

Index

- @, 238
- $\mathcal{G}_{\mathcal{A},t}$, 260
- $T(\mathcal{A})$, 252
- $T(\varphi)$, 270
- $\mathcal{T}_{A,k}^\omega$, 251
- $\mathcal{T}_\Sigma^{\text{unr}}$, 237
- AC^0 , 449
- ACC^0 , 449
- CC^0 , 449
- \mathcal{D} -class, 932
 - rank, 932
 - regular, 932
 - structure group, 932
- NC, 449
- NC^1 , 449
- TC^0 , 449
- $\text{dom}(u)$, 589
- $\text{cuts}(u)$, 589
- $\text{inner-cuts}(u)$, 589
- ω -semigroup, 648
- \sim_s , 591
- *-semiring, 657
 - left handed inductive, 677
 - partial, 657
 - right handed inductive, 677
 - symmetric inductive, 678
- $\text{dom}(t)$, 222
- $\text{ext}(t)$, 238
- $\text{fcns}(t)$, 238
- k -automaton, 827
- 2-renewing sequence, 486
- Ap**, 512
- abelianisation map, 871
- abelian group
 - free, 781, 792
- abstract numeration system, 870
- AC^0 , 515
- accepted, *see* automaton
- accepting run
 - of a tree automaton, 252
- accessible, 6, 9
- action
 - free, 788
- action algebra, 681
- action lattice, 682
- Adam, 257
- adjacency matrix, 898
- Alëshin group, 804, 808
 - is free, 815
- algebraic power series, 845
- algebraic extension, 771
- algorithm, *see* McNaughton–Yamada
- almost finite type shift, 931
- almost prime, 833
- alphabet, 4
 - canonical, 860
 - involutive, 760
- alphabetic
 - matrix, 908
- amalgamated free product, 782
- amenable group, 807
- analytic sets, 630
- anticipation, block map, 898
- aperiodic, *see* identities
- aperiodic tiling, 89
- aperiodic monoid, 771
- Arden’s lemma, 46, 49, 64, 66
- arena, 257
- arithmetic
 - integer and real, 1083
 - Presburger, 867, 1072
 - progression, 859
- arithmetical hierarchy, 716
- array
 - periodic, 885
 - pseudo-periodic, 885
 - ultimately periodic, 885
- Artin-Schreier polynomial, 851
- Artin group, 795
- automata
 - desert, 705

- equivalent, 7
- automata group, 761, 801–818
 - [regular] [weakly] branch, 809
 - contracting, 807
 - nuclear, 806
 - word problem, 806
- automatic real numbers, 835
- automatic sequence, 827
- automatic set, 829
- automatic group, 791–799
 - biautomatic, 794
 - normal forms, 791
 - quadratic isoperimetric inequality, 796
 - right/left, 794
 - word problem in quadratic time, 796
- automatic structure, 792
 - geodesic, 793
 - with uniqueness, 793
- automaton, 6, 43, 60, 663
 - α -extensible, 489
 - Černý, 484
 - accessible, 9
 - almost finite type, 334
 - behaviour of –, 43, 61, 65
 - bipartite, 921
 - bounded, 806
 - coaccessible, 9
 - complete, 9, 928
 - conjugate, 908
 - contained in another, 926
 - cyclic, 332
 - decomposition, 922
 - depth, 323
 - deterministic, 8, 913
 - dimension of –, 43
 - edge, 906
 - essential, 906
 - Eulerian, 490
 - expansion, 935
 - extended, 33
 - extension, 910
 - finite truncated, 783
 - Fischer, 916
 - flower, 763
 - in-split, 924
 - inherently weak, 1089
 - inverse, 762
 - involutive, 762
 - Kari, 492
 - Krieger, 914
 - labeled out-merge, 910
 - labeled out-split, 910
 - labeled in-merge, 908
 - labeled in-split, 908
 - language accepted by –, 43
 - language recognised by –, 43
 - left delay, 930
 - local, 26, 334, 926
 - looping tree
 - independent (ILTA), 695
 - minimal, 18, 320, 913, 917
 - minimal complete, 18
 - minimal nondeterministic, 345
 - Nerode, 17
 - one-cluster, 493
 - quotient, 320
 - real number, 882
 - real vector, 882
 - reduced, 913
 - reduction, 917
 - reversal, 322
 - right delay, 930
 - semi, 324
 - series accepted by –, 65
 - shift recognized, 906
 - simple, 337
 - slow, 324
 - slow for Hopcroft, 331
 - slow for Moore, 331
 - splitter, 321
 - Stallings, 764
 - standard, 10
 - standard –, 55
 - standard local, 928
 - standard weighted –, 67
 - state, 906
 - subset accepted by –, 61
 - symbolic conjugate, 919
 - synchronized, 913
 - synchronizing, 475
 - trie, 335
 - trim, 907

