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Next Generation Sequencing Informatics
Assigned Coursework #5

This study performed a differential gene expression analysis of RNA-Seq data using two different packages, DESeq2 and edgeR. The data had two conditions: control and expression. There were six control samples, EV1-6, and three expression vector samples, mVLT1-3. All samples were paired-end and derived from stranded RNA sequencing using dUTP method. There were two separate batches, the first was EV1-3 and the second was EV4-6 and mVLT1-3.

The data was quality trimmed using Trim Galore at phred score 30. It was then aligned to the human genome using BBMap with a minimum identity score of 0.90 to increase sensitivity and an ambiguous tag of random to randomly select the top scoring read when there were multiple mapped to the same location. The sam file that was generated was sorted and converted to a bam file. This bam file was then counted using Subread featureCounts. The input was specified as reversely stranded (-s 2) and paired end (-p). The fragment length was checked (-P) and only the fragments that had both ends successfully aligned were counted (-B). Chimeric fragments were ignored (-C) as were duplicates (--ignoreDup). Finally, only primary alignments were counted (--primary) and the counts were based on gene_id (-g). These parameters insured stringent feature counting by removing duplicates, chimeric fragments, secondary alignments, and incomplete fragments. The resulting feature count files were exported and joined in R by gene_id to create one feature count data frame with all nine samples.

The differential expression analysis was done in two parts in R using both DESeq2 and edgeR. In both analyses, the controls were always used as the standard to determine what was up-regulated or down-regulated in the mVLT vector. The first part of the differential analysis focused on identifying the batch effect: all three of the groups (control 1, control 2, and expression vector) were contrasted against each other. This confirmed that there was a batch effect, more specifically it visually and statistically separated EV1-3 from EV4-6 and the expression vector samples. This was shown in both the PCA plot from DESeq2 and the MDS plot from edgeR where the EV samples were in distinctly different clusters despite both being controls (Figure 1). This was also displayed in both heatmap results where control 1 and control 2 did not cluster together (Figure 2). Furthermore, when the controls were contrasted with the expression vector directly, they had differing numbers of up-regulated and down-regulated genes (Figure 3 and Table 1).

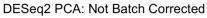
The second part of the differential analysis corrected for the batch effect and then contrasted the expression vector against all six controls. This gave the final differential gene expression results. The

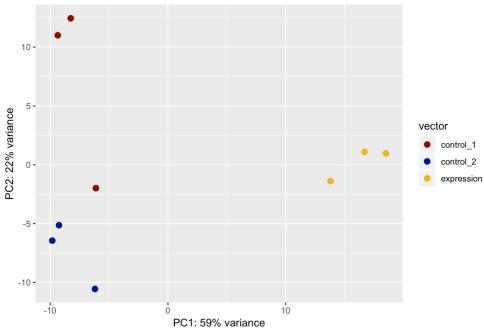
DESeq2 PCA and edgeR MDS gave the same results as the first analysis because the batch effect wasn't corrected before plotting (Figures 4). The heatmaps were also comparable between DESeq2 and edgeR; the most noticeable difference was that DESeq2 rowMeans had a smaller range than edgeR (Figure 5). This was also seen in the volcano plots, where the log2 fold change for edgR had a larger range than in DESeq2 (Figure 6). When contrasting the three expression vector samples to all six controls DESeq2 had 720 up-regulated genes and 498 down-regulated genes while edgeR had 738 up-regulated genes and 691 down-regulated genes. The intersect of the two was 577 for up-regulated genes and 367 for down-regulated genes (Table 2). The intersect was lower than expected as both packages were given the same data to analyze. Additionally, the gene-specific p-values and log2 fold change noticeably differed between the two. This exemplified the fact that DESeq2 and edgeR use different methods to undergo differential gene expression analysis and therefore their discrepancies should be taken into account in future analyses.

See below for figures and code.

Figure 1. Dimensional Analysis Plots. **(a)** DESeq2 PCA plot without batch correction. Vectors (samples) included control 1 (red), control 2 (blue), and expression (yellow). **(b)** edgeR MDS plot without batch correction. Samples were visualized by sample name and group which included control 1 (red), control 2 (blue), and expression (yellow).

A





B

edgeR BCV: Not Batch Corrected

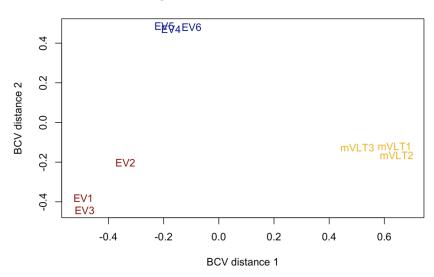
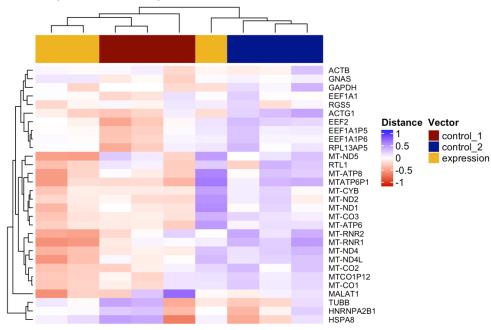


Figure 2. Variance heatmaps without batch correction. **(a-b)** DESeq2 and edgeR heatmaps of top 30 genes measure by row mean after differential analysis. Distance was equivalent to the gene value minus row mean. Vector (samples) included control 1 (red), control 2 (blue), and expression (yellow).

A

DESeq2 Control vs. Expression: Not Batch Corrected



B

edgeR Control vs. Expression: Not Batch Corrected

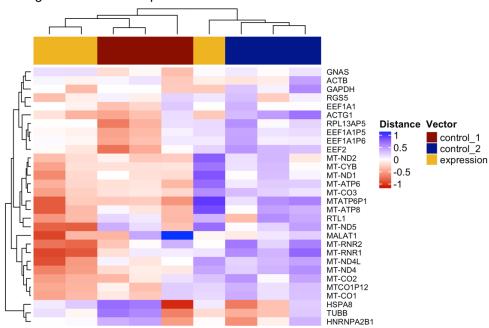


Figure 3. Volcano plots without batch correction. Color includes all genes with q value less than 0.01, down-regulated genes (blue) have a negative log2 fold change and up-regulated genes (red) have a positive log2 fold. Genes in gray were not significant and were greater than the set threshold. **(a)** Differential gene analysis results from control 1 against the expression vector. **(b)** Differential gene analysis results from control 2 against the expression vector. **(c)** Differential gene analysis results from control 1 against control 2.

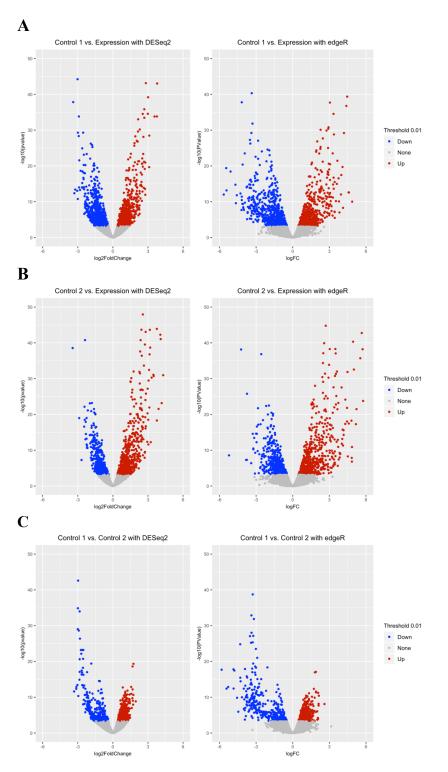
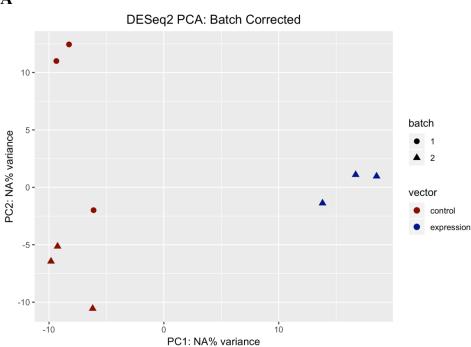


Table 1. Differential gene expression analysis results without batch correction. Includes the number of genes considered significant (below the q value threshold of 0.01) per contrast. Separated by upregulated (positive log2 fold change) and down-regulated (negative log2 fold change). Control 1 against expression (blue), control 2 against expression (green), control 1 against control 2 (orange).

	Control 1 vs. Expression			
	DESeq2	edgeR	Intersect	
Up-regulated	4726	2334	2245	
Down-regulated	2091	3952	2090	
Both	2091	6286	4335	
	Control 2 vs. Expression			
	DESeq2	edgeR	Intersect	
Up-regulated	56	66	53	
Down-regulated	45	44	32	
Both	101	110	84	
	Control 1 vs. Control 2			
	DESeq2	edgeR	Intersect	
Up-regulated	2613	2249	2191	
Down-regulated	2116	4013	2116	
Both	4729	6262	4307	

Figure 4. Dimensional Analysis Plots. (a) DESeq2 PCA plot with batch correction. Vectors (samples) included controls (red) and expression (blue). Batch was grouped by shape, batch 1 (EV1-3) was a circle and batch 2 (EV4-6 and mVLT1-3) was a triangle. (b) edgeR MDS plot with batch correction. Samples were visualized by sample name and batch which included controls (red) and expression (blue).





