EDA - TRAVEL

In [23]:
```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
```

In [25]:
```
df = pd.read_csv("Travel.csv")
```

In [27]:
```
df
```

Out[27]:

	CustomerID	ProdTaken	Age	TypeofContact	CityTier	DurationOfPitch	Occupation
0	200000	1	41.0	Self Enquiry	3	6.0	Salaried
1	200001	0	49.0	Company Invited	1	14.0	Salaried
2	200002	1	37.0	Self Enquiry	1	8.0	Free Lancer
3	200003	0	33.0	Company Invited	1	9.0	Salaried
4	200004	0	NaN	Self Enquiry	1	8.0	Small Business
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4883	204883	1	49.0	Self Enquiry	3	9.0	Small Business
4884	204884	1	28.0	Company Invited	1	31.0	Salaried
4885	204885	1	52.0	Self Enquiry	3	17.0	Salaried
4886	204886	1	19.0	Self Enquiry	3	16.0	Small Business
4887	204887	1	36.0	Self Enquiry	1	14.0	Salaried

4888 rows × 20 columns

In [29]:
```
df.dtypes
```

Out[29]:
```
CustomerID                  int64
ProdTaken                   int64
Age                       float64
TypeofContact              object
CityTier                    int64
DurationOfPitch           float64
Occupation                 object
Gender                     object
NumberOfPersonVisiting      int64
NumberOfFollowups         float64
ProductPitched             object
PreferredPropertyStar     float64
MaritalStatus              object
NumberOfTrips             float64
Passport                    int64
PitchSatisfactionScore      int64
OwnCar                      int64
NumberOfChildrenVisiting  float64
Designation                object
MonthlyIncome             float64
dtype: object
```

In [33]:
```
df.columns
```

Out[33]:
```
Index(['CustomerID', 'ProdTaken', 'Age', 'TypeofContact', 'CityTier',
       'DurationOfPitch', 'Occupation', 'Gender', 'NumberOfPersonVisiting',
       'NumberOfFollowups', 'ProductPitched', 'PreferredPropertyStar',
       'MaritalStatus', 'NumberOfTrips', 'Passport', 'PitchSatisfactionScore',
       'OwnCar', 'NumberOfChildrenVisiting', 'Designation', 'MonthlyIncome'],
      dtype='object')
```

In [31]:
```
df['Gender'].unique()
```

Out[31]:
```
array(['Female', 'Male', 'Fe Male'], dtype=object)
```

In [10]:
```
df.replace("Fe Male","Female",inplace=True)
```

In [33]:
```
df['Gender'].unique()
```

Out[33]:
```
array(['Female', 'Male', 'Fe Male'], dtype=object)
```

In [47]:
```
df['Gender'].value_counts()
```

Out[47]:
```
Gender
Male      2916
Female    1972
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

In [51]:
```
df.isnull().sum().sort_values(ascending=False)
```

Out[51]:
```
DurationOfPitch            251
MonthlyIncome              233
Age                        226
NumberOfTrips              140
NumberOfChildrenVisiting    66
NumberOfFollowups           45
PreferredPropertyStar       26
TypeofContact               25
Designation                  0
OwnCar                       0
PitchSatisfactionScore       0
Passport                     0
CustomerID                   0
MaritalStatus                0
ProdTaken                    0
NumberOfPersonVisiting       0
Gender                       0
Occupation                   0
CityTier                     0
ProductPitched               0
dtype: int64
```

In [61]:
```
round(100*(df.isnull().sum()/ len(df.index)),2)
```

Out[61]:
```
CustomerID                 0.00
ProdTaken                  0.00
Age                        4.62
TypeofContact              0.51
CityTier                   0.00
DurationOfPitch            5.14
Occupation                 0.00
Gender                     0.00
NumberOfPersonVisiting     0.00
NumberOfFollowups          0.92
ProductPitched             0.00
PreferredPropertyStar      0.53
MaritalStatus              0.00
NumberOfTrips              2.86
Passport                   0.00
PitchSatisfactionScore     0.00
OwnCar                     0.00
NumberOfChildrenVisiting   1.35
Designation                0.00
MonthlyIncome              4.77
dtype: float64
```

In [74]:
```
df.dropna(axis=0,inplace=True)
```

In [76]:
```
round(100*(df.isnull().sum()/ len(df.index)),2) #All null values are dropped
```

Out[76]:
```
CustomerID                0.0
ProdTaken                 0.0
Age                       0.0
TypeofContact             0.0
CityTier                  0.0
DurationOfPitch           0.0
Occupation                0.0
Gender                    0.0
NumberOfPersonVisiting    0.0
NumberOfFollowups         0.0
ProductPitched            0.0
PreferredPropertyStar     0.0
MaritalStatus             0.0
NumberOfTrips             0.0
Passport                  0.0