- weak, 1083
- weighted –, 64
- automaton (of an expression)
 - derived term –, 69, 70
 - derived-term –, 59
 - equation –, 70
 - follow –, 70
 - Glushkov –, 54, 67, 70
 - position –, 54, 70
 - standard –, 55, 61, 67, 70
 - Thompson –, 57, 61
- automorphism
 - orbits, 783
 - Whitehead, 774
- backward, *see* closure
- Baire space, 627
- base complement, 1069, 1081
- base- k expansion, 827
- Basilica group, 805, 807
 - is amenable, 807
 - is regular weakly branch, 809
 - presentation, 808
- basis, 449
 - complete, 449
 - numeration, 860
 - standard, 449
- Baumslag-Solitar group, 800, 804
- Beatty sequence, 91
- behaviour, *see* automaton
- Bertrand numeration basis, 861
- beta-polynomial
 - canonical, 862
 - extended, 862
- biautomatic group, 794
 - conjugacy problem, 797
- bicombing, 799
- bifix code, 768
- bipartite automaton, 921
 - components, 922
- bireversible Mealy automaton, 803, 814–818
- bisimulation
 - strong timed, 1136
 - time-abstract, 1136
- black-box checking, 378
- Blikle net, 671
- block, 898
 - substitution, 898
- block decomposition, *see* matrix
- block map, 883
 - anticipation, 898
 - memory, 898
 - sliding, 898
- Boolean operators, 1068
- Borel hierarchy, 627
- Borel set, 627
- boundary
 - hyperbolic, 772, 775
- BOUNDED-SYNCHRONIZING-COLORING, 501
- bounded gap, 863
- bounded group, 806
 - is amenable, 807
 - is contracting, 807
- Bowen-Franks group, 905
- branched covering, 811
 - combinatorially equivalent, 811
- branch group, 808–809
- broken derivation, *see* derivation
- canonical
 - beta-polynomial, 862
- canonical alphabet, 860
- Cantor normal form, 626
- Cantor space, 627
- cardinal arithmetic, 626
- cardinal number, 624, 625
- Cayley automaton, 813
- Cayley graph, 781, 788
- cellular automaton
 - one-way real-time, 701
- Černý conjecture, 485
- Černý function, 485
- characteristic
 - polynomial, 861
 - sequence, 865
- characteristic mapping, 355
- characteristic vector, 491
- Christol's theorem, 850
- circuit, 447
 - class, 449

- depth, 448
- size, 448
- uniformity, 448
- width, 448
- class of languages, 520
- Classification Theorem, 904
- clock constraint, 1131
 - k -bounded, 1132
 - diagonal, 1131
 - diagonal-free, 1131
- closure
 - deterministic, 540
 - polynomial, 541
 - unambiguous, 540
- closure (backward), 54
- CNF, 626
- co-induction, 71
- coaccessible, 6, 9
- coarser partition, 319
- Cobham's theorem, 859, 1071, 1083
- code
 - bifix, 768
 - sliding block, 883
- coding, 828, 864
- coefficient, *see* series
- cofinality, 637
- coincidence condition, 478
- coloring (of a graph), 493
- column division matrix, 902
- combing of group, 794
- commensurator of group, 771
- common prefix, 340
- commutator in groups, 760
- complement, 1069
- complete, 629
- complete automaton, 928
- complexity function, 865
- components, 922
- compressible pair, 496
- compressible set, 496
- computable operation, *see* language operation, computable
- computable real number, 834
- computation, 79
- concatenation, 5, 453
 - mod_p -concatenation, 453
- cone type, 790, 798
- configuration in Hopcroft's algorithm, 326
- confluent states, 335
- congruence, 761, 917
 - syntactic, 918
- Conjecture
 - Sakarovitch, 780
- conjugacy
 - labeled, 908
 - of shifts, 899
- conjugacy problem, 760
- conjugate automata, 908
 - symbolic, 919
- conjugates, 709
- conjugate elements, 760
- consistency problem, 363
- constant term
 - of a language, 43
 - of a series, 64
 - of an expression, 43
- constraint
 - equality, 1072, 1084
 - inequation, 1075, 1087
 - linear, 1072, 1075, 1076, 1084, 1087
 - modular, 1072, 1076
- context
 - of a word, 917
- context, right, 913, 914
- context-free
 - word problem submonoid, 781
- context-free language, 84
- continuity, 629
- continuous, 629
- continuous operation, *see* language operation, continuous
- contracting automaton/group, 806, 807, 812
- contraction
 - graph, 905
 - symbol, 904
- Conway, *see* semiring
- Conway's leap, 658
- couple, 481
- Coxeter group, 795
- Cramér's model, 832
- Cross-Section Theorem, 83
- Curtis–Lyndon–Hedlund Theorem, 898

- cut, 589
 - inner, 589
- cyclic automaton, 332
- cylinder, 883
- D0L language, 100
- decidable, 35
- decision problem
 - HD0L (ultimate) periodicity problem, 888
- decomposition, 922
 - prefix-suffix, 340
- Decomposition Theorem, 903
- delay
 - left, 930
 - right, 930
- denoted, *see* expression
- depth, *see* expression
- depth of Moore's algorithm, 323
- derivation (of an expression), 57, 61
 - broken –, 70
 - \mathbb{K} - –, 68
- derivative (of an expression), 70
 - partial –, 70
- derived term (of an expression), 58, 68
 - true –, 58, 68
- derived-term, *see* automaton (of...)
- deterministic transducer, 78
- determinacy, 258, 630, 631
- determined game, 631
- deterministic automaton, 913
- determinization
 - NDD, 1075
- digit, 1069
 - sign, 1070, 1081
- direct sum, 659
- Dirichlet's theorem, 833
- disjunctive rational subset, 780
- distance
 - geodesic, 768
 - prefix metric, 772
 - profinite, 516
 - word metric, 790
- divisible group, 852
- division matrix, 902
- document type definitions, 242
- domain, 589
 - of a tree, 251
- dominating eigenvalue, 872
- dot-depth, 462
- DTD, 242
- Dyck language, 781
- dynamical system, 882
 - factor, 882
 - isomorphism, 883
 - minimal, 882
 - periodic, 882
- edge, 898
 - consecutive, 898
 - initial vertex, 898
 - source, 898
 - target, 898
 - terminal vertex, 898
- edge in-merging map, 902
- edge in-splitting map, 902
- edge shift, 898
- Ehrenfeucht-Fraïssé game, 533
- Eilenberg's Theorem, 522
- elementary equivalent matrices, 903, 911
- emptiness problem, 1134
- emptiness problem, 226
- empty word, 76
- encoding
 - dual, 1081
 - extension, 238
 - first-child-next-sibling, 238
 - fractional part, 1081, 1084
 - integer numbers, 1069
 - integer part, 1081, 1084
 - integer vectors, 1070
 - real numbers, 1081
 - real vectors, 1081
 - relation, 1068
 - serialized, 1070, 1075, 1079, 1082
 - valid, 1069, 1070, 1081
- endomorphism
 - extension, 775
 - virtually injective, 775
- entropy, 900
- equation
 - profinite, 518

