$S_- |s m\rangle = S_- |1 0\rangle$$

$$S = 1 \quad [\text{spin value}]$$

$$m = 0 \quad [\text{quantum value}]$$

$$S_- = \hbar \sqrt{s(s+1) - m(m-1)} |s m-1\rangle$$

$$S_- |s m\rangle = \hbar \sqrt{1(1+1) - 0(0-1)} |1 -1\rangle$$

$$= \hbar \sqrt{(2) - 0} |1 -1\rangle$$

$$= \hbar \sqrt{2} \quad \downarrow \downarrow$$

1) See the question :- $S_- |1 0\rangle$

2) derive the question in core equation :- $S_- |s m\rangle$

3) Know the equation of S_- :- $\hbar \sqrt{s(s+1) - m(m-1)} |s m\rangle$

4) Do the derivative

$S_- \rightarrow |1 \ 1\rangle = \uparrow\uparrow$
 $S_- \rightarrow |1 \ 0\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\uparrow\downarrow - \downarrow\uparrow)$
 $S_- \rightarrow |1 \ -1\rangle = \downarrow\downarrow$
 \downarrow
 0 [no values lower than minimum value]

\uparrow
 \uparrow
 $\leftarrow S_+$
 $\leftarrow S_+$
 $\leftarrow S_+$

0 [no values higher than max value]

$S_+ |0 \ 0\rangle = \cancel{0} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\uparrow\downarrow - \downarrow\uparrow)$ [singlet configuration]

if i add S_+ , it will go up but there is no value higher than max value [in this case max is 0] so automatically its 0

Same for min value

$S_+ (\pi_+) 0$
 $S_- (\pi_-) 0$

$S_+ |0 \ 0\rangle = 0 \Rightarrow S_- \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\uparrow\downarrow - \downarrow\uparrow) \right)$
 $\left(S_-^{(1)} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\uparrow\downarrow - \downarrow\uparrow) \right) \right)$
 $+ S_-^{(2)} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\uparrow\downarrow - \downarrow\uparrow) \right)$
 $= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(S_-^{(1)} \uparrow \right) \downarrow + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \uparrow \left(S_-^{(2)} \downarrow \right)$

$$\lambda_1 \rightarrow \begin{array}{c} \uparrow \uparrow \\ \uparrow \downarrow \end{array} \quad \lambda_2 \rightarrow \begin{array}{c} \uparrow \uparrow \\ \uparrow \downarrow \end{array}$$

4 different states

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (S_-^{(1)} \uparrow) \downarrow + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \uparrow (S_-^{(2)} \downarrow) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (S_-^{(1)} \downarrow) \uparrow - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \downarrow (S_-^{(2)} \uparrow)$$

$-x-x-x-x-x-x-x-x-x-x$
 cleaner version $[0]$ $[0]$

$S_{\pm} |0\rangle = 0$ = no values higher / lower than max / min value
= 0

1) We know =

We know:

$$S_{\neq 10} |0\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\uparrow\downarrow - \downarrow\uparrow)$$

only this way
two possible n_1 and n_2 notation)

$$= \textcircled{S} \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\overset{\text{two}}{\uparrow\downarrow} - \overset{\text{two}}{\downarrow\uparrow}) \right]$$

$$\lambda_1 = \begin{matrix} \uparrow \uparrow \\ \uparrow \downarrow \end{matrix} \quad \lambda_2 = \begin{matrix} \uparrow \uparrow \\ \uparrow \downarrow \end{matrix}$$

$\therefore S_{\text{alone}}$

terms of

$$S_- = \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\uparrow\downarrow - \downarrow\uparrow) \right]$$

= ~~$S_-^{(1)} + S_-^{(2)}$~~

on $\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\uparrow\downarrow - \downarrow\uparrow) \right]$

$$= S_{-}^{(1)} \begin{matrix} \uparrow \downarrow \\ \uparrow \downarrow \\ \downarrow \uparrow \\ \downarrow \uparrow \end{matrix}$$

= multiplication rule

$$S_z^{(1)} \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\uparrow\downarrow - \downarrow\uparrow) \right] + S_z^{(2)} \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\uparrow\downarrow - \downarrow\uparrow) \right]$$

ignore the duplicate states

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\overset{\uparrow}{S_-^{(1)}} \downarrow + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \uparrow (S_-^{(2)} \downarrow) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (S_-^{(2)} \downarrow) \uparrow - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \downarrow (S_-^{(2)} \uparrow) \right)$$

~~$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\uparrow \downarrow \downarrow)$$~~

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (S_-^{(1)} \uparrow) \downarrow + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \uparrow (S_-^{(2)} \downarrow) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (S_-^{(2)} \downarrow) \uparrow - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \downarrow (S_-^{(2)} \uparrow)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\hbar \downarrow) \downarrow + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (0) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (0) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \downarrow \hbar \downarrow$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \hbar \downarrow \downarrow - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \hbar \downarrow \downarrow$$

$$\boxed{I=0}$$

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