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Exam Associate Cloud Engineer All Questions

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EXAM ASSOCIATE CLOUD ENGINEER TOPIC 1 QUESTION 108 DISCUSSION

Actual exam question from Google's Associate Cloud Engineer

Question #: 108

Topic #: 1

[All Associate Cloud Engineer Questions]

A team of data scientists infrequently needs to use a Google Kubernetes Engine (GKE) cluster that you manage. They require GPUs for some long-running, non- restartable jobs. You want to minimize cost. What should you do?

- A. Enable node auto-provisioning on the GKE cluster.
- B. Create a VerticalPodAutscaler for those workloads.
- C. Create a node pool with preemptible VMs and GPUs attached to those VMs.
- D. Create a node pool of instances with GPUs, and enable autoscaling on this node pool with a minimum size of

Show Suggested Answer

by Polok at June 6, 2020, 5:06 p.m.

Comments

1.

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? Polok Highly Voted ? 4 years, 4 months ago

Tolok righty roted 2 + years, 4 months ago

	If you need something for long-running, non- restartable jobs you dont use preemptible VMs
	Think answer is D. ? ? upvoted 72 times
?	Place [Removed] Highly Voted 2 3 years, 6 months ago Incorrect options are B. VerticalPodAutscaler scales PODS based on the app you deploy. For handle infrequently GPU access, you need infrequently GPU nodes VerticalAutscaler Pod deployed on a non GPU node it useless, [We cant have the node always have GPU for infrequent requests] C. Preemptible VMs cant last long D. For infrequent access, you don't want to have a permanent homogenous cluster.
	The correct option is "A" auto-provisioning = Attaches and deletes node pools to cluster based on the requirements. Hence creating a GPU node pool, and auto-scaling would be better
	https://cloud.google.com/kubernetes-engine/docs/how-to/node-auto-provisioning ?
	? kimharsh 2 years, 11 months ago A is not correct because you can't add a GPU node to an existing GKE cluster
	Limitations Before using GPUs on GKE, keep in mind the following limitations:
	You cannot add GPUs to existing node pools. GPU nodes cannot be live migrated during maintenance events. GPUs are only supported with general-purpose N1 machine types. GPUs are not supported in Windows Server node pools
	REF: https://cloud.google.com/kubernetes-engine/docs/how-to/gpus#limitations
	So the answer should be D ? ? upvoted 12 times
	 ? rachee 2 years, 10 months ago Your reference says existing "node pools" not GKE cluster. Auto-provisioning creates new "node pools": https://cloud.google.com/kubernetes-engine/docs/how-to/node-auto-provisioning ? ? upvoted 5 times
	 ? Ridhanya 2 years, 10 months ago but node pools are homogenous, so how can we be sure that option A will create a GPU node pool ? ? upvoted 3 times
	? wjtb 2 years, 4 months ago https://cloud.google.com/kubernetes-engine/docs/how-to/node-auto-provisioning Node auto-provisioning creates node pools based on the following information:
	CPU, memory and ephemeral storage resource requests. GPU requests Pending Pods' node affinities and label selectors. Pending Pods' node taints and tolerations. ? ? upvoted 9 times
	? dttncl 3 years ago I do agree A is the answer. Since this is for infrequent needs, autoscaling in letter D is not cost effective as it will always run min. of 1 instance. If we need to infrequently use a cluster, the nodes should be able to adjust based on the current need.
	"With node auto-provisioning, new node pools are created and deleted automatically." https://cloud.google.com/kubernetes-engine/docs/how-to/node-auto-provisioning ? ? upvoted 7 times
	? ngeorgiev2 8 months ago If the answer was "Create auto-provisioning node pool" or demand is not about GPU resources I'll agree with A too, but there is a limitation about existing node pools and GPU, so enabling of auto-provisioning will not create GPU

nodes. Need to create separate GPU pool then enable auto-provisioning for it.