- explicit, 518
 - symmetrical, 520
- equation automaton, *see* automaton (of...)
- equations
 - with rational constraints, 783
- equivalence
 - Moore, 322
 - Nerode, 320
- equivalent, *see* expression
- equivalent matrices
 - elementary, 911
 - strong shift, 911
 - symbolic elementary, 921
 - symbolic strong shift, 921
- erasing substitution, 873
- ergodic measure, 883
- essential
 - automaton, 906
 - graph, 898
- euclidean division, 626
- Eva, 257
- even shift, 897
- existential theory of equations, 783
- expansion
 - α -expansion, 861
 - automaton, 935
 - graph, 905
 - symbol, 904
- explicit
 - profinite equation, 518
- expression, 42
 - constant term of $-$, 43
 - depth of $-$, 42
 - derivation of $-$, *see* derivation
 - equivalent $-$ s, 42
 - language denoted by $-$, 42
 - literal length of $-$, 42
 - rational $-$, 42
 - reduced $-$, 46, 66
 - regular, 453
 - regular $-$, 42
 - series denoted by $-$, 64
 - star height of $-$, 52
 - star-normal form, *see* star-normal form
 - valid $-$, 64
 - weighted rational $-$, 64, 71
- extended
 - beta-polynomial, 862
- extension
 - algebraic, 771
 - finite-index, 771
 - HNN, 782
- extension automaton, 910
- factor, 76
- factor map, 883
- FCNS, 238
- fellow traveller property, 792
- final state, 78
- F_∞ group, 796
- finite automata
 - non-uniform, 453
 - partially ordered, 470
 - two way, 470
- finite automaton
 - alternating (AFA), 694
 - Boolean, 694
 - nondeterministic (NFA), 694
 - universal, 704
- finite substitution, 77, 100
- finite-state transduction, 79
- finite-valued transduction, 80
- finite order element, 760
- first-order logic, 270
- Fischer automaton, 916
- fixed point, 673, 864
- fixed point induction, 677, 678
- fixed point of morphism, 828
- fixpoint, 932
- flow equivalent, 904
- FO, 270
- follow automaton, *see* automaton (of...)
- forbidden factors, 897
- forbidden pattern, 530
- formula
 - first-order, 532
 - monadic second-order, 531
- free
 - monoid, 5
 - semigroup, 5
 - variable, 867
- free ω -semigroup, 648

- free monoid, 57
- free group, 761, 808, 816
 - basis, 761
 - free factor, 770
 - generalized word problem, 765
 - is residually finite, 773
 - rank, 762
- free product, 816
 - amalgamated, 782
- full shift, 897
- function
 - basis, 449
- functorial star, 668
- Fundamental theorem
 - of finite automata, 42, 43, 61, 65
- fundamental group, 788, 790
 - of 3-fold is automatic, 795
 - of negatively curved manifold, 799
- fusion of states, 334
- future of a state, 320

- Gale-Stewart game, 631
- game, 258
- gate, 448
 - generalized input, 448
 - input, 448
 - output, 448
- genealogical order, 870
- generalized power series, 851
- generalized word problem, 761, 799
- generating set, *see* monoid
- generator, 629
- geodesic distance, 768
- Glushkov, *see* automaton (of...)
- golden mean shift, 897
- good substitution, 877
- grammar
 - Boolean, 699
 - conjunctive, 698
 - linear, 701
 - context-free, 697
- graph, 480, 898
 - adjacency matrix, 898
 - Cayley, 788
 - contraction, 905
 - edge, 898
 - essential, 898
 - Eulerian, 490
 - expansion, 905
 - higher edge, 899
 - in-merge, 901
 - in-split, 901
 - morphism, 901
 - of a letter, 496
 - of constant out-degree, 493
 - path, 898
 - primitive, 494
 - Schreier, 768, 779, 789, 807
 - state, 898
 - strongly connected, 490
 - vertex, 898
 - Wielandt, 500
- graphs of groups, 782
- greedy algorithm
 - compression, 486
 - extension, 489
- Green relations, 932
- Grigorchuk group, 800, 802, 804, 810
 - conjugacy problem, 806
 - generalized word problem, 806
 - has intermediate growth, 810
 - is regular branch, 809
 - is torsion, 808
 - presentation, 808
- group, 451
 - p -group, 451
 - affine, 803, 813, 814
 - Alëshin, 804
 - amenable, 807
 - Artin, 781, 795
 - asynchronously automatic, 794
 - automata, 761, 803
 - automatic, 791
 - of an automaton, 801
 - ball of radius n in, 790
 - Basilica, 805
 - Baumslag-Solitar, 800, 804, 814
 - biautomatic, 794
 - bounded, 806
 - braid, 795
 - branch, 808, 809
 - conjugacy separable, 806

