OS Lab 8

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Roll – 58

batch 9

```
Q1.
#include <stdio.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include <semaphore.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
struct s_strct{
      int num;
      int arr[100];
};
void* thread_code(void *s){
      struct s_strct *s2 = (struct s_strct*)s;
      int a = (int)s2->num;
      int* arr = (int *)s2->arr;
      printf("in thread_code \n");
      arr[0]=0;arr[1]=1;
      for(int i=2; i<a;++i){
             arr[i] = arr[i-1]+arr[i-2];
       }
}
int main()
      pthread_t tid;
      int n;
      struct s_strct * s;
      s = malloc(sizeof(struct s_strct));
      printf("enter num\n");
```

```
scanf("%d",&n);
      s->num = n;
      pthread create(&tid,0,&thread code,(void *)s);
      pthread_join(tid,0); // wait for hread to complete
      printf("in main \n");
      printf("fibbonaci series is\n");
      for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
            printf("%d ",s->arr[i] );
      }
}
  gcc fib.c -lpthread
 ./a.out
enter num
in thread code
in main
fibbonaci series is
0 1 1 2 3 5 $ ./a,out
sh: 98: ./a,out: not found
$ ./a.out
enter num
23
in thread_code
in main
fibbonaci series is
0 1 1 2 3 5 8 13 21 34 55 89 144 233 377 610 987 1597 2584 4181 6765 10946 17711
Q2.
#include <stdio.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include <semaphore.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
struct s_strct{
      int num;
      int arr[100];
}:
void* thread_code(void *s){
      struct s_strct *s2 = (struct s_strct*)s;
      int a = (int)s2->num;
```

```
int* arr = (int *)s2->arr;
      printf("in thread_code \n");
      int sum = 0;
      for(int i=0; i<a;++i){
             sum += arr[i];
      return (void *)sum;
}
int main()
      pthread_t tid;
      int n,result;
      struct s_strct * s;
      s = malloc(sizeof(struct s_strct));
      printf("enter tot num \n");
      scanf("%d",&n);
      s->num = n;
      for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
             scanf("%d",&(s->arr[i]));
      pthread create(&tid,0,&thread code,(void *)s);
      pthread_join(tid,(void**)&result ); // wait for hread to complete
      printf("in main \n");
      printf("sum is = %d\n",result );
}
output -
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include <semaphore.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
struct s_strct{
      int l;
      int u;
      int arr[100];
};
void* thread_code(void *s){
      struct s_strct *s2 = (struct s_strct*)s;
      int l = (int)s2->l;
      int u = (int)s2->u;
      int* arr = (int *)s2->arr;
      printf("in thread_code \n");
      int i,j,c=0,k=1;
      for(i=l;i<=u;i++)
      {
         c=0;
             for(j=1;j<=i;j++)
         {
           if(i%j==0)
              C++;
            }
         if(c==2)
           arr[k++]=i;
      arr[0]=k;
}
int main()
```

```
pthread t tid;
      int n,m;
      struct s strct * s;
      s = malloc(sizeof(struct s_strct));
      printf("enter lower bound \n");
      scanf("%d",&n);
      printf("enter upper bound \n");
      scanf("%d",&m);
      s->l=n;
      s->u = m;
      pthread create(&tid,0,&thread code,(void *)s);
      pthread_join(tid,0); // wait for hread to complete
      printf("in main \n");
      printf("prime numbers are -\n");
      for (int i = 1; i < s - arr[0]; ++i)
      {
            printf("%d ",s->arr[i] );
      }
}
output -
aniruddha@aniruddha-G3-3579:
                                        $ gcc prime.c -lpthread
aniruddha@aniruddha-G3-3579:
                                        $ ./a.out
enter lower bound
enter upper bound
in thread code
prime numbers are -
  11 13 17 19 23 29 31 37 41 43 47 aniruddha@aniruddha-G3-3579:
Q4.
#include <stdio.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include <semaphore.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
```

struct s_strct{

int num;

```
int sumeven;
      int sumodd;
      int arr[100];
};
void* thread_code1(void *s){
      struct s_strct *s2 = (struct s_strct*)s;
      int a = (int)s2->num;
      int* arr = (int *)s2->arr;
      printf("in thread code1 \n");
      s2->sumeven = 0;
      for(int i=0; i<a;++i){
             if(arr[i]\%2==0){
                    s2->sumeven += arr[i];
             }
       }
}
void* thread_code2(void *s){
      struct s_strct *s2 = (struct s_strct*)s;
      int a = (int)s2->num;
      int* arr = (int *)s2->arr;
      printf("in thread_code2 \n");
      s2->sumodd = 0;
      for(int i=0;i<a;++i){
             if(arr[i]\%2==1){
                    s2->sumodd += arr[i];
             }
       }
}
int main()
{
      pthread_t tid1,tid2;
      int n;
      struct s_strct * s;
      s = malloc(sizeof(struct s_strct));
      printf("enter tot num \n");
      scanf("%d",&n);
      s->num = n;
      printf("enter nums \n");
      for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
```

```
{
    scanf("%d",&(s->arr[i]));
}

pthread_create(&tid1,0,&thread_code1,(void *)s);
pthread_create(&tid2,0,&thread_code2,(void *)s);

pthread_join(tid1,0); // wait for thread to complete pthread_join(tid2,0);

printf("in main \n");
printf("sum odd is = %d\n",s->sumodd );
printf("sum even is = %d\n",s->sumeven );
}
```

output -

```
aniruddha@aniruddha-G3-3579: / Desktop $ gcc evenodd.c -lpthread
aniruddha@aniruddha-G3-3579: / Desktop $ ./a.out
enter tot num
7
enter nums
1 2 3 4 8 9 23
in thread_code1
in thread_code2
in main
sum odd is = 36
sum even is = 14
aniruddha@aniruddha-G3-3579: / Desktop $
```