o o o unicted 4 times

	ப் ப் upvotea i times
	2 kyo 3 years, 3 months ago
	I think using NAP is the correct answer. →Node Auto Provisioning (NAP a.k.a., Nodepool Auto Provisioning)
	There is an introduction of NAP described below on the blog.
	>The above recommendations optimize for cost. NAP, for instance, reduces costs by taking down nodes during underutilized periods.
	https://cloud.google.com/blog/products/containers-kubernetes/best-practices-for-creating-a-highly-available-gke-cluster
	? ? upvoted 3 times
	? JCH760310 2 years, 10 months ago they "require GPUs" - so after checking in Udemy practice tests there is similar question there. And the D answer seems to be the best fit for our scenario here.
	"This option is the most optimal solution for the requirement. Rather than recreating all nodes, you create a new node pool with GPU enabled. You then modify the pod specification to target particular GPU types by adding node selector to your workload's Pod specification. You still have a single cluster, so you pay Kubernetes cluster management fee for just one cluster, thus minimizing the cost." Still better option than creating new GKE cluster with GPUs. Ref: https://cloud.google.com/kubernetes-engine/docs/how-to/gpus Ref: https://cloud.google.com/kubernetes-engine/pricing ? ? upvoted 7 times
?	RKS_2021 Most Recent 1 month ago
	Selected Answer: A
	Changing the answer
	? ? upvoted 1 times
?	RKS_2021 1 month ago
	Selected Answer: D
	D is right answer ?
?	Timfdklfajlksdjlakf 1 month, 3 weeks ago
	Selected Answer: A
	It's A. Shit gets only auto-provisioned when your devs actually deploy something that requires a GPU. It doesn't run permanently by default thus saves costs since it only gets provisioned when neededn. 2 2 2 upvoted 1 times
?	Timfdklfajlksdjlakf 1 month, 4 weeks ago
	Selected Answer: A
	A is correct. If the application requires a GPU then auto-provisioning will provision a vm with a GPU
	? ? upvoted 1 times
?	ccpmad 4 months, 4 weeks ago
	Selected Answer: D
	"Enable node auto-provisioning" with GPU will not works due to limitation "You cannot add GPUs to existing node pools" ?
?	Sheqos 7 months, 1 week ago
	Selected Answer: D
	Selected Answer: D ? ! upvoted 1 times
7	PiperMe 7 months, 2 weeks ago
ٺ	Selected Answer: D
	You are not able to add GPUs to existing node pools. This significantly impacts the viability of option A.
	My reasoning for D: A dedicated GPU node pool allows configuring those nodes with specific instance types, disk sizes, etc., ensuring the best fit for the long-running jobs. While it incurs some cost even with a minimum size of 1, it might still be more cost-efficient than full auto-provisioning if the jobs are infrequent but require a predictable baseline capacity.

? ngeorgiev2 8 months ago

? ? upvoted 1 times

In my opinion, more sense has A, but then i read again and again the answer - "Enable node auto-provisioning" with GPU will not works due to limitation "You cannot add GPUs to existing node pools". If "A" was like "Create GPU node pool with

Separating GPU and non-GPU workloads can improve resource scheduling and prevent potential conflicts.

	enabled auto-provisioning" this will be correct answer, in in our case should be D ?
[2]	③ JB28 9 months, 1 week ago
ٺ	The most cost-effective option for your scenario would be **C. Create a node pool with preemptible VMs and GPUs attached to those VMs**.
	Preemptible VMs are Google Cloud's excess compute capacity. They are up to 80% cheaper than regular instances, making them a cost-effective choice for fault-tolerant workloads that do not require continuous availability ³ .
	However, please note that preemptible VMs are subject to availability and can be preempted if Google Cloud requires access to those resources, but they will be a good choice if the jobs can tolerate occasional preemptions ³ .
	While options A, B, and D could also be used in certain scenarios, they may not provide the same level of cost-effectiveness for long-running, non-restartable jobs that require GPUs ⁵ . Always consider the nature of your workloads and their tolerance for interruptions when choosing the right solution. ? ? upvoted 1 times
?	? kaby1987 9 months, 3 weeks ago
	Selected Answer: D
	The ans is D,since they require gpu ? ? upvoted 1 times
?	?yash_1199 9 months, 3 weeks ago
	Selected Answer: D
	The correct option is "D"
	? ? upvoted 1 times
?	ogerber 10 months, 3 weeks ago
	Selected Answer: A
	It is A Node auto-provisioning creates node pools based on the following information:
	CPU, memory, and ephemeral storage resource requests.
	GPU requests. Pending Pods' node affinities and label selectors. Pending Pods' node taints and tolerations.
	https://cloud.google.com/kubernetes-engine/docs/concepts/node-auto-provisioning ?
?	? kelliot 10 months, 4 weeks ago
	Selected Answer: A
	For me is A
	? ? upvoted 1 times
?	vipinnn00980 10 months, 4 weeks ago
	Selected Answer: D
	Think answer is D.
	? ? upvoted 1 times
	? sinceronny 9 months, 4 weeks ago
	any reason?
	? ? upvoted 1 times
?	? thewalker 11 months ago
_	Selected Answer: A
	Best option is A: https://cloud.google.com/kubernetes-engine/docs/concepts/node-auto-provisioning#how-it-works
	? ? upvoted 1 times
	Load full discussion

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