

Module 4 Challenge

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Due Apr 27 by 11:59pm **Points** 100 **Submitting** a text entry box or a website url

In this assignment, you'll create and manipulate Pandas DataFrames to analyze school and standardized test data.

Background

You are the new Chief Data Scientist for your city's school district. In this capacity, you'll be helping the school board and mayor make strategic decisions regarding future school budgets and priorities.

As a first task, you've been asked to analyze the district-wide standardized test results. You'll be given access to every student's math and reading scores, as well as various information on the schools they attend. **Your task is to aggregate the data to showcase obvious trends in school performance.**

Before You Begin

1. Create a new repository for this project called `pandas-challenge`. **Do not add this homework to an existing repository.**
2. Clone the new repository to your computer.
3. Inside your local Git repository, create a folder for this homework assignment and name it `PyCitySchools`.
4. Add your **Jupyter notebook** to this folder. This will be the main script to run for analysis.
5. Push these changes to GitHub or GitLab.

Files

Download the following files to help you get started:

Module 4 Challenge files 

Instructions

Using **Pandas and Jupyter Notebook**, create a report that includes the following data. Your report must include a **written description of at least two observable trends** based on the data.

Hint: Check out the sample solution called `PyCitySchools_starter.ipynb` located in the `.zip` file to review the **desired format** for this assignment.

District Summary

Perform the necessary **calculations** and then create a **high-level snapshot** of the district's **key metrics** in a **DataFrame**.

Include the following:

- Total number of unique schools *count*
- Total students *count / sum?*
- Total budget *sum*
- Average math score *df.mean()*
- Average reading score *" "*
- % passing math (the percentage of students who passed math) *conditional*
- % passing reading (the percentage of students who passed reading)
- % overall passing (the percentage of students who passed math AND reading)

School Summary

Perform the necessary calculations and then create a DataFrame that summarizes key metrics about each school.

Include the following:

- School name
- School type
- Total students
- Total school budget
- Per student budget
- Average math score
- Average reading score
- % passing math (the percentage of students who passed math)
- % passing reading (the percentage of students who passed reading)
- % overall passing (the percentage of students who passed math AND reading)

Highest-Performing Schools (by % Overall Passing)

Sort the schools by `% Overall Passing` in `descending` order and `display the top 5 rows`.

`Save the results` in a DataFrame called `"top_schools"`.

Lowest-Performing Schools (by % Overall Passing)

Sort the schools by `% Overall Passing` in `ascending` order and `display the top 5 rows`.

`Save the results` in a DataFrame called `"bottom_schools"`.

Math Scores by Grade

Perform the necessary calculations to create a DataFrame that lists the average math score for students of each grade level (9th, 10th, 11th, 12th) at each school.

Reading Scores by Grade

Create a DataFrame that lists the average reading score for students of each grade level (9th, 10th, 11th, 12th) at each school.

Scores by School Spending

Create a table that breaks down school performance based on average spending ranges (per student).

Use the code provided below to create four bins with reasonable cutoff values to group school spending.



```
spending_bins = [0, 585, 630, 645, 680]
labels = ["<$585", "$585-630", "$630-645", "$645-680"]
```

Use `pd.cut` to categorize spending based on the bins.

Use the following code to then calculate mean scores per spending range.

```
spending_math_scores = school_spending_df.groupby(["Spending Ranges (Per Student)"]).mean()["Average Math Score"]
spending_reading_scores = school_spending_df.groupby(["Spending Ranges (Per Student)"]).mean()["Average Reading Score"]
spending_passing_math = school_spending_df.groupby(["Spending Ranges (Per Student)"]).mean()["% Passing Math"]
spending_passing_reading = school_spending_df.groupby(["Spending Ranges (Per Student)"]).mean()["% Passing Reading"]
overall_passing_spending = school_spending_df.groupby(["Spending Ranges (Per Student)"]).mean()["% Overall Passing"]
```

Use the scores above to create a DataFrame called `spending_summary`.

Include the following metrics in the table:

- Average math score
- Average reading score
- % passing math (the percentage of students who passed math)
- % passing reading (the percentage of students who passed reading)
- % overall passing (the percentage of students who passed math AND reading)

Scores by School Size

Use the following code to bin the `per_school_summary`.

```
size_bins = [0, 1000, 2000, 5000]
labels = ["Small (<1000)", "Medium (1000-2000)", "Large (2000-5000)"]
```

Use `pd.cut` on the "Total Students" column of the `per_school_summary` DataFrame.

Create a DataFrame called `size_summary` that breaks down school performance based on school size (small, medium, or large).

Scores by School Type

Use the `per_school_summary` DataFrame from the previous step to create a new DataFrame called `type_summary`.

This new DataFrame should show school performance based on the "School Type".

