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## Exam Professional Cloud Security Engineer All Questions

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### EXAM PROFESSIONAL CLOUD SECURITY ENGINEER TOPIC 1 QUESTION 211 DISCUSSION

Actual exam question from Google's Professional Cloud Security Engineer

Question #: 211

Topic #: 1

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Your organization wants to be compliant with the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) on Google Cloud. You must implement data residency and operational sovereignty in the EU.

What should you do? (Choose two.)

- A. Limit the physical location of a new resource with the Organization Policy Service "resource locations constraint."
- B. Use Cloud IDS to get east-west and north-south traffic visibility in the EU to monitor intra-VPC and inter-VPC communication.
- C. Limit Google personnel access based on predefined attributes such as their citizenship or geographic location by using Key Access Justifications.
- D. Use identity federation to limit access to Google Cloud resources from non-EU entities.
- E. Use VPC Flow Logs to monitor intra-VPC and inter-VPC traffic in the EU.

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by  [pfilourenco](#) at Aug. 4, 2023, 10:57 a.m.

### Comments

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🗄️ 👤 **Andrei\_Z** Highly Voted 1 year, 4 months ago

**Selected Answer: AC**

Just implemented this last month at work

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🗄️ 👤 **Potatoe2023** Most Recent 9 months ago

**Selected Answer: AC**

A & C

<https://cloud.google.com/assured-workloads/key-access-justifications/docs/assured-workloads>

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🗄️ 👤 **Betotoxicity** 9 months, 4 weeks ago

**Selected Answer: AD**

D: Identity federation allows you to integrate your existing identity provider (IdP) with Google Cloud. This enables users to access Google Cloud resources using their existing credentials from the IdP, ideally located within the EU. By configuring access controls within your IdP, you can restrict access to Google Cloud resources from non-EU entities.

Why not C?:

Doesn't address data location.

Doesn't restrict access from non-EU entities.

Isn't a data residency measure.

Isn't an operational sovereignty measure.

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🗄️ 👤 **ArizonaClassics** 1 year, 4 months ago

To be compliant with GDPR on Google Cloud and implement data residency and operational sovereignty in the EU, you can take the following two actions:

A. Limit the physical location of a new resource with the Organization Policy Service "resource locations constraint."

This will restrict the locations where resources in your Google Cloud organization can be deployed. You can configure this to only allow EU locations, ensuring that data remains within the EU.

C. Limit Google personnel access based on predefined attributes such as their citizenship or geographic location by using Key Access Justifications.

This can help you enforce operational sovereignty by controlling who has access to your data. Key Access Justifications can help you restrict Google personnel access based on certain attributes like geographic location, ensuring that only personnel based in the EU can access the data.

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🗄️ 👤 **ArizonaClassics** 1 year, 5 months ago

So o, for GDPR compliance focusing on data residency and operational sovereignty in the EU, options A and C are the most relevant.

👍 ↩️ 🚩 upvoted 1 times

🗄️ 👤 **GCBC** 1 year, 5 months ago

The correct answers are A and C.

A. Limit the physical location of a new resource with the Organization Policy Service "resource locations constraint." This will ensure that all new resources are created in the EU, which is required for data residency compliance with GDPR.

C. Limit Google personnel access based on predefined attributes such as their citizenship or geographic location by using Key Access Justifications. This will help to ensure that only Google personnel who are authorized to access EU data are able to do so.

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🗄️ 👤 **cyberpunk21** 1 year, 5 months ago

**Selected Answer: AC**

D is also correct if we're talking in a much bigger scope like using External IDP

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🗄️ 👤 **ITIFR78** 1 year, 5 months ago

**Selected Answer: AC**

A & C - [https://cloud.google.com/architecture/framework/security/data-residency-sovereignty#manage\\_your\\_operational\\_sovereignty](https://cloud.google.com/architecture/framework/security/data-residency-sovereignty#manage_your_operational_sovereignty)

👍 ↩️ 🚩 upvoted 1 times

🗄️ 👤 **pfilourenco** 1 year, 5 months ago

**Selected Answer: AC**

A & C - [https://cloud.google.com/architecture/framework/security/data-residency-sovereignty#manage\\_your\\_operational\\_sovereignty](https://cloud.google.com/architecture/framework/security/data-residency-sovereignty#manage_your_operational_sovereignty)

   upvoted 4 times

  **arpgaur** 1 year, 5 months ago

C is incorrect. Key Access Justifications can be used to limit access to specific keys, but they do not prevent Google personnel from accessing other data in your Google Cloud environment.

A and D are the right answers, imo

   upvoted 1 times



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