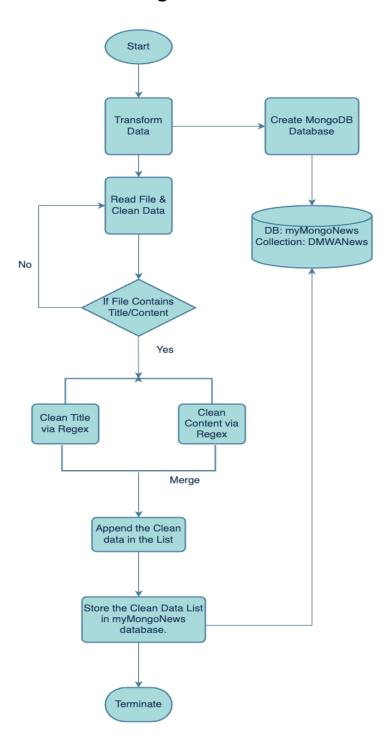
# Assignment – 2 (Problem 2)

### Pseudocode for Data Extraction (Code A)

- Define a package named "org.example".
- Import the required classes.
- Define a class named "CodeA".
- Define a public method named "fetchAPI" that throws an exception.
- Declare three String variables: "keywords", "apiKey", and "httpsUrl".
- Assign appropriate values to the "keywords", "apiKey", and "httpsUrl" variables.
- Create a new URL object named "myurl" using the "httpsUrl" variable.
- Create a new BufferedReader object named "in" by calling "openStream ()" method on "myurl" and wrapping it in an InputStreamReader.
- Declare a String variable named "inputLine".
- Create a new StringBuffer object named "response".
- While there is input available from the BufferedReader, read each line of input into the "inputLine" variable and append it to the "response" StringBuffer.
- Close the BufferedReader.
- Create a new instance of CodeB class named "codeB".
- Call the "dataProcessing" method on the "codeB" instance, passing the "response" StringBuffer as a parameter.
- Create a new instance of CodeC class named "codeC".
- Call the "transformData" method on the "codeC" instance.

# **Flowchart of Transformation Engine**



### **Explanation of Flowchart**

Before the function transformation data is called we would already have fetched the data from the API and processed it to store in the files with utmost 5 article in each file. After that we would read and clean all the articles from the files by removing URLS and emoticons from the title and content part of the files with the help of regex. Each article consisting of title with its respective content will be stored in the list of articles. After that we will push the data as a document in the MongoDB database, myMongoNews we made.

### **Solid Principles Implemented**

I have tried to implement as much SOLID principles as I can and below are the principles which my code follows:

- Single Responsibility Principle (SRP): The CodeA, CodeB, and CodeC classes each have a clear and singular responsibility. CodeA is responsible for fetching data from the News API, CodeB is responsible for processing and writing the data to files, and CodeC is responsible for transforming and storing the data in a MongoDB database.
- Open/Closed Principle (OCP): The code does follow the Open/Closed principle. The code can be extended without modifying the existing code.
- **Liskov Substitution Principle (LSP):** The provided code does not seem to have any inheritance hierarchy, so there is no application of LSP.
- Interface Segregation Principle (ISP): There are no explicit interfaces defined in the provided code, so ISP hasn't been followed.
- Dependency Inversion Principle (DIP): The classes are loosely coupled.

# **Screenshots of Implemented Test Cases**

Fig1: Main.java class of Problem 2.

The Main.java class only take object of Code A that is the object for extracting data from the news API.

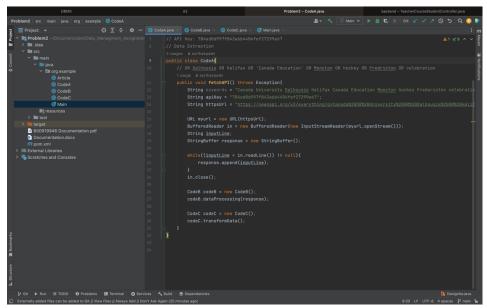


Fig2: CodeA.java class of Problem 2.

The Code A class takes objects of Code B and Code C responsible for data processing and transformation of data. Hence it fulfills the condition of problem, that code A -> code B -> code C. As all classes are depended on each other to execute their part.

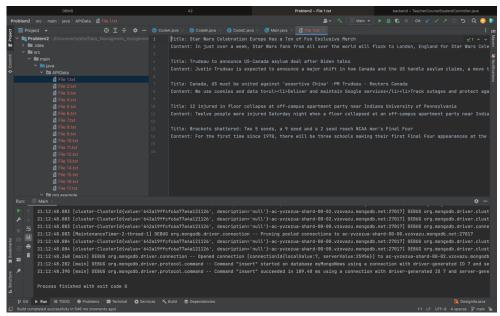


Fig3: Output generated by executing the code.

When the code executes, the data from the News API will be stored in the files which would have at most of 5 new articles with their titles and content.

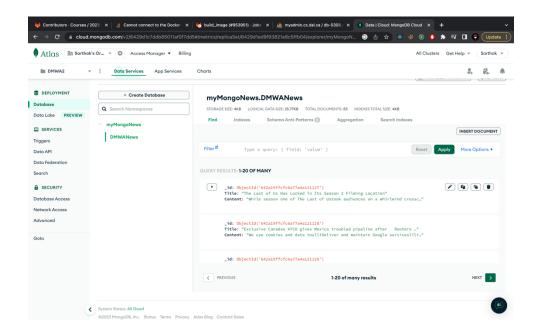


Fig4: MongoDB database output

Code C was responsible was for transforming and cleaning data as well as to store it in the MongoDB database.

#### **Note**

Once the program has been executed it will successfully execute Code A, Code B, Code C without the manual creation of files and cleaned and transformed data would be stored in MongoDB database. But when you run the program again it would again fetch the data from the API and store it in the existing file, hence duplicity of data in file. So, if someone wants to run the program again correctly, delete the APIData folder and run it again. I could have designed the program to delete all existing files of data in APIData folder, but one wouldn't be able to see the data again even after the data is successfully stored in MongoDB database.