- Coxeter, 795
- F_∞ , 796
- finite, 780
- finitely presented, 761, 782, 788
- free, 761
- free abelian, 781, 792
- free partially abelian, 781
- functionally recursive, 803
- graph, 781, 783
- Grigorchuk, 804
- growth, 809–811
- Gupta-Sidki, 804
- Heisenberg, 800
- iterated monodromy, 812
- Kazhdan, 818
- lamplighter, 804
- mapping class, 795
- nilpotent, 774, 782, 800
- p -, 774, 804, 808
- relatively hyperbolic, 799
- relators of a, 788
- residually finite, 773
- right angled Artin, 781
- self-similar, 803, 811
- semi-hyperbolic, 799
- surface, 789
- VH-, 817
- virtually abelian, 782
- virtually free, 781, 783
- word-hyperbolic, 783, 797
- growing
 - letter, 875
 - substitution, 876
- growth
 - maximal, 876
- growth type, 875, 876
 - less, 875
- growth function, 790
- growth of groups, 809–811
 - exponential, 810
 - intermediate, 810
 - non-uniformly exponential, 810
 - polynomial, 809
- growth series, 790
- gsm, 78
- Gupta-Sidki group, 800, 802, 804
 - is regular branch, 809
 - is torsion, 808
- Hahn's power series, 851
- HD0L (ultimate) periodicity problem, 888
- hedge, 238
- hedge automaton
 - language of, 239
 - nondeterministic, 239
- height, *see* star height, 222
- height of a state, 336
- Heisenberg group, 800
- hierarchy
 - dot-depth, 462
- higher
 - block shift, 899
 - edge graph, 899
- HNN extension, 782
- Hopcroft
 - automaton slow, 324
- Hopcroft's algorithm
 - configuration, 326
 - splitter, 325
 - waiting set, 325
- hyper-arithmetical set, 716
- hyperbolic
 - boundary, 772, 798
 - space, 797
- hyperbolic graph, 807
- hyperbolic plane, 790
- ideal, 657
- idempotent, 932
- identities
 - aperiodic –, 47, 70
 - natural –, 46, 66
 - rational –, 46
 - trivial –, 46, 66, 67
- identity, 510
 - classical, 676
 - group, 667
 - matrix star, 660
 - permutation, 660
 - product star, 657
 - sum star, 657
- identity of unary algebras, 479

- heterotypical, 479
- homotypical, 479
- in-merge
 - graph morphism, 901
 - labeled, 908
 - of graph, 901
- in-split
 - labeled, 908
 - of graph, 901
- in-splitting map, 919
- incidence matrix, 871
- inclusion problem, 1150
- incompressible pair, 496
- incompressible set, 496
- index of a partition, 319
- initial state, 78
- initializable, 643
- injective morphism, 88
- input alphabet, 78
- integer
 - multiplicatively dependent, 859
 - multiplicatively independent, 859
- integer and real arithmetic, 1083
- intersection, 1068
- invariant
 - measure, 883
- inverse morphism, 77
- irreducible
 - matrix, 871
 - substitution, 871
- irreducible automaton, 833
- irreducible shift, 915
- isomorphism problem, 761, 799
- isoperimetric inequality, 796, 799
- J**, 512
- J**₁, 510
- \mathcal{J}^+ , 515
- \mathcal{J} -trivial, 512
- join, 537
- Julia set, 812
- k -block, 898
- k -recognizable set, 858
- Kazhdan group, 818
- kernel, 81, 828, 831
- k -kernel, 864
- Kleene algebra, 678
 - left handed, 677
 - residuated, 681
 - right handed, 677
 - with domain, 679
 - with tests, 679
- Kleene lattice, 679
- Kleene monoid, 70
- Kleene's theorem, 40, 44, 61, 65
- Krieger automaton, 914
- Krohn-Rhodes Theorem, 543
- Kronecker's theorem, 859
- label, 6
- labeled
 - conjugacy, 908
 - in-merge, 908
 - in-split, 908
 - out-merge, 910
 - out-split, 910
- lamplighter group, 804
- language, 5
 - Σ_1 , 526
 - accepted, *see* automaton
 - conjunctive, 698–700
 - linear, 701–702
 - constant term of –, 43
 - context-free, 697–698
 - denoted, *see* expression
 - dense, 528
 - Dyck, 701, 781
 - fragile, 711
 - group, 714
 - polynomial of, 714
 - left, 320
 - local, 25
 - non-counting, 460
 - of a tree automaton, 252
 - P-complete, 702
 - piecewise-testable, 511, 524
 - prime, 702, 711
 - quotient, 514
 - rational, 775
 - rational –, 42
 - recognisable –, 44

