JavaScript, operators

- 1. Arithmetic Operators
- 2. Comparison (Relational) Operators
- 3. Logical Operators
- 4. Assignment Operators

JavaScript Arithmetic Operators

Arithmetic operators are used to perform arithmetic operations on the operands. The following operators are known as JavaScript arithmetic operators.

Operator	Description	Example
+	Addition	10+20 = 30
-	Subtraction	20-10 = 10
*	Multiplication	10*20 = 200
/	Division	20/10 = 2
%	Modulus (Remainder)	20%10 = 0
++	Increment	var a=10; a++; Now a = 11
	Decrement	var a=10; a; Now a = 9

JavaScript Comparison Operators

The JavaScript comparison operator compares the two operands. The comparison operators are as follows:

Operator	Description	Example
==	Is equal to	10==20 = false
===	Identical (equal and of same type)	10==20 = false
!=	Not equal to	10!=20 = true
!==	Not Identical	20!==20 = false
>	Greater than	20>10 = true
>=	Greater than or equal to	20>=10 = true
<	Less than	20<10 = false
<=	Less than or equal to	20<=10 = false

JavaScript Logical Operators

Operator	Description	Example
&&	Logical AND	(10==20 && 20==33) = false
	Logical OR	(10==20 20==33) = false
!	Logical Not	!(10==20) = true

JavaScript Assignment Operators

Operator	Description	Example
=	Assign	10+10 = 20
+=	Add and assign	var a=10; a+=20; Now a = 30
-=	Subtract and assign	var a=20; a-=10; Now a = 10
=	Multiply and assign	var a=10; a=20; Now a = 200
/=	Divide and assign	var a=10; a/=2; Now a = 5
%=	Modulus and assign	var a=10; a%=2; Now a = 0

