

## REPOSITORY[K, D1, D2]+

model

FUN[K, TUPLE[D1, D2]]

```
feature -- Attributes
keys: LINKED LIST[K]
data items 1: ARRAY[D1]
data items 2: HASH TABLE[D2, K]
feature -- Abstraction function
model: FUN[KEY, TUPLE[d1: DATA1; d2: DATA2]]
feature -- Constructor
make
ensure
 empty repository: model.is empty
feature -- Mutators
check in (d1: D1; d2: D2; k: K)
require
    non existing key: not model.domain.has (k)
    repository count incremented: model.count = old model.count + 1
    data set added: model ~ (old model.deep twin).extended (k, [d1, d2])
    others unchanged: ∀i: i ∈ model: (i.first /~ k) implies ((old model.deep twin).domain.has (i.first) and
        (old model.deep twin).range.has ([i.second.d1, i.second.d2]))
check out (k: KEY)
require
 existing key: \exists i : i \in model.domain : i \sim k
   repository count decremented: model.count = old model.count - 1
   key removed: model ~ (old model.deep twin).domain subtracted by (k)
   others unchanged: \forall j : j \in \text{old model} : (j.\text{first} / \sim k) \text{ implies (model.domain.has (j.\text{first})}
              and model.range.has ([i.second.d1, i.second.d2]))
count
ensure
   correct result: Result = model.count
matching keys (d1: DATA1; d2: DATA2): ITERABLE[KEY]
ensure
  correct keys are in result: \forall j, \forall k: k \in \text{result}, j \in \text{model}:
             (j.item.first \sim k.item) implies (j.item.second.d1 \sim d1 and j.item.second.d2 \sim d2)
  result contains correct keys only: ∀j: j ∈ result: model.range restricted by ([d1, d2]).domain.has (j.item)
invariant
consistent keys data items counts:
```

keys.count = data\_items\_1.count Λ keys.count = data\_items\_2.count