In [1]:

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

%matplotlib inline
```

In [2]:

```
HouseDF = pd.read_csv('USA_Housing.csv')
HouseDF.head()
```

Out[2]:

Addr	Price	Area Population	Avg. Area Number of Bedrooms	Avg. Area Number of Rooms	Avg. Area House Age	Avg. Area Income	
208 Michael Ferry 674\nLaurabury, 37(1.059034e+06	23086.800503	4.09	7.009188	5.682861	79545.458574	0
188 Johnson Vi Suite 079∖nL Kathleen, C	1.505891e+06	40173.072174	3.09	6.730821	6.002900	79248.642455	1
9127 Elizal Stravenue\nDanieltc WI 064{	1.058988e+06	36882.159400	5.13	8.512727	5.865890	61287.067179	2
USS Barnett\nFPC 44	1.260617e+06	34310.242831	3.26	5.586729	7.188236	63345.240046	3
USNS Raymond\nF AE 09	6.309435e+05	26354.109472	4.23	7.839388	5.040555	59982.197226	4
•							4

In [3]:

HouseDF.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 5000 entries, 0 to 4999
Data columns (total 7 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	Avg. Area Income	5000 non-null	float64
1	Avg. Area House Age	5000 non-null	float64
2	Avg. Area Number of Rooms	5000 non-null	float64
3	Avg. Area Number of Bedrooms	5000 non-null	float64
4	Area Population	5000 non-null	float64
5	Price	5000 non-null	float64
6	Address	5000 non-null	object

dtypes: float64(6), object(1)
memory usage: 273.6+ KB

In [4]:

HouseDF.describe()

Out[4]:

	Avg. Area Income	Avg. Area House Age	Avg. Area Number of Rooms	Avg. Area Number of Bedrooms	Area Population	Price
count	5000.000000	5000.000000	5000.000000	5000.000000	5000.000000	5.000000e+03
mean	68583.108984	5.977222	6.987792	3.981330	36163.516039	1.232073e+06
std	10657.991214	0.991456	1.005833	1.234137	9925.650114	3.531176e+05
min	17796.631190	2.644304	3.236194	2.000000	172.610686	1.593866e+04
25%	61480.562388	5.322283	6.299250	3.140000	29403.928702	9.975771e+05
50%	68804.286404	5.970429	7.002902	4.050000	36199.406689	1.232669e+06
75%	75783.338666	6.650808	7.665871	4.490000	42861.290769	1.471210e+06
max	107701.748378	9.519088	10.759588	6.500000	69621.713378	2.469066e+06

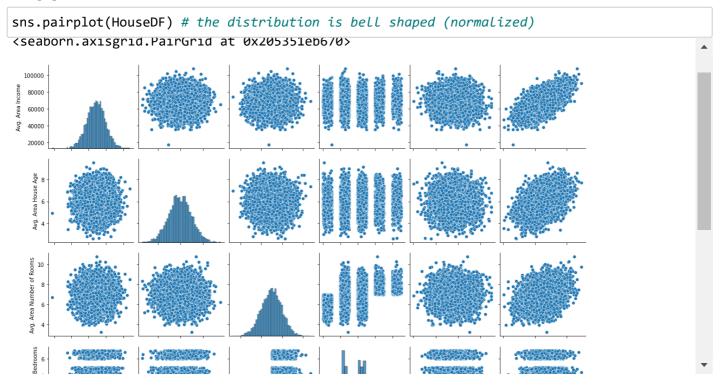
In [5]:

HouseDF.columns

Out[5]:

EDA ON HOUSE PRICE PREDICTION

In [6]:



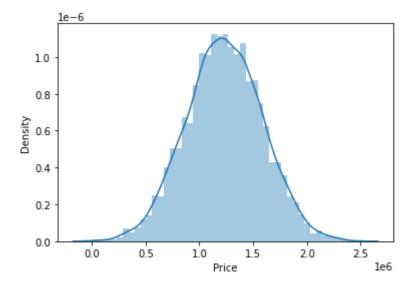
In [7]:

sns.distplot(HouseDF['Price'])

c:\users\dell latitude e5470\appdata\local\programs\python\python39\lib\site
-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2557: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a depr
ecated function and will be removed in a future version. Please adapt your c
ode to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibilit
y) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).
 warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)

Out[7]:

<AxesSubplot:xlabel='Price', ylabel='Density'>



In [8]:

```
sns.heatmap(HouseDF.corr(), annot=True)
```

Out[8]:

<AxesSubplot:>



In [9]:

In [10]:

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.4, random_state=101)
```

Creating and Training a Linear Regression Model

```
In [11]:
```

```
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
lm = LinearRegression()
lm.fit(X_train,y_train)
```

Out[11]:

LinearRegression()

In [12]:

```
print(lm.intercept_)
```

-2640159.7968526953

In [13]:

```
coeff_df = pd.DataFrame(lm.coef_,X.columns,columns=['Coefficient'])
coeff_df # if 1 unit is going to increase , then area income will increase by the paticular
```

Out[13]:

Avg. Area Income 21.528276 Avg. Area House Age 164883.282027 Avg. Area Number of Rooms 122368.678027 Avg. Area Number of Bedrooms 2233.801864 Area Population 15.150420

In [14]:

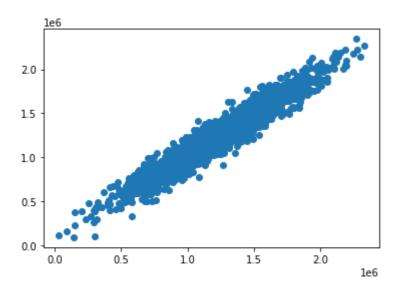
```
predictions = lm.predict(X_test)
```

In [15]:

plt.scatter(y_test,predictions) # best is that it is the line shape

Out[15]:

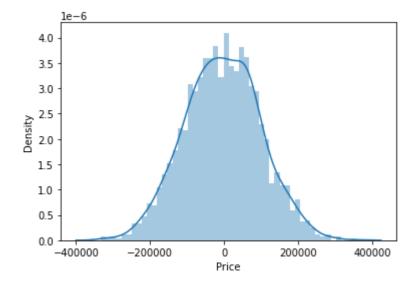
<matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x2053d3a3040>



In [16]:

sns.distplot((y_test-predictions),bins=50); # graph is normalitzed

c:\users\dell latitude e5470\appdata\local\programs\python\python39\lib\site
-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2557: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a depr
ecated function and will be removed in a future version. Please adapt your c
ode to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibilit
y) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).
 warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)



In []: