

- Q.1** Show that a connected graph is k -edge-connected if and only if each of its blocks is k -edge-connected.
- Q.2** For a connected graph G with at least three vertices, the following are equivalent.
A) G is 2-edge-connected.
B) Every edge of G appears in a cycle.
C) G has a closed trail containing any specified pair of edges.
D) G has a closed trail containing any specified pair of vertices.
- Q.3** If G is a 2-connected graph and $v \in V(G)$, then v has a neighbor u such that $G - u - v$ is connected.
- Q.4** Let G be a 5-connected graph, show that between any 3 distinct vertices u, v and w there are 2 cycles which have C and C' which have only the points u and v in common and do not go through w .
- Q.5** G is a graph on n vertices and $2n - 2$ edges. The edges of G can be partitioned into two edge-disjoint spanning trees. Which of the following is NOT true for G ?
A. For every subset of k vertices, the induced subgraph has at most $2k - 2$ edges.
B. The minimum cut in G has at least 2 edges.
C. There are at least 2 edge-disjoint paths between every pair of vertices.
D. There are at least 2 vertex-disjoint paths between every pair of vertices.
- Q.6** Consider the following problem. You are given a flow network with unit-capacity edges: it consists of a directed graph $G = (V, E)$, a source s and a sink t . You are also given a parameter k . The goal is delete k edges so as to reduce the maximum $s - t$ flow in G as much as possible. In other words, you should find a set of edges F so that $|F| = k$ and the maximum $s - t$ flow in the graph $G_0 = (V, E \setminus F)$ is as small as possible.
- Q.7** Let G be a k -connected graph. Show using the definitions that if G_0 is obtained from G by adding a new vertex V adjacent to at least k vertices of G , then G_0 is k -connected.
- Q.8** Let G be a connected graph with all degrees even. Show that G is 2-edge-connected.
- Q.9** Prove that G is 2-connected if and only if for any three vertices x, y, z there is a path in G from x to z containing y .
- Q.10** Prove that a graph G on at least $k + 1$ vertices is k -connected if and only if $G - X$ is connected for every vertex set X of size $k - 1$.
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