```
step 1 = create ec2 instance and install java 17 after that install Jenkins
=======
Install Jenkins =
sudo wget -O /etc/apt/keyrings/jenkins-keyring.asc \
https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable/jenkins.io-2023.key
echo "deb [signed-by=/etc/apt/keyrings/jenkins-keyring.asc]" \
https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable binary/ | sudo tee \
/etc/apt/sources.list.d/jenkins.list > /dev/null
sudo apt update
sudo apt install jenkins
_____
step 2 = install maven on your Jenkins server [sudo apt install maven -y]
step 3 = Add a Maven tool in Jenkins pipeline
First, make sure:
You have Maven installed on Jenkins,
or go to
Manage Jenkins \rightarrow Tools \rightarrow Maven installations \rightarrow Add Maven,
and name it (for example) "Maven3".
Do the same for JDK if needed — e.g., name it "jdk17".
go to
Manage Jenkins → Plugins → Available Plugins → Stage View Plugin
Manage Jenkins → Plugins → Available Plugins → Maven Integration Plugin
```

```
Jenkins Pipeline
pipeline {
  agent any
  tools {
    maven 'Maven3'
   jdk 'jdk17'
  stages {
    stage('Checkout') {
      steps {
        git branch: 'main', url: 'https://github.com/spring-projects/spring-petclinic.git'
      }
    }
    stage('Build') {
      steps {
        sh 'mvn clean package'
      }
    }
 }
_____
Install docker on your Jenkins server
1. [sudo apt install docker.io] --> docker package install command
2. [docker --version] --> check docker version
3. [sudo chmod 777 /var/run/docker.sock] --> give full permission
```

4. [docker pull nginx]> Image pull from dockerhub
5. [docker images]> list docker images
6. [docker run -itdname myapp -p 80:80 nginx]> run docker container from image
7. go to security group -> add rule -> 80
8. <public ip="">:80</public>
8. [docker ps]> check running containers
9. [docker ps -a]> check stopped containers
10. [docker exec -it myapp /bin/bash]> login into docker container
11. [exit]> exit from login container
12. [docker stop <container-name>/id]> stop running container</container-name>
=======================================
DockerFile
FROM ubuntu:latest
RUN apt-get update
RUN apt install nginx -y
COPY index.html /var/www/html/
CMD ["nginx", "-g", "daemon off;"]
1. [sudo vim Dockerfile]> past above dockerfile content
2. [docker build -t ubuntu-nginx .]> build image from dockerfile
3. [docker images]> list docker images
4. [docker rmi <image name=""/>]> remove docker images
=======================================

docker integrate with Jenkins

1. Set up Docker on the EC2 instance:
sudo apt update -y
sudo apt install docker.io -y
sudo systemctl enable docker
sudo systemctl start docker
sudo systemctl status docker
2. Grant Jenkins user and ubuntu user permission to docker deamon.
sudo su -
usermod -aG docker jenkins
usermod -aG docker ubuntu
systemctl restart docker
3. Install Docker Tools and Docker Plugins:
Go to "Dashboard" in your Jenkins web interface.
Go to "Dashboard" in your Jenkins web interface. Navigate to "Manage Jenkins" → "Manage Plugins."
·
Navigate to "Manage Jenkins" → "Manage Plugins."
Navigate to "Manage Jenkins" → "Manage Plugins." Click on the "Available" tab and search for "Docker."
Navigate to "Manage Jenkins" → "Manage Plugins." Click on the "Available" tab and search for "Docker." Check the following Docker-related plugins:
Navigate to "Manage Jenkins" → "Manage Plugins." Click on the "Available" tab and search for "Docker." Check the following Docker-related plugins: Docker
Navigate to "Manage Jenkins" → "Manage Plugins." Click on the "Available" tab and search for "Docker." Check the following Docker-related plugins: Docker Docker Commons
Navigate to "Manage Jenkins" → "Manage Plugins." Click on the "Available" tab and search for "Docker." Check the following Docker-related plugins: Docker Docker Commons Docker Pipeline

4. Add DockerHub Credentials:

To securely handle DockerHub credentials in your Jenkins pipeline, follow these steps:

Go to "Dashboard" → "Manage Jenkins" → "Manage Credentials."

Click on "System" and then "Global credentials (unrestricted)."

Click on "Add Credentials" on the left side.

Choose "Secret text" as the kind of credentials.

Enter your DockerHub credentials (Username and Password) and give the credentials an ID (e.g., "docker").

Click "OK" to save your DockerHub credentials.

5. Once you are done with the above steps, it is better to restart Jenkins.

http://<ec2-instance-public-ip>:8080/restart

- 6. go to manage Jenkins -> plugins -> available -> nodejs -> install
- 7. go to manage Jenkins -> tools -> add nodejs -> node16 -> apply -> save
- 8. go to manage Jenkins -> tools -> add docker -> docker -> apply -> save
- 9. install nodejs16 on your ec2 install

curl -sL https://deb.nodesource.com/setup 16.x | sudo bash -

sudo apt install nodejs –y

```
10.
```

```
pipeline {
  agent any
  tools{
    jdk 'jdk17'
    nodejs 'node16'
  }
  stages {
    stage('Checkout') {
      steps {
        git branch: 'main', url: 'https://github.com/linuxdocs2025/devops_batch.git'
      }
    }
    stage('Install Dependencies') {
      steps {
        sh "npm install"
      }
    }
    stage("Docker Build & Push"){
       steps{
         script{
          withDockerRegistry(credentialsId: 'docker', toolName: 'docker'){
            sh "docker build -t myntra ."
            sh "docker tag myntra1 <your-dockerhub-name>/myntra:latest "
            sh "docker push <your-dockerhub-name>/myntra:latest "
```

```
}
}

}

}
```