

🔗 Google Discussions



Exam Professional Data Engineer All Questions

View all questions & answers for the Professional Data Engineer exam

Go to Exam

📄 EXAM PROFESSIONAL DATA ENGINEER TOPIC 1 QUESTION 203 DISCUSSION

Actual exam question from Google's Professional Data Engineer

Question #: 203

Topic #: 1

[\[All Professional Data Engineer Questions\]](#)

A TensorFlow machine learning model on Compute Engine virtual machines (n2-standard-32) takes two days to complete training. The model has custom TensorFlow operations that must run partially on a CPU. You want to reduce the training time in a cost-effective manner. What should you do?

- A. Change the VM type to n2-highmem-32.
- B. Change the VM type to e2-standard-32.
- C. Train the model using a VM with a GPU hardware accelerator.
- D. Train the model using a VM with a TPU hardware accelerator.

Show Suggested Answer

by [gudiking](#) at Nov. 29, 2022, 2:15 p.m.

Comments

Type your comment...

Submit

🗨️ [MaxNRG](#) Highly Voted 10 months, 2 weeks ago

Selected Answer: C

The best way to reduce the TensorFlow training time in a cost-effective manner is to use a VM with a GPU hardware accelerator. TensorFlow can take advantage of GPUs to significantly speed up training time for many models.

Specifically, option C is the best choice.

Changing the VM to another standard type like n2-highmem-32 or e2-standard-32 (options A and B) may provide some improvement, but likely not a significant speedup.

Using a TPU (option D) could speed up training, but TPUs are more costly than GPUs. For a cost-effective solution, GPU acceleration provides the best performance per dollar.

Since the model must run partially on CPUs, a VM instance with GPUs added will allow TensorFlow to offload appropriate operations to the GPUs while keeping CPU-specific operations on the CPU. This can provide a significant reduction in training time for many common TensorFlow models while keeping costs reasonable

👍 ↩ 🚩 upvoted 5 times

🗲️ 👤 **jkhong** Highly Voted 👍 1 year, 10 months ago

Selected Answer: C

Cost effective - among the choices, it is cheaper to have a temporary accelerator instead of increasing our VM cost for an indefinite amount of time

D -> TPU accelerator cannot support custom operations

👍 ↩ 🚩 upvoted 5 times

🗲️ 👤 **wences** Most Recent 🕒 6 months ago

Selected Answer: C

key phrase is "run partially on a CPU" from https://cloud.google.com/tpu/docs/intro-to-tpu#when_to_use_tpus refers to GPU

👍 ↩ 🚩 upvoted 1 times

🗲️ 👤 **spicebits** 12 months ago

Selected Answer: C

https://cloud.google.com/tpu/docs/intro-to-tpu#when_to_use_tpus

👍 ↩ 🚩 upvoted 4 times

🗲️ 👤 **AzureDP900** 1 year, 10 months ago

C. Train the model using a VM with a GPU hardware accelerator.

👍 ↩ 🚩 upvoted 1 times

🗲️ 👤 **Atnafu** 1 year, 11 months ago

C

https://cloud.google.com/tpu/docs/tpus#when_to_use_tpus:~:text=Models%20with%20a%20significant%20number%20of%20custom%20TensorFlow%20operations%20that%20must%20run%20at%20least%20partially%20on%20CPUs

👍 ↩ 🚩 upvoted 1 times

🗲️ 👤 **Atnafu** 1 year, 10 months ago

The model has custom TensorFlow operations that must run partially on a CPU. is the key for GPU

👍 ↩ 🚩 upvoted 3 times

🗲️ 👤 **zelck** 1 year, 11 months ago

Selected Answer: C

C is the answer.

https://cloud.google.com/tpu/docs/tpus#when_to_use_tpus

GPUs

- Models with a significant number of custom TensorFlow operations that must run at least partially on CPUs

👍 ↩ 🚩 upvoted 4 times

🗲️ 👤 **gudiking** 1 year, 11 months ago

Selected Answer: C

I agree with C, for choosing a GPU one of the cases says:

"Models with a significant number of custom TensorFlow operations that must run at least partially on CPUs"

https://cloud.google.com/tpu/docs/tpus#when_to_use_tpus

👍 ↩ 🚩 upvoted 1 times

🗲️ 👤 **gudiking** 1 year, 11 months ago

C is not cost-effective, so I stand corrected. I do not know the answer.

👍 ↩ 🚩 upvoted 1 times



Platform

> [Home](#)

> [Examtopics PRO](#)

> [All Exams](#)

> [Training Courses](#)

