

Week 4 Homework Submission File: Linux Systems Administration

Step 1: Ensure/Double Check Permissions on Sensitive Files

1. Permissions on /etc/shadow should allow only root read and write access.
 - Command to inspect permissions: `ls -l /etc/shadow`
 - Command to set permissions (if needed): `sudo chmod 600 /etc/shadow`
2. Permissions on /etc/gshadow should allow only root read and write access.
 - Command to inspect permissions: `ls -l /etc/gshadow`
 - Command to set permissions (if needed): `sudo chmod 600 /etc/gshadow`
3. Permissions on /etc/group should allow root read and write access, and allow everyone else read access only.
 - Command to inspect permissions: `ls -l /etc/group`
 - Command to set permissions (if needed): `sudo chmod 644 /etc/group`
4. Permissions on /etc/passwd should allow root read and write access, and allow everyone else read access only.
 - Command to inspect permissions: `ls -l /etc/passwd`
 - Command to set permissions (if needed): `sudo chmod 644 /etc/passwd`

Step 2: Create User Accounts

1. Add user accounts for sam, joe, amy, sara, and admin.
 - Command to add each user account (include all five users):
`sudo useradd sam`
`sudo useradd joe`

```
sudo useradd amy
sudo useradd sara
sudo useradd admin
```

2. Ensure that only the admin has general sudo access.
 - Command to add admin to the sudo group: `sudo usermod -aG sudo admin`

Step 3: Create User Group and Collaborative Folder

1. Add an engineers group to the system.
 - Command to add group: `sudo addgroup engineers`
2. Add users sam, joe, amy, and sara to the managed group.
 - Command to add users to engineers group (include all four users):

```
sudo usermod -aG engineers sam
sudo usermod -aG engineers joe
sudo usermod -aG engineers amy
sudo usermod -aG engineers sara
```
3. Create a shared folder for this group at /home/engineers.
 - Command to create the shared folder: `sudo mkdir /home/engineers`
4. Change ownership on the new engineers' shared folder to the engineers group.
 - Command to change ownership of engineer's shared folder to engineer group:

```
sudo chown -R :engineers /home/engineers
```

