

BASIC LEVEL PROJECT

Project Title: Daily Habit Tracker (Console Application)

Description:

- Collect daily habits from user input
- Store habits in a list
- Display completed and pending tasks
- Calculate weekly habit score

JAVA PROGRAM:

```
package program;

import java.util.ArrayList;

import java.util.Scanner;

class Habit {

    String name;

    boolean completed;

    Habit(String name) {

        this.name = name;

        this.completed = false;

    }

}

public class DailyHabitTracker {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

        ArrayList<Habit> habits = new ArrayList<>();

        System.out.println("==== Daily Habit Tracker ====");

        System.out.print("Enter number of habits for today: ");

        int n = sc.nextInt();

        sc.nextLine();

        for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {

            System.out.print("Enter habit " + i + ": ");

            String habitName = sc.nextLine();
```

```
habits.add(new Habit(habitName));

}

for (Habit h : habits) {

    System.out.print("Did you complete '" + h.name + "' today? (yes/no): ");

    String status = sc.nextLine();

    if (status.equalsIgnoreCase("yes")) {

        h.completed = true;

    }

}

System.out.println("\nCompleted Habits:");

int completedCount = 0;

for (Habit h : habits) {

    if (h.completed) {

        System.out.println("- " + h.name);

        completedCount++;

    }

}

System.out.println("\nPending Habits:");

for (Habit h : habits) {

    if (!h.completed) {

        System.out.println("- " + h.name);

    }

}
```

```

        int totalHabits = habits.size();

        int weeklyScore = (completedCount * 100) / totalHabits;

        System.out.println("\nWeekly Habit Score: " + weeklyScore + "%");

        sc.close();

    }

}

```

OUTPUT:

The screenshot shows the Eclipse IDE interface with the following details:

- Code Editor:** Displays the `DailyHabitTracker.java` file containing the provided Java code.
- Outline View:** Shows the class structure with `Habit` and `DailyHabitTracker`.
- Console Output:**
 - Shows the program's execution flow.
 - Output text:
 - *** Daily Habit Tracker ***
 - Enter number of habits for today: 3
 - Enter habit 1: EXERCISE
 - Enter habit 2: READING
 - Enter habit 3: WRITING
 - Did you complete "EXERCISE" today? (yes/no): yes
 - Did you complete "READING" today? (yes/no): yes
 - Did you complete "WRITING" today? (yes/no): no
 - Completed Habits:
 - EXERCISE
 - READING
 - Pending Habits:
 - WRITING
 - Weekly Habit Score: 66%

MEDIUM LEVEL PROJECT

Project Title: Expense Splitter (Mini Splitwise Console App)

Requirements:

- Add users and expenses
- Auto-split amount
- Show payment summary
- Use OOP + Collections

JAVA PROGRAM:

```
package project;

import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.HashMap;
import java.util.Scanner;

class User {

    int id;
    String name;

    User(int id, String name) {
        this.id = id;
        this.name = name;
    }
}

class Expense {

    User paidBy;
    double amount;
    ArrayList<User> participants;

    Expense(User paidBy, double amount, ArrayList<User> participants) {
        this.paidBy = paidBy;
        this.amount = amount;
        this.participants = participants;
    }
}

public class ExpenseSplitter {

    static ArrayList<User> users = new ArrayList<>();
    static ArrayList<Expense> expenses = new ArrayList<>();
    static HashMap<String, Double> balanceSheet = new HashMap<>();
}
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);  
    int choice;  
    do {  
        System.out.println("\n===== Expense Splitter Menu =====");  
        System.out.println("1. Add User");  
        System.out.println("2. Add Expense");  
        System.out.println("3. Show Summary");  
        System.out.println("4. Exit");  
        System.out.print("Enter choice: ");  
        choice = sc.nextInt();  
        switch (choice) {  
            case 1:  
                addUser(sc);  
                break;  
            case 2:  
                addExpense(sc);  
                break;  
            case 3:  
                showSummary();  
                break;  
            case 4:  
                System.out.println("Thank you for using Expense Splitter!");  
                break;  
            default:  
                System.out.println("Invalid choice!");  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```
        } while (choice != 4);

        sc.close();
    }

    static void addUser(Scanner sc) {
        System.out.print("Enter User ID: ");

        int id = sc.nextInt();

        System.out.print("Enter User Name: ");

        String name = sc.next();

        users.add(new User(id, name));

        System.out.println("User added successfully!");
    }

    static void addExpense(Scanner sc) {
        System.out.println("Select payer ID:");

        for (User u : users) {
            System.out.println(u.id + " - " + u.name);
        }

        int payerId = sc.nextInt();

        User payer = null;

        for (User u : users) {
            if (u.id == payerId) {
                payer = u;
                break;
            }
        }

        System.out.print("Enter total amount: ");

        double amount = sc.nextDouble();
```

```

System.out.print("Enter number of participants: ");

int count = sc.nextInt();

ArrayList<User> participants = new ArrayList<>();

System.out.println("Enter participant IDs:");

for (int i = 0; i < count; i++) {

    int pid = sc.nextInt();

    for (User u : users) {

        if (u.id == pid) {

            participants.add(u);

        }

    }

}

Expense expense = new Expense(payer, amount, participants);

expenses.add(expense);

splitExpense(expense);

System.out.println("Expense added successfully!");

}

static void splitExpense(Expense expense) {

    double splitAmount = expense.amount / expense.participants.size();

    for (User user : expense.participants) {

        if (!user.name.equals(expense.paidBy.name)) {

            String key = user.name + " owes " + expense.paidBy.name;

            balanceSheet.put(key, balanceSheet.getOrDefault(key, 0.0) + splitAmount);

        }

    }

}