PitchSatisfactionScore    0.0
OwnCar                    0.0
NumberOfChildrenVisiting  0.0
Designation               0.0
MonthlyIncome             0.0
dtype: float64
```

- Separated categorical and numerical columns

In [42]:
```
cats = ['ProdTaken', 'CityTier', 'PreferredPropertyStar', 'Passport',
        'OwnCar', 'PitchSatisfactionScore', 'TypeofContact', 'Occupation', 'Gender'
        'MaritalStatus', 'Designation']
nums = ['CustomerID', 'Age', 'DurationOfPitch',
       'NumberOfPersonVisiting', 'NumberOfFollowups',
       'NumberOfTrips',
       'NumberOfChildrenVisiting', 'MonthlyIncome']
```

In [44]:
```
cats
```

Out[44]:
```
['ProdTaken',
 'CityTier',
 'PreferredPropertyStar',
 'Passport',
 'OwnCar',
 'PitchSatisfactionScore',
 'TypeofContact',
 'Occupation',
 'Gender',
 'ProductPitched',
 'MaritalStatus',
 'Designation']
```

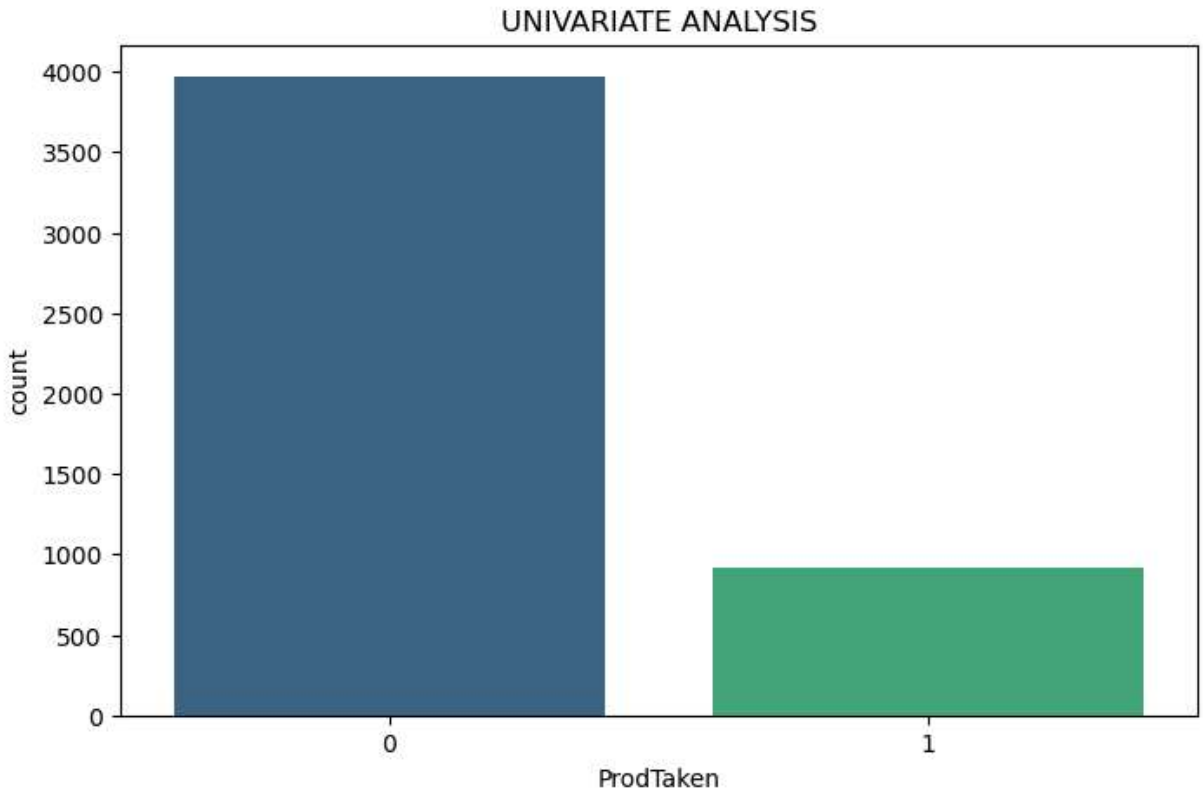
In [46]:
```
nums
```

Out[46]:
```
['CustomerID',
 'Age',
 'DurationOfPitch',
 'NumberOfPersonVisiting',
 'NumberOfFollowups',
 'NumberOfTrips',
 'NumberOfChildrenVisiting',
 'MonthlyIncome']
```

UNIVARIATE ANALYSIS

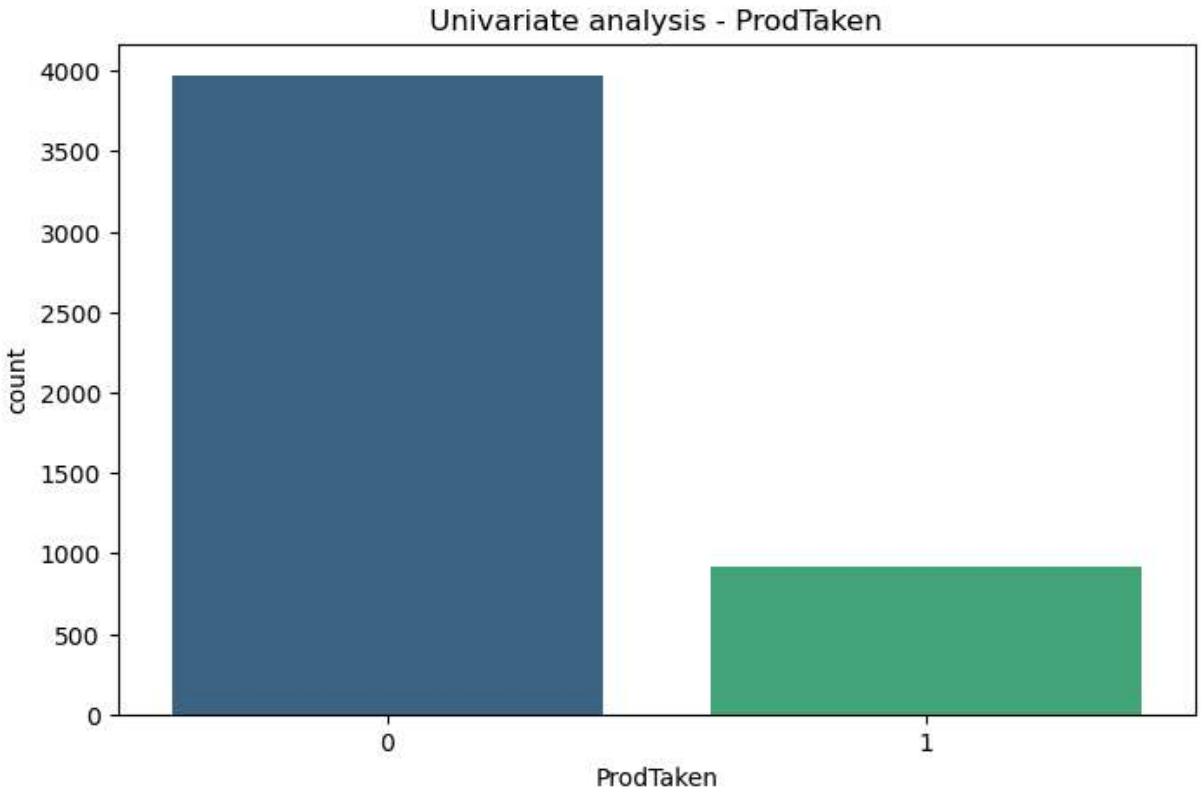
- FOR CATEGORICAL DATA

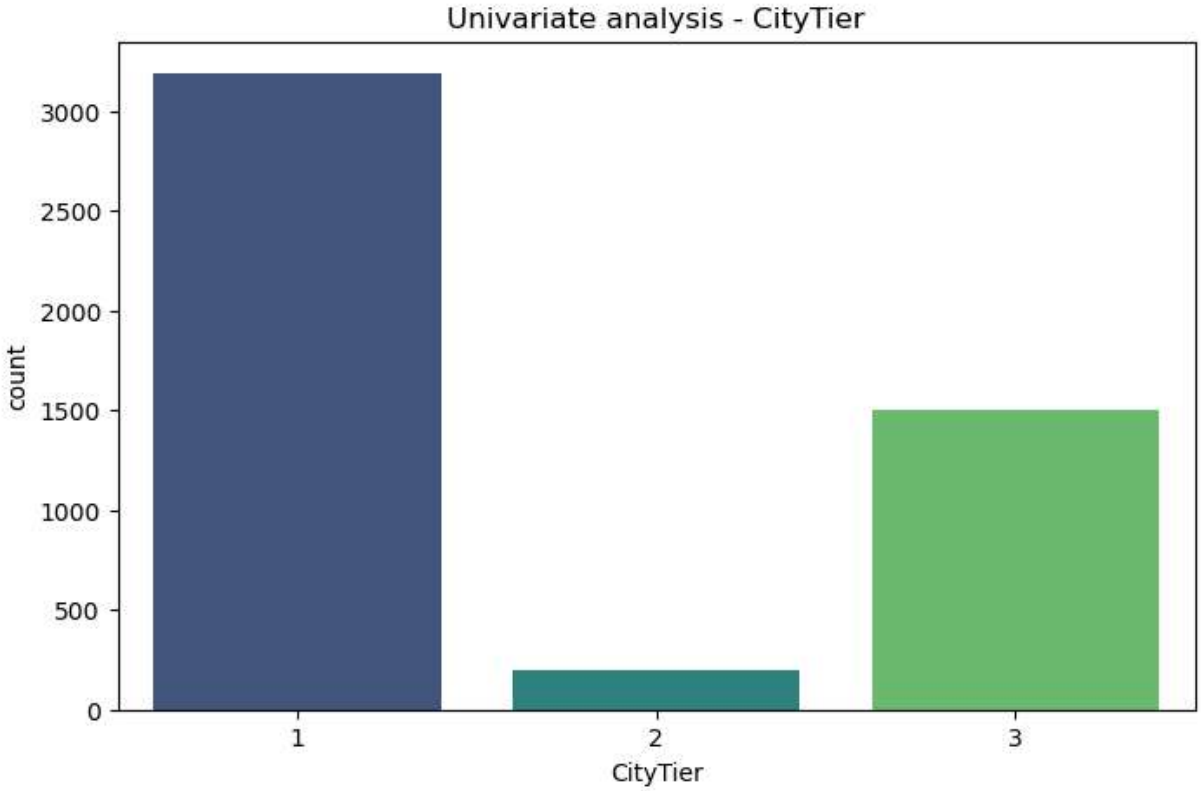
In [52]:
```
plt.figure(figsize=(8,5))