Step 4: Lynis Auditing

1. Command to install Lynis: `sudo apt-get install -y lynis`
2. Command to see documentation and instructions: `man lynis`
3. Command to run an audit: `sudo lynis audit system`
4. Provide a report from the Lynis output on what can be done to harden the system.
 - Screenshot of report output:

```
Linux-Module_default_1623800831443_26593 [Running]
Mon 21:15
sysadmin@UbuntuDesktop: /home

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Suggestions (52):
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* Fix all libpam-imapc to set Ssh and Sshpass for PAM sessions [CUST-0286]
  https://your-domain.example.org/controls/CUST-0286/
* Install libpam-usb to enable multi-factor authentication for PAM sessions [CUST-0285]
  https://your-domain.example.org/controls/CUST-0285/
* Install apt-listbugs to display a list of critical bugs prior to each APT installation. [CUST-0810]
  https://your-domain.example.org/controls/CUST-0810/
* Install apt-listchanges to display any significant changes prior to any upgrade via APT. [CUST-0811]
  https://your-domain.example.org/controls/CUST-0811/
* Install debian-goodies so that you can run checkrestart after upgrades to determine which services are using old versions of libraries and need restarting. [CUST-0830]
  https://your-domain.example.org/controls/CUST-0830/
* Install needrestart, alternatively to debian-goodies, so that you can run needrestart after upgrades to determine which daemons are using old versions of libraries and need restarting. [CUST-0831]
  https://your-domain.example.org/controls/CUST-0831/
* Install debconf to generate lists of vulnerabilities which affect this installation. [CUST-0870]
  https://your-domain.example.org/controls/CUST-0870/
* Install debsums for the verification of installed package files against MD5 checksums. [CUST-0875]
  https://your-domain.example.org/controls/CUST-0875/
* Install fail2ban to automatically ban hosts that commit multiple authentication errors. [DEB-0880]
  https://ctiofy.com/controls/DEB-0880/
* Set a password on GRUB boot loader to prevent altering boot configuration (e.g. boot in single user mode without password) [BOOT-5122]
  https://ctiofy.com/controls/BOOT-5122/
* Install a PAM module for password strength testing like pam_cracklib or pam_passwd. [AUTH-9202]
  https://ctiofy.com/controls/AUTH-9202/
* Configure minimum password age in /etc/login.defs [AUTH-9286]
  https://ctiofy.com/controls/AUTH-9286/
* Configure maximum password age in /etc/login.defs [AUTH-9286]
  https://ctiofy.com/controls/AUTH-9286/
* Set password for single user mode to minimize physical access attack surface [AUTH-9300]
  https://ctiofy.com/controls/AUTH-9300/
* Default weak in /etc/login.defs could be more strict like 027 [AUTH-9320]
  https://ctiofy.com/controls/AUTH-9320/
* To decrease the impact of a full /home file system, place /home on a separated partition [FILE-6310]
  https://ctiofy.com/controls/FILE-6310/
* To decrease the impact of a full /tmp file system, place /tmp on a separated partition [FILE-6310]
  https://ctiofy.com/controls/FILE-6310/
* To decrease the impact of a full /var file system, place /var on a separated partition [FILE-6310]
  https://ctiofy.com/controls/FILE-6310/
* Disable drivers like USB storage when not used, to prevent unauthorized storage or data theft [STOR-1040]
  https://ctiofy.com/controls/STOR-1040/
* Check DNS configuration for the dns domain name [NAME-4020]
  https://ctiofy.com/controls/NAME-4020/
* Purge old/removed packages (if found) with aptitude purge or dpkg --purge command. This will cleanup old configuration files, cron jobs and startup scripts. [PKGS-7340]
  https://ctiofy.com/controls/PKGS-7340/
* Install debsums utility for the verification of packages with known good database. [PKGS-7370]
  https://ctiofy.com/controls/PKGS-7370/
* Update your system with apt-get upgrade, apt-get dist-upgrade and/or unattended-upgrades [PKGS-7392]
  https://ctiofy.com/controls/PKGS-7392/
* Install package apt-show-versions for patch management purposes [PKGS-7394]
  https://ctiofy.com/controls/PKGS-7394/
* Consider running ARP monitoring software (arpwatch, arpon) [NETW-3032]
  https://ctiofy.com/controls/NETW-3032/
* Access to CUPS configuration could be more strict. [PRINT-2307]
  https://ctiofy.com/controls/PRINT-2307/
* You are advised to hide the mail name (option: smtp_banner) from your postfix configuration. Use postfixconf -e or change your main.cf file (/etc/postfix/main.cf) [MAIL-8810]
  https://ctiofy.com/controls/MAIL-8810/
* Disable the 'vrfy' command [MAIL-8820:disable_vrfy_command]
  https://ctiofy.com/controls/MAIL-8820/disable_vrfy_command/
  - Solution : I ran postfixconf -e disable_vrfy_commands=yes to change the value
  https://ctiofy.com/controls/MAIL-8820/disable_vrfy_commands=yes
* Check iptables rules to see which rules are currently not used [FIRE-4513]
  https://ctiofy.com/controls/FIRE-4513/
* Install Apache mod_evasive to guard webserver against DOS/brute force attempts [HTTP-6640]
  https://ctiofy.com/controls/HTTP-6640/
* Install Apache mod_security to guard webserver against web application attacks [HTTP-6643]
  https://ctiofy.com/controls/HTTP-6643/

Follow-up:
-----
- Show details of a test (lynis show details TEST-ID)
- Check the logfile for all details (less /var/log/lynis.log)
- Read security controls tests (https://ctiofy.com)
- Use --upload to upload data to central system (Lynis Enterprise users)

Lynis security scan details:
-----
Hardening index : 57 [#####]
Tests performed : 240
Plugins enabled : 1

Components:
-----
Firewall
```

```
Linux-Module_default_1623800831443_26593 [Running]
Mon 21:16
sysadmin@UbuntuDesktop: /home

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* Install Apache mod_security to guard webserver against web application attacks [HTTP-6643]
  https://ctiofy.com/controls/HTTP-6643/
* Add HTTPS to nginx virtual hosts for enhanced protection of sensitive data and privacy [HTTP-6710]
  https://ctiofy.com/controls/HTTP-6710/
* Consider hardening SSH configuration [SSH-7400]
  - Details : I run postfixconf -e disable_vrfy_commands=yes to change the value
  https://ctiofy.com/controls/SSH-7400/
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  https://ctiofy.com/controls/SSH-7400/
* Check what deleted files are still in use and why. [LOGG-2190]
  https://ctiofy.com/controls/LOGG-2190/
* Add a legal banner to /etc/issue, to warn unauthorized users [BANN-7120]
  https://ctiofy.com/controls/BANN-7120/
* Add legal banner to /etc/issue.net, to warn unauthorized users [BANN-7130]
  https://ctiofy.com/controls/BANN-7130/
* Enable process accounting [ACCT-9622]
  https://ctiofy.com/controls/ACCT-9622/
* Enable sysstat to collect accounting (no results) [ACCT-9620]
  https://ctiofy.com/controls/ACCT-9620/
* Enable audit to collect audit information [ACCT-9628]
  https://ctiofy.com/controls/ACCT-9628/
* Run 'docker info' to see warnings applicable to Docker daemon [CONT-8104]
  https://ctiofy.com/controls/CONT-8104/
* One or more sysctl values differ from the scan profile and could be tweaked [KNLN-6000]
  - Solution : Change sysctl value or disable test (skip-test=KNLN-6000=sysctl-key)
  https://ctiofy.com/controls/KNLN-6000/
* Harden compilers like restricting access to root user only [IRON-7222]
  https://ctiofy.com/controls/IRON-7222/

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Bonus

1. Command to install chkrootkit: `sudo apt-get install chkrootkit -y`
2. Command to see documentation and instructions: `man chkrootkit`
3. Command to run expert mode: `sudo chkrootkit -x`
4. Provide a report from the chrootkit output on what can be done to harden the system.
 - Screenshot of end of sample output:

