

```

1 struct ListNode* reverseList(struct ListNode* cur, struct ListNode* prev) {
2     while (cur != NULL) {
3         struct ListNode* temp = cur->next;
4         cur->next = prev;
5         prev = cur;
6         cur = temp;
7     }
8     return prev;
9 }
10
11 // Main function to calculate the maximum sum of pairs.
12 int pairSum(struct ListNode* head) {
13     int res = 0;
14     struct ListNode* slow = head;
15     struct ListNode* fast = head;
16
17     // Finding the midpoint of the list using the Floyd's tortoise and hare algorithm.
18     while (fast != NULL && fast->next != NULL) {
19         fast = fast->next->next;
20         slow = slow->next;
21     }
22
23     // Reversing the second half of the list.
24     slow = reverseList(slow, NULL);
25
26     // Finding the maximum sum of pairs by traversing both halves of the list.
27     while (slow != NULL) {
28         res = res > slow->val + head->val ? res : slow->val + head->val;
29         slow = slow->next;
30         head = head->next;
31     }
32
33     return res;
34 }
35
36 // Function to create a new node with given value.
37 struct ListNode* createNode(int val) {
38     struct ListNode* newNode = (struct ListNode*)malloc(sizeof(struct ListNode));
39     newNode->val = val;
40     newNode->next = NULL;


```


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35
36 // Function to create a new node with given value.
37 struct ListNode* createNode(int val) {
38     struct ListNode* newNode = (struct ListNode*)malloc(sizeof(struct ListNode));
39     newNode->val = val;
40     newNode->next = NULL;
41     return newNode;
42 }
43
44 // Function to add a new node at the end of the list.
45 void append(struct ListNode** head, int val) {
46     struct ListNode* newNode = createNode(val);
47     if (*head == NULL) {
48         *head = newNode;
49         return;
50     }
51     struct ListNode* temp = *head;
52     while (temp->next != NULL) {
53         temp = temp->next;
54     }
55     temp->next = newNode;
56 }
57
58 // Function to print the elements of the list.
59 void printList(struct ListNode* head) {
60     while (head != NULL) {
61         printf("%d ", head->val);
62         head = head->next;
63     }
64     printf("\n");
65 }
66

```

Accepted


 Sarvesh Rastogi submitted at Feb 20, 2024 12:54

 Editorial

 Solution

⌚ Runtime

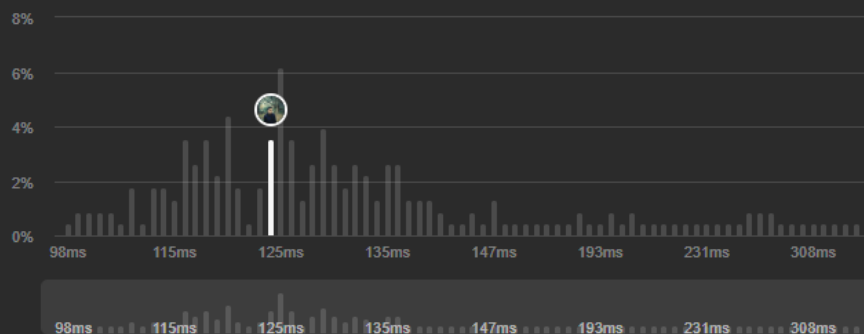
124 ms

 Beats 68.28% of users with C

💾 Memory

47.06 MB

 Beats 78.41% of users with C



Code | C