Requirements

District Summary (20 points)

- Calculate the total number of unique schools (2 points)
- Calculate the total number of students (2 points)
- Calculate the total budget (2 points)
- Calculate the average (mean) math score (2 points)
- Calculate the average (mean) reading score (2 points)
- Use the code provided to calculate the percentage of students who passed math (2 points)
- Calculate the percentage of students who passed reading (2 points)
- Use the code provided to calculate the percentage of students that passed both math and reading (2 points)
- Create a new DataFrame for the above calculations called `district_summary` (4 points)

School Summary (20 points)

- Use the code provided to select the school type (2 points)
- Calculate the total student count (2 points)
- Use the code provided to calculate the per capita spending (2 points)
- Calculate the average test scores (2 points)
- Calculate the number of schools with math scores of 70 or higher (2 points)
- Calculate the number of schools with reading scores of 70 or higher (2 points)
- Use the provided code to calculate the schools that passed both math and reading with scores of 70 or higher (2 points)
- Use the provided code to calculate the passing rates (2 points)
- Create a new DataFrame for the above calculations called `per_school_summary` (4 points)

Highest-Performing Schools by Percentage of Overall Passing (5 points)

- Sort the schools by `% Overall Passing` in descending order (2 points)
- Save the results to a DataFrame called `top_schools` (2 points)
- Display the first 5 rows (1 point)

Lowest-Performing Schools by Percentage of Overall Passing (5 points)

- Sort the schools by `% Overall Passing` in ascending order (2 points)
- Save the results to a DataFrame called `bottom_schools` (2 points)
- Display the first 5 rows (1 point)

Math Scores by Grade (10 points)

- Use the code provided to separate the data by grade (1 points)
- Group by "school_name" and take the mean of each (4 points)
- Use the code to select only the `math_score` (1 points)
- Combine each of the scores above into single DataFrame called `math_scores_by_grade` (4 points)

Reading Scores by Grade (10 points)

- Use the code provided to separate the data by grade (1 points)
- Group by "school_name" and take the mean of each (4 points)
- Use the code to select only the `reading_score` (1 points)
- Combine each of the scores above into single DataFrame called `reading_scores_by_grade` (4 points)

Scores by School Spending (5 points)

- Use `pd.cut` with the provided code to bin the data by the spending ranges (2 points)
- Use the code provided to calculate the averages (1 points)
- Create the `spending_summary` DataFrame using the binned and averaged spending data (2 points)

Scores by School Size (5 points)

- Use `pd.cut` with the provided code to bin the data by the school sizes (2 points)
- Use the code provided to calculate the averages (1 points)
- Create the `size_summary` DataFrame using the binned and averaged size data (2 points)

Scores by School Type (5 points)

- Group the `per_school_summary` DataFrame by "School Type" and average the results (2 points)
- Use the code provided to select the new column data (1 point)
- Create a new DataFrame called `type_summary` that uses the new column data (2 points)

Written Report (15 points)

To receive all points, the written report presents a cohesive written analysis that:

- Summarizes the analysis (5 points)
- Draws two correct conclusions or comparisons from the calculations (10 points)

Grading

This assignment will be evaluated against the requirements and assigned a grade according to the following table:

Grade	Points
A (+/-)	90+
B (+/-)	80–89
C (+/-)	70–79
D (+/-)	60–69
F (+/-)	< 60

Submission

To submit your Challenge assignment, click Submit, and then provide the URL of your GitHub repository for grading.

NOTE

You are allowed to miss up to two Challenge assignments and still earn your certificate. If you complete all Challenge assignments, your lowest two grades will be dropped. If you wish to skip this assignment, click Next, and move on to the next module.

Comments are disabled for graded submissions in Bootcamp Spot. If you have questions about your feedback, please notify your instructional staff or your Student Success Manager. If you would like to resubmit your work for an additional review, you can use the Resubmit Assignment button to upload new links. You may resubmit up to three times for a total of four submissions.

IMPORTANT

It is your responsibility to include a note in the README section of your repo specifying code source and its location within your repo. This applies if you have worked with a peer on an assignment, used code in which you did not author or create sourced from a forum such as Stack Overflow, or you received code outside curriculum content from support staff such as an Instructor, TA, Tutor, or Learning Assistant. This will provide visibility to grading staff of your circumstance in order to avoid flagging your work as plagiarized.

If you are struggling with a Challenge or any aspect of the curriculum, please remember that there are student support services available for you:

1. Office hours facilitated by your TA(s)
2. Tutor sessions ([sign up](#) ➞)
3. Ask the class Slack channel/get peer support
4. AskBCS Learning Assistants

References

Data generated by [Mockaroo, LLC](#) ➞, (2022). Realistic Data Generator. Data for this dataset was generated by edX Boot Camps LLC, and is intended for educational purposes only.