- recognised, *see* automaton
- recognizable, 7, 775
- recognized, 7
- recursive, 703, 706–712
- recursively enumerable (r.e.), 706–712
- right, 320
- sequence, limit of, 691
- slender, 528
- sparse, 528
- star-free, 454, 538
- super-turtle, 471
- turtle, 471
- unambiguous, 470
- with zero, 527
- language equation, 690
 - explicit, 696
 - resolved, 696
 - strict, 696
- language operation
 - computable, 706
 - continuous, 691–692
 - monotone, 692–693, 714
 - word-based, 693
- lattice
 - generated by a set, 537
 - of languages, 518
- Laurent series, 850
- leaf
 - transitions, 223
- learner, 355
- learning
 - from given data, 363
 - in the limit, 355
 - MAT-learning, 360
 - through a minimally adequate teacher, 360
- left
 - delay, 930
- left language, 320
- length, 5
- length of a word, 76
- letter
 - neutral, 456
- letters, 4
- limit space, 812
- Lindenmayer system, 716
- linear numeration basis, 860
- linear ordering, 589
- linear recurrence, 842
- linear time computation, 834
- linked pair, 649
- Liouville number, 836
- Liouville's inequality, 835
- literal length, *see* expression
- local automaton, 334
- local automaton, 926
 - standard, 928
- loop
 - complexity, 53
 - index, 53
- Lyndon word, 338
- Mal'cev product, 539
- map
 - abelianisation, 871
 - edge in-merging, 902
 - edge in-splitting, 902
 - edge out-merging, 902
 - edge out-splitting, 902
 - in-merging, 920
 - in-splitting, 919
 - out-splitting, 920
 - Parikh, 871
 - sliding block, 898
- mapping
 - automatic, 801
- marker, 86
- marking, 86
- matrix
 - adjacency, 898
 - alphabetic, 908
 - block decomposition of –, 51
 - column division, 902
 - elementary equivalent, 903, 911
 - incidence, 871
 - irreducible, 871
 - primitive, 871
 - row division, 902
 - similar, 921
 - strong shift equivalent, 904, 911
 - symbolic elementary equivalent, 921
 - symbolic strong shift equivalent, 921

- transition, 908
- transition \rightarrow , 44
- matrix representation, 84
- matrix embedding, 802
- max-regular, 650
- maximal growth, 876
 - word, 876
- McNaughton's and Papert's Theorem, 535
- McNaughton–Yamada algorithm, 45, 49, 65, 70
- Mealy machine, 78
- Mealy automaton, 801
 - bireversible, 803, 814–818
 - Cayley automaton, 813, 814
 - contracting, 807
 - dual, 803
 - nuclear, 806
 - reset machine, 813
 - reversible, 803, 813
- measure
 - ergodic, 883
 - invariant, 883
 - uniquely ergodic, 883
- membership game, 260
- membership problem, 761
 - rational subset, 782
- memory, block map, 898
- merge of states, 334
- mergeable states, 334
- method
 - recursive, 45, 51, 65
 - state-elimination, 45, 47, 65, 70
 - system-solution, 45, 48, 65, 66
- military order, 870
- minimal
 - automaton, 913, 917
 - dynamical system, 882
 - nondeterministic automaton, 345
 - strongly connected component, 916
- minimal automaton, 320
- minimization, 1069
- monadic second-order logic, 270
- monadic second-order logic, 229
- monoid, 4, 450
 - aperiodic, 512, 771
 - aperiodic, group-free, 451
 - automatic, 794
 - countably factorizable, 671
 - finitely factorizable, 661
 - finitely generated \rightarrow , 60, 63
 - free, 5, 450
 - free profinite, 517
 - generating set of \rightarrow , 60
 - graded \rightarrow , 46, 63
 - idempotent and commutative, 510
 - inverse, 763, 771
 - Kleene \rightarrow , 70
 - non-solvable, 451
 - partial, 661
 - rational \rightarrow , 71
 - solvable, 451
 - syntactic, 450, 779
 - transition, 763, 771
- monotone operation, *see* language operation, monotone
- Moore
 - automaton slow, 324
- Moore equivalence, 322
- Moore algorithm
 - depth, 323
- morphic composition, 77
- morphic equivalence problem, 99
- morphism, 76, 828
 - fixed point, 864
 - graph, 901
 - length multiplying, 516
 - non-erasing, 515, 525
 - of shifts, 898
 - prolongable, 864
 - recognizing, 37
 - semigroup, 904
 - uniform, 864
- morphism of automata, 18
- morphism of deterministic automata, 763
- Morse–Hedlund's theorem, 865
- MSO, 229, 270
 - definable, 229
- multidimensional automatic set, 831
- multidimensional automaton, 831
- multiplication (exterior), 63
- multiplicative labelling, 589
- multiplicatively

- dependent, 859
- independent, 859
- multitape automaton, 79
- Myhill-Nerode theorem, 353
- NDD, 858, 1071
 - completion, 1079
 - construction, 1072, 1075, 1076
 - determinization, 1075
 - expressive power, 1071
 - operations, 1076
 - projection, 1078
 - quantification, 1077
 - size, 1074
- negative examples, 356
- Nerode congruence, 320
- Nerode equivalence, 19
- NFHA, 239
- NFTA, 223
- nilpotent group, 774, 800
- Nivat's conjecture, 867
- non-self dual, 636
- non-self dual class, 637
- non-uniformity, 448
- nondeterministic automaton
 - minimal, 345
- nonerasing morphism, 76
- normalization, 860
- normalized transducer, 80
- nucleus of a Mealy automaton, 807
- number
 - beta-number
 - β -number, 861
 - Parry, 861
 - Perron, 872
 - Pisot, 861
- Number Decision Diagram, 1071
- Number Decision Diagram, 858
- numeration basis
 - Bertrand, 861
- numeration base, 1069, 1081
- numeration basis, 860
 - linear, 860
- numeration system
 - abstract, 870
- observation table, 354
- closed, 354
- consistent, 354
 - for words, 354
- occurrence, 5
- omega
 - ω -power, 517
- operation
 - boolean, 453
 - star, 453
- order
 - genealogical, 870
 - military, 870
 - radix, 870
- order-type, 625
- ordered semigroup, 917
- order problem, 761, 799
- ordinal number, 624
- out-merge, 902
 - labeled, 910
- out-split
 - labeled, 910
- out-splitting map, 920
- output alphabet, 78
- p -group, 774, 804, 808
- p -substitution, 885
- Parikh map, 871
- parity game, 258
- Parry number, 861
- partial signature, 335
- partition, 319, 901
 - coarser, 319
 - refinement, 319
- past of a state, 320
- path, 6
 - accepting, 6
 - end, 6
 - final, 6
 - initial, 6
 - length, 6
 - origin, 6
 - successful, 6
- path in a graph, 898
- perfect field, 847
- period, 865, 900
- periodic

- array, 885
- dynamical system, 882
- inside X , 885
- locally periodic, 885
- word, 865
- periodic tiling, 89
- Perron
 - number, 872
 - theorem, 871
- Perron–Frobenius’ theorem, 872
- Pisot
 - number, 861
 - numeration system, 861
- play, 257
- pointed ω -semigroup, 649
- polish space, 627
- polynomial, 63
- positional strategy, 258
- positionally determined, 258
- positive examples, 356
- power series, *see* series
- pre-fixed point, 673
- prebase, 70
- prefix, 76
- prefix code, 477
 - maximal, 477
 - synchronized, 477
- prefix tree acceptor, 353
- prefix-closed, 352
- prefix-suffix decomposition, 340
- prefix metric, 772
- preorder, 917
 - stable, 917
- preperiod, 865
- Presburger arithmetic, 867, 1072, 1077
 - decision, 1079
 - quantifiers, 1077
 - transformation, 1080
- primitive
 - matrix, 871
 - substitution, 871
 - substitutive w.r.t. σ , 872
- problem
 - Post correspondence, 782
- problem, decision, 760–761, 789
 - conjugacy, 760
 - isomorphism, 761
 - membership, 761
 - order, 761
 - word, 760
 - generalized, 761
- product, 4, 5, 451
 - 2-sided semidirect, 543
 - deterministic, 540
 - prefix, 451
 - semidirect, 542
 - suffix, 451
 - unambiguous, 540
 - wreath, 542
- profinite
 - \mathcal{C} -identity, 521
 - ordered, 521
 - distance, 516
 - equality, 520
 - equation, 518
 - inequality, 520
 - monoid, 517
- program
 - branching, 453
 - super-turtle, 471
 - turtle, 470
- progression
 - arithmetic, 859
- projection, 76, 458, 630
- projective hierarchy, 630
- prolongable morphism, 864
- prolongable morphism, 828
- proper, *see* series
- property
 - fellow traveller, 792
 - geometric, 791
 - (T), 818
- pseudovariety, 510, 936
 - \mathcal{C} -pseudovariety of stamps, 522
 - of finite semigroups, 515
- pumping lemma, 7, 832
- $[p]$ -pure subgroup, 771
- pure induction, 682
- purely substitutive word, 864
- QA , 515
- QA**, 515

- quantale, 671
- quasi-automatic function, 852
- quasi-geodesic, 798
- quasi-identity, 669
- quasi-isometry, 781, 791
- quasi-variety, 669, 679
- quotient
 - of a language, 57
 - of a series, 67
 - of an automaton, 54
- quotient automaton, 320
- radix order, 870
- random walk, 807
 - self-similar, 807
- rank of a \mathcal{D} -class, 932
- rational, 5
 - closure, 45, 64
 - element, 663
 - expression, *see* expression, 667
 - identities, *see* identities
 - language, 42
 - monoid, 71
 - operations, 663
 - series, 64
 - subset, 60, 69
- rational composition, 86
- rational expression
 - linear, 27
- rational function, 80, 844
- rational relation, 82
- rational subset, 82
- rational transduction, 79
- rational constraint, 783
- rational cross-section, 793
- rational language, 775
- reachability relation, 500
- Real Number Automaton, 882
- Real Vector Automaton, 882, 1082
- realize, 84
- recognisable
 - language, 44
 - subset, 61, 69
- recognised, *see* automaton
- recognizable, 37
 - element, 663
- recognizable set, 859
- recognizable language, 775
- recognizing, 37
- recursive, *see* method
- reduced automaton, 913
- reduced expression, *see* expression
- reduction of automata, 917
- reduction relation, 630
- reflexive-transitive closure, 658, 680
- region, 1136
- region automaton, 1138
- region graph, 1138
- regular, 5
 - sequence, 881
 - tree, 268
 - tree language, 253
- regular \mathcal{D} -class, 932
- regular expression, *see* expression
- regular tree grammar, 230, 242
- Reiterman's Theorem, 522
- representation, 65
 - S -, 870
 - normal, 860
 - U -, 860
- reset threshold, 483
- reset word, 475
- residual automaton, 346
- residually finite group, 773
- residuation, 681
- return word, 878
- reversal
 - automaton, 322
- reversible Mealy automaton, 803, 813
- rewriting system
 - confluent, 761
 - length-reducing etc., 779
- Ridout's theorem, 838
- right
 - context, 913, 914
 - delay, 930
- right language, 320
- ring, 4
- RNA, 882
- Road Coloring Conjecture, 495
- Road Coloring Problem, 493
- root, 251