sns.countplot(x='ProdTaken',data=df,palette='viridis')
plt.title("UNIVARIATE ANALYSIS")
plt.show()
```

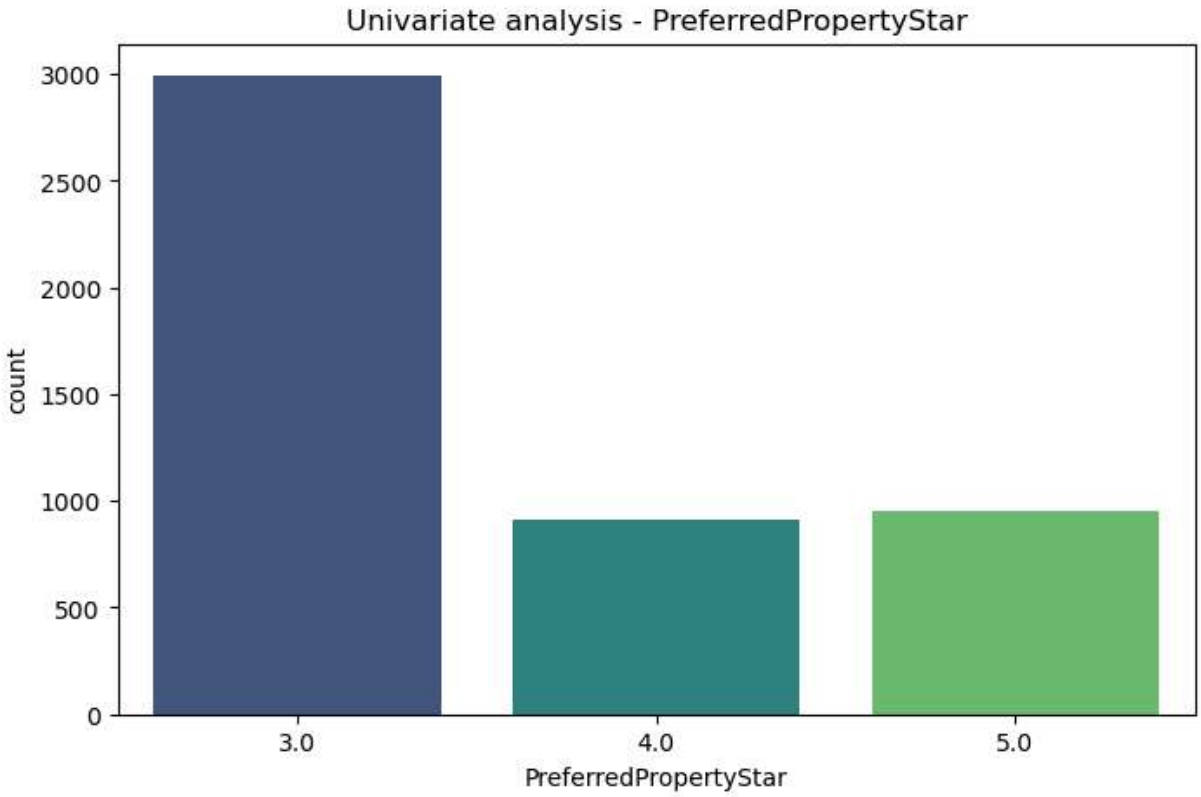


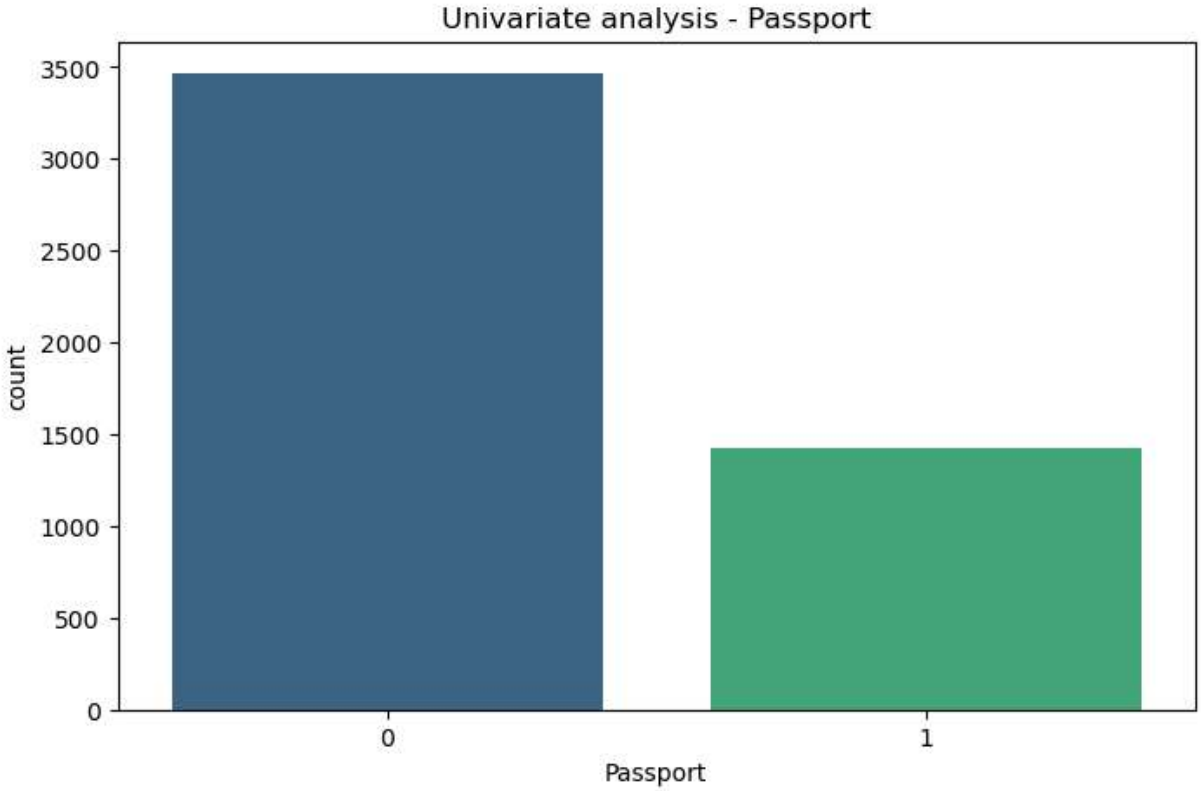
- ALL CATEGORICAL DATA COUNTPLOTS

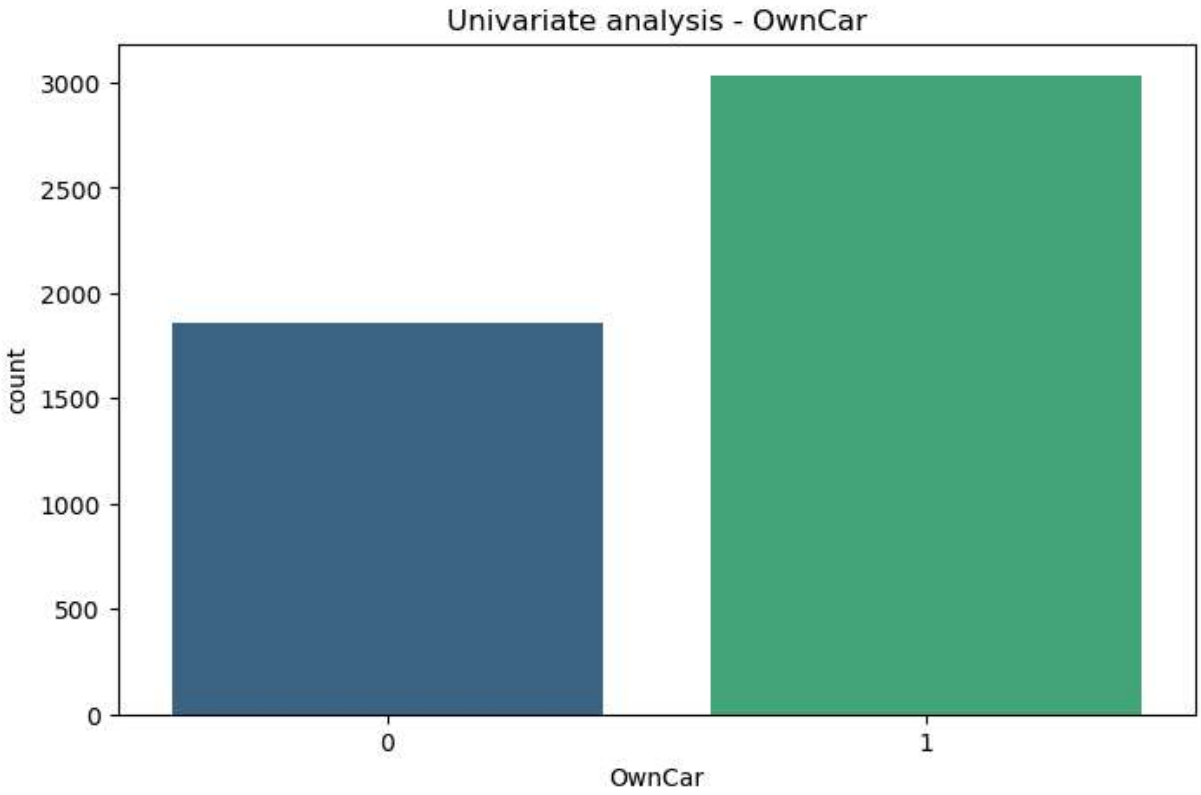
In [54]:
```
for cat_column in cats:
    plt.figure(figsize=(8, 5))
    sns.countplot(x = cat_column, data=df, palette = 'viridis')
    plt.title(f"Univariate analysis - {cat_column}")
    plt.show()
```

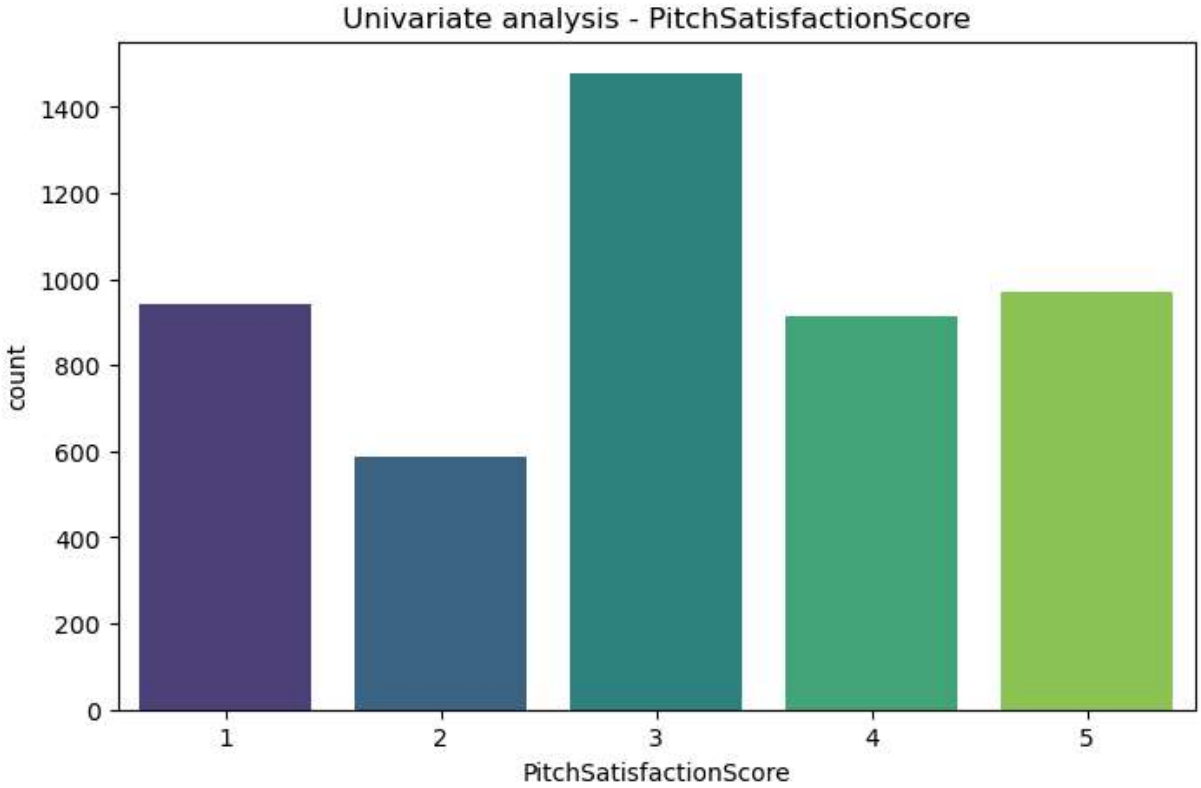

Univariate analysis - ProdTaken
4000
3500
3000
2500
2000
1500
1000
500
0
count
0
1
ProdTaken

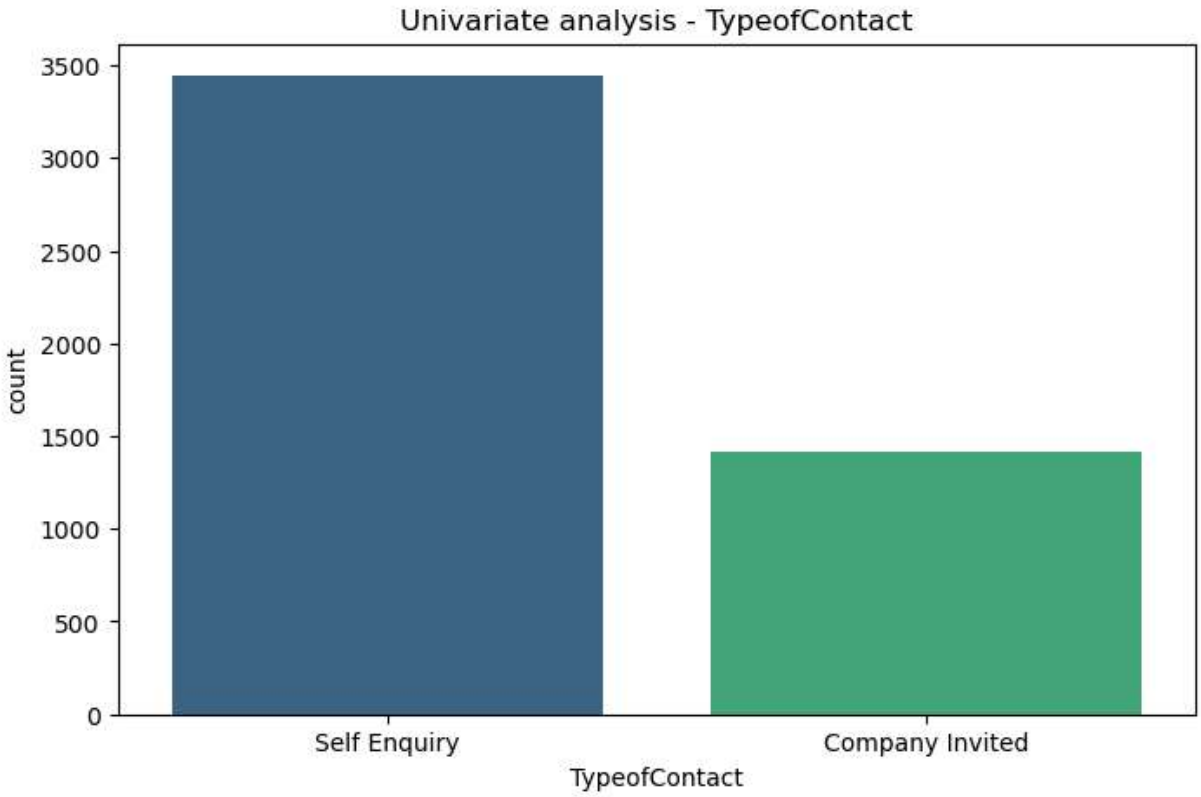

Univariate analysis - CityTier
3000
2500
2000
1500
1000
500
0
count
1
2
3
CityTier

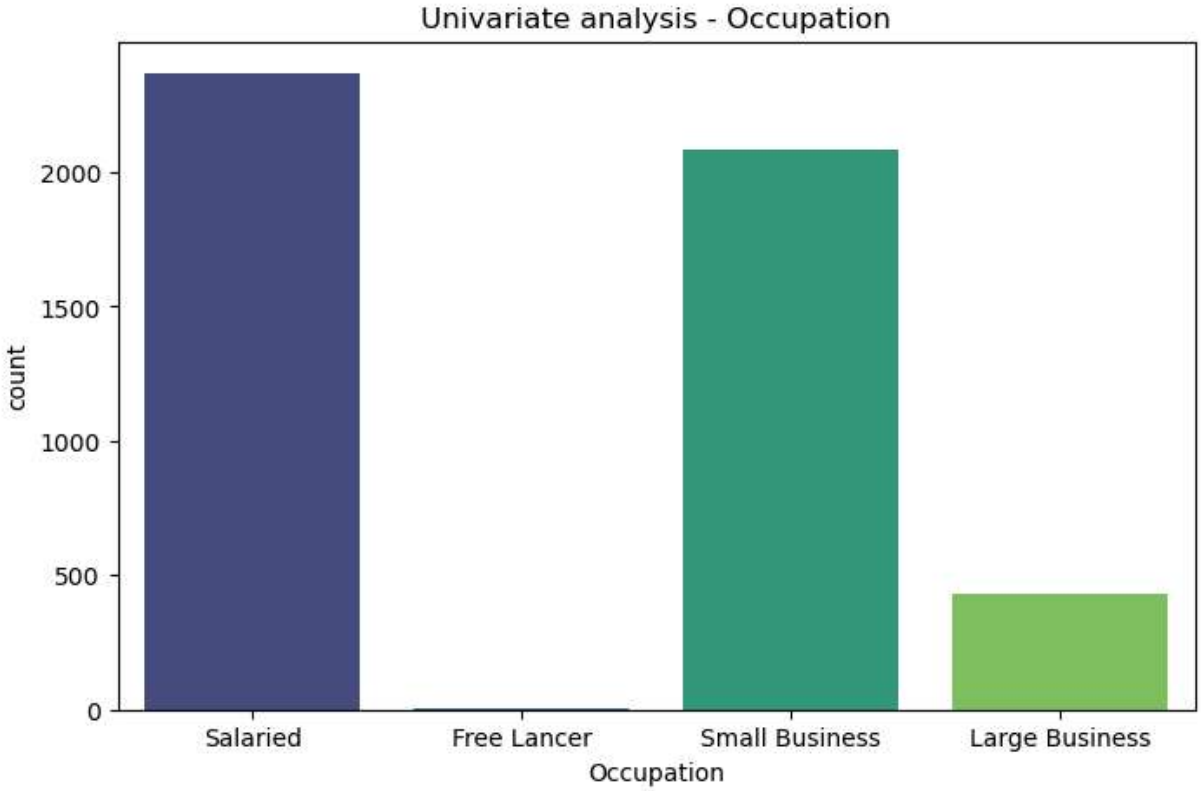

Univariate analysis - PreferredPropertyStar
count
PreferredPropertyStar
3.0
4.0
5.0
0
500
1000
1500
2000
2500
3000

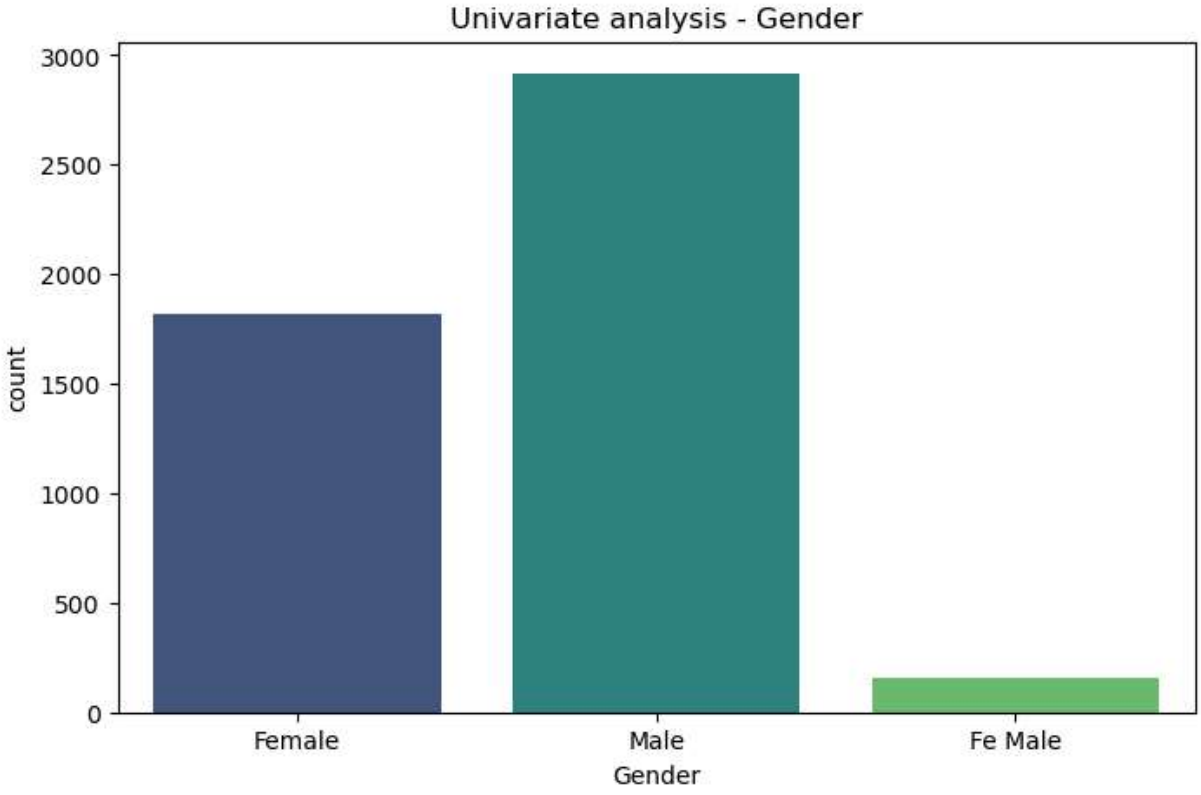

Univariate analysis - Passport
count
Passport
0
1
0
500
1000
1500
2000
2500
3000
3500

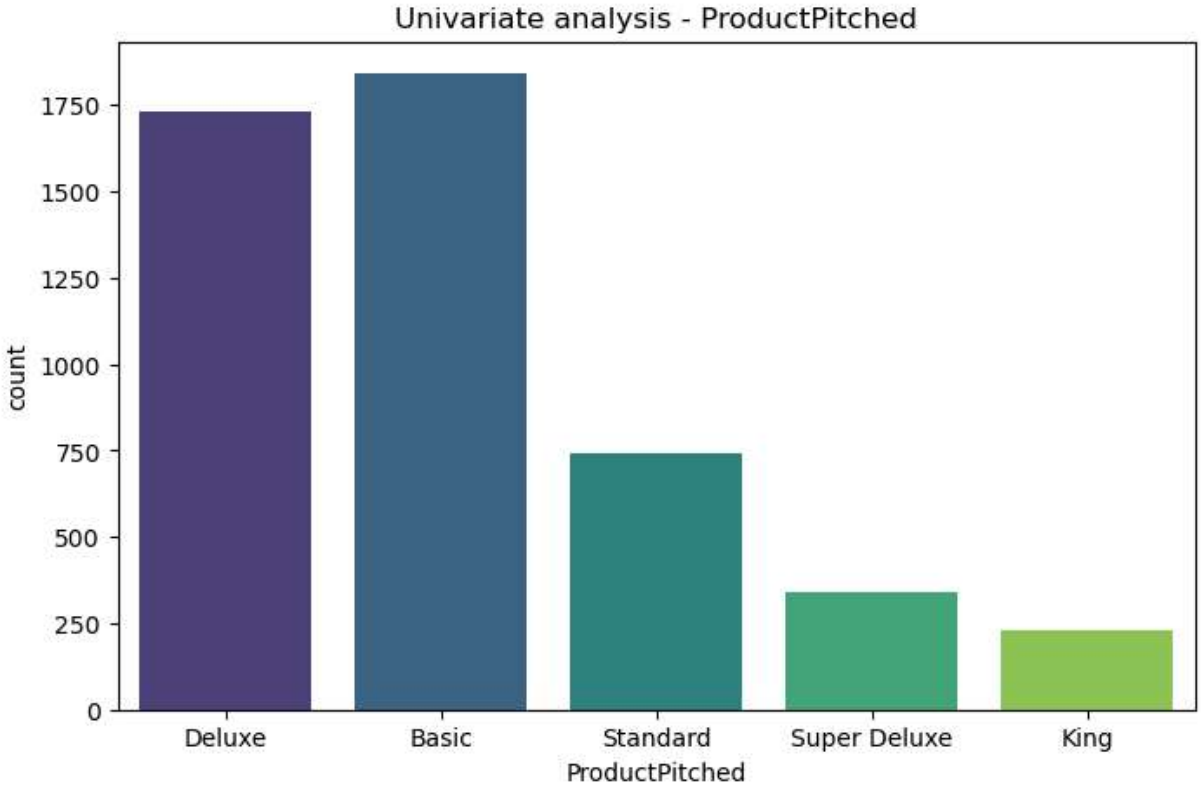

Univariate analysis - OwnCar
count
3000
2500
2000
1500
1000
500
0
0
1
OwnCar

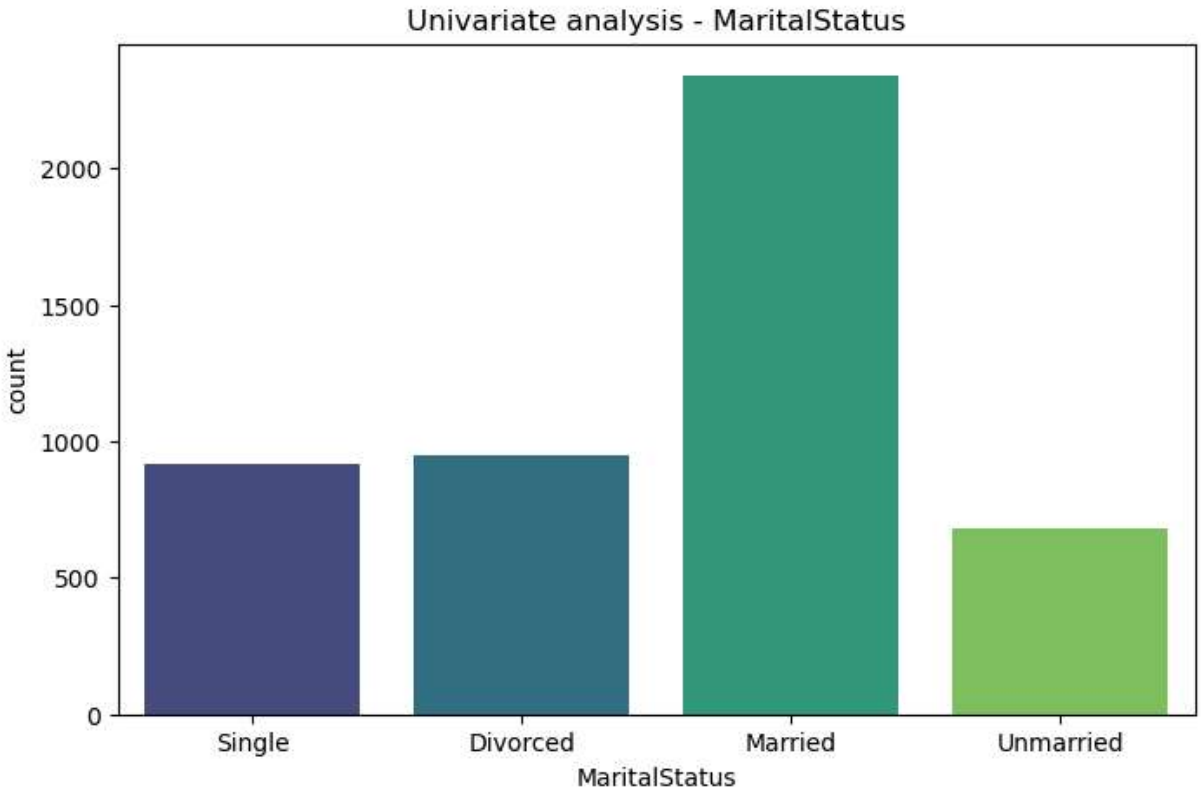

Univariate analysis - PitchSatisfactionScore
count
1400
1200
1000
