© Copyright Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

FOR USE <u>ONLY</u> AS PART OF VIRTUAL TRAINING DAYS PROGRAM. THESE MATERIALS ARE <u>NOT</u> AUTHORIZED FOR DISTRIBUTION, REPRODUCTION OR OTHER USE BY NON-MICROSOFT PARTIES.



# **MOD 2: Core Azure Services**

# **Module Outline**



#### Module 02 – Outline

You will learn the following concepts:

- Azure Architectural Components
  - Regions and Availability Zones
  - Subscriptions and Resource Groups
- Core Azure Resources
  - Compute
  - Networking
  - Storage
  - Databases

# Core Azure architectural components



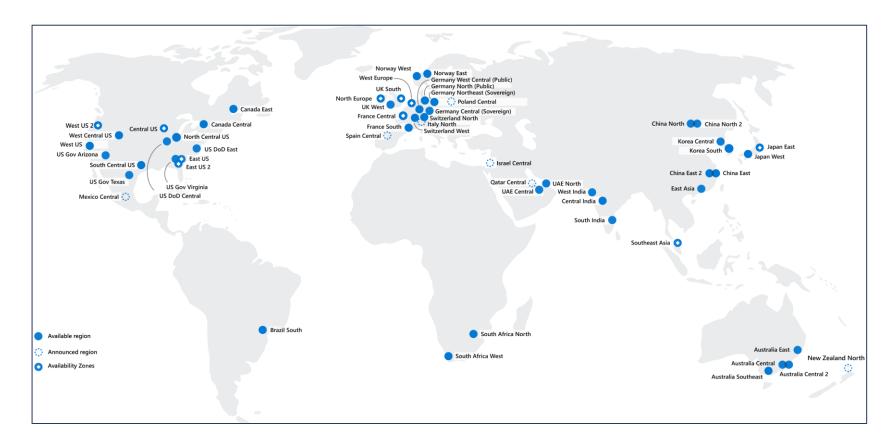
# Core Azure architectural components – Objective Domain

#### Describe the benefits and usage of:

- Regions and Region Pairs
- Availability Zones
- Azure resources
- Resource Groups
- Azure Resource Manager
- Subscriptions
- Azure Management Groups

# Regions

Azure offers more global regions than any other cloud provider with 60+ regions representing over 140 countries



- Regions are made up of one or more datacenters in close proximity.
- Provide flexibility and scale to reduce customer latency.
- Preserve data residency with a comprehensive compliance offering.

# **Region Pairs**

- At least 300 miles of separation between region pairs.
- Automatic replication for some services.
- Prioritized region recovery in the event of outage.
- Updates are rollout sequentially to minimize downtime.

Web Link: <a href="https://aka.ms/PairedRegions">https://aka.ms/PairedRegions</a>

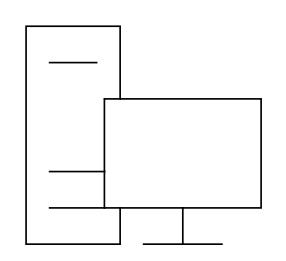
Region	
North Central US	
East US	
West US 2	
US East 2	
Canada Central	
North Europe	
UK West	
Germany Central	
South East Asia	
East China	
Japan East	
Australia Southeast	
India South	
Brazil South (Primary)	



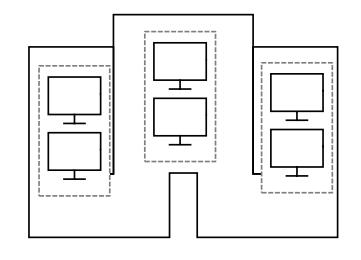
# **Availability Options**

VM SLA 99.9% with Premium Storage VM SLA 99.99%

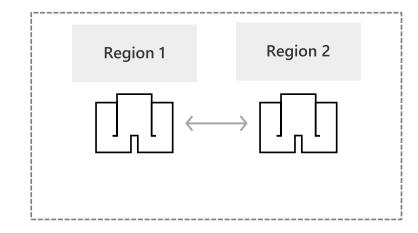
**MULTI-REGION DISASTER RECOVERY** 







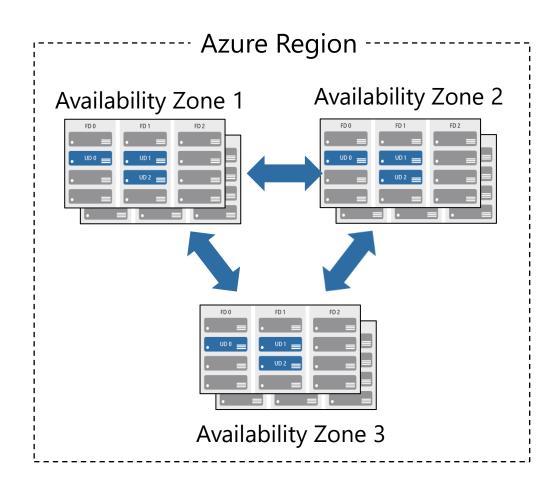
**AVAILABILITY ZONES**Protection from entire datacenter failures