B

edgeR BCV: Batch Corrected

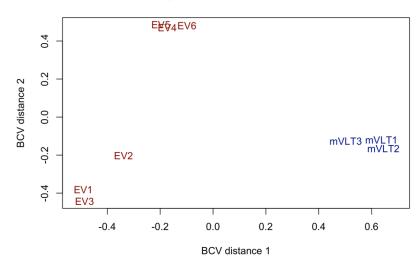
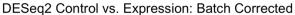
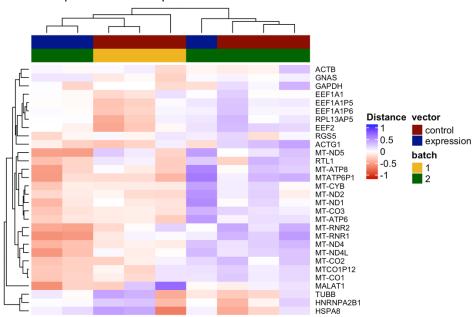


Figure 5. Variance heatmaps with batch correction. **(a-b)** DESeq2 and edgeR heatmaps of top 30 genes measure by row mean after differential analysis. Distance was equivalent to the gene value minus row mean. Vector (samples) included controls (red) and expression (blue). The batch group was visualized as batch 1, EV1-3 (yellow), and batch 2, EV4-6 and mVLT1-3 (green).

A





B

edgeR Control vs. Expression: Batch Corrected

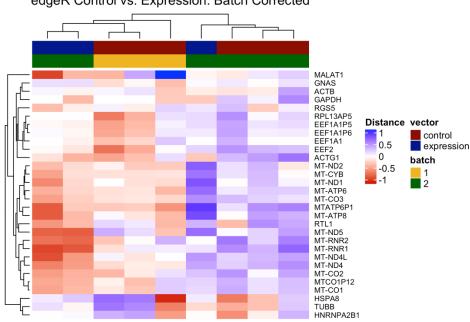


Figure 6. Volcano plot with batch correction of differential gene analysis results from control contrasted against the expression vector. Color includes all genes with q value less than 0.01, down-regulated genes (blue) have a negative log2 fold change and up-regulated genes (red) have a positive log2 fold. Genes in gray were not significant and were greater than the set threshold.

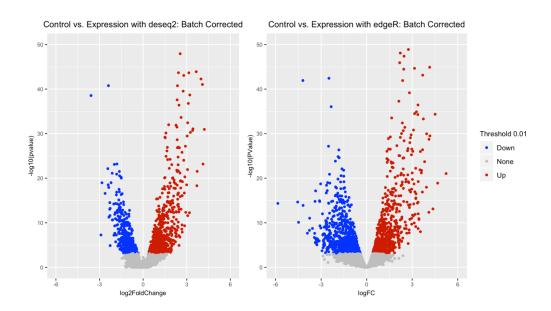


Table 2. Differential gene expression analysis results of control contrasted against expression with batch correction. Includes the number of genes considered significant (below the q value threshold of 0.01) per contrast. Separated by up-regulated (positive log2 fold change) and down-regulated (negative log2 fold change).

	Control vs. Expression		
	DESeq2	edgeR	Intersect
Up-regulated	720	738	577
Down-regulated	498	691	367
Both	1218	1429	944

Code

The code below trims, aligns, converts file format, sorts, and counts the RNA-Seq data.

```
#!/bin/bash
#SBATCH --job-name=ngs5 # Job name
#SBATCH --mail-type=END, FAIL # Mail events (NONE, BEGIN, END, FAIL, ALL)
#SBATCH --mail-user=shaleigh.smith@nyulangone.org # Where to send mail
#SBATCH --ntasks=4 # Run on a single CPU
#SBATCH --mem=32gb # Job memory request
#SBATCH --time=10:00:00 # Time limit hrs:min:sec
#SBATCH --ntasks=4
#SBATCH --output=/gpfs/scratch/sas1531/ngs5 coursework/ngs5 %j.log # Standard output and error
#SBATCH -p cpu_short
module load fastqc/0.11.7
module load trimgalore/0.5.0
module load python/cpu/2.7.15-ES ### CutAdapt is hidden in here
module load bbmap/38.25
module load samtools/1.9
module load subread/1.6.3
trim_galore --q 30 --phred33 --paired -o ./ --fastqc ./assignment/${1}.fastq.gz
./assignment/${2}.fastq.gz
bbmap.sh \
-Xmx26G \
ref=/gpfs/scratch/sas1531/hg38/Homo_sapiens/UCSC/hg38/Sequence/WholeGenomeFasta/genome.fa \
in=./${1}_val_1.fq.gz \
in2=./${2}_val_2.fq.gz \
outm=./${1}_R2.sam \
minid=0.90 \
ambiguous=random \
nodisk \
samtools view -S -b ${1}_R2.sam > ${1}_R2.bam
samtools sort ${1}_R2.bam -o ${1}_R2_sorted.bam
featureCounts -s 2 -p -B -C -P --ignoreDup --primary -a
/gpfs/scratch/sas1531/hg38/Homo sapiens/UCSC/hg38/Annotation/Genes.gencode/genes.gtf -g
gene_id -o ${1}_R2_feature_counts ./first_output/${1}_R2_sorted.bam
```

Code

The code below is the submitter script for the first script:

```
#!/bin/bash
#SBATCH --job-name=job_submitter
#SBATCH --nodes=1
#SBATCH --mem=200MB
#SBATCH --time=1:00:00
#SBATCH --error=job_sub_error.txt
```

