

38-2: Addition of angular momenta

$$S_{\pm} |s m\rangle = \hbar \sqrt{s(s+1) - m(m \pm 1)} |s \ m \pm 1\rangle$$

$$S_{-} |s m\rangle = \hbar \sqrt{s(s+1) - m(m-1)} |s \ m-1\rangle$$

$\Rightarrow S_{-}^{(1)} \uparrow$: m is denoted as a positive quantum value

$S_{-} |s m\rangle$ [overall spin state goes up]

$$= \hbar \sqrt{s(s+1) - m(m-1)} |s \ m-1\rangle$$

⊗ $S = \frac{1}{2}$ because of the positive quantum value

$$\hbar \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(\frac{3}{2}) - [\frac{1}{2}(-\frac{1}{2})]} | \frac{1}{2} \quad \frac{1}{2}-1 \rangle$$

$$= \hbar \sqrt{(\frac{3}{4}) - (-\frac{1}{4})} | \frac{1}{2} \quad -\frac{1}{2} \rangle$$

$$= \hbar \sqrt{(\frac{4}{4})} | \frac{1}{2} \quad -\frac{1}{2} \rangle$$

$$= \hbar (1) | \underbrace{\chi_{-}} \rangle \downarrow$$

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