REGION PAIRS
Regional protection within Data Residency
Boundaries

# **Availability zones**

- Provide protection against downtime due to datacenter failure.
- Physically separate datacenters within the same region.
- Each datacenter is equipped with independent power, cooling, and networking.
- Connected through private fiber-optic networks.



#### **Azure Resources**

Azure **resources** are components like storage, virtual machines, and networks that are available to build cloud solutions.



Virtual Machines



**App Services** 



Storage Accounts



**SQL** Databases



Virtual Networks

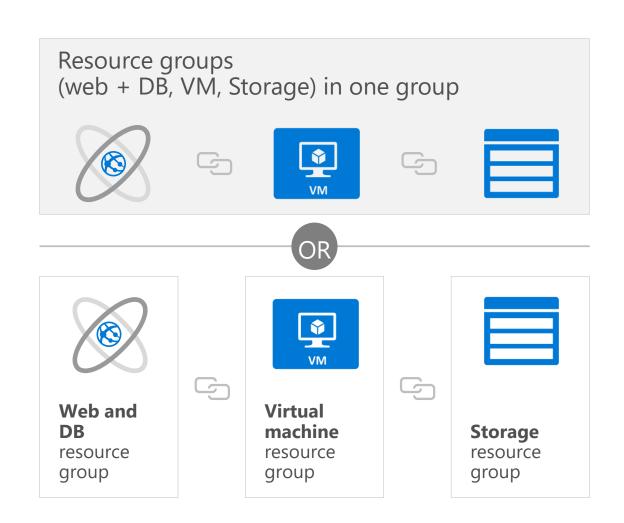


**Functions** 

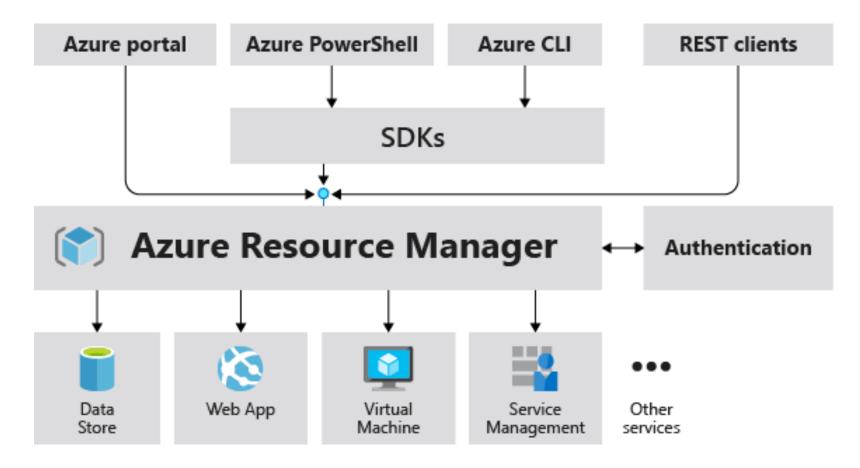
### Resource groups

A **resource group** is a container to manage and aggregate resources in a single unit.

- Resources can exist in only one resource group.
- Resources can exist in different regions.
- Resources can be moved to different resource groups.
- Applications can utilize multiple resource groups.



# **Azure Resource Manager**

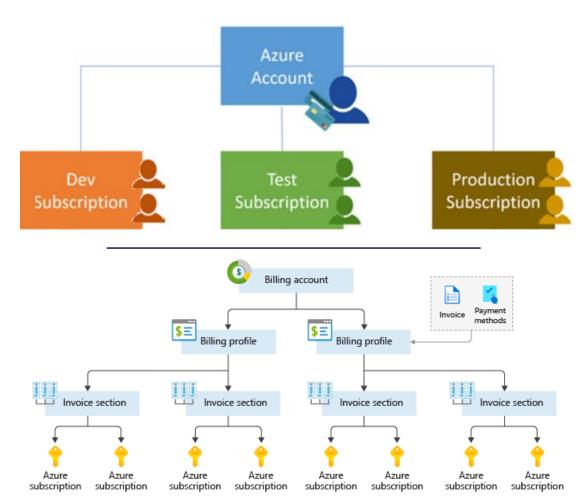


The Azure Resource
Manager (ARM) provides a
management layer that
enables you to create,
update, and delete resources
in your Azure subscription.