Code

The code below includes the DESeq2, edgeR, and comparison analysis without and with batch correction, respectively, in R.

```
# Shaleigh Smith
# NGS Coursework 5
### Import Libraries
library(tidyverse)
library(plyr)
library(dplyr)
library(DESeq2)
library(edgeR)
library(purrr)
library(ComplexHeatmap)
library(circlize)
library(ggplot2)
library(ggfortify)
library(vsn)
library(AnnotationDbi)
library(org.Hs.eg.db)
library(genefilter)
library(biomaRt)
library(data.table)
library(IHW)
library(gridExtra)
### Set Working directory
setwd("/Users/sha/Desktop/NGS_Informatics/NGS_courswork/ngs_coursework5_shaleigh_smith/")
### Import & clean gene count files
count_1 <- read.table("EV1_R1_R2_feature_counts", header=TRUE)</pre>
colnames(count_1)[c(1, 7)] <- c("gene_id", "EV1")</pre>
count_1 <- dplyr::select(count_1, gene_id, EV1)</pre>
count 1$gene id <- substring(count 1$gene id, 1, 15)</pre>
count_2 <- read.table("EV2_R1_R2_feature_counts", header=TRUE)</pre>
colnames(count_2)[c(1, 7)] <- c("gene_id", "EV2")</pre>
count_2 <- dplyr::select(count_2, gene_id, EV2)</pre>
count_2$gene_id <- substring(count_2$gene_id, 1, 15)</pre>
count_3 <- read.table("EV3_R1_R2_feature_counts", header=TRUE)</pre>
colnames(count_3)[c(1, 7)] <- c("gene_id", "EV3")</pre>
count_3 <- dplyr::select(count_3, gene_id, EV3)</pre>
```

```
count_3$gene_id <- substring(count_3$gene_id, 1, 15)</pre>
count_4 <- read.table("EV4_R1_R2_feature_counts", header=TRUE)</pre>
colnames(count_4)[c(1, 7)] <- c("gene_id", "EV4")</pre>
count_4 <- dplyr::select(count_4, gene_id, EV4)</pre>
count_4$gene_id <- substring(count_4$gene_id, 1, 15)</pre>
count_5 <- read.table("EV5_R1_R2_feature_counts", header=TRUE)</pre>
colnames(count_5)[c(1, 7)] <- c("gene_id", "EV5")</pre>
count_5 <- dplyr::select(count_5, gene_id, EV5)</pre>
count_5$gene_id <- substring(count_5$gene_id, 1, 15)</pre>
count 6 <- read.table("EV6 R1 R2 feature counts", header=TRUE)</pre>
colnames(count_6)[c(1, 7)] <- c("gene_id", "EV6")</pre>
count_6 <- dplyr::select(count_6, gene_id, EV6)</pre>
count_6$gene_id <- substring(count_6$gene_id, 1, 15)</pre>
count_7 <- read.table("mVLT1_R1_R2_feature_counts", header=TRUE)</pre>
colnames(count_7)[c(1, 7)] <- c("gene_id", "mVLT1")</pre>
count_7 <- dplyr::select(count_7, gene_id, mVLT1)</pre>
count 7$gene id <- substring(count 7$gene id, 1, 15)</pre>
count_8 <- read.table("mVLT2_R1_R2_feature_counts", header=TRUE)</pre>
colnames(count_8)[c(1, 7)] <- c("gene_id", "mVLT2")</pre>
count_8 <- dplyr::select(count_8, gene_id, mVLT2)</pre>
count_8$gene_id <- substring(count_8$gene_id, 1, 15)</pre>
count_9 <- read.table("mVLT3_R1_R2_feature_counts", header=TRUE)</pre>
colnames(count_9)[c(1, 7)] <- c("gene_id", "mVLT3")</pre>
count_9 <- dplyr::select(count_9, gene_id, mVLT3)</pre>
count_9$gene_id <- substring(count_9$gene_id, 1, 15)</pre>
### Join all gene count files into one data frame
feature_counts <- join_all(list(count_1, count_2, count_3, count_4, count_5, count_6,</pre>
                                 count_7, count_8, count_9), by = "gene_id", type = "full")
# Write out table for later analysis
write.table(feature_counts, file = "feature_counts.txt", quote=FALSE, sep='\t', row.names =
FALSE)
######### Analysis WITHOUT Batch Effect Correction ##########
# The first analysis was conducted without batch correction.
# The control 1, control 2 and expression vectors were compared to each other
# This displayed the clear batch effect of control 1, which was done at a
# different time than control 2 and expression
#######
### DeSeq2 Pipeline:
# Read in feature counts
deseq counts <- read.table("feature counts.txt", header=TRUE, row.names=1)</pre>
as.tibble(deseq counts)
# Create DeSeg dataset
vector = as.factor(c(rep("control 1", 3),
                                             rep("control_2", 3),
                                             rep("expression", 3))))
```

```
deseq_df <- DESeqDataSetFromMatrix(countData = deseq_counts, colData = samples,</pre>
                                   design = ~ vector)
# Remove genes that do not have counts greater than 2 in at least 2 of the datasets (columns)
deseq_df <- deseq_df[rowSums(counts(deseq_df) >= 2) >= 2]
# Confirm that all samples are labelled correctly
as.data.frame(colData(deseq_df))
### Exploratory data analysis of DESeq matrix with transformation
# Estimate size factors
# The size factor is the median ratio of the sample over a pseudosample: for each gene, the
geometric mean of all samples
deseq_eda <- estimateSizeFactors(deseq_df)</pre>
# Apply regularized-logarithm transformation
rld <- rlog(deseq_eda, blind = FALSE)</pre>
# Apply variance stabilizing transformation
vsd <- vst(deseq eda, blind = FALSE)</pre>
# Create new data frame three normalization methods for all samples
deseq eda <- bind rows(</pre>
  as_data_frame(log2(counts(deseq_eda, normalized=TRUE)[, (1:9)])) %>%
    mutate(transform = "log2(x + 1)"),
  as_data_frame(assay(vsd)[, (1:9)]) %>% mutate(transform = "vst"),
  as_data_frame(assay(rld)[, (1:9)]) %>% mutate(transform = "rlog"))
# Compare transformation visually
ggplot(deseq\_eda, aes(x = EV1, y = EV2)) +
  geom_bin2d(bins = 40) +
  coord fixed() +
  facet_grid( . ~ transform) +
  scale fill continuous(limits = c(0, 2000), breaks = seq(0, 2000, by = 500)) +
  ggtitle("EV1 vs. EV2") + theme(plot.title = element text(hjust = 0.5))
ggplot(deseq_eda, aes(x = EV1, y = EV4)) +
  geom bin2d(bins = 40) +
  coord_fixed() +
  facet grid( . ~ transform) +
  scale fill continuous(limits = c(0, 2000), breaks = seq(0, 2000, by = 500)) +
  ggtitle("EV1 vs. EV4") + theme(plot.title = element text(hjust = 0.5))
ggplot(deseq eda, aes(x = EV1, y = mVLT1)) +
  geom bin2d(bins = 40) +
  coord fixed() +
  facet_grid( . ~ transform) +
  scale_fill_continuous(limits = c(0, 2000), breaks = seq(0, 2000, by = 500)) +
  ggtitle("EV1 vs. mVLT1") + theme(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5))
ggplot(deseq eda, aes(x = EV4, y = mVLT1)) +
  geom_bin2d(bins = 40) +
  coord fixed() +
  facet grid( . ~ transform) +
  scale fill continuous(limits = c(0, 2000), breaks = seq(0, 2000, by = 500)) +
  ggtitle("EV4 vs. mVLT1") + theme(plot.title = element text(hjust = 0.5))
### Exploratory data analysis of DESeq matrix with sample comparison
# This will asses overall similarity between samples
```

```
# As shown in the above plots this similarity might not be as expected
# Calculate the euclidean distance between samples
deseq_distance <- dist(t(assay(rld)))</pre>
deseq_distance
# Create annotation for the heatmap
deseq_annotation <- as.data.frame(as.factor(c(rep("control_1", 3),</pre>
                                                rep("control_2", 3),
                                                rep("expression", 3))))
colnames(deseg annotation)[1] <- c("Vector")</pre>
deseq ha <- HeatmapAnnotation(df = deseq_annotation,</pre>
                               col = list(Vector = c("control 1" = "red4",
                                                      "control_2" = "darkblue",
                                                      "expression" = "goldenrod2")))
# Make dataframe a matrix for heatmpap
deseq heatmap <- as.matrix(deseq distance)</pre>
# Visualize with heatmap
deseq heat <- Heatmap(deseq heatmap,</pre>
                       top annotation = deseq ha,
                       show_column_names = F,
                       show row names = T,
                       cluster_rows = T,
                       cluster_columns = T,
                       clustering_method_columns = 'complete',
                       clustering_method_rows = "complete",
                       row_names_gp = gpar(fontsize = 8),
                       top_annotation_height = unit(1, "cm"),
                       heatmap_legend_param = list(title = "Distance"),
                       col = colorRamp2(c(0, 75), c("darkorchid4", "white")))
deseq heat
# It looks like the second control batch is very similar to the expression vector
### Compare with PCA
# visualize screeplot and autoplotted pca for reference
deseq_pca <-prcomp(t(assay(rld)))</pre>
screeplot(deseq_pca, type='lines')
autoplot(deseq pca)
# Create PCA object to be plotted with ggplot
plot_pca <- plotPCA(rld, intgroup = c("vector"), returnData = TRUE)</pre>
# Calculate and round variance for plotting
percentVar <- round(100 * attr(plot pca, "percentVar"))</pre>
# Plot PCA
deseq_pca_1 <- ggplot(plot_pca, aes(x = PC1, y = PC2, color = vector)) +</pre>
  geom_point(size = 2.5) +
  xlab(paste0("PC1: ", percentVar[1], "% variance")) +
  ylab(paste0("PC2: ", percentVar[2], "% variance")) +
  coord fixed() +
  scale color manual(values = c("red4", "darkblue", "goldenrod2")) +
  ggtitle("DESeq2 PCA: Not Batch Corrected") +
  theme(plot.title = element text(hjust = 0.5))
tiff("deseq pca not batch.tiff", units="in", width=7, height=5, res=300)
deseg pca 1
dev.off()
```

```
# Make sure that contol_1 is the first level in the vector factor
# This is to ensure the log2 fold change is calculated over the control (when results are
called at random)