800
600
400
200
0
1
2
3
4
5
PitchSatisfactionScore

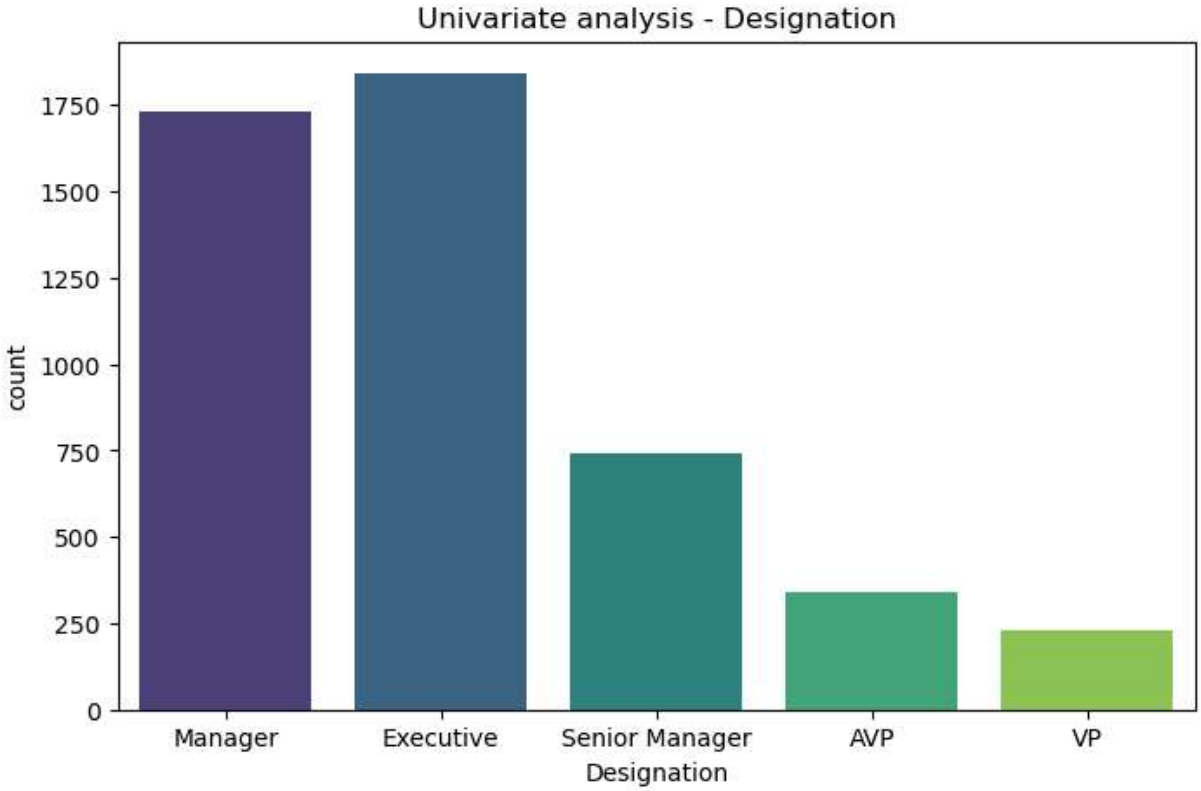

Univariate analysis - TypeofContact
3500
3000
2500
2000
1500
1000
500
0
count
Self Enquiry
Company Invited
TypeofContact


Univariate analysis - Occupation
2000
1500
1000
500
0
count
Salaried
Free Lancer
Small Business
Large Business
Occupation


Univariate analysis - Gender
3000
2500
2000
1500
1000
500
0
count
Female
Male
Fe Male
Gender


Univariate analysis - ProductPitched
1750
1500
1250
1000
750
500
250
0
count
Deluxe
Basic
Standard
Super Deluxe
King
ProductPitched

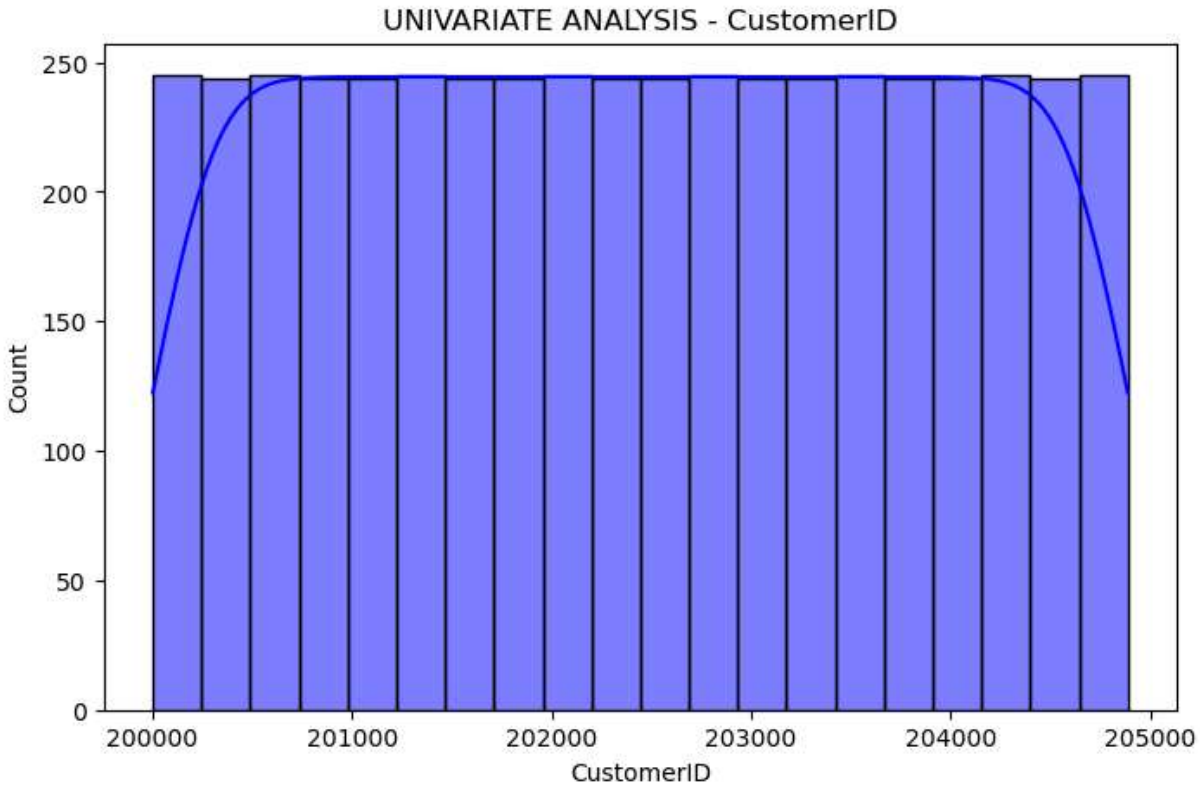


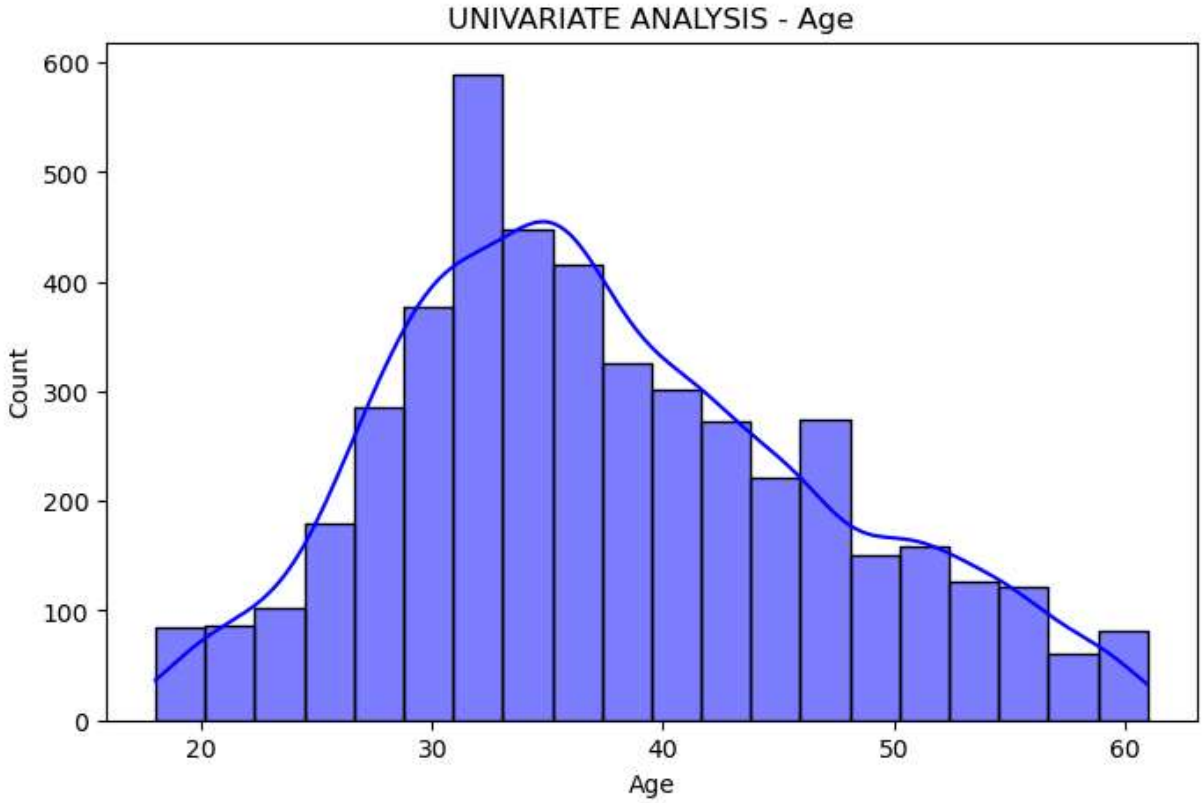


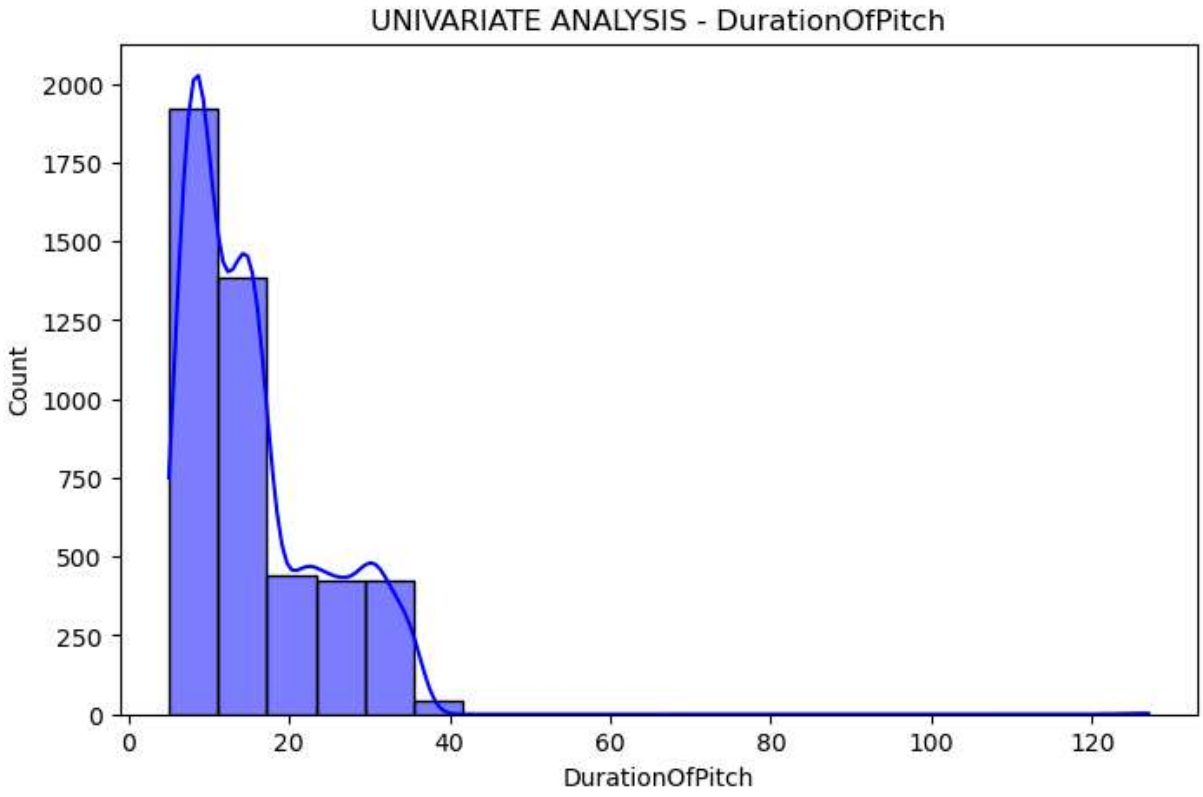
- UNIVARIATE ANALYSIS OF ALL NUMERICAL DATA

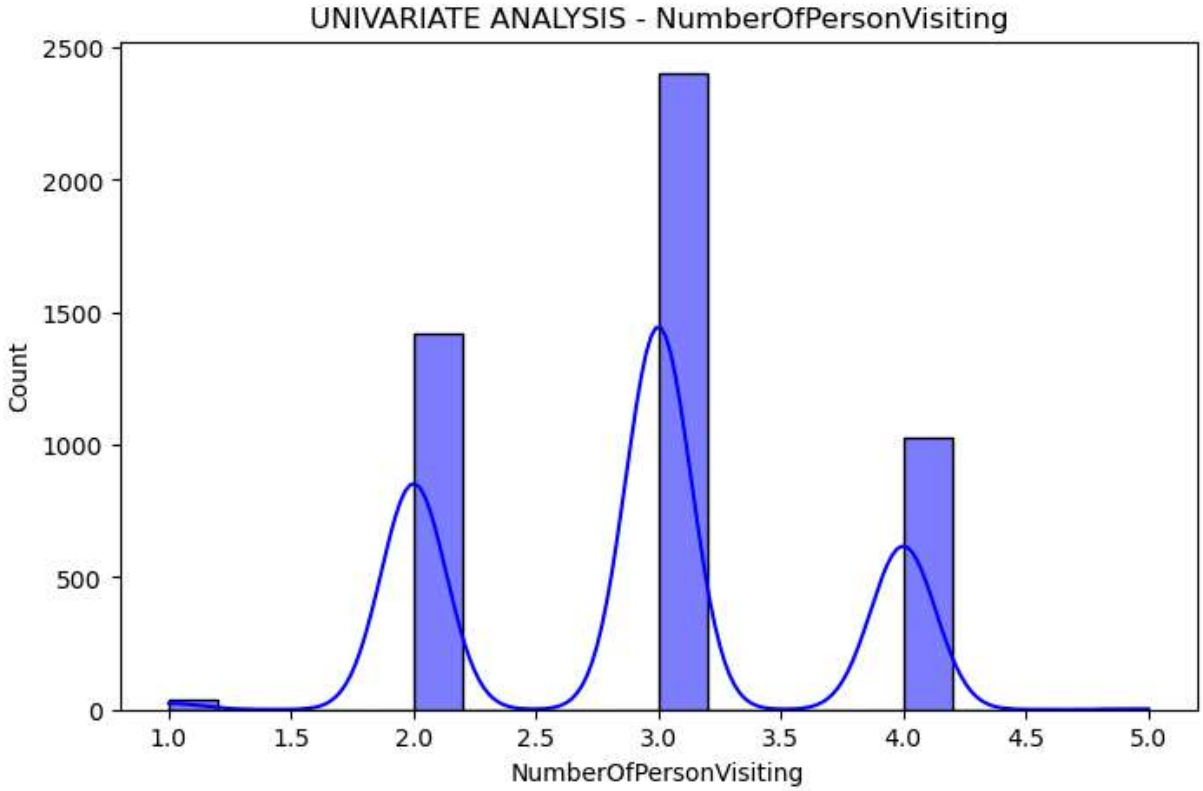
In [56]:
```
for num_column in nums:
    plt.figure(figsize=(8,5))
    sns.histplot(df[num_column],color='blue',kde=True,bins=20)
```

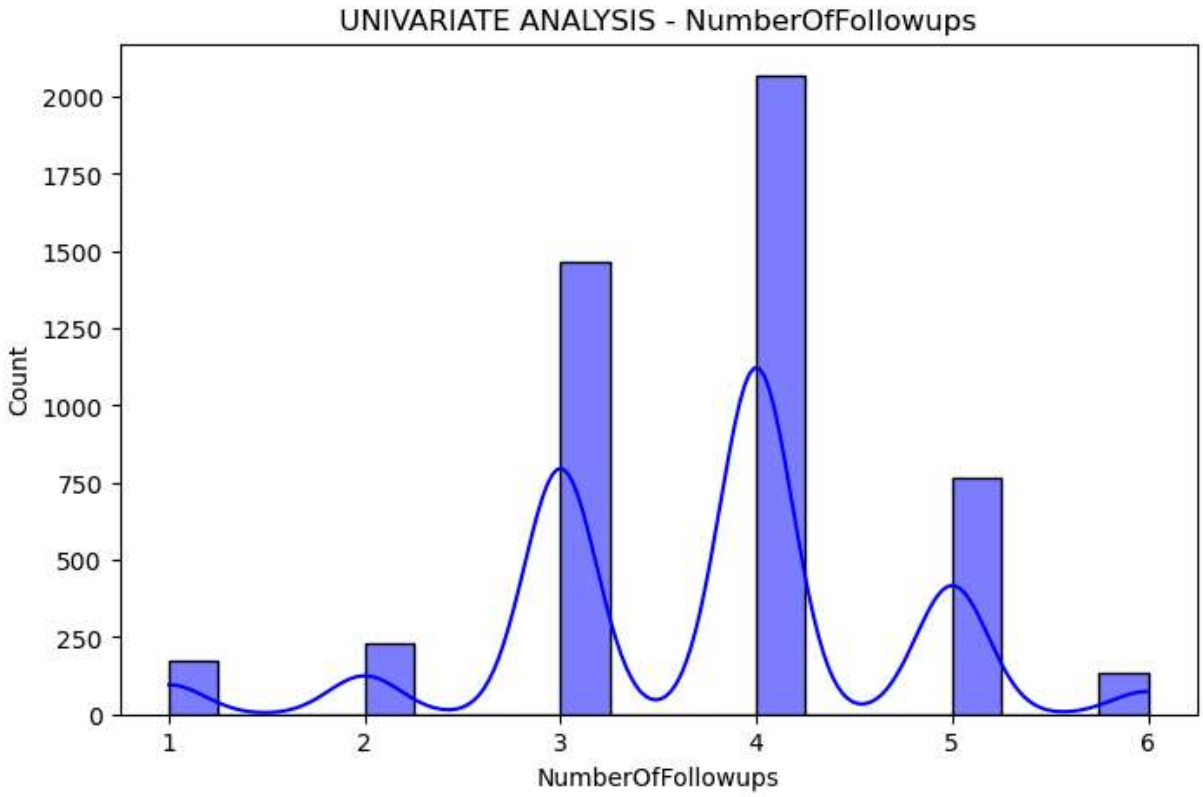
```
    plt.title(f"UNIVARIATE ANALYSIS - {num_column}")
    plt.show()
```

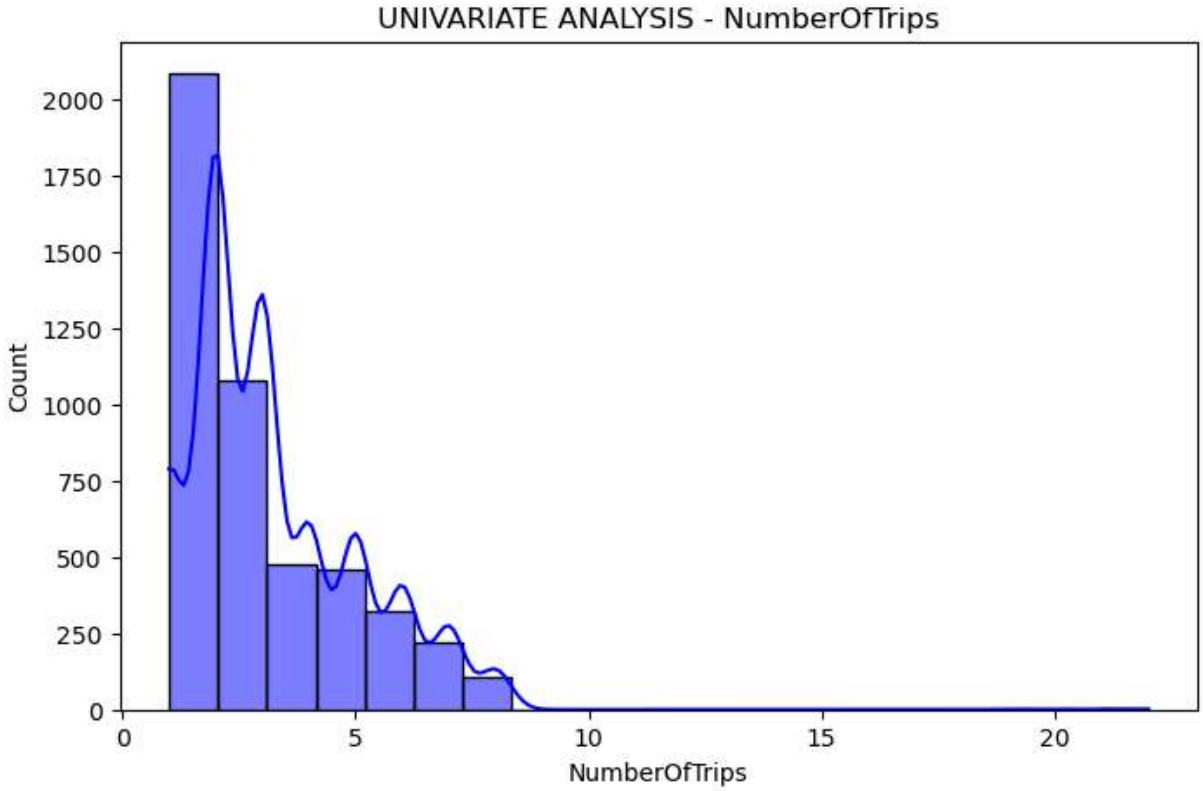


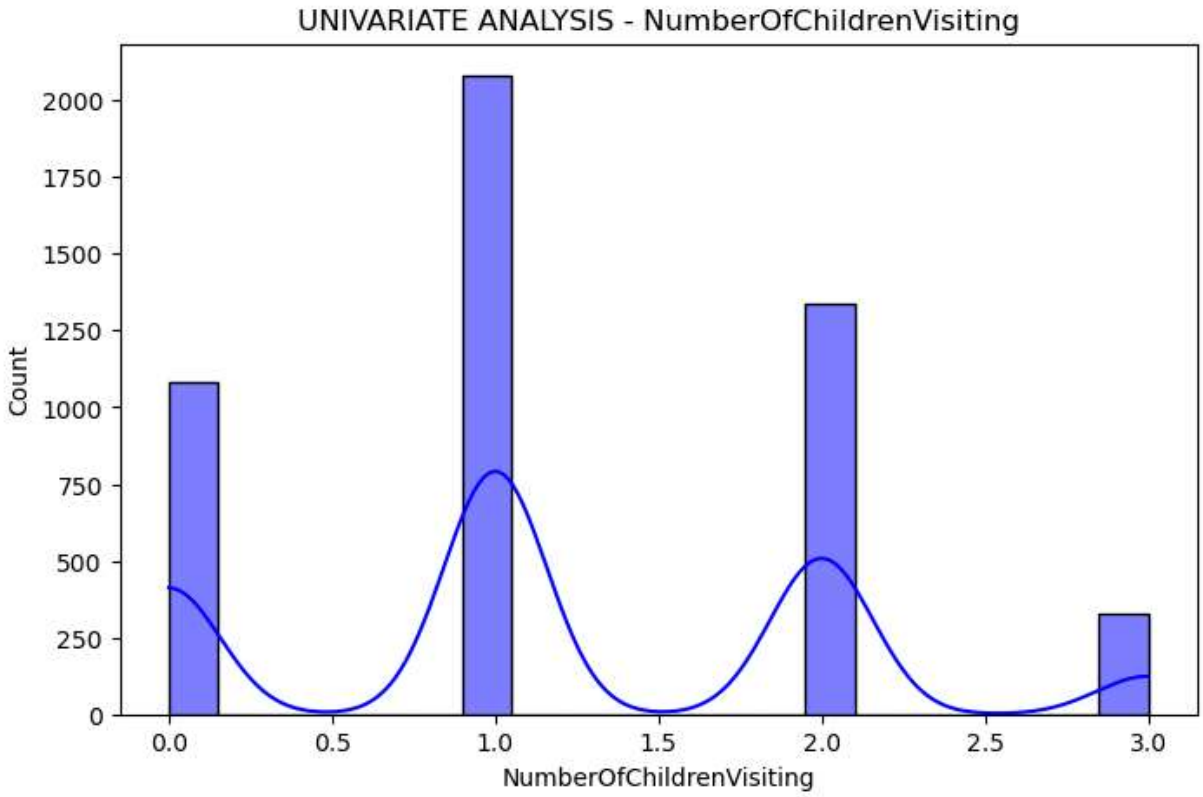


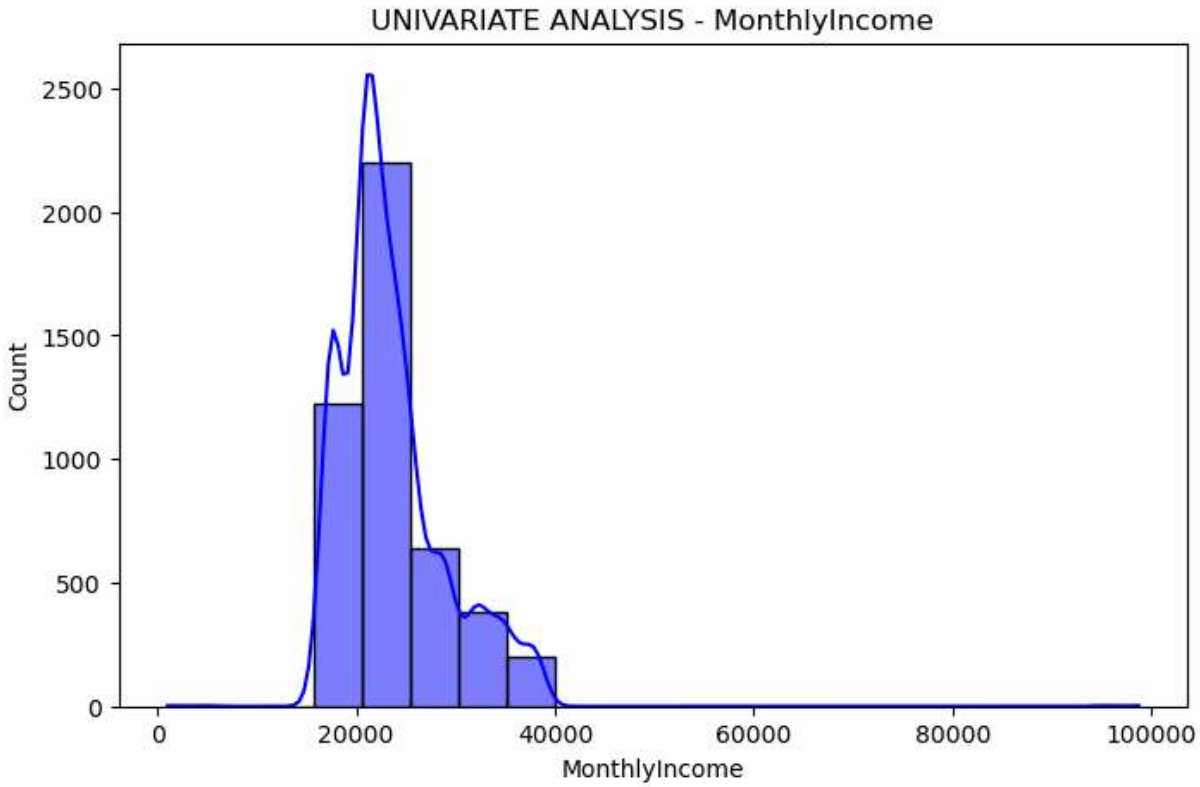

UNIVARIATE ANALYSIS - DurationOfPitch
Count
DurationOfPitch
0
250
500
750
1000
1250