# **Azure Subscriptions**

An Azure subscription provides you with authenticated and authorized access to Azure accounts.

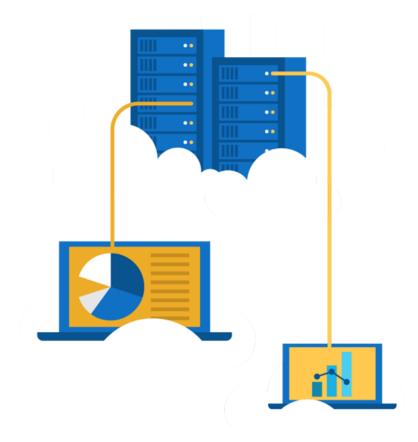
- Billing boundary: generate separate billing reports and invoices for each subscription.
- Access control boundary: manage and control access to the resources that users can provision with specific subscriptions.



# Walkthrough – Explore the Azure Portal

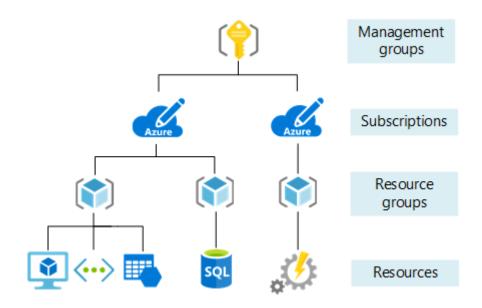
Launch the Azure Portal and have a look at the common components used everyday building cloud solutions

- 1. Connect to https://portal.azure.com
- 2. Explore the home screen.
- Find "All Services" and see what is available.



# **Management Groups**

- Management groups can include multiple Azure subscriptions.
- Subscriptions inherit conditions applied to the management group.
- 10,000 management groups can be supported in a single directory.
- A management group tree can support up to six levels of depth.



# Core Azure workload products



# Core Azure Workloads - Objective Domain

#### Describe the benefits and usage of:

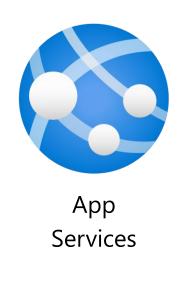
- Virtual Machines, Azure App Services, Azure Container Instances (ACI), Azure Kubernetes Service (AKS), and Windows Virtual Desktop
- Virtual Networks, VPN Gateway, Virtual Network peering, and ExpressRoute
- Container (Blob) Storage, Disk Storage, File Storage, and storage tiers
- Cosmos DB, Azure SQL Database, Azure Database for MySQL, Azure Database for PostgreSQL, and SQL Managed Instance
- Azure Marketplace

# Azure compute services

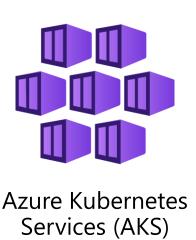
Azure **compute** is an on-demand computing service that provides computing resources such as disks, processors, memory, networking, and operating systems.



Machines





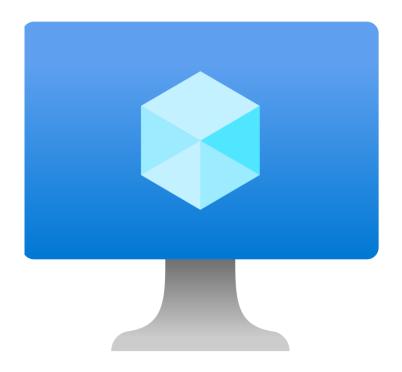




#### **Azure virtual machines**

Azure **Virtual Machines (VM)** are software emulations of physical computers.

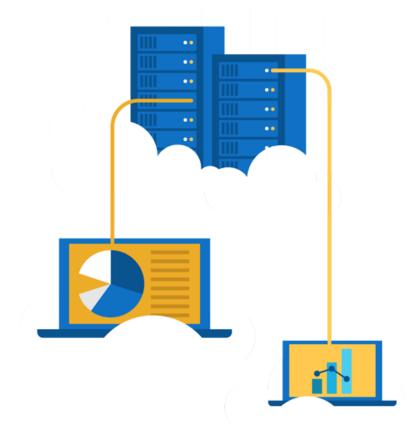
- Includes virtual processor, memory, storage, and networking.
- IaaS offering that provides total control and customization.



