# **Exploring Microsoft Azure**

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# **Project and Presentation Outline**

**Step 1: Completed AZURE Trainings** 

Step 2: Identified our Dataset and Key Azure Trainings to use for Project

Step 3: Discovered and Uploaded Data to Microsoft Data Explorer

Step 4: Created Visualizations to better understand dataset and trends

Overview



Step 1: Completed AZURE Trainings

# **AZURE Trainings**

Between the three of us completed trainings within; Understanding Data Concepts, Designing effective Power BI reports, Fundamentals of Microsoft Dynamic 365 Supply Chain Management, **Data visualization with Azure Data Explorer**, **Data analysis with Kusto Query Language**, and **Analyze monitoring data with Kusto Query Language** 

\*Used Chat GPT for additional reference on KQL code

\*Azure Trainings that were more applicable to our final project are bolded



Step 2: Identifying Dataset and AZURE Trainings Needed

#### **Identified Our Dataset**



- Obtained data from U.S. Agency for International Development
- This data provides supply chain health commodity shipment and pricing data from 2015
- This data is valuable for understanding ranges and trends in pricing, spending, and volumes delivered by country for specific health commodities
- Dataset has 33 Columns and 10335 rows



Step 2: Identifying Dataset and Azure Trainings Needed

# Taking What we Learned From AZURE Trainings

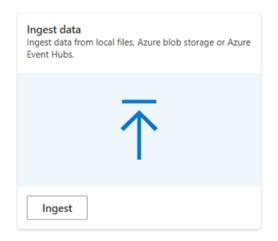
- Learning path: Data Analysis with Kusto Query Language
  - O Taught us the fundamentals of query language and use of aggregate functions
    - count, dcount, countif, sum, min, max, avg, percentiles, and others
- Learning path: Data visualization with Azure Data Explorer
  - O Taught us how make different graphs and charts



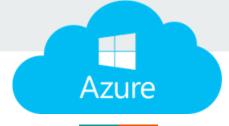
#### Step 3: Discovering and Uploading Using Microsoft Data Explorer

# **Uploading Our Data**

- Uploaded data directly into Data Explorer
  - We discovered that we could upload our data without the use a hot blob or VM
- We ingested our data set as a CSV file from our downloads
- Created a cluster
- Used cluster URI path to create a KQL database



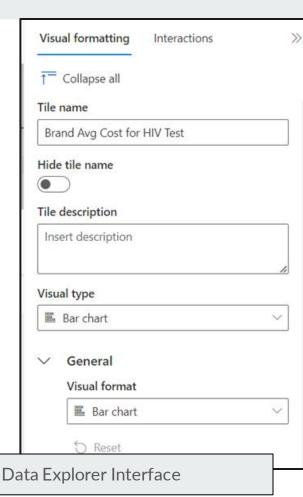
Clu	Cluster details				
-	Cluster URI https://kvc-kch3g9dbt3ev9cb7j0.southcentralus.kusto.windows.net	Ф	0	Cluster location North America	
	Data ingestion URI https://ingest-kvc-kch3g9dbt3ev9cb7j0.southcentralus.kusto.win	•		Policies Terms of service and Microsoft privacy policy	



Step 4: Creating Visualizations

## **Creating Visualisations within Data Explorer**

- After uploading the data we were able to begin coding
- Using KQL we were able to narrow our data down into several queries to create different visualizations
  - O Works by querying, logs, events, traces, and time series data
  - Uses advanced data statistics for efficient query planning and just-in-time compiled query execution
- After completing our first query to generate a result we selected a visualization type and format
- We used the interface to input the titles and adjust the X and Y scales



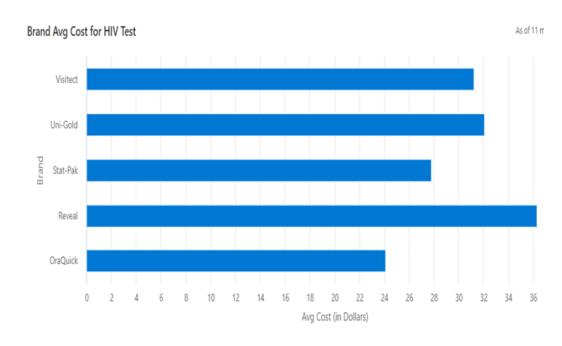


Step 4: Creating Visualizations

#### **Our First Visualisation**

Displays Top 5 Brands Avg Cost for HIV test kits.

From here we created a dashboard where we would combine all of our future visualizations on one page.





**Step 4: Creating Visualizations** 

### Vis 2: Top 5 Countries AVG Cost for HIV/AIDS Health Care

```
['sales data']
where ['Pack Price'] > 0

summarize
AvgCost = avg(['Pack Price'])
by Country

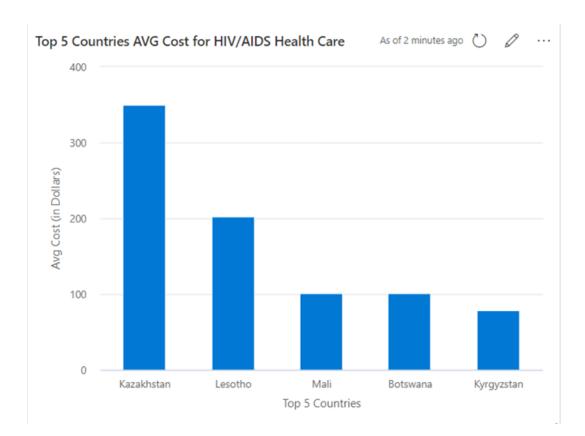
sort by AvgCost desc

top 5 by AvgCost
```



Step 4: Creating Visualizations

#### Vis 2: Result





Step 4: Creating Visualizations

# **Vis 3: Number of Shipments Per Country**

```
1 ['sales data']
```

- 2 summarize NumberofShipments = count(['Shipment Mode']) by Country
- 3 | top 10 by NumberofShipments



Step 4: Creating Visualizations

# Vis 3: Result



Step 4: Creating Visualizations

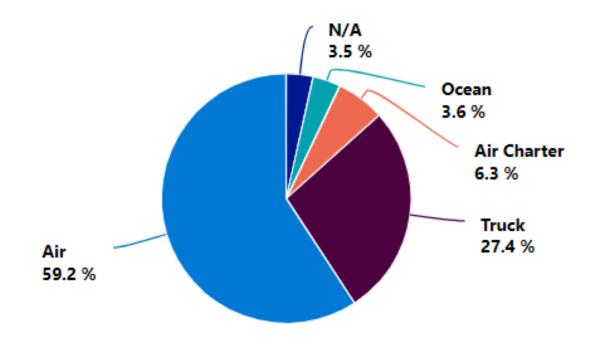
# **Vis 4: Percentage Modes of Shipment**



Step 4: Creating Visualizations

# Vis 4: Result

As you can see Air travel made up more than half of the total shipment methods, followed by trucking with slightly over a quarter.





**Step 4: Creating Visualizations** 

# Vis 5: 5 Most Expensive and least Expensive Dosages By Package Prices

```
Top 5 Code

Bottom 5 Code

['Sales Data']

summarize

COUNTCOST= count(['Pack Price'])

by ['Dosage Form']

sort by COUNTCOST asc

top 5 by COUNTCOST

below 5 Code

C'Sales Data']

count(['Pack Price'])

by ['Dosage Form']

sort by ['Dosage Form']

top 5 by COUNTCOST desc

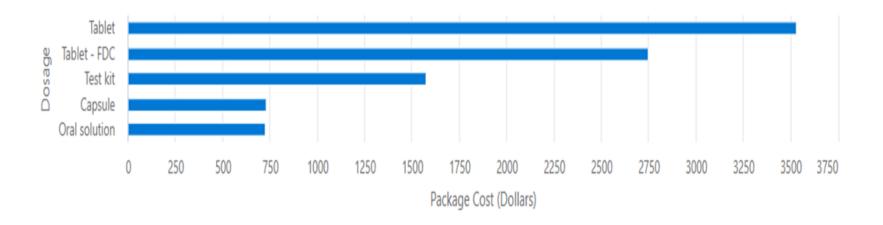
top 5 by COUNTCOST asc
```



Step 4: Creating Visualizations

#### **Vis 5: Most Expensive Results**

Tablet dosage form is the most expensive package

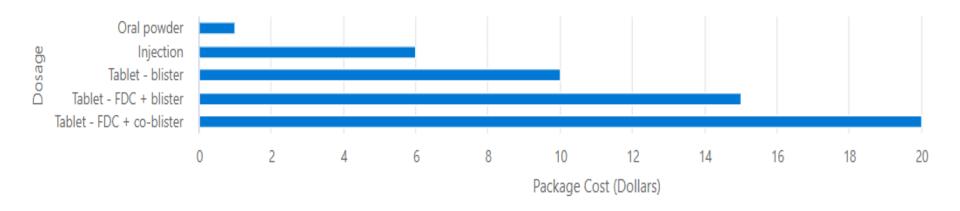




Step 4: Creating Visualizations

### **Vis 5: Least Expensive Results**

Oral powder dosage forms ranks as the least expensive





# **Final Dashboard**





#### **Overview**

- Azure Trainings guided us towards learning and using KQL and creating visualizations using it
- Discovered Microsoft Data Explorer as a way of uploading data without VM or hot blob
- Were able to begin performing our KQL code from right within Data Explorer
- Visualizations created:
  - Found the most expensive brands of HIV/Aids test kits
  - Determined the countries with the highest cost for HIV/AIDS healthcare
  - Found the 10 countries that had the greatest number of test kits shipped to them
  - Found the percentage each form of transportation was used for shipping test kits
  - O Located the 5 least expensive and 5 most expensive forms of dosage treatment
- Final Result of the Dashboard displayed