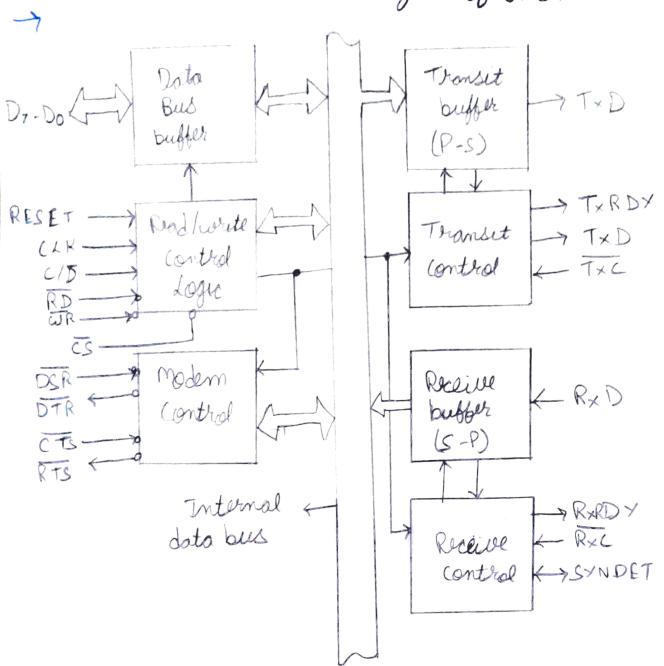
98 Draw and enplain the block diagram of 8251.



Block Diagram of 8251

It consists of the following blocks:-

- 1. Data bus buffer This block helps in interfacing the internal data bus of 8251 to the system data bus. The data transmission is possible between 8251 and CPU by the data bus buffer block.
- 2. Read I write controllagic It is a control block of for overall device. It controls the overall working by selecting the operation to be done. The operation selection depends upon input signals and

Ĉ	C15	RD	WR	operation
(3	X	X	X	Invalid
2	0	0	1	CPV48251
0	0		0	CPV > 8251
0		0	1	Status word (PV + 825)
0			O	(PV> 8251

In this way, this unit selects one of the three registers-data buffer register, control register, status register.

- 3. Modern control A device converts analog signals to digital signals and vice - versa and helps the Computers to Communicate over telephone lines or cable wires. The following are active love pins of Modern.
 - · DSR Data Set Ready signal is an input signal.

 - DTR-Data terminal Ready is an output signal. CTS-It is an input signal which controls the data transmit wrent.
 - · RTS-It is an output signal which is used to set the status
- 4. Transmit buffer This block is used for parallel to Scrial Consutt converter that receives a parallel byte for conversion into serial signal and further transmission onto the Common Channel.
 - · TXD It is an output signal, if its value is one, means transmitter will transmit the Lata.
- 5. Transmit Control This block is is used to Control the data transmission with the help of following pins:-

· TXRDY - It means transmitter is ready to transmit data Character.

- · TXEMPTY- Amoutput signal which indicates that TXEMPTS pin has transmitted all the data characters and transmitted is empty bon now.
 - TXC- An active-low input pin which controls the data transmission rate of transmitted data.
- 6. Receives buffer This block acts as a buffer for the received
 - · RXD An input signal which roceives the data.
- 7. Receive control This block controls the receiving data.

 RXRDY An input signal indicates that it is ready to receive that it is the data.
 - · Rxc An active-low input signal which controls the data transmission rate of received data.
 - · SYNDET /BD An input or output terminal. Enternal synchronous mode input terminal and osynchronous modeoutput terminal.