# Walkthrough – Create a Virtual Machine

Create a virtual machine in the Azure Portal, connect to the virtual machine, install the web server role, and test.

- Create the virtual machine.
- 2. Connect to the virtual machine.
- 3. Install the web server role and test.



# **Azure App Services**



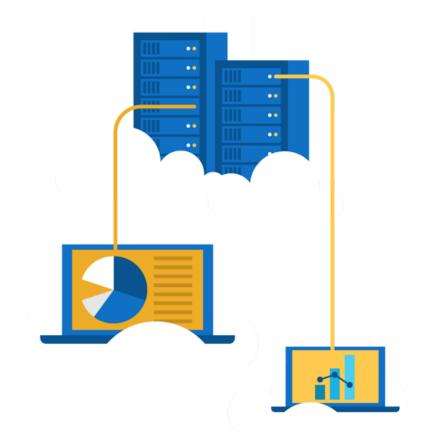
Azure **App Services** is a fully managed platform to build, deploy, and scale web apps and APIs quickly.

- Works with .Net, .NetC Core, Node.js, Java, Phython, or php.
- PaaS offering with enterprise-grade performance, security, and compliance requirements.

# Walkthrough – Create an App Service

Create a new Web App by using a Docker image stored in Azure Container Registry.

- 1. Create a Web App using a Docker image.
- 2. Test the Web App.



#### **Azure Container Services**

Azure **Containers** are a light-weight, virtualized environment that does not require operating system management, and can respond to changes on demand.



**Azure Container Instances**: a PaaS offering that runs a container in Azure without the need to manage a virtual machine or additional services.

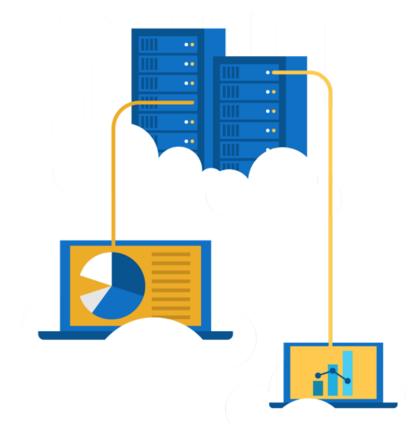


**Azure Kubernetes Service**: an orchestration service for containers with distributed architectures and large volumes of containers.

# Walkthrough - Deploy Azure Container Instances

Using the Azure Portal create, configure, and deploy a Docker container to an Azure Container Instance. The container will deploy a Hello HTML page.

- Create a container instance.
- 2. Deploy the container and test.



# Windows Virtual Desktop

**Windows Virtual Desktop** is a desktop and app virtualization that runs in the cloud.

- Create a full desktop virtualization environment without having to run additional gateway servers.
- Publish unlimited host pools to accommodate diverse workloads.
- Reduce costs with pooled, multi-session resources.



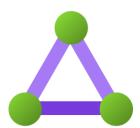
# Azure networking services



**Azure Virtual Network (VNet)** enables Azure resources to communicate with each other, the internet, and on-premises networks.



Virtual Private Network Gateway (VPN) is used to send encrypted traffic between an Azure virtual network and an on-premises location over the public internet.

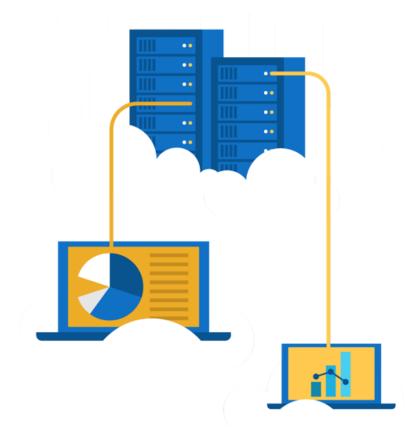


**Azure Express Route** extends on-premises networks into Azure over a private connection that is facilitated by a connectivity provider.

# Walkthrough - Create a virtual network

Create a virtual network with two virtual machines and then test connection between the machines.

- Create a virtual network.
- Create two virtual machines.
- 3. Test the connection.



