

# **MACHINE LEARNING**

Q1 to Q11 have only one correct answer. Choose the correct option to answer your question.

- 1. Movie Recommendation systems are an example of:
  - i) Classification
  - ii) Clusterina
  - iii) Regression

Options:

- a) 2 Only
- b) 1 and 2
- c) 1 and 3
- d) 2 and 3

### Ans. a) 2 Only

- 2. Sentiment Analysis is an example of:
  - i) Regression
  - ii) Classification
  - iii) Clustering
  - iv) Reinforcement

Options:

- a) 1 Onlyb) 1 and 2
- c) 1 and 3
- d) 1, 2 and 4

## Ans. d) 1, 2 and 4

- 3. Can decision trees be used for performing clustering?
  - a) True
  - b) False

#### Ans. a) True

- 4. Which of the following is the most appropriate strategy for data cleaning before performing clustering analysis, given less than desirable number of data points:
  - i) Capping and flooring of variables
  - ii) Removal of outliers

Options:

- a) 1 only b) 2 only
- c) 1 and 2
- d) None of the above

#### Ans. a) 1 only

- 5. What is the minimum no. of variables/ features required to perform clustering?
  - a) 0
  - b) 1
  - c) 2
  - d) 3

## Ans. b) 1



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- 6. For two runs of K-Mean clustering is it expected to get same clustering results?
  - a) Yes
  - b) No

# Ans. b) No

- 7. Is it possible that Assignment of observations to clusters does not change between successive iterations in K-Means?
  - a) Yes
  - b) No
  - c) Can't say
  - d) None of these

### Ans. a) Yes

- 8. Which of the following can act as possible termination conditions in K-Means?
  - i) For a fixed number of iterations.
  - ii) Assignment of observations to clusters does not change between iterations. Except for cases witha bad local minimum.
  - iii) Centroids do not change between successive iterations.
  - iv) Terminate when RSS falls below a threshold.

Options:

- a) 1, 3 and 4
- b) 1, 2 and 3
- c) 1, 2 and 4
- d) All of the above

## Ans. d) All of the above

- 9. Which of the following algorithms is most sensitive to outliers?
  - a) K-means clustering algorithm
  - b) K-medians clustering algorithm
  - c) K-modes clustering algorithm
  - d) K-medoids clustering algorithm

#### Ans. a) K-means clustering algorithm

- 10. How can Clustering (Unsupervised Learning) be used to improve the accuracy of Linear Regression model (Supervised Learning):
  - i) Creating different models for different cluster groups.
  - ii) Creating an input feature for cluster ids as an ordinal variable.
  - iii) Creating an input feature for cluster centroids as a continuous variable.
  - iv) Creating an input feature for cluster size as a continuous variable. Options:
  - a) 1 only
  - b) 2 only
  - c) 3 and 4
  - d) All of the above

#### Ans. d) All of the above



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- 11. What could be the possible reason(s) for producing two different dendrograms using agglomerative clustering algorithms for the same dataset?
  - a) Proximity function used
  - b) of data points used
  - c) of variables used
  - d) All of the above

Ans. d) All of the above

#### Q12 to Q14 are subjective answers type questions, Answers them in their own words briefly

#### 12. Is K sensitive to outliers?

Ans. Yes, K-Means clustering algorithm is most sensitive to outliers as it uses the mean of cluster data points to find the cluster center.

#### 13. Why is K means better?

Ans. K-Means is an Unsupervised Learning and relatively simple to implement. It scales to large data sets and guarantees convergence. It can warm-start the positions of centroids and easily adapts to new examples. It generalizes to clusters of different shapes and sizes, such as elliptical clusters. It can warm-start the positions of centroids. Easily adapts to new examples. Generalizes to clusters of different shapes and sizes, such as elliptical clusters.

## 14. Is K means a deterministic algorithm?

Ans. No, K means is not a deterministic algorithm, it is nondeterministic algorithms. It limits their applicability in areas such as cancer subtype prediction using gene expression data. It is hard to sensibly compare the results of such algorithms with those of other algorithms.