```

```

static void showSummary() {
    System.out.println("\n===== Payment Summary =====");

    if (balanceSheet.isEmpty()) {
        System.out.println("No balances to show.");
    } else {
        for (String key : balanceSheet.keySet()) {
            System.out.println(key + " : ₹" + balanceSheet.get(key));
        }
    }
}

```

OUTPUT:

The screenshot shows the Eclipse IDE interface with the following details:

- Left Panel (Code View):** Displays the `ExpenseSplitter.java` file. The code is identical to the one shown in the previous code block.
- Right Panel (Outline View):** Shows the class hierarchy. The `ExpenseSplitter` class contains methods `main(String[])`, `Expense`, and `ExpenseSheet`. The `Expense` class has attributes `paidBy`, `amount`, and `participants`. The `ExpenseSheet` class has attributes `users`, `expenses`, and `balanceSheet`.
- Bottom Panel (Console View):** Displays the execution output. It starts with the Java application's main menu options (1. Add User, 2. Add Expense, 3. Show Summary, 4. Exit). The user enters choice 3, which triggers the `showSummary()` method. The output shows "No balances to show.". Then, the menu reappears with choice 2 selected (Add Expense). The user enters "2" and "250" as the total amount. They then enter "3" as the number of participants and "1 2 3 4" as participant IDs. The message "Expense added successfully!" is displayed. Finally, the menu reappears with choice 1 selected (Add User).

ADVANCED LEVEL PROJECT

Project Title: Smart Parking Lot System

Requirements:

- Add/Remove vehicles
- Generate parking tickets
- Calculate charges
- File handling + Custom exceptions

JAVA PROGRAM:

```
package program;

import java.io.*;
import java.time.*;
import java.util.*;

class ParkingFullException extends Exception {

    public ParkingFullException(String message) {
        super(message);
    }
}

class Vehicle implements Serializable {

    private String vehicleNumber;
    private String vehicleType;

    public Vehicle(String vehicleNumber, String vehicleType) {
        this.vehicleNumber = vehicleNumber;
        this.vehicleType = vehicleType;
    }

    public String getVehicleNumber() {
        return vehicleNumber;
    }

    public String getVehicleType() {
        return vehicleType;
    }
}

class ParkingTicket implements Serializable {

    private Vehicle vehicle;
    private LocalDateTime entryTime;
```

```
public ParkingTicket(Vehicle vehicle) {  
    this.vehicle = vehicle;  
    this.entryTime = LocalDateTime.now();  
}  
  
public Vehicle getVehicle() {  
    return vehicle;  
}  
  
public LocalDateTime getEntryTime() {  
    return entryTime;  
}  
}  
  
class ParkingLot {  
    private int capacity;  
    private Map<String, ParkingTicket> parkedVehicles;  
    private static final String FILE_NAME = "parking_data.dat";  
    public ParkingLot(int capacity) {  
        this.capacity = capacity;  
        parkedVehicles = new HashMap<>();  
        loadFromFile();  
    }  
  
    public void parkVehicle(Vehicle vehicle) throws ParkingFullException {  
        if (parkedVehicles.size() >= capacity) {  
            throw new ParkingFullException("Parking lot is full!");  
        }  
        ParkingTicket ticket = new ParkingTicket(vehicle);  
        parkedVehicles.put(vehicle.getVehicleNumber(), ticket);  
        saveToFile();  
    }  
}
```

```

System.out.println("Vehicle parked successfully. Ticket generated.");
}

public void removeVehicle(String vehicleNumber) {
    ParkingTicket ticket = parkedVehicles.remove(vehicleNumber);
    if (ticket == null) {
        System.out.println("Vehicle not found.");
        return;
    }
    double charges = calculateCharges(ticket);
    saveToFile();
    System.out.println("Vehicle removed successfully.");
    System.out.println("Parking Charges: Rs. " + charges);
}

private double calculateCharges(ParkingTicket ticket) {
    long hours = Duration.between(ticket.getEntryTime(), LocalDateTime.now()).toHours();
    if (hours == 0) hours = 1;
    if (ticket.getVehicle().getVehicleType().equalsIgnoreCase("CAR")) {
        return hours * 50; // Rs.50 per hour
    } else {
        return hours * 20; // Rs.20 per hour
    }
}

private void saveToFile() {
    try (ObjectOutputStream oos = new ObjectOutputStream(new
FileOutputStream(FILE_NAME))) {
        oos.writeObject(parkedVehicles);
    } catch (IOException e) {

