

**WORKSHEET 6 SQL**

**Q1 and Q2 have one or more correct answer. Choose all the correct option to answer your question.**

1. Which of the following are TCL commands?

- A. Commit
- B. Select
- C. Rollback
- D. Savepoint

**Answer:** A, C & D

2. Which of the following are DDL commands?

- A. Create
- B. Select
- C. Drop
- D. Alter

**Answer:** A, C & D

**Q3 to Q10 have only one correct answer. Choose the correct option to answer your question.**

3. Which of the following is a legal expression in SQL?

- A. SELECT NULL FROM SALES;
- B. SELECT NAME FROM SALES;
- C. SELECT \* FROM SALES WHEN PRICE = NULL;
- D. SELECT # FROM SALES;

**Answer:** B. SELECT NAME FROM SALES;

4. DCL provides commands to perform actions like-

- A. Change the structure of Tables
- B. Insert, Update or Delete Records and Values
- C. Authorizing Access and other control over Database
- D. None of the above

**Answer:** C. Authorizing Access and other control over Database

5. Which of the following should be enclosed in double quotes?

- A. Dates
- B. Column Alias
- C. String
- D. All of the mentioned

**Answer:** B. Column Alias

6. Which of the following command makes the updates performed by the transaction permanent in the database?

- A. ROLLBACK
- B. COMMIT
- C. TRUNCATE
- D. DELETE

**Answer:** B. COMMIT

7. A subquery in an SQL Select statement is enclosed in:

- A. Parenthesis - (...).
- B. brackets - [...].
- C. CAPITAL LETTERS.
- D. braces - {...}.

**Answer:** A. Parenthesis - (...)

8. The result of a SQL SELECT statement is a :-

- A. FILE
- B. REPORT
- C. TABLE
- D. FORM

**Answer:** C. TABLE

9. Which of the following do you need to consider when you make a table in a SQL?

- A. Data types
- B. Primary keys
- C. Default values
- D. All of the mentioned

**Answer:** D. All of the mentioned

10. If you don't specify ASC and DESC after a SQL ORDER BY clause, the following is used by \_\_\_\_?

- A. ASC
- B. DESC
- C. There is no default value
- D. None of the mentioned

**Answer:** A. ASC

**Q11 to Q15 are subjective answer type questions, Answer them briefly.**

**11. What is denormalization?**

**Answer:** Denormalization is a strategy used on a previously-normalized database to increase performance. In computing, denormalization is the process of trying to improve the read performance of a database, at the expense of losing some write performance, by adding redundant copies of data or by grouping data.

**12. What is a database cursor?**

**Answer:** Database Cursor is a Temporary Memory or Temporary Work Station. It is Allocated by Database Server at the Time of Performing DML operations on Table by User. Cursors are used to store Database Tables.

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*13. What are the different types of the queries?*

**Answer:** Five types of SQL queries are:

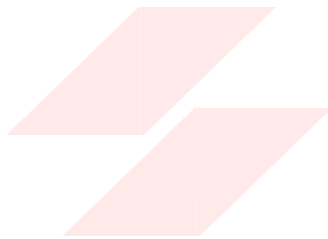
- i. Data Definition Language (DDL)
- ii. Data Manipulation Language (DML)
- iii. Data Control Language (DCL)
- iv. Transaction Control Language (TCL) and,
- v. Data Query Language (DQL)

*14. Define constraint?*

**Answer:** SQL constraints are used to specify rules for the data in a table. Constraints are used to limit the type of data that can go into a table. This ensures the accuracy and reliability of the data in the table.

*15. What is auto increment?*

**Answer:** **Auto-increment** allows a unique number to be generated when a new record is inserted into a table.



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