deseq_df$vector <- relevel(deseq_df$vector, "control_1")</pre>
# Check to insure all samples are correct
as.data.frame(colData(deseq_df))
# Run the DESeq analysis against raw counts
deseg analysis <- DESeg(deseg df)</pre>
results(deseq_analysis)
# Call results
deseq_results_cont1_exp <- results(deseq_analysis,</pre>
                                    contrast = c("vector", "expression", "control_1"))
deseq_results_cont1_exp
deseq results cont2 exp <- results(deseq analysis,</pre>
                                    contrast = c("vector", "expression", "control_2"))
deseq results cont2 exp
deseq results_cont1_cont2 <- results(deseq_analysis,</pre>
                                      contrast = c("vector", "control_2", "control_1"))
deseq_results_cont1_cont2
# Review Comparisons
mcols(deseq_results_cont1_exp, use.names = TRUE)
mcols(deseg results cont2 exp, use.names = TRUE)
mcols(deseq_results_cont1_cont2, use.names = TRUE)
### Review Summary
summary(deseq results cont1 exp, alpha = 0.01)
summary(deseg results cont2 exp, alpha = 0.01)
summary(deseq results cont1 cont2, alpha = 0.01)
### Plot p-values for distribution check
# calculate row means across vectors
mean cont1 <- rowMeans(counts(deseq analysis, normalized=TRUE)[, deseq analysis$vector ==</pre>
"control 1"])
mean cont2 <- rowMeans(counts(deseq analysis, normalized=TRUE)[, deseq analysis$vector ==</pre>
"control 2"])
mean exp <- rowMeans(counts(deseg analysis, normalized=TRUE)[, deseg analysis$vector ==</pre>
"expression"])
### Control 1 vs. expression
# Log Fold change
deseq_lfc_1 <- lfcShrink(deseq_analysis, contrast = c("vector", "expression", "control_1"))</pre>
# add row names to log fold change data frame
deseq lfc 1 <- cbind(as.data.frame(deseq lfc 1), mean exp, mean cont1)</pre>
# Map gene names and ids
deseq lfc 1$symbol <- mapIds(org.Hs.eg.db, keys=row.names(deseq lfc 1),</pre>
                              column="SYMBOL", keytype="ENSEMBL", multiVals="first")
deseq lfc 1$entrez <- mapIds(org.Hs.eg.db, keys=row.names(deseq lfc 1),</pre>
                              column="ENTREZID", keytype="ENSEMBL", multiVals="first")
# Plot histogram to review distribution
ggplot(data = deseq lfc 1, mapping = aes(x = pvalue)) + geom histogram(binwidth = 0.01)
ggplot(data = deseq_lfc_1, mapping = aes(x = padj)) + geom_histogram(binwidth = 0.01)
```

```
### Control 2 vs. expression
# Log Fold change
deseq_lfc_2 <- IfcShrink(deseq_analysis, contrast = c("vector", "expression", "control_2"))</pre>
# add row names to log fold change data frame
deseq_lfc_2 <- cbind(as.data.frame(deseq_lfc_2), mean_exp, mean_cont2)</pre>
# Map gene names and ids
deseq_lfc_2$symbol <- mapIds(org.Hs.eg.db, keys=row.names(deseq_lfc_2),</pre>
                              column="SYMBOL", keytype="ENSEMBL", multiVals="first")
deseq lfc 2$entrez <- mapIds(org.Hs.eg.db, keys=row.names(deseq_lfc_2),</pre>
                              column="ENTREZID", keytype="ENSEMBL", multiVals="first")
# Plot histogram to review distribution
ggplot(data = deseq_lfc_2, mapping = aes(x = pvalue)) + geom_histogram(binwidth = 0.01)
ggplot(data = deseq_lfc_2, mapping = aes(x = padj)) + geom_histogram(binwidth = 0.01)
### This shows that control 2 is very similar to the Expression group***
### Control 1 vs. Control 2
# Log Fold change
deseq lfc 3 <- lfcShrink(deseq analysis, contrast = c("vector", "control 2", "control 1"))</pre>
# add row names to log fold change data frame
deseq 1fc 3 <- cbind(as.data.frame(deseq 1fc 3), mean cont1, mean cont2)</pre>
# Map gene names and ids
deseq_lfc_3$symbol <- mapIds(org.Hs.eg.db, keys=row.names(deseq_lfc_3),</pre>
                              column="SYMBOL", keytype="ENSEMBL", multiVals="first")
deseq_lfc_3$entrez <- mapIds(org.Hs.eg.db, keys=row.names(deseq_lfc_3),</pre>
                              column="ENTREZID", keytype="ENSEMBL", multiVals="first")
# Plot histogram to review distribution
ggplot(data = deseq_lfc_3, mapping = aes(x = pvalue)) + geom_histogram(binwidth = 0.01)
ggplot(data = deseq 1fc 3, mapping = aes(x = padj)) + geom histogram(binwidth = 0.01)
### This also supports that control 2 is very similar to the expression group ***
#### Volcano Plots
# Create up, none, down labels for color then plot
# Control 1 vs. Expression
deseq lfc 1 <- deseq lfc 1 %>%
  mutate(threshold = ifelse((log2FoldChange >= 0 & padj < 0.01), "up sig",</pre>
                             ifelse((log2FoldChange <= 0 & padj < 0.01) ,</pre>
                                    "down_sig", "not_sig")))
deseq_lfc_1$threshold[is.na(deseq_lfc_1$threshold)] <- "not_sig"</pre>
des_vol_1 \leftarrow ggplot(deseq_lfc_1, aes(x = log2FoldChange, y = -log10(pvalue))) +
  geom_point(aes(colour = threshold), size=1) +
  ggtitle("Control 1 vs. Expression with DESeq2") +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5)) +
  ylim(0,50) + xlim(-6,6) +
  scale_colour_manual(values=c("blue", "grey", "red3"),
                       name="Threshold 0.01",
                       breaks=c("down_sig", "not_sig", "up_sig"),
                      labels=c("Down", "None", "Up"))
# Control 2 vs. Expression
deseg 1fc 2 <- deseg 1fc 2 %>%
  mutate(threshold = ifelse((log2FoldChange >= 0 & padj < 0.01), "up sig",</pre>
                             ifelse((log2FoldChange <= 0 & padj < 0.01) ,</pre>
                                     "down_sig", "not_sig")))
```

```
deseq_lfc_2$threshold[is.na(deseq_lfc_2$threshold)] <- "not_sig"</pre>
des_vol_2 \leftarrow ggplot(deseq_lfc_2, aes(x = log2FoldChange, y = -log10(pvalue))) +
  geom_point(aes(colour = threshold), size=1) +
  ggtitle("Control 2 vs. Expression with DESeq2") +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5)) +
  ylim(0,50) + xlim(-6,6) +
  scale_colour_manual(values=c("blue", "grey", "red3"),
                       name="Threshold 0.01"
                       breaks=c("down_sig", "not_sig", "up_sig"),
                       labels=c("Down", "None", "Up"))
# Control 1 vs. Control 2
deseq_lfc_3 <- deseq_lfc_3 %>%
  mutate(threshold = ifelse((log2FoldChange >= 0 & padj < 0.01), "up_sig",</pre>
                             ifelse((log2FoldChange <= 0 & padj < 0.01) ,</pre>
                                     "down_sig", "not_sig")))
deseq_lfc_3$threshold[is.na(deseq_lfc_3$threshold)] <- "not_sig"</pre>
des_vol_3 <- ggplot(deseq_lfc_3, aes(x = log2FoldChange, y = -log10(pvalue))) +</pre>
  geom point(aes(colour = threshold), size=1) +
  ggtitle("Control 1 vs. Control 2 with DESeq2") +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5)) +
  ylim(0,50) + xlim(-6,6) +
  scale_colour_manual(values=c("blue", "grey", "red3"),
                       name="Threshold 0.01",
breaks=c("down_sig", "not_sig", "up_sig"),
                       labels=c("Down", "None", "Up"))
#### Heatmaps with top variable genes
# Control 1 vs. Expression
# Transform with regularized log
rld 1 <- rlog(deseq analysis)</pre>
#assay(rld 1)
# Order genes then filter for the top 25
top genes 1 <- head(order(rowMeans(assay(rld 1)), decreasing = TRUE), 30)
as.tibble(top genes 1)
deseq_genes <- assay(rld_1)[top_genes_1, ]</pre>
# Calculate distances from the mean for clearer heatmap
deseq_genes <- (deseq_genes - rowMeans(deseq_genes))</pre>
# Connect to ensemble database and label gene ids with gene symbol
mart <- useMart("ENSEMBL MART ENSEMBL", "hsapiens gene ensembl")</pre>
gene_symbol <- getBM(c("hgnc_symbol","ensembl_gene_id"), "ensembl_gene_id",</pre>
row.names(deseq_genes), mart)
row.names(deseq_genes)[match(gene_symbol[,2], row.names(deseq_genes))] <- gene_symbol[,1]</pre>
as.tibble(deseq_genes)
# Create Annotation
vector annotation <- as.data.frame(colData(rld 1)[, c("vector")])</pre>
colnames(vector annotation)[1] <- "Vector"</pre>
vector ha <- HeatmapAnnotation(df = vector annotation,</pre>
                                col = list(Vector = c("control 1" = "red4",
                                                        "control 2" = "darkblue",
                                                        "expression" = "goldenrod2")))
# Create Heatmap
deseg heat 1 <- Heatmap(deseg genes,
                         top annotation = vector ha,
```

```
show_column_names = F,
                         show_row_names = T,
                         cluster_rows = T,
                         cluster_columns = T,
                         clustering_method_columns = 'complete',
                         clustering_method_rows = "complete",
                         row_names_gp = gpar(fontsize = 8),
                         top_annotation_height = unit(1, "cm"),
                         heatmap_legend_param = list(title = "Distance"),
                         col = colorRamp2(c(-1, 0, 1), c("red3", "white", "blue")),
                         column_title = "DESeq2 Control vs. Expression: Not Batch Corrected")
deseq heat 1
tiff("deseq_head_not_batch.tiff", units="in", width=7, height=5, res=300)
deseq_heat_1
dev.off()
# Add column for upregulated vs. downregulated
deseg lfc 1$expression <- NA
deseq_lfc_1$expression[deseq_lfc_1$log2FoldChange > 0 ] <- "up"</pre>
