

Exploring Universal Studios' Amusement Park Wait Times with SAS Visual Analytics

Description

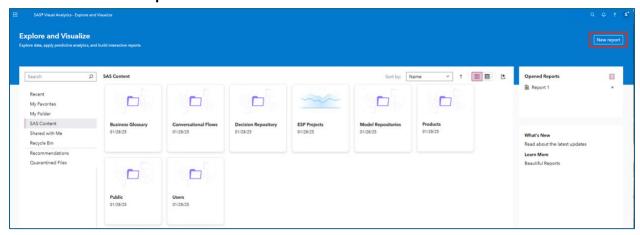
This use case walks through a basic visualization task within SAS Visual Analytics. Participants will explore the *Universal Studios Wait Time* dataset to analyze data about the amusement park, such as attractions, temperature, precipitation, and wait times. To complete the task, hackers will be asked a series of questions about their findings.

Objectives

- Load the **WAITING_TIMES** datasets into a SAS Visual Analytics report.
- Explore the variables and trends with point-and-click visualization tools.

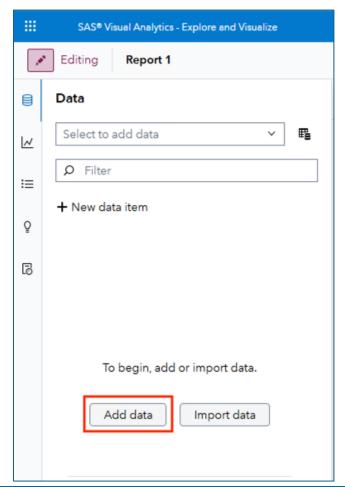
Step-by-step instructions

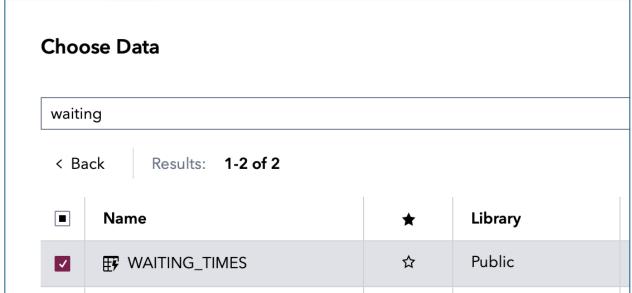
- Log into SAS Viya.
- Navigate to **Explore and Visualize** (SAS Visual Analytics) within the Application Menu.
- Start a New report.



• Add the WAITING_TIMES dataset to the report.









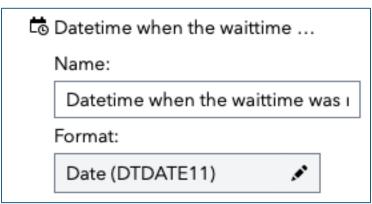
 Notice that the variables available in the **Data pane** are grouped into two main sections: **Category** and **Measure**. Take a moment to familiarize yourself with the variables available.

QUESTION 1: How many attractions are listed in the data?

 Many of the variables are far from perfect. To change the name of a variable to make them a bit more useful, click the **Edit properties** drop down arrows next to the variable name.



- Expand the properties for categorical, datetime, and measure variables and notice that they have different options for what can be changed.
- For a better visualization, change the Format of "Datetime when the waittime was retrieved" to Date.

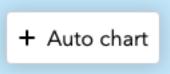


• **Measure** variables have a default aggregation of Sum, which is sometimes helpful... and sometimes leaves us with absurd numbers. Don't believe me? Select "The main weather condition" and "Humidity in % from 0 to 100" from the **Data** pane and drag the two variables onto the page.



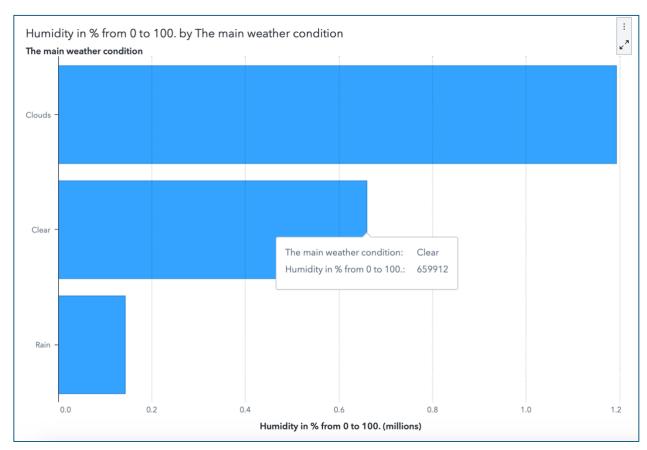
∨ Category
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ightharpoonup The main weather condition - 3 $ ightharpoonup$
\square M The name of the attraction - 16
∨ Measure
☐ � Atmospheric pressure on t 👪
☐ � Average visibility in meters. T
☐ � Frequency
✓ ♦ Humidity in % from 0 to 100. 👪 🗧
☐ � Maximum temperature at t 👪

• You'll get a popup saying "+Auto chart" before you drop.