1500
1750
2000
0
20
40
60
80
100
120


UNIVARIATE ANALYSIS - NumberOfPersonVisiting
Count
NumberOfPersonVisiting
0
500
1000
1500
2000
2500
1.0
1.5
2.0
2.5
3.0
3.5
4.0
4.5
5.0


UNIVARIATE ANALYSIS - NumberOfFollowups
Count
NumberOfFollowups
0
250
500
750
1000
1250
1500
1750
2000
1
2
3
4
5
6


UNIVARIATE ANALYSIS - NumberOfTrips
Count
NumberOfTrips
0
250
500
750
1000
1250
1500
1750
2000
0
5
10
15
20





INSIGHTS :-

- PEOPLE FROM AGE GROUP 30-40 ARE TRAVELLING MORE
- MAXINUM NO. OF TRIPS ARE MORE THAN 2000

- MORE THAN 2000 PEOPLE ARE TAKING MONTHLY INCOME OF 20000+

BIVARIATE ANALYSIS

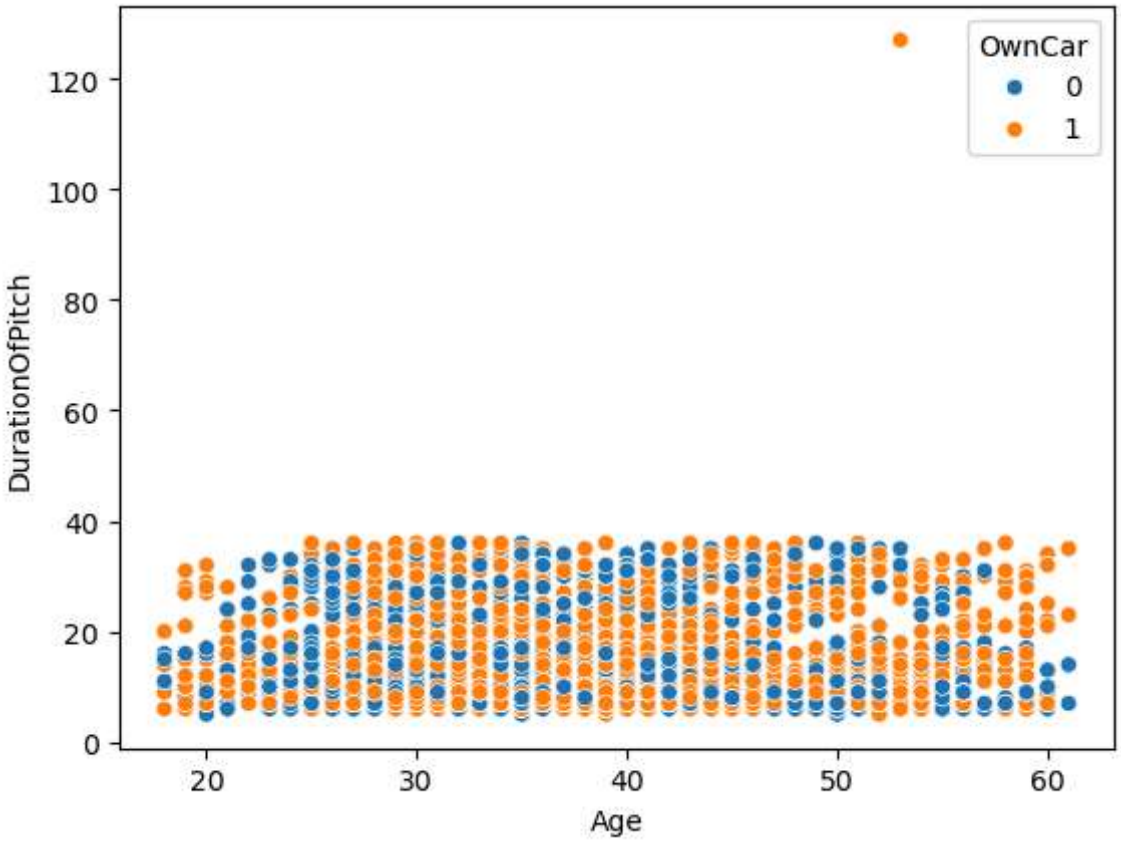
In [77]:
```
nums
```

Out[77]:
```
['CustomerID',
 'Age',
 'DurationOfPitch',
 'NumberOfPersonVisiting',
 'NumberOfFollowups',
 'NumberOfTrips',
 'NumberOfChildrenVisiting',
 'MonthlyIncome']
```

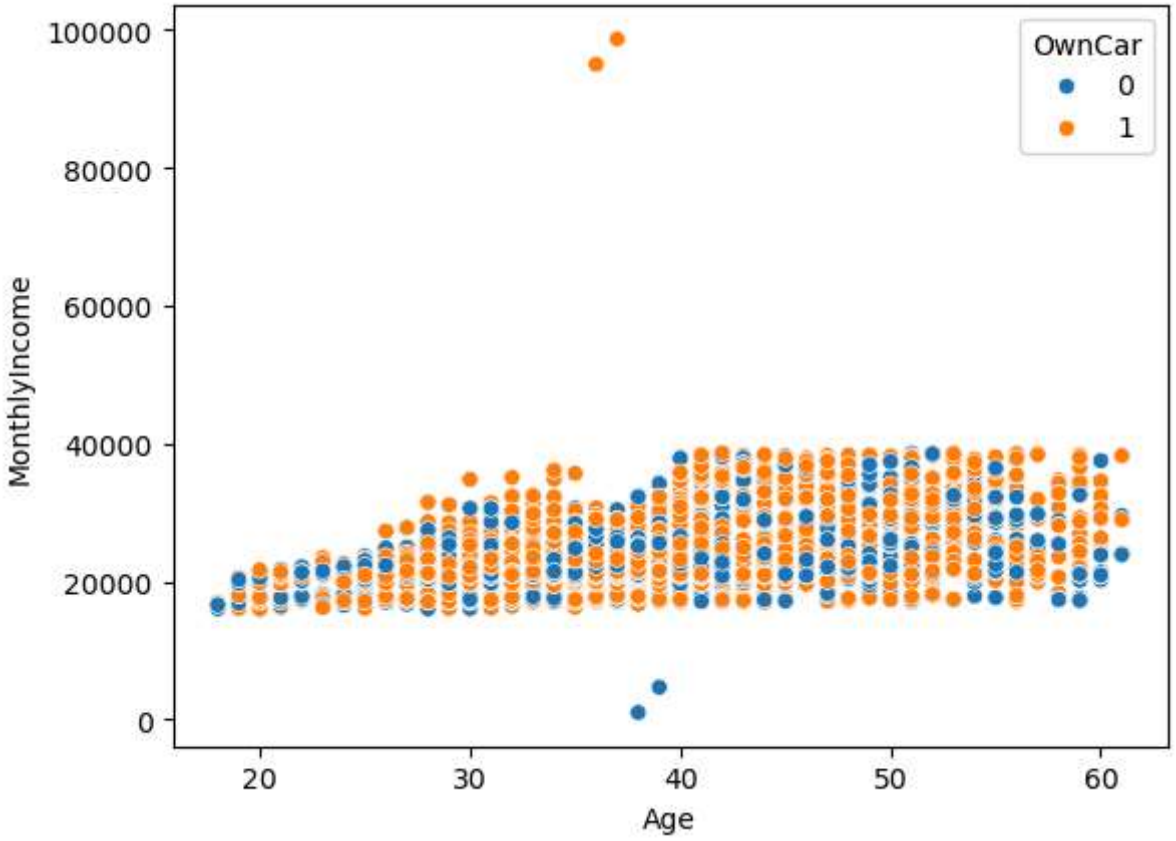
In [79]:
```
cats
```

Out[79]:
```
['ProdTaken',
 'CityTier',
 'PreferredPropertyStar',
 'Passport',
 'OwnCar',
 'PitchSatisfactionScore',
 'TypeofContact',
 'Occupation',
 'Gender',
 'ProductPitched',
 'MaritalStatus',
 'Designation']
```

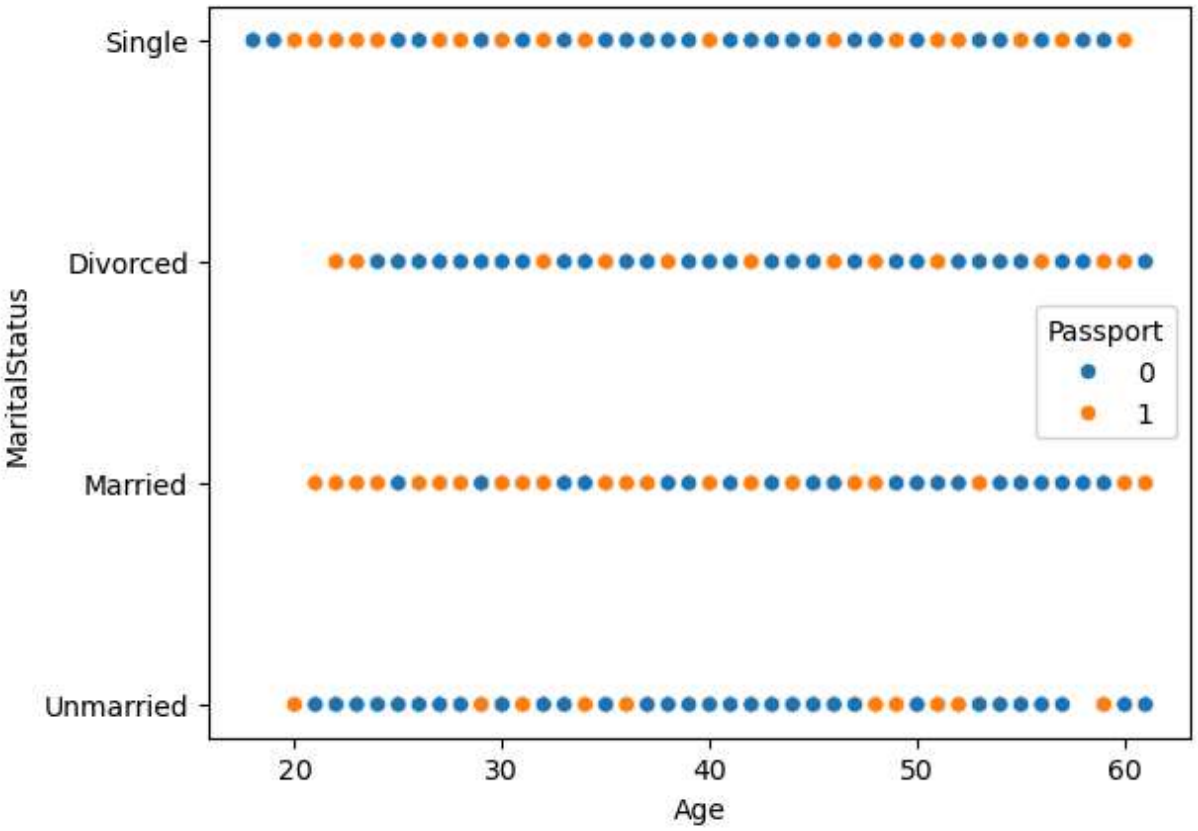
In [108…
```
sns.scatterplot(x='Age',y= 'DurationOfPitch', data=df,hue='OwnCar' )
plt.show()
