EECS 3311 – Section E

LAB 2 - Report

Fall 2019

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Explain how the Iterator Pattern is implemented in the model cluster.

- The Iterator Design Pattern is implemented by primarily making the *REPOSITORY* class iterable, by inheriting from *ITERABLE[G]*, which itself is a deferred class.
- While inheriting from ITERABLE[G], the REPOSITORY class is also inheriting its
 deferred feature: new_cursor. As a result, the REPOSITORY is required to provide
 an effective implementation of the new_cursor feature.
- Since REPOSITORY includes three separate linear iterable structures, we cannot return cursors to all three inner data structures. The implementation of new_cursor is therefore done through the creation of a new class TUPLE_ITERATION_CURSOR[G], which itself inherits from the class ITERATION_CURSOR[G], therefore required to provide effective implementations of each of the three deferred features: item, after, and forth.
- Therefore, based on the implementations inside *TUPLE_ITERATION_CURSOR[G]*, we are able to return an item to the client in the form of a *TUPLE*.

Explain how you implement the feature another cursor in the REPOSITORY class.

- The feature another_cursor in REPOSITORY has a return type of ITERATION_CURSOR[G].
- Since the client requires the return type of iterable to be in the form of a data set, we implement *another_cursor* through the creation of another new class, *DATA_SET_ITERATION_CURSOR[G]*.
- **DATA_SET_ITERATION_CURSOR[G]** also inherits from **ITERATION_CURSOR[G]**, therefore required to provide effective implementations of the deferred features: **item**, **after**, and **forth**.
- But this implementation differs from that of new_cursor, because it initializes, in the item feature, the data values in the class DATA_SET[V1, V2, K], thereby returning an item of type DATA_SET, fulfilling the specific requirements of the clients.