- Roth's theorem, 836
- row division matrix, 902
- run
 - of a tree automaton, 251
 - of an alternating tree automaton, 256
 - of an NFHA, 239
 - of an NFTA, 223
 - of a TWA, 234
- RVA, 882, 1082
 - construction, 1084, 1087
 - decision, 1090
 - expressive power, 1083
 - minimization, 1090
 - operations, 1089
 - projection, 1090
 - size, 1085
- saturated subset, 319
- Schützenberger's Theorem, 538
- Schreier graph, 768, 779, 789, 807
- self dual, 636
- self dual class, 637
- self-similarity biset, 811
- Semenov's theorem, 1071, 1083
- semi-automaton, 324
- semigroup, 4
 - automatic, 794
 - of an automaton, 801
 - free, 5
 - inverse, 783
 - left-zero, 525
 - ordered, 713, 917
 - simple, 713
 - stable, 526
 - syntactic, 515, 918
 - transition, 918
- semigroup morphism, 904
- semilattice, 510
- semilattice order, 672
- semilinear, 37
- semiring, 4, 62, 656
 - ω -continuous, 672
 - ω -continuous iteration, 673
 - ω -idempotent Conway, 657
 - ω -idempotent iteration, 668
 - Boolean, 4
 - boolean, 657
 - commutative, 656
 - complete, 670
 - complete iteration, 671
 - completely idempotent, 670
 - continuous, 672
 - continuous iteration, 673
 - Conway, 657
 - Conway $-$, 63, 70
 - countably complete, 670
 - countably complete iteration, 671
 - countably idempotent, 670
 - dual, 662, 670
 - formal series, 661, 669
 - idempotent, 656
 - iteration, 668
 - matrix, 659, 669
 - of binary relations, 657
 - of languages, 657
 - ordered, 672
 - partial Conway, 657
 - partial iteration, 668
 - partial iterative, 658
 - polynomial, 662
 - quasi-Conway $-$, 63
 - sum ordered, 672
 - symmetric partial iterative, 662
 - tropical, 657
 - tropical/Min-Plus, 602
 - zero-sum free, 658
- Sénizergues, Géraud*, 779, 780, 782
- sentence, 229, 532
- separated states, 321
- separator symbol, 1081
- sequence
 - automatic, 864
- sequential transducer, 78
- serialization, 1070, 1082
- series, 63, 661
 - characteristic, 662
 - coefficient in a $-$, 63
 - constant term of $-$, 64
 - denoted, *see* expression
 - proper, 661
 - proper $-$, 64
 - rational, 663

- rational –, 64
- recognisable –, 65
- recognizable, 663
- support of –, 63
- set
 - k -recognizable, 858
 - difference, 1068
 - k -recognizable, 866, 882
 - locally periodic, 885
 - periodic inside X , 885
 - projection, 1078
 - purely substitutive, 869
 - recognizable, 859
 - S -recognizable, 870
 - substitutive, 869
 - syndetic, 863
 - U -recognizable, 860
 - ultimately periodic, 859
- set constraints, 695
- shift space
 - forbidden factors, 897
- shift transformation, 883
- shift space, 897
 - almost finite type, 931
 - conjugacy, 899
 - edge, 898
 - entropy, 900
 - even, 897
 - finite type, 897
 - flow equivalent, 904
 - full, 897
 - golden mean, 897
 - higher block, 899
 - in-splitting, 920
 - morphism, 898
 - recognized by an automaton, 906
 - sofic, 897
 - transformation, 897
 - zeta function, 900
 - irreducible, 915
- SHORT-RESET-WORD, 481
- SHORTEST-RESET-WORD, 482
- Σ_1 -sentence, 513
- sign header, 1070, 1082
- sign symbol, 1070, 1081
- signature
 - partial, 335
 - tree, 335
- signature of a state, 334, 336
- similar matrices, 921
- simple
 - automaton, 337
- simple transducer, 78
- Skolem–Mahler–Lech theorem, 842
- sliding block code, 883
- sliding block map, 898
- slow automaton, 324
- slow automaton
 - for Moore, 331
 - for Hopcroft, 331
- slow for Hopcroft, 324
- slow for Moore, 324
- small cancellation, 790, 795
- sofic shift, 897
- source of an edge, 898
- spanning tree, 766
- split, 591, 652
 - normalised, 591
 - Ramsey (for a multiplicative labelling), 592
- splitter, 321
- splitter in Hopcroft’s algorithm, 325
- spontaneous, *see* transition
- stability relation, 495
- stable, 68
- stable pair, 495
- stable preorder, 917
- Stallings’ construction, 768
 - amalgamated free products etc., 782
 - graph groups, 782
- Stallings automaton, 764
- Stallings construction, 763
- stamp, 522
 - ordered, 522
 - quasi-aperiodic, 525
- standard, *see* automaton
- standard local automaton, 928
- star, 36
- star height
 - of a rational language, 70
 - of expression, 52
 - problem, 53, 70