deseq_lfc_1$expression[deseq_lfc_1$log2FoldChange < 0 ] <- "down"</pre>
setDT(deseq lfc 1, keep.rownames = TRUE)[]
colnames(deseq_lfc_1)[1] <- "gene_id"</pre>
as.tibble(deseq_lfc_1)
deseq_lfc_2$expression <- NA</pre>
deseq_lfc_2$expression[deseq_lfc_2$log2FoldChange > 0 ] <- "up"</pre>
deseq_lfc_2$expression[deseq_lfc_2$log2FoldChange < 0 ] <- "down"</pre>
setDT(deseq_lfc_2, keep.rownames = TRUE)[]
colnames(deseq_lfc_2)[1] <- "gene_id"</pre>
as.tibble(deseq 1fc 2)
deseq_lfc_3$expression <- NA</pre>
deseq lfc 3$expression[deseq lfc 3$log2FoldChange > 0 ] <- "up"</pre>
deseq_lfc_3$expression[deseq_lfc_3$log2FoldChange < 0 ] <- "down"</pre>
setDT(deseq_lfc_3, keep.rownames = TRUE)[]
colnames(deseq_lfc_3)[1] <- "gene_id"</pre>
as.tibble(deseq 1fc 3)
# Filter out columns for significantly upregulated and downregulated genes
deseq_lfc_1_final <- dplyr::select(deseq_lfc_1, gene_id, symbol, log2FoldChange, padj,</pre>
deseg lfc 1 final <- filter(deseg lfc 1 final, padj < 0.01)</pre>
deseq lfc 1 final <- deseq lfc 1 final[order(deseq lfc 1 final$padj),]</pre>
as.tibble(deseq_lfc_1_final)
deseq_lfc_2_final <- dplyr::select(deseq_lfc_2, gene_id, symbol, log2FoldChange, padj,</pre>
expression)
deseg 1fc 2 final <- filter(deseg 1fc 2 final, padj < 0.01)</pre>
deseq_lfc_2_final <- deseq_lfc_2_final[order(deseq_lfc_2_final$padj),]</pre>
as.tibble(deseq_lfc_2_final)
deseq_lfc_3_final <- dplyr::select(deseq_lfc_3, gene_id, symbol, log2FoldChange, padj,</pre>
deseq lfc 3 final <- filter(deseq lfc 3 final, padj < 0.01)</pre>
deseq 1fc 3 final <- deseq 1fc 3 final[order(deseq 1fc 3 final$padj),]</pre>
as.tibble(deseq lfc 3 final)
# Convert gene ids to gene symbol
```

```
mart <- useMart("ENSEMBL_MART_ENSEMBL", "hsapiens_gene_ensembl")</pre>
gene_symbol <- getBM(c("hgnc_symbol","ensembl_gene_id"), "ensembl_gene_id",</pre>
row.names(deseq_analysis), mart)
row.names(deseq_analysis)[match(gene_symbol[,2], row.names(deseq_analysis))] <-</pre>
gene_symbol[,1]
### Filter and order dataframes
# State whether they are upregulated or downregulated
# Filter out columns for significantly upregulated and downregulated genes
# Top 30 expressed genes (by p-value)
deseq top 30 <- as.data.frame(results(deseq analysis))</pre>
deseq_top_30 <- deseq_top_30[order(deseq_top_30$padj),]</pre>
deseq_top_30 <- head(deseq_top_30, 30)</pre>
setDT(deseq_top_30, keep.rownames = TRUE)[]
colnames(deseq_top_30)[1] <- "genes"</pre>
as.tibble(deseq_top_30)
deseg top 30$expression <- NA
deseq top 30$expression[deseq top 30$log2FoldChange > 0 ] <- "up"</pre>
deseq top 30$expression[deseq top 30$log2FoldChange < 0 ] <- "down"</pre>
as.tibble(deseq top 30)
########
### edgeR Pipeline:
# Read in feature counts
edge counts <- read.table("feature counts.txt", header=TRUE, row.names=1)</pre>
as.tibble(edge counts)
### Set up edgeR matrix
group \leftarrow c(1,1,1,2,2,2,3,3,3)
edge_df <- DGEList(counts = edge_counts, group = group, genes = rownames(edge_counts))</pre>
summary(edge_df)
# filter out lowly expressed genes using count-per-million (CPM)
# Re-calculate library size
filter rows <- rowSums(cpm(edge df) > 1) >= 2
edge_df_filter <- edge_df[filter_rows, , keep.lib.sizes=FALSE]</pre>
summary(edge df filter)
# Normalize RNA composition (accounts for library size)
edge df norm <- calcNormFactors(edge df filter, method="TMM")</pre>
edge df norm
### Exploratory data analysis with DGEList object
# Plot MDS?
tiff("edge_mds_not_batch.tiff", units="in", width=7, height=5, res=300)
plotMDS(edge_df_norm, method="bcv", col=as.numeric(edge_df_norm$samples$group),
        main=("edgeR BCV: Not Batch Corrected"))
dev.off()
# Estimate Dispersion (common and tagwise in one run)
edge disp <- estimateDisp(edge df norm)</pre>
edge disp
# Plot BCV
```

```
plotBCV(edge_disp)
### Heatmap with top genes
logcpm <- cpm(edge_df_norm, prior.count=2, log=TRUE)</pre>
logcpm
top_genes_2 <- head(order(rowMeans(logcpm), decreasing = TRUE), 30)</pre>
as.tibble(top genes 2)
edge_genes <- logcpm[top_genes_2, ]</pre>
edge_genes
# Calculate distances from the mean for clearer heatmap
edge_genes <- (edge_genes - rowMeans(edge_genes))</pre>
# Connect to ensemble database and label gene ids with gene symbol
mart <- useMart("ENSEMBL_MART_ENSEMBL", "hsapiens_gene_ensembl")</pre>
gene_symbol <- getBM(c("hgnc_symbol","ensembl_gene_id"), "ensembl_gene_id",</pre>
row.names(edge_genes), mart)
row.names(edge_genes)[match(gene_symbol[,2], row.names(edge_genes))] <- gene_symbol[,1]</pre>
# Creat annotation
edge annotation <- as.data.frame(as.factor(c(rep("control 1", 3),</pre>
                                               rep("control_2", 3),
                                               rep("expression", 3))))
colnames(edge annotation)[1] <- c("Vector")</pre>
edge_ha <- HeatmapAnnotation(df = edge_annotation, col = list(Vector = c("control_1" = "red4",</pre>
"control_2" = "darkblue", "expression" = "goldenrod2")))
# Create heatmap
edge_heat_1 <- Heatmap(edge_genes,</pre>
                        top annotation = edge ha,
                        show column names = F,
                        show row names = T,
                        cluster rows = T,
                        cluster columns = T,
                        clustering_method_columns = 'complete',
                        clustering method rows = "complete",
                        row names gp = gpar(fontsize = 8),
                        top annotation height = unit(1, "cm"),
                        heatmap_legend_param = list(title = "Distance"),
                        col = colorRamp2(c(-1, 0, 1), c("red3", "white", "blue")),
                        column title = "edgeR Control vs. Expression: Not Batch Corrected")
edge heat 1
tiff("edge heat not batch.tiff", units="in", width=7, height=5, res=300)
edge heat 1
dev.off()
### Differential gene expression Classic Approach
# Between all
edge exact <- exactTest(edge disp)</pre>
edge top 30 <- as.data.frame(topTags(edge exact, n = 30))</pre>
edge top 30
edge top <- topTags(edge exact, n = nrow(edge exact))</pre>
edge top
# Control 1 vs. Expression
edge exact 1 <- exactTest(edge disp, pair = c("1", "3"))</pre>
edge top 1 <- topTags(edge exact 1, n = nrow(edge exact 1))</pre>
edge_top_1
```

```
# Control 2 vs. Expression
edge_exact_2 <- exactTest(edge_disp, pair = c("2", "3"))</pre>
edge_top_2 <- topTags(edge_exact_2, n = nrow(edge_exact_2))</pre>
edge_top_2
# Control 1 vs. Control 2
edge_exact_3 <- exactTest(edge_disp, pair = c("1", "2"))</pre>
edge_top_3 <- topTags(edge_exact_3, n = nrow(edge_exact_3))</pre>
edge_top_3
#### Volcano Plots
# Create up, none, down labels for color then plot
# Control 1 vs. Expression
edge_top_1_volcano <- as.data.frame(edge_top_1) %>%
  mutate(threshold = ifelse((logFC >= 0 & FDR < 0.01), "up_sig",</pre>
                             ifelse((logFC <= 0 & FDR < 0.01) ,
                                     "down_sig", "not_sig")))
edge_top_1_volcano$threshold[is.na(edge_top_1_volcano$threshold)] <- "not_sig"</pre>
edge_vol_1 <- ggplot(edge_top_1_volcano, aes(x = logFC, y = -log10(PValue))) +</pre>
  geom_point(aes(colour = threshold), size=1) +
  ggtitle("Control 1 vs. Expression with edgeR") +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5)) +
  ylim(0,50) + xlim(-6,6) +
  scale_colour_manual(values=c("blue", "grey", "red3"),
                       name="Threshold 0.01",
breaks=c("down_sig", "not_sig", "up_sig"),
                       labels=c("Down", "None", "Up"))
edge_vol_1
# Control 2 vs. Expression
edge top 2 volcano <- as.data.frame(edge top 2) %>%
  mutate(threshold = ifelse((logFC >= 0 & FDR < 0.01), "up sig",</pre>
                             ifelse((logFC <= 0 & FDR < 0.01) ,
                                     "down_sig", "not_sig")))
edge_top_2_volcano$threshold[is.na(edge_top_2_volcano$threshold)] <- "not_sig"</pre>
edge_vol_2 <- ggplot(edge_top_2_volcano, aes(x = logFC, y = -log10(PValue))) +
  geom point(aes(colour = threshold), size=1) +
  ggtitle("Control 2 vs. Expression with edgeR") +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5)) +
  ylim(0,50) + xlim(-6,6) +
  scale_colour_manual(values=c("blue", "grey", "red3"),
                       name="Threshold 0.01",
breaks=c("down_sig", "not_sig", "up_sig"),
                       labels=c("Down", "None", "Up"))
# Control 1 vs. Control 2
edge top 3 volcano <- as.data.frame(edge top 3) %>%
  mutate(threshold = ifelse((logFC >= 0 & FDR < 0.01), "up_sig",</pre>
                             ifelse((logFC <= 0 & FDR < 0.01) ,
                                     "down sig", "not sig")))
edge_top_3_volcano$threshold[is.na(edge_top_3_volcano$threshold)] <- "not_sig"</pre>
edge vol 3 <- ggplot(edge top 3 volcano, aes(x = logFC, y = -log10(PValue))) +
  geom point(aes(colour = threshold), size=1) +
  ggtitle("Control 1 vs. Control 2 with edgeR") +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5)) +
```

```
ylim(0,50) + xlim(-6,6) +
  scale_colour_manual(values=c("blue", "grey", "red3"),
                       name="Threshold 0.01'
                       name="Threshold 0.01",
breaks=c("down_sig", "not_sig", "up_sig"),
                       labels=c("Down", "None", "Up"))
# Convert gene ids to gene symbol
mart <- useMart("ENSEMBL_MART_ENSEMBL", "hsapiens_gene_ensembl")</pre>
gene_symbol_edge <- getBM(c("hgnc_symbol","ensembl_gene_id"), "ensembl_gene_id",</pre>
row.names(edge_top_1), mart)
colnames(gene_symbol_edge)[1:2] <- c("gene_symbol", "genes")</pre>
### Filter and order dataframes
# State whether they are upregulated or downregulated
# Filter out columns for significantly upregulated and downregulated genes
# Control 1 vs. Expression
edge_top_1_gene <- as.data.frame(edge_top_1)</pre>
edge_top_1_gene <- join(gene_symbol_edge, edge_top_1_gene, type = "full", by = "genes")</pre>
edge_top_1_gene$expression <- NA</pre>
edge_top_1_gene$expression[edge_top_1_gene$logFC > 0 ] <- "up"</pre>
edge_top_1_gene$expression[edge_top_1_gene$logFC < 0 ] <- "down"</pre>
edge_top_1_gene <- filter(edge_top_1_gene, FDR < 0.01)</pre>
edge_top_1_gene <- edge_top_1_gene[order(edge_top_1_gene$FDR),]</pre>
edge_top_1_gene
# Control 2 vs. Expression
edge_top_2_gene <- as.data.frame(edge_top_2)</pre>
edge_top_2_gene <- join(gene_symbol_edge, edge_top_2_gene, type = "full", by = "genes")</pre>
edge_top_2_gene$expression <- NA
edge_top_2_gene$expression[edge_top_2_gene$logFC > 0 ] <- "up"</pre>
edge_top_2_gene$expression[edge_top_2_gene$logFC < 0 ] <- "down"</pre>
edge_top_2_gene <- filter(edge_top_2_gene, FDR < 0.01)</pre>
edge top 2 gene <- edge top 2 gene[order(edge top 2 gene$FDR),]
edge_top_2_gene
# Control 3 vs. Control 2
edge top 3 gene <- as.data.frame(edge top 3)</pre>
edge_top_3_gene <- join(gene_symbol_edge, edge_top_3_gene, type = "full", by = "genes")</pre>
edge_top_3_gene$expression <- NA</pre>
edge_top_3_gene$expression[edge_top_3_gene$logFC > 0 ] <- "up"</pre>
edge_top_3_gene$expression[edge_top_3_gene$logFC < 0 ] <- "down"</pre>
edge_top_3_gene <- filter(edge_top_3_gene, FDR < 0.01)</pre>
edge_top_3_gene <- edge_top_3_gene[order(edge_top_3_gene$FDR),]</pre>
edge_top_3_gene
# Top 30 EdgeR
edge top 30 <- as.data.frame(edge top 30)</pre>
edge_top_30 <- join(gene_symbol_edge, edge_top_30, type = "full", by = "genes")</pre>
edge top 30$expression <- NA
edge_top_30$expression[edge_top_30$logFC > 0 ] <- "up"</pre>
edge top 30$expression[edge top 30$logFC < 0 ] <- "down"
edge top 30 <- filter(edge top 30, FDR < 0.01)
edge top 30 <- edge top 30[order(edge top 30$FDR),]
edge top 30 <- head(edge top 30, 30)
#edge top 30 <- dplyr::select(edge top 30, -rn)</pre>
edge top 30
```

```
### DESeq2 and edgeR Comparison
# Compare top 30 from all
edge_30_list <- as.vector(edge_top_30$genes)</pre>
deseq_30_list <- as.vector(deseq_top_30$genes)</pre>
length(intersect(edge_30_list, deseq_30_list)) #3
# Compare Control 1 vs. Expression
# All significant
edge_top_1_list <- as.vector(edge_top_1_gene$genes) #6286</pre>
deseq_lfc_1_list <- as.vector(deseq_lfc_1_final$gene_id) #4726</pre>
length(intersect(edge_top_1_list, deseq_lfc_1_list)) #4335
# Upregulated
edge_up_1_list <- edge_top_1_gene[edge_top_1_gene$expression == "up",] # 2334</pre>
nrow(edge_up_1_list)
edge_up_1_list <- as.vector(edge_up_1_list$genes)</pre>
deseq_up_1_list <- deseq_lfc_1_final[deseq_lfc_1_final$expression == "up",] # 2635</pre>
nrow(deseq_up_1_list)
deseq_up_1_list <- as.vector(deseq_up_1_list$gene_id)</pre>
length(intersect(edge_up_1_list, deseq_up_1_list)) # 2245
# Downregulated
edge_down_1_list <- edge_top_1_gene[edge_top_1_gene$expression == "down",] # 3952</pre>
nrow(edge down 1 list)
edge_down_1_list <- as.vector(edge_down_1_list$genes)</pre>
deseq_down_1_list <- deseq_lfc_1_final[deseq_lfc_1_final$expression == "down",] # 2091</pre>
nrow(deseq_down_1_list)
deseq_down_1_list <- as.vector(deseq_down_1_list$gene_id)</pre>
length(intersect(edge_down_1_list, deseq_down_1_list)) # 2090
# Compare Control 2 vs. Expression
# All significant
edge_top_2_list <- as.vector(edge_top_2_gene$genes) #110</pre>
deseq lfc 2 list <- as.vector(deseq lfc 2 final$gene id) #101</pre>
length(intersect(edge_top_2_list, deseq_lfc_2_list)) #84
# Upregulated
edge up 2 list <- edge top 2 gene[edge top 2 gene$expression == "up",] # 66
nrow(edge_up_2_list)
edge_up_2_list <- as.vector(edge_up_2_list$genes)</pre>
deseq_up_2_list <- deseq_lfc_2_final[deseq_lfc_2_final$expression == "up",] # 56</pre>
nrow(deseq up 2 list)
deseq up 2 list <- as.vector(deseq up 2 list$gene id)</pre>
length(intersect(edge_up_2_list, deseq_up_2_list)) # 53
# Downregulated
edge_down_2_list <- edge_top_2_gene[edge_top_2_gene$expression == "down",] # 44
nrow(edge down 2 list)
edge down 2 list <- as.vector(edge down 2 list$genes)</pre>
deseq down 2 list <- deseq lfc 2 final[deseq lfc 2 final$expression == "down",] # 45</pre>
nrow(deseq_down_2_list)
deseq_down_2_list <- as.vector(deseq_down_2_list$gene_id)</pre>
length(intersect(edge_down_2_list, deseq_down_2_list)) # 32
# Compare Control 1 vs. Control 2
# All significant
edge top 3 list <- as.vector(edge top 3 gene$genes) #6262
deseq 1fc 3 list <- as.vector(deseq 1fc 3 final$gene id) #4729</pre>
length(intersect(edge top 3 list, deseq lfc 3 list)) #4307
# Upregulated
edge_up_3_list <- edge_top_3_gene[edge_top_3_gene$expression == "up",] # 2249</pre>
nrow(edge up 3 list)
edge_up_3_list <- as.vector(edge_up_3_list$genes)</pre>
```

```
deseq_up_3_list <- deseq_lfc_3_final[deseq_lfc_3_final$expression == "up",] # 2613</pre>
nrow(deseq_up_3_list)
deseq_up_3_list <- as.vector(deseq_up_3_list$gene_id)</pre>
length(intersect(edge_up_3_list, deseq_up_3_list)) # 2191
# Downregulated
edge_down_3_list <- edge_top_3_gene[edge_top_3_gene$expression == "down",] # 4013</pre>
nrow(edge_down_3_list)
edge_down_3_list <- as.vector(edge_down_3_list$genes)</pre>
deseq_down_3_list <- deseq_lfc_3_final[deseq_lfc_3_final$expression == "down",] # 2116</pre>
nrow(deseq_down_3_list)
deseq_down_3_list <- as.vector(deseq_down_3_list$gene_id)</pre>
length(intersect(edge_down_3_list, deseq_down_3_list)) # 2116
### Compare Volcano Plots
vol_lay <- rbind(c(1,1,1,2,2,2,2),</pre>
                 c(1,1,1,2,2,2,2))
tiff("final_volcano_cont1_exp_not_batch.tiff", units="in", width=9, height=5, res=300)
grid.arrange(des_vol_1 + theme(legend.position = 'none',
                               title = element text(size = 9),
                               axis.title = element text(size =8),
                               axis.text = element_text(size = 7)),
             edge_vol_1+ theme(title = element_text(size = 9),
                               axis.title = element_text(size =8),
                                axis.text = element_text(size = 7)),
             ncol = 2, layout_matrix = vol_lay)
dev.off()
tiff("final_volcano_cont2_exp_not_batch.tiff", units="in", width=9, height=5, res=300)
grid.arrange(des vol 2 + theme(legend.position = 'none',
                               title = element_text(size = 9),
                               axis.title = element text(size =8),
                                axis.text = element text(size = 7)),
             edge vol 2+ theme(title = element text(size = 9),
                                axis.title = element text(size =8),
                                axis.text = element text(size = 7)),
             ncol = 2, layout_matrix = vol_lay)
dev.off()
tiff("final volcano cont1 cont2 not batch.tiff", units="in", width=9, height=5, res=300)
grid.arrange(des vol 3 + theme(legend.position = 'none',
                               title = element text(size = 9),
                               axis.title = element text(size =8),
                               axis.text = element_text(size = 7)),
             edge vol 3+ theme(title = element text(size = 9),
                               axis.title = element text(size =8),
                                axis.text = element_text(size = 7)),
             ncol = 2, layout_matrix = vol_lay)
dev.off()
### Compare Heat
deseg heat 1
edge heat 1
```

```
######### Analysis WITH Batch Effect Correction ##########
# This is the same analysis as above with the exception of batch correction.
# As a result the contrast is between all control and the expressoin vector.
# The batches are corrected.
#######
### Deseg with Combined Controls (batch effect Corrected) Pipeline
# Read in feature counts
deseq batch counts <- read.table("feature counts.txt", header=TRUE, row.names=1)</pre>
as.tibble(deseq_batch_counts)
# Create DeSeq dataset
vector = as.factor(c(rep("control", 3),
                                               rep("control", 3),
                                               rep("expression", 3))),
                           deseq batch df <- DESeqDataSetFromMatrix(countData = deseq batch counts, colData =</pre>
samples_batch,
                                       design = ~ vector + batch)
# Remove genes that do not have counts greater than 2 in at least 2 of the datasets (columns)
deseq_batch_df <- deseq_batch_df[rowSums(counts(deseq_batch_df) >= 2) >= 2]
# Confirm that all samples are labelled correctly
as.data.frame(colData(deseq batch df))
### Exploratory data analysis of DESeq matrix with sample comparison
# This will asses overall similarity between samples
# As shown in the above plots this similarity might not be as expected
# Estimate size factors
# The size factor is the median ratio of the sample over a pseudosample: for each gene, the
geometric mean of all samples
deseq batch eda <- estimateSizeFactors(deseq batch df)</pre>
# Apply regularized-logarithm transformation
rld batch <- rlog(deseg batch eda, blind = FALSE)</pre>
# Calculate the euclidean distance between samples
deseq batch distance <- dist(t(assay(rld batch)))</pre>
deseq_batch_distance
# Create annotation for the heatmap
deseq_batch_annotation <- samples_batch</pre>
deseg batch ha <- HeatmapAnnotation(df = deseg batch annotation,
                                   col = list(vector = c("control" = "red4",
                                                        "expression" = "darkblue"),
                                             batch = c("1" = "goldenrod2",
                                                       "2" = "darkgreen")))
# Make dataframe a matrix for heatmpap
deseg batch heatmap <- as.matrix(deseg batch distance)</pre>
```

```
# Visualize with heatmap
deseq_batch_heat <- Heatmap(deseq_batch_heatmap,</pre>
                             top_annotation = deseq_batch_ha,
                             show_column_names = F,
                             show_row_names = T,
                             cluster_rows = T,
                             cluster_columns = T,
                             clustering_method_columns = 'complete',
                             clustering_method_rows = "complete",
                             row_names_gp = gpar(fontsize = 8),
                             top_annotation_height = unit(1, "cm"),
                             heatmap_legend_param = list(title = "Distance"),
                             col = colorRamp2(c(0, 75), c("darkorchid4", "white")))
deseq_batch_heat
# It looks like the second control batch is contaminated with the expression vector
### Compare with PCA
# visualize screeplot and autoplotted pca for reference
deseq_batch_pca <-prcomp(t(assay(rld_batch)))</pre>
screeplot(deseq batch pca, type='lines')
autoplot(deseq batch pca)
# Create PCA object to be plotted with ggplot
plot_batch_pca <- plotPCA(rld_batch, intgroup = c("vector", "batch"), returnData = TRUE)</pre>
# Calculate and round variance for plotting
percentVar_batch <- round(100 * attr(plot_batch_pca, "percentVar_batch"))</pre>
# Plot PCA
deseq_pca_2 <- ggplot(plot_batch_pca, aes(x = PC1, y = PC2, color = vector, shape = batch)) +</pre>
  geom\ point(size = 2.5) +
  xlab(paste0("PC1: ", percentVar_batch[1], "% variance")) +
ylab(paste0("PC2: ", percentVar_batch[2], "% variance")) +
  coord fixed() +
  scale color manual(values = c("red4", "darkblue", "goldenrod2")) +
  ggtitle("DESeq2 PCA: Batch Corrected") +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5))
tiff("deseq_pca_batch.tiff", units="in", width=7, height=5, res=300)
deseq pca 2
dev.off()
# Make sure that contol is the first level in the vector factor
# This is to ensure the log2 fold change is calculated over the control (when results are
called at random)
deseq_batch_df$vector <- relevel(deseq_batch_df$vector, "control")</pre>
# Check to insure all samples are correct
as.data.frame(colData(deseq_batch_df))
# Run the DESeq analysis against raw counts
deseq batch analysis <- DESeq(deseq batch df)</pre>
results(deseq batch analysis)
# Call results
deseq results cont exp batch <- results(deseq batch analysis, contrast = c("vector",</pre>
"expression", "control"))
deseg results cont exp batch
```

```
# Review Comparisons
mcols(deseq_results_cont_exp_batch, use.names = TRUE)
### Review Summary
summary(deseq_results_cont_exp_batch, alpha = 0.01)
# c=Calculate row means across vectors
mean_cont_batch <- rowMeans(counts(deseq_analysis, normalized=TRUE)[,</pre>
deseq_batch_analysis$vector == "control"])
mean exp_batch <- rowMeans(counts(deseq_analysis, normalized=TRUE)[,</pre>
deseg batch analysis$vector == "expression"])
### Control 1 vs. expression
# Log Fold change
deseq_batch_lfc_1 <- lfcShrink(deseq_batch_analysis, contrast = c("vector", "expression",</pre>
"control"))
# add row names to log fold change data frame
deseq_batch_lfc_1 <- cbind(as.data.frame(deseq_batch_lfc_1), mean_exp_batch, mean_cont_batch)</pre>
# Map gene names and ids
deseq_batch_lfc_1$symbol <- mapIds(org.Hs.eg.db, keys=row.names(deseq_batch_lfc_1),</pre>
                                    column="SYMBOL", keytype="ENSEMBL", multiVals="first")
deseq batch lfc 1$entrez <- mapIds(org.Hs.eg.db, keys=row.names(deseq batch lfc 1),</pre>
                                    column="ENTREZID", keytype="ENSEMBL", multiVals="first")
# Plot histogram to review distribution
ggplot(data = deseq_batch_lfc_1, mapping = aes(x = pvalue)) + geom_histogram(binwidth = 0.01)
ggplot(data = deseq_batch_lfc_1, mapping = aes(x = padj)) + geom_histogram(binwidth = 0.01)
#### Volcano Plots
# Create up, none, down labels for color then plot
# Control 1 vs. Expression
deseq batch lfc 1 <- deseq batch lfc 1 %>%
  mutate(threshold = ifelse((log2FoldChange >= 0 & padj < 0.01), "up sig",</pre>
                             ifelse((log2FoldChange <= 0 & padj < 0.01),
                                     "down_sig", "not_sig")))
deseq_batch_lfc_1$threshold[is.na(deseq_batch_lfc_1$threshold)] <- "not_sig"</pre>
des_batch_vol_1 <- ggplot(deseq_batch_lfc_1, aes(x = log2FoldChange, y = -log10(pvalue))) +</pre>
  geom point(aes(colour = threshold), size=1) +
  ggtitle("Control vs. Expression with deseq2: Batch Corrected") +
  theme(plot.title = element text(hjust = 0.5)) +
  ylim(0,50) + xlim(-6,6) +
  scale colour manual(values=c("blue", "grey", "red3"),
                      name="Threshold 0.01",
breaks=c("down_sig", "not_sig", "up_sig"),
                      labels=c("Down", "None", "Up"))
des_batch_vol_1
#### Heatmaps with top variable genes
# Control 1 vs. Expression
# Transform with regularized log
rld 1 batch <- rlog(deseq batch analysis)</pre>
# Order genes then filter for the top 25
top genes 1 batch <- head(order(rowMeans(assay(rld 1 batch)), decreasing = TRUE), 30)
as.tibble(top genes 1 batch)
deseq batch genes <- assay(rld 1 batch)[top genes 1 batch, ]</pre>
# Calculate distances from the mean for clearer heatmap
```

```
deseq_batch_genes <- (deseq_batch_genes - rowMeans(deseq_batch_genes))</pre>
# Connect to ensemble database and label gene ids with gene symbol
mart <- useMart("ENSEMBL_MART_ENSEMBL", "hsapiens_gene_ensembl")</pre>
gene_symbol <- getBM(c("hgnc_symbol","ensembl_gene_id"), "ensembl_gene_id",</pre>
row.names(deseq_batch_genes), mart)
row.names(deseq_batch_genes)[match(gene_symbol[,2], row.names(deseq_batch_genes))] <-</pre>
gene symbol[,1]
# Create Annotation
# deseq_batch_ha
# Create Heatmap
deseq_batch_heat_1 <- Heatmap(deseq_batch_genes,</pre>
                               top_annotation = deseq_batch_ha,
                               show_column_names = F,
                               show_row_names = T,
                               cluster rows = T,
                               cluster columns = T,
                               clustering method columns = 'complete',
                               clustering method rows = "average",
                               row_names_gp = gpar(fontsize = 8),
                               top annotation height = unit(1, "cm"),
                               heatmap_legend_param = list(title = "Distance"),
                               col = colorRamp2(c(-1, 0, 1), c("red3", "white", "blue")),
                               column_title = "DESeq2 Control vs. Expression: Batch Corrected")
deseq_batch_heat_1
tiff("deseq heat batch.tiff", units="in", width=7, height=5, res=300)
deseq batch heat 1
dev.off()
# Convert gene ids to gene symbol
mart <- useMart("ENSEMBL MART ENSEMBL", "hsapiens gene ensembl")</pre>
gene_symbol_deseq_batch <- getBM(c("hgnc_symbol","ensembl_gene_id"), "ensembl_gene_id",</pre>
row.names(deseq_results_cont_exp_batch), mart)
row.names(deseq results cont exp batch)[match(gene symbol deseq batch[,2],
row.names(deseq results cont exp batch))] <- gene symbol deseq batch[,1]</pre>
### Filter and order dataframes
# State whether they are upregulated or downregulated
# Filter out columns for significantly upregulated and downregulated genes
# Control vs. Expression Top 30
deseg top 30 batch <- as.data.frame(deseg results cont exp batch)</pre>
deseq_top_30_batch <- deseq_top_30_batch[order(deseq_top_30_batch$padj),]</pre>
deseg top 30 batch
deseg top 30 batch <- head(deseg top 30 batch, 30)</pre>
setDT(deseq top 30 batch, keep.rownames = TRUE)[]
colnames(deseg top 30 batch)[1] <- "genes"</pre>
as.tibble(deseq top 30 batch)
deseg top batch <- as.data.frame(deseg results cont exp batch)</pre>
deseg top batch <- deseg top batch[order(deseg top batch$padi),]</pre>
setDT(deseq top batch, keep.rownames = TRUE)[]
colnames(deseg top batch)[1] <- "genes"</pre>
deseq top batch$expression <- NA
```

```
deseq_top_batch$expression[deseq_top_batch$log2FoldChange > 0 ] <- "up"
deseq_top_batch$expression[deseq_top_batch$log2FoldChange < 0 ] <- "down"
as.tibble(deseq_top_batch)</pre>
```

```
########
# edgeR with Combined Controls (batch effect Corrected) Pipeline
# Read in feature counts
edge batch counts <- read.table("feature counts.txt", header=TRUE, row.names=1)</pre>
as.tibble(edge batch counts)
### Set up edgeR matrix
group \leftarrow c(1,1,1,1,1,1,2,2,2)
batch <- c(1,1,1,2,2,2,2,2,2)
edge_count_df <- DGEList(counts = edge_batch_counts, group = group, genes =</pre>
rownames(edge_batch_counts))
summary(edge_count_df)
#### Design Matrix for batch effect
design <- model.matrix(~ group + batch, data = edge count df$samples)</pre>
design
# filter out lowly expressed genes using count-per-million (CPM)
# Re-calculate library size
filter rows <- rowSums(cpm(edge count df) > 1) >= 2
edge_batch_df_filter <- edge_count_df[filter_rows, , keep.lib.sizes=FALSE]</pre>
summary(edge_batch_df_filter)
# Normalize RNA composition (accounts for library size)
edge batch df norm <- calcNormFactors(edge batch df filter, method="TMM")</pre>
edge batch df norm
### Exploratory data analysis with DGEList object
# Plot MDS
tiff("edge mds batch.tiff", units="in", width=7, height=5, res=300)
plotMDS(edge_batch_df_norm, method="bcv", col=as.numeric(edge_batch_df_norm$samples$group),
main=("edgeR BCV: Batch Corrected"))
dev.off()
# Estimate Dispersion (common and tagwise in one run)
edge batch disp <- estimateDisp(edge batch df norm, design)</pre>
edge batch disp
# Plot BCV
plotBCV(edge batch disp)
### Heatmap
logcpm batch <- cpm(edge batch df norm, prior.count=2, log=TRUE)</pre>
logcpm batch
```

```
top_genes_2_batch <- head(order(rowMeans(logcpm_batch), decreasing = TRUE), 30)</pre>
as.tibble(top_genes_2_batch)
edge_batch_genes <- logcpm_batch[top_genes_2_batch, ]</pre>
edge_batch_genes
# Calculate distances from the mean for clearer heatmap
edge_batch_genes <- (edge_batch_genes - rowMeans(edge_batch_genes))</pre>
# Connect to ensemble database and label gene ids with gene symbol
mart <- useMart("ENSEMBL_MART_ENSEMBL", "hsapiens_gene_ensembl")</pre>
gene_symbol <- getBM(c("hgnc_symbol","ensembl_gene_id"), "ensembl_gene_id",</pre>
row.names(edge_batch_genes), mart)
row.names(edge batch genes)[match(gene symbol[,2], row.names(edge batch genes))] <-</pre>
gene_symbol[,1]
# Creat annotation
edge_batch_annotation <- samples_batch</pre>
edge_batch_ha <- HeatmapAnnotation(df = edge_batch_annotation,</pre>
                                    col = list(vector = c("control" = "red4",
                                                            "expression" = "darkblue"),
                                                batch = c("1" = "goldenrod2",
                                                           "2" = "darkgreen")))
# Create heatmap
edge batch_heat_1 <- Heatmap(edge_batch_genes,</pre>
                              top_annotation = edge_batch_ha,
                              show_column_names = F,
                              show_row_names = T,
                              cluster_rows = T,
                              cluster columns = T,
                              clustering_method_columns = 'complete',
                              clustering method rows = "average",
                              row_names_gp = gpar(fontsize = 8),
                              top annotation height = unit(1, "cm"),
                              heatmap_legend_param = list(title = "Distance"),
                              col = colorRamp2(c(-1, 0, 1), c("red3", "white", "blue")),
                              column_title = "edgeR Control vs. Expression: Batch Corrected")
edge_batch_heat_1
tiff("edge heat batch.tiff", units="in", width=7, height=5, res=300)
edge batch heat 1
dev.off()
### Differential gene expression Classic Approach
edge batch exact <- exactTest(edge batch disp)</pre>
edge_batch_top_30 <- as.data.frame(topTags(edge_batch_exact, n = 30))</pre>
edge batch top 30
edge_batch_top <- topTags(edge_batch_exact, n = nrow(edge_batch_exact))</pre>
edge_batch_top
# Other approach (not used in this analysis)
# Use OL F-tests instead of the more usual likelihood ratio tests (LRT) as they give stricter
error rate control by accounting for the uncertainty in dispersion estimation:
# This gives lower p-values
#fit <- glmQLFit(edge batch disp, design, robust=TRUE)</pre>
#plotQLDisp(fit)
#qlf <- glmQLFTest(fit)</pre>
#edge batch top 30 <- as.data.frame(topTags(qlf, n = 30))</pre>
#edge_batch_top_30
```

```
#edge_batch_top <- topTags(qlf, n = nrow(qlf))</pre>
#edge_batch_top
edge_batch_top_final <- as.data.frame(edge_batch_top[,-1])</pre>
edge_batch_top_final
#### Volcano Plots
# Create up, none, down labels for color then plot
# Control 1 vs. Expression
edge batch top volcano <- as.data.frame(edge batch top) %>%
  mutate(threshold = ifelse((logFC >= 0 & FDR < 0.01), "up_sig",</pre>
                             ifelse((logFC <= 0 & FDR < 0.01) ,
                                     "down_sig", "not_sig")))
edge_batch_top_volcano$threshold[is.na(edge_batch_top_volcano$threshold)] <- "not_sig"</pre>
edge_batch_vol_1 \leftarrow ggplot(edge_batch_top_volcano, aes(x = logFC, y = -log10(PValue))) +
  geom point(aes(colour = threshold), size=1) +
  ggtitle("Control vs. Expression with edgeR: Batch Corrected") +
  theme(plot.title = element text(hjust = 0.5)) +
  ylim(0,50) + xlim(-6,6) +
  scale_colour_manual(values=c("blue", "grey", "red3"),
                       name="Threshold 0.01"
                       name="Threshold 0.01",
breaks=c("down_sig", "not_sig", "up_sig"),
                       labels=c("Down", "None", "Up"))
edge_batch_vol_1
# Connect to ensemble database and label gene ids with gene symbol
mart <- useMart("ENSEMBL_MART_ENSEMBL", "hsapiens_gene_ensembl")</pre>
gene_symbol <- getBM(c("hgnc_symbol","ensembl_gene_id"), "ensembl_gene_id",</pre>
row.names(edge_batch_top_final), mart)
colnames(gene symbol)[2] <- "genes"</pre>
gene symbol
#row.names(edge batch top final)[match(gene symbol[,2], row.names(edge batch top final))] <-</pre>
gene symbol[,1]
#row.names(edge_batch_top_final)
# Top 30 EdgeR
edge batch top final <- as.data.frame(edge batch top final)</pre>
setDT(edge batch top final, keep.rownames = TRUE)[]
colnames(edge batch top final)[1] <- "genes"</pre>
edge batch top final
edge batch top final <- join(gene symbol, edge batch top final, type = "full", by = "genes")
edge batch top final <- edge batch top final[order(edge batch top final$FDR),]</pre>
edge batch top final
edge_batch_top_final$expression <- NA</pre>
edge batch top final$expression[edge batch top final$logFC > 0 ] <- "up"</pre>
edge_batch_top_final$expression[edge_batch_top_final$logFC < 0 ] <- "down"</pre>
edge_batch_top_final <- edge_batch_top_final[order(edge_batch_top_final$FDR),]</pre>
colnames(edge_batch_top_final)[1:2] <- c("genes", "gene_ids")</pre>
edge batch top final
### Compare DESeq2 and edgeR with correction for batch effects
# Compare Control vs. Expression (intersect)
# Filter for threshold 0.01
```

```
deseq_top_batch <- filter(deseq_top_batch, padj < 0.01)</pre>
edge_batch_top_final <- filter(edge_batch_top_final, FDR < 0.01)</pre>
# All significant
deseq_top_list <- as.vector(deseq_top_batch$genes) # 1218</pre>
length(deseq_top_list)
edge_top_list <- as.vector(edge_batch_top_final$genes) # 1429</pre>
length(edge_top_list)
length(intersect(deseq_top_list, edge_top_list)) # 944
# Upregulated
deseq top list up <- deseq top batch[deseq top batch$expression == "up",] # 720</pre>
nrow(deseq top list up)
deseq_top_list_up <- as.vector(deseq_top_list_up$genes)</pre>
edge_top_list_up <- edge_batch_top_final[edge_batch_top_final$expression == "up",] # 738</pre>
nrow(edge_top_list_up)
edge_top_list_up <- as.vector(edge_top_list_up$genes)</pre>
length(intersect(deseq_top_list_up, edge_top_list_up)) # 577
# Downregulated
deseq top list down <- deseq top batch[deseq top batch$expression == "down",] #498</pre>
nrow(deseq top list down)
deseq_top_list_down <- as.vector(deseq_top_list_down$genes)</pre>
edge_top_list_down <- edge_batch_top_final[edge_batch_top_final$expression == "down",] # 691</pre>
nrow(edge_top_list_down)
edge_top_list_down <- as.vector(edge_top_list_down$genes)</pre>
length(intersect(deseq_top_list_down, edge_top_list_down)) # 367
### Compare heatmaps
deseg batch heat 1
edge_batch_heat_1
### Compare volanco plots
vol_lay <- rbind(c(1,1,1,2,2,2,2),</pre>
                 c(1,1,1,2,2,2,2))
tiff("final_volcano_batch.tiff", units="in", width=9, height=5, res=300)
grid.arrange(des_batch_vol_1 + theme(legend.position = 'none',
                                       title = element_text(size = 9),
                                       axis.title = element text(size =8),
                                       axis.text = element text(size = 7)),
             edge batch vol 1+ theme(title = element text(size = 9),
                                       axis.title = element text(size =8),
                                       axis.text = element text(size = 7)),
             ncol = 2, layout matrix = vol lay)
dev.off()
```