```

```
        System.out.println("Error saving data.");
    }
}

@SuppressWarnings("unchecked")
private void loadFromFile() {
    File file = new File(FILE_NAME);
    if (!file.exists()) return;
    try (ObjectInputStream ois = new ObjectInputStream(new FileInputStream(FILE_NAME))) {
        parkedVehicles = (HashMap<String, ParkingTicket>) ois.readObject();
    } catch (Exception e) {
        System.out.println("Error loading data.");
    }
}

public class SmartParkingLotSystem {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        ParkingLot parkingLot = new ParkingLot(5);
        while (true) {
            System.out.println("\n-- Smart Parking Lot System ---");
            System.out.println("1. Park Vehicle");
            System.out.println("2. Remove Vehicle");
            System.out.println("3. Exit");
            System.out.print("Enter choice: ");
            int choice = sc.nextInt();
            sc.nextLine();
        }
    }
}
```

```
switch (choice) {  
    case 1:  
        try {  
            System.out.print("Enter Vehicle Number: ");  
            String number = sc.nextLine();  
            System.out.print("Enter Vehicle Type (CAR/BIKE): ");  
            String type = sc.nextLine();  
            Vehicle vehicle = new Vehicle(number, type);  
            parkingLot.parkVehicle(vehicle);  
        } catch (ParkingFullException e) {  
            System.out.println(e.getMessage());  
        }  
        break;  
    case 2:  
        System.out.print("Enter Vehicle Number to Remove: ");  
        String num = sc.nextLine();  
        parkingLot.removeVehicle(num);  
        break;  
    case 3:  
        System.out.println("Thank you! Exiting system.");  
        sc.close();  
        return;  
    default:  
        System.out.println("Invalid choice.");  
}  
}  
}}
```

OUTPUT:

The screenshot shows the Eclipse IDE interface with the following details:

- Title Bar:** eclipse - SmartParkingLotSystem.program/src/program/SmartParkingLotSystem.java - Eclipse IDE
- Toolbar:** Standard Eclipse toolbar with icons for file operations, search, and project management.
- Code Editor:** Displays the `SmartParkingLotSystem.java` file. The code implements a parking system with methods for parking, removing vehicles, and calculating charges. It includes a main method that prints usage instructions and handles user input.
- Outline View:** Shows the class structure and methods defined in the code.
- Console Tab:** Displays the execution output of the Java application. The output shows the program running through three cycles of the menu, successfully parking and removing vehicles, and exiting.

```
Smart Parking Lot System ---  
1. Park Vehicle  
2. Remove Vehicle  
3. Exit  
Enter choice: 1  
Enter Vehicle Number: 4545  
Enter Vehicle Type (CAR/BIKE): CAR  
Vehicle parked successfully. Ticket generated.  
--- Smart Parking Lot System ---  
1. Park Vehicle  
2. Remove Vehicle  
3. Exit  
Enter choice: 2  
Enter Vehicle Number to Remove: 4545  
Vehicle removed successfully.  
Parking Charges: Rs. 50.0  
--- Smart Parking Lot System ---  
1. Park Vehicle  
2. Remove Vehicle  
3. Exit  
Enter choice: 3  
Thank you! Exiting system.
```

- Bottom Status Bar:** Shows "Writable", "Smart Insert", and the current time "130 : 11 : 4676".