- star-free languages, 538
- star-normal form
 - expression in $-$, 56, 70
 - of an expression, 56, 67
- starable, 63
- state, 78, 898
 - accessible, 6
 - coaccessible, 6
 - confluent, 335
 - final, 6
 - fusion, 334
 - future, 320
 - height, 336
 - initial, 6
 - merge, 334
 - mergeable, 334
 - partial signature, 335
 - past, 320
 - separated, 321
 - signature, 334, 336
- state-elimination, *see* method
- states, 6
- strategy, 258
- strictly connected component, 642
- strong shift equivalent matrices, 904, 911, 921
- strongly
 - connected component, minimal, 916
- strongly connected component, 500
- structure group, 932
- Sturmian
 - tree, 333
- sub-substitution, 877
- subautomaton, 914
- subautomaton rooted at a state, 320
- subgroup
 - finitely generated, 760
 - fixed point, 774
 - index of a, 760
 - intersection, 770
 - normal, 769
 - $[p]$ -pure, 771
 - quasi-convex, 797
- subset automaton, 480
- subshift, 883
 - generated, 883
- subspace theorem, 839
- substitution, 478, 864
 - block, 898
 - erasing, 873
 - good, 877
 - growing, 876
 - irreducible, 871
 - of finite length, 478
 - ω_α -substitution, 880
 - primitive, 871
 - projection, 873
 - sub-substitution, 877
- substitutive w.r.t. \mathcal{S} , 872
- substitutive w.r.t. σ , 872
- substitutive word, 864
- subtree, 222
- subword, 511
- successor, 867
- suffix, 76
- suffix-closed, 352
- sum, 4
- sum order, 672
- superchain, 646
- support, *see* series, 661
- supremum, 641
- surface group, 789
 - growth series, 791
- symbol
 - contraction, 904
 - expansion, 904
- symbolic
 - conjugacy of automata, 919
 - elementary equivalent matrices, 921
 - strong shift equivalent matrices, 921
- symbolic representation, 1068
- synchronized automaton, 913
- synchronizing word, 913
- synchronizing word of a code, 477
- syndetic set, 863
- syntactic, 649
 - congruence, 918
 - monoid, 21
 - morphism, 21
 - semigroup, 918
- syntactic semigroup, 918
- syntactic congruence, 22

- syntactic graph, 932
- syntactic monoid, 779
- system-solution, *see* method
- target of an edge, 898
- test set, 94
- Theorem
 - Benois', 777
- theorem
 - Classification, 904
 - Curtis–Lyndon–Hedlund, 898
 - Decomposition, 903
 - Franks', 905
 - Kronecker, 859
 - Perron, 871
 - Perron–Frobenius, 872
- Thompson, *see* automaton (of...)
- Thue–Morse sequence, 827
- Thue–Morse word, 865
- tiling, 89
- timed automaton, 1132
 - deterministic, 1154
 - diagonal-free, 1132
 - with invariants, 1132
- topological class, 629
- topology
 - pro-**V**, 773
- transformation
 - automatic, 801
- transition
 - matrix, 908
 - matrix, 44
 - semigroup, 918
 - spontaneous, 54
- transitions, 6, 78
 - consecutive, 6
- transition monoid, 763, 771
- tree, 251
 - signature, 335
 - Sturmian, 333
- tree-walking automaton, 234
- tree automaton
 - nondeterministic, 223
- trellis automaton, *see* cellular automaton,
 - one-way real-time
- Tribonacci word, 872
- trie, 335
- trim, 9
- trim automaton, 907
- TWA, 234
- U_1 , 509
- ultimately periodic, 859
 - array, 885
 - word, 865
- unambiguous automaton, 273
- unambiguous transducer, 83
- unary term, 479
- underlying graph (of an automaton), 480
- uniform morphism, 76, 828
- uniformity
 - DLOGTIME, 448
 - polynomial-time, 448
- union, 1068
- uniquely ergodic
 - measure, 883
- universality problem, 1150
- universal cover, 788
- valuation, 1131
- variable
 - free, 867
- variety, 656, 682
 - \mathcal{C} -, 521
 - positive, 521
 - generated by a set, 537
 - positive, 516
- variety of languages, 513
- vertex, 898
 - initial, 898
 - ramified, 497
 - terminal, 898
- VH-group, 817
- virtually free group, 781, 783
- Wadge Borel determinacy, 635
- Wadge class, 629
- Wadge degree, 638
- Wadge game, 634
- Wadge hierarchy, 629
- Wadge ordering, 629
- waiting set in Hopcroft's algorithm, 325

- Wang tile, 89
- weak automaton, 1083
- weak monadic second-order logic, 270
- weakly branch group, 806, 808–809
 - satisfies no identity, 809
- well quasi-order (wqo), 712–715
- well-ordered set, 851
- winning condition, 258
- winning region, 258
- winning strategy, 258
- wire, 448
- WMSO, 270
- word, 4
 - accepted, 6
 - almost periodic, 888
 - automatic, 864
 - characteristic, 865
 - cyclically reduced, 762
 - empty, 5
 - maximal growth, 876
 - ω_α -substitutive, 880
 - periodic, 865
 - primitive substitutive w.r.t. σ , 872
 - reduced, 761
 - return, 878
 - substitutive, 864
 - purely, 864
 - substitutive w.r.t. S , 872
 - substitutive w.r.t. σ , 872
 - Thue–Morse, 865
 - Tribonacci, 872
 - ultimately periodic, 865
- word equation, 712
- word problem over monoid, 451
- word semigroup, 76
- word-based operation, *see* language operation, word-based
- word-hyperbolic group, 783, 797–800
 - is biautomatic, 798
 - linear isoperimetric inequality, 799
- word metric, 790
- word problem, 760, 790, 796, 799
 - in automata groups, 806
 - submonoid, 780
 - context-free, 781
 - rational, 780
- wreath product principle, 542
- wreath product, 802, 804
- XML Schema, 242
- zero in a semigroup, 932
- zeta function, 900