```



In [99]:
```
sns.scatterplot(x='Age',y= 'MonthlyIncome', data=df,hue='OwnCar' )
plt.show()
```



In [103…
```
sns.scatterplot(x='Age',y= 'MaritalStatus', data=df , hue="Passport")
plt.show()
```



- FOR CATEGORICAL DATA :- WE USE CROSSTAB IN THIS CASE

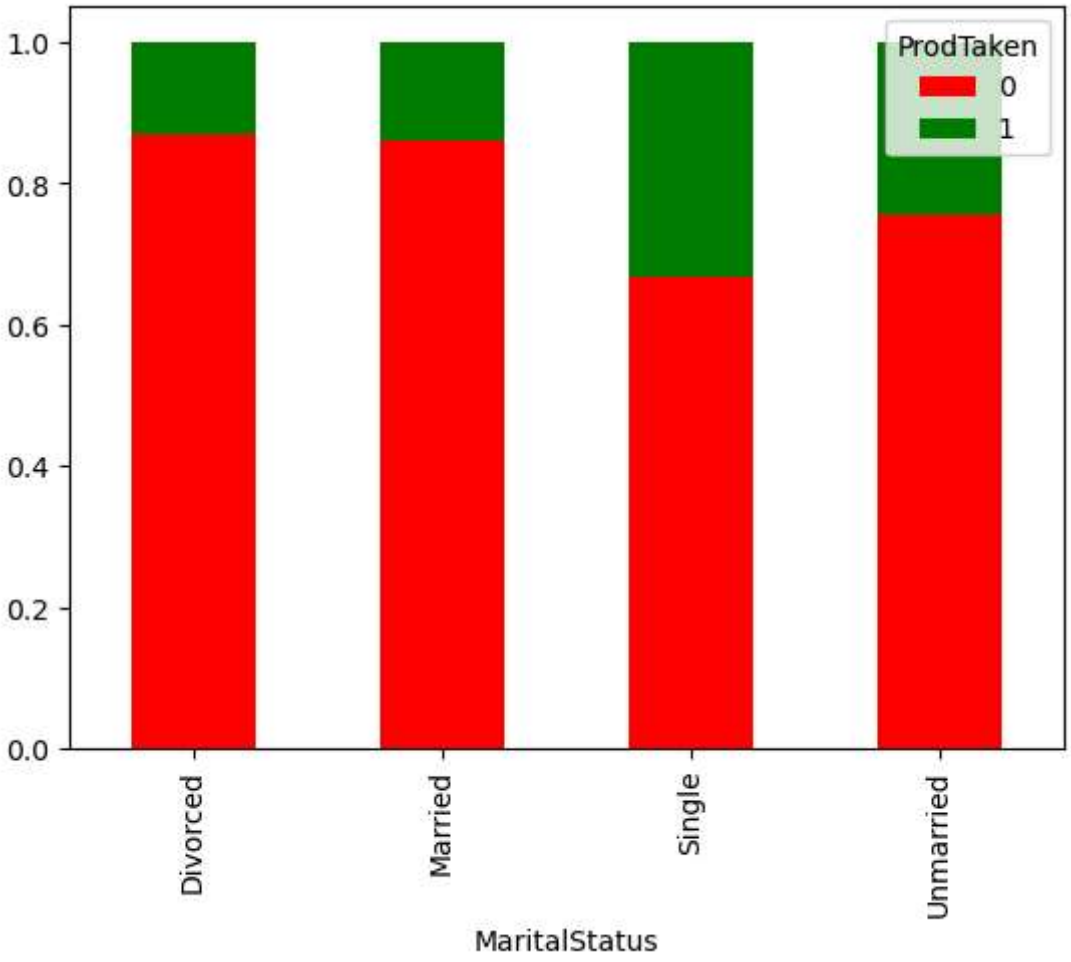
In [149…
```
# STACKED BAR CHART BETWEEN MARITAL STATUS ANS PRODUCT TAKEN
cross_tab = pd.crosstab(df['MaritalStatus'],df['ProdTaken'],normalize='index') # No
```

In [151…
```
cross_tab
```

Out[151…

ProdTaken	0	1
MaritalStatus		
Divorced	0.869474	0.130526
Married	0.860684	0.139316
Single	0.668122	0.331878
Unmarried	0.756598	0.243402

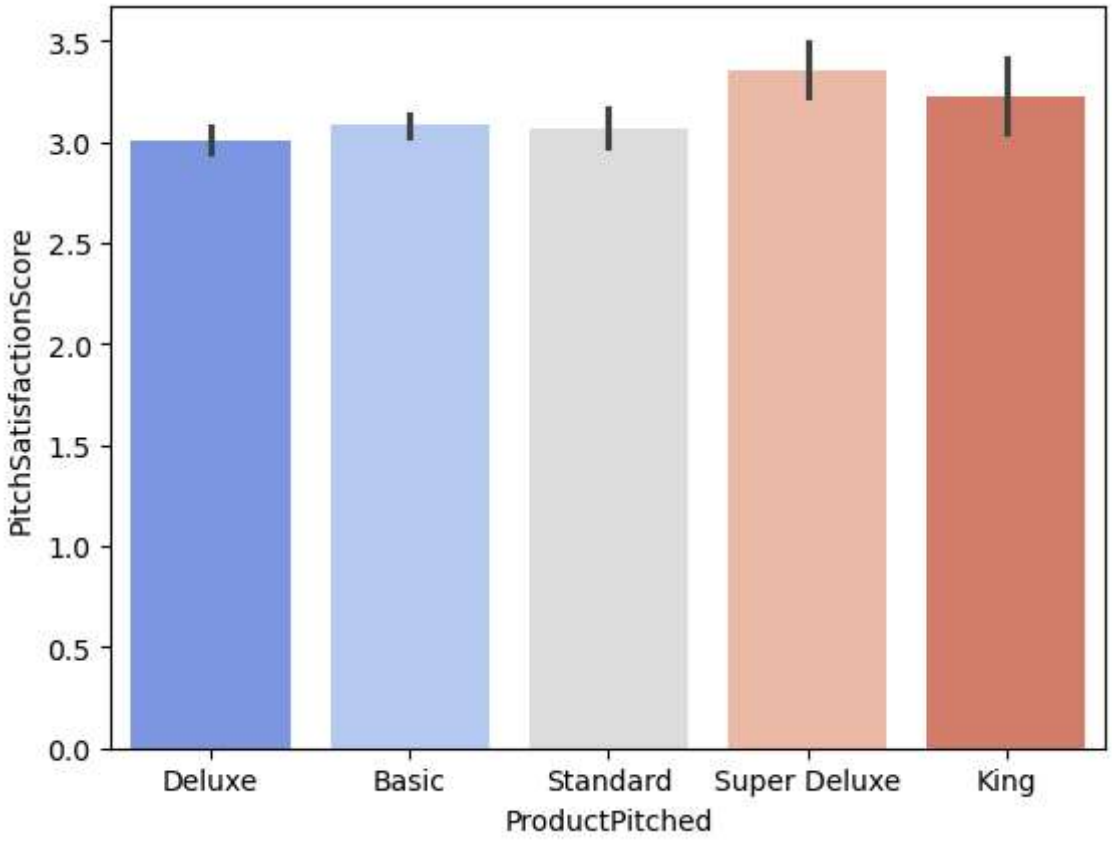
In [157…
```
cross_tab.plot(kind="bar", stacked=True,color=['red','green'])
plt.show()
```



In [159…
```
cats
```

Out[159…
```
['ProdTaken',
 'CityTier',
 'PreferredPropertyStar',
 'Passport',
 'OwnCar',
 'PitchSatisfactionScore',
 'TypeofContact',
 'Occupation',
 'Gender',
 'ProductPitched',
 'MaritalStatus',
 'Designation']
```

In [171…
```
sns.barplot(x='ProductPitched' , y='PitchSatisfactionScore', data=df,palette='coolw
plt.show()
```



In [175…
```
sns.lineplot(x = 'NumberOfFollowups', y = 'PitchSatisfactionScore', data=df, marker
plt.show()
```