# Azure storage services



**Container storage (blob)** is optimized for storing massive amounts of unstructured data, such as text or binary data.

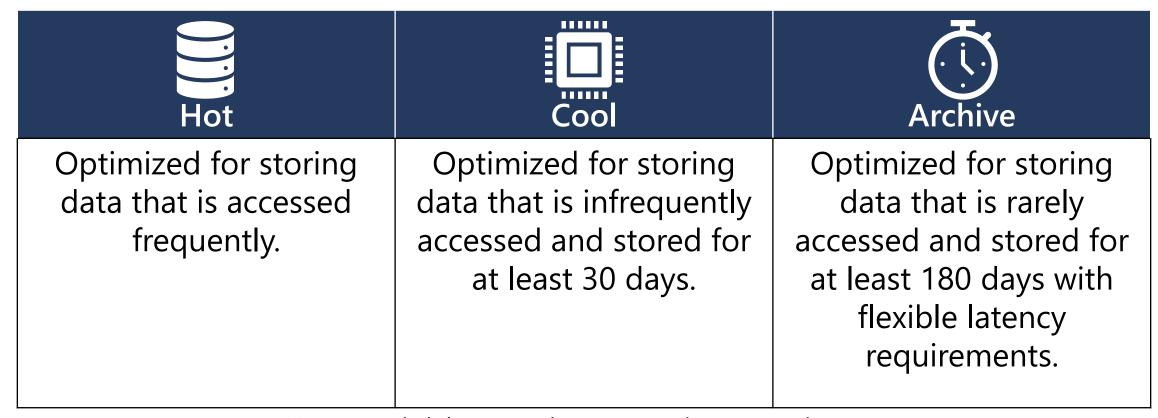


**Disk storage** provides disks for virtual machines, applications, and other services to access and use.



**Azure Files** sets up a highly available network file shares that can be accessed by using the standard Server Message Block (SMB) protocol.

# Azure storage access tiers

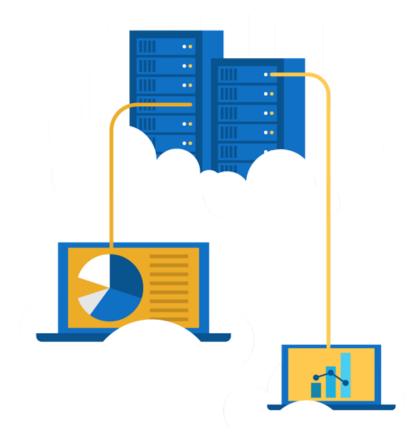


You can switch between these access tiers at any time.

# Walkthrough - Create blob storage

# Create a storage account with a blob storage container. Work with blob files.

- 1. Create a storage account.
- 2. Work with blob storage.
- 3. Monitor the storage account.



#### Azure database services



**Azure Cosmos Database** is a globally-distributed database service that elastically and independently scales throughput and storage.



**Azure SQL Database** is a relational database as a service (DaaS) based on the latest stable version of the Microsoft SQL Server database engine.



**Azure Database for MySQL** is a fully-managed MySQL database service for app developers.



**Azure Database for PostgreSQL** is a relational database service based on the open-source Postgres database engine.

# **Azure SQL Managed Instance**

**Azure SQL Managed Instance** allows existing SQL Server customers to lift and shift their on-premises applications to the cloud with minimal application and database changes.

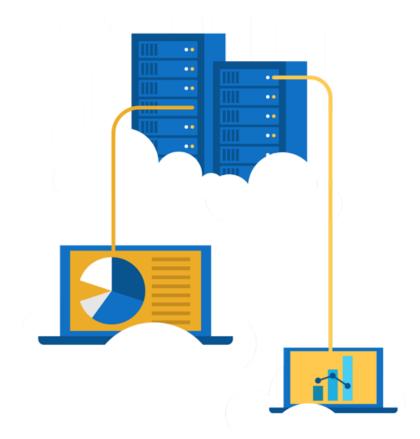
- Fully managed and evergreen platform as a service.
- Preserves all PaaS capabilities (automatic patching and version updates, automated backups, and high availability)
- Exchange existing licenses for discounted rates on SQL Managed Instance using the Azure Hybrid Benefit



# Walkthrough-Create a SQL database

Create a SQL database in Azure and then query the data in that database.

- Create the database.
- 2. Query the database.



# **Explore Azure Marketplace**

**Azure Marketplace** allows customers to find, try, purchase, and provision applications and services from hundreds of leading service providers, which are all certified to run on Azure.

- Open source container platforms.
- Virtual machine and database images.
- Application build and deployment software.
- Developer tools.
- And much more, with 10,000+ listings!

#### **Module 02 Review**



- Microsoft provides more global presence than any other cloud provider with over 60 regions distributed worldwide
- Azure Management tools
- Azure's multiple services (compute, networking, storage, and databases)
- Azure Marketplace