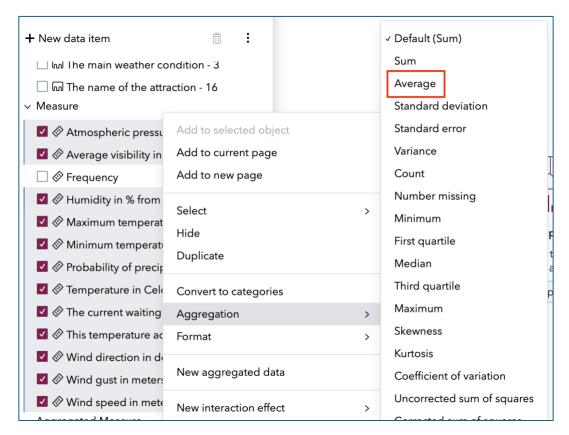
• And your visualization will look something like the following. I told you it was crazy numbers!





• Take some time adjusting variable names and formats, as well as changing aggregations to **Average** for all **Measure** variables except *Frequency*. Fun fact: You can do this in one swoop by selecting all the variables and right-clicking, like so:



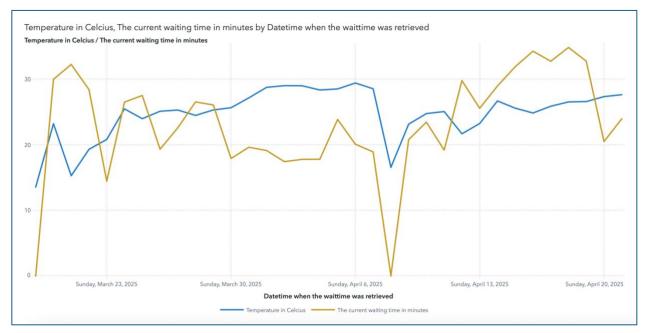


 Note that changing variable names might create discrepancies in further instructions and screenshots.

QUESTION 2: Looking back at your bar chart for "Humidity in % from 0 to 100 by the main weather condition," which weather condition has the highest humidity percent?

- Let's get down to exploring through visualizations!
- Drag-and-drop your *date* variable along with *Temperature* and *Current waiting time* in minutes variables onto the canvas.

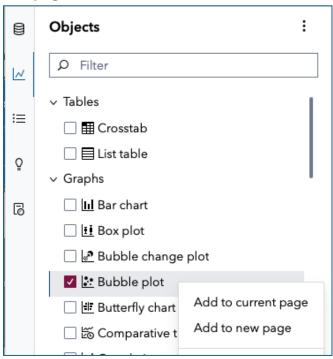




What do you see?

QUESTION 3: Do you notice a particular trend between temperature and wait times?

- Time to finish strong with one more visualization a bubble plot! This will allow us to see several dimensions of data. You ready?
- From the Objects pane on the left sidebar, right click the Bubble plot object and select Add to new page.



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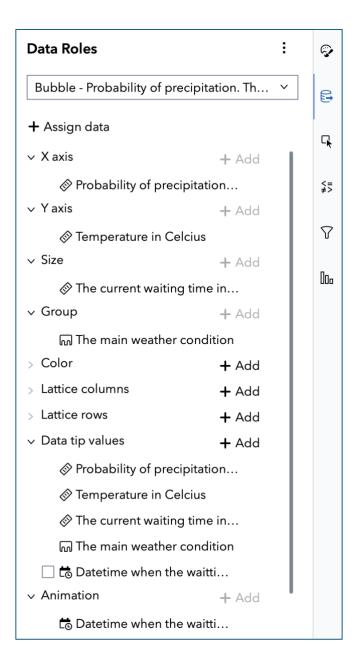
• You've added the bubble plot to your canvas, but you need to tell SAS which variables to use. Assign the following:

a. X axis: Probability of precipitation

b. Yaxis: Temperature

c. Size: Current Wait Time in minutesd. Group: Main Weather Condition

e. Animation: Datetime when the waittime was retrieved





 You can now see snapshots of wait times by the temperature and precipitation, grouped by weather conditions – AND you can step throughout time to see how it changes.

QUESTION 4: Find the snapshot for Monday, March 24, 2025. What were the weather conditions